

For 'new-line' in text fields press [ALT] and [ENTER] keys on keyboard (do not insert spaces to create line shift)  
Please do not change the format of the form (including name of page) as this may prevent proper registration of project data.



For new proposals, please complete the tab for 'Project Document', 'Budget' and 'Locations'  
Mandatory fields are marked with an asterisk

## Project Document

### 1. COVER (to be completed by organization submitting the proposal)

(A) Organization*	Social Life and Agricultural Development Organisation																																																		
(B) Type of Organization*	<input type="checkbox"/> UN Agency <input type="checkbox"/> International NGO <input type="checkbox"/> Local NGO <input type="checkbox"/> Local NGO																																																		
(C) Project Title*	Emergency Food Support for Pastoral and Agro-pastoral communities																																																		
(D) CAP Project Code	SOM-12/F/48232	Not required for Emergency Reserve proposals outside of CAP																																																	
(E) CAP Project Ranking	High	Required for proposals during Standard Allocations																																																	
(F) CHF Funding Window*	Standard Allocation 2 (Oct 2012)																																																		
(G) CAP Budget	\$ -	Must be equal to total amount requested in current CAP																																																	
(H) Amount Request*	\$ 399,741.59	Equals total amount in budget, must not exceed CAP Budget																																																	
(I) Project Duration*	5 months	No longer than 6 months for proposals to the Emergency Reserve																																																	
(J) Primary Cluster*	Food Security																																																		
(K) Secondary Cluster	Food Security																																																		
(L) Beneficiaries	Direct project beneficiaries. Specify target population disaggregated by number, and gender. If desired more detailed information can be entered about types of beneficiaries. For information on population in HE and AFLC see FSNAU website ( <a href="http://www.fsnau.org">http://www.fsnau.org</a> )																																																		
		Men	Women																																																
	Total beneficiaries	1687	2089																																																
	Total beneficiaries include the following:																																																		
	Agro-Pastoralists	2507	2716																																																
	Pastoralists	386	418																																																
	Pregnant and Lactating Women	0	361																																																
	Internally Displaced People	109	133																																																
(M) Location	Regions: <input type="checkbox"/> Awdal <input type="checkbox"/> Banadir <input type="checkbox"/> Bay <input type="checkbox"/> Gedo <input type="checkbox"/> Juba <input type="checkbox"/> M Juba <input type="checkbox"/> Mudug <input type="checkbox"/> Sanaag <input type="checkbox"/> Togdheer <input type="checkbox"/> Bakool <input type="checkbox"/> Bari <input type="checkbox"/> Salgadoudu <input type="checkbox"/> Hiraaan <input type="checkbox"/> Shabelle <input type="checkbox"/> M Shabelle <input type="checkbox"/> Nugaal <input type="checkbox"/> Sool <input type="checkbox"/> W Galbeed																																																		
(N) Implementing Partners	<table border="1"> <tr><td>1</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>Total</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$ -</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>Remaining</td><td>Budget:</td><td>\$ 399,742</td></tr> </table>			1	Budget:	\$	-	2	Budget:	\$	-	3	Budget:	\$	-	4	Budget:	\$	-	5	Budget:	\$	-	6	Budget:	\$	-	7	Budget:	\$	-	8	Budget:	\$	-	9	Budget:	\$	-	10	Budget:	\$	-		Total	Budget:	\$ -		Remaining	Budget:	\$ 399,742
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	Remaining	Budget:	\$ 399,742																																																
<b>Focal Point and Details - Provide details on agency and Cluster focal point for the project (name, email, phone).</b>																																																			
(O) Agency focal point for project:	Name*	Abdullahi A Anshur	Title																																																
	Email*	sadobardera@yahoo.com	Phone*																																																
	Address	sadobardera@yahoo.com	+254 (0) 720 538 122																																																

### 3. BACKGROUND AND NEEDS ANALYSIS (please adjust row size as needed)

(A) Describe the project rationale based on identified issues, describe the humanitarian situation in the area, and list groups consulted. (maximum 1500 characters) *	<p>Although the humanitarian condition has improved after Deyr2012, the food security condition remains very critical. The FSNAU Post GU 12 report classified Bay region in a sustained crisis - with 228,000 people in crisis and 143,000 in a condition of stress - slight increase since Deyr 2012. The upward deterioration is due to the poor performance of the GU12 resulting in poor production, prolonged dry season, crop loss to crickets and fall of wage rates. Nearly 29.38% (109,000) of those in crisis come from the towns of Qansaxdheere and Dinsoor.</p> <p>Consultations with the local communities through Focus Group Discussions (FGDS) on the food security conditions (Both men and women were represented in the FGDs), it was indicated that the crisis has affected all the social groups in the area. The locals described that the failure of the GU rain has had an impact on them and reversed humanitarian gains made since last year. As FSNAU reported, cereal production was poor and far below average in GU12 - the second lowest GU' cereal production in the region since 2005. Apparently, the locals depended on cereal harvests from Deyr 2011 to cover for the entire needs of the families.</p> <p>Concerns have been raised on how the farmers will focus on farm cultivation in the event of sustained food crisis. Concerns of seeds were also voiced as seed prices increase due to rising demand. So far, many poor families (especially those led by women) have started employing negative coping mechanisms such as reducing meal size and meal frequency. Some have started moving to urban areas for job opportunities. Increased movement may hamper cereal production in the approaching Deyr season and hence having an impact on the overall production of cereals in the region.</p> <p>The situation is further complicated by the presence of the Al-Shabaab; limiting operations of aid agencies and the number of people to be assisted. Food need is getting to be a priority for many families in rural areas mainly in Qansaxdheere. Moreover, accumulation of debt among the poor agro-pastoralists further complicates survival strategies. To avert a deterioration, there is need to support food access to the weakest families struggling to meet the basic household food needs.</p>
(B) Describe in detail the capacities and needs in the proposed project locations. List any baseline data. If necessary, attach a table with information for each location. (maximum 1500 characters) *	<p>Bay region is composed of the five districts of Baidoa, Bardaale, Qansaxdheere, Dinsoor and Bardaale and has a population of 493,749. The districts of Qansaxdheere and Dinsoor, with a population of 81,971 and 63,615 respectively (UNDP 2005 rural population), belong to Bay Agro-pastoral High Potential FEGs - the biggest FEG in Bay with a population of 315,066. In FSNAU's latest IPC, 181,000 people of this FEG are in crisis while 87,000 are stressed. These rural farmers depend on own food production as food source and are the largest producers of cereals in Somalia. After the famine in 2011, the livelihood condition has improved after the good Deyr11 rains performed well with good harvests and pasture improvement. Aid agencies have also contributed to responding to the crisis. However, GU 2011 performed poorly with no harvests. Recently, FSNAU indicated that the number of people in crisis has increased with 109,000 people in Qansaxdheere and Dinsoor hardly able to meet their basic food needs. This is due to: - Empty food, paying off of debts with harvests (after failed GU12), Prolonged Jilaal season, Limited coping mechanisms, Insecurity and regional conflict hampering terms of trade and market performance, Limited presence of aid agencies, and reported decrease in wage levels and wage availability.</p> <p>SADO has conducted FGDs to identify the needs. Men, women (lactating, household heads, pregnant), the elderly, and the disabled) were all represented in the FGDs. Findings from FGDs showed household food crisis equally affecting men and women but women seem to suffer most. Households led by women are affected more than those led by men. We observed that these women are tasked with providing for food needs of their families. But there are limited income opportunities available to rural women. Besides, women can never stay out from the children for longer hours. As a result, women-led households resort to food loans, begging and selling of fodder from the bush. Traditionally, women are associated more with children than men. An outbreak of food crisis hurts them more than men. In FGDs, men and women agreed that women are the household food managers. It was noted that women as mothers and the point of access to children are affected as they are the most nutritionally vulnerable demographic group in the area. Usually, women, as noted by participants in FGDs, are also nutritionally vulnerable group themselves especially those pregnant or breast-feeding/lactating</p> <p>The FGDs also noted that men in the area cope with the food crisis by doing manual jobs, charcoal burning, and migration to urban centers for jobs and food loans and credit. Men have more opportunities, better social integrations and better access to loans and credit.</p>
(C) List and describe the activities that your organization is currently implementing to address these needs.(maximum 1500 characters)	<p>The following activities are currently going on in Dinsoor and Qansaxdheere Districts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SADO has been implementing a food voucher project in Qansaxdheere and Dinsoor districts in the months of May, June and July. The project had also got components of seed vouchers, Extension Training Services (ETS) and community capacity building on Disaster Risks Reduction (DRR). The project has not officially closed.</li> <li>Another food voucher project supported by ACTED is going on Dinsoor targeting. The last food delivery of these 4 months food voucher project will come to an end on 12th of October.</li> </ul>

#### 4. LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (to be completed by organization)

(A) Objective*	Provide immediate household access to food through unconditional emergency food vouchers to 1339 households (8035 persons)		
(B) Outcome 1*	Increased food access for 839 poor agro-pastoral and pastoral households (5034 persons) in Dinsoor and Qansaxdheere (these are		
(C) Activity 1.1*	Mobilization and formation of committees (4men and 3women per committee) and identify 839 beneficiaries through the criteria def		
(D) Activity 1.2	Identify food vendors to conduct and implement the vouchers exercise.		
(E) Activity 1.3	Oversee redeeming and changing of vouchers from the local stores. Each beneficiary will receive a monthly food voucher equivalent		
(F) Indicator 1.1*	Food Security	Number of people in crisis and IDPs receiving unconditional suppr	Target* 5034
(G) Indicator 1.2	Food Security	Number of food vendors identified to deliver monthly food vouch	Target 5
(H) Indicator 1.3	Food Security	Value of food vouchers distributed to 839 households for 3 mon	Target \$99.98
(I) Outcome 2	Increased food access for 500 poor agro-pastoral and pastoral households (3000 persons) in Qansaxdheere and Dinsoor through 3		
(J) Activity 2.1	Conduct the mobilization of the communities; identify 500 beneficiaries and identifying potential and strategic water catchments.		
(K) Activity 2.2	Identify suppliers/vendors to conduct and implement the food for work vouchers exercise for the 500 beneficiaries.		
(L) Activity 2.3	Rehabilitation of 3 water catchments in Dinsoor and Qansaxdheere with an excavation capacity of 7.500m3 engaging 500 household		
(M) Indicator 2.1	Food Security	Number of people that benefited from conditional transfers to im	Target 3000
(N) Indicator 2.2	Food Security	Number of FFW workers rehabilitating 3 water catchments	Target 500
(O) Indicator 2.3	Food Security	Soil excavated/removed to rehabilitate 3 water catchments.	Target 7500m3
(P) Outcome 3	Improved capacity of the water management committees for the 3 catchment excvated (each committee will compose of 4 men ar		
(Q) Activity 3.1	Form and train 3 water management committees for the 3 catchments excavated by providing 2 days training to each committee.		
(R) Activity 3.2			
(S) Activity 3.3			
(T) Indicator 3.1	Food Security	Number of individuals trained	Target 3
(U) Indicator 3.2	Food Security		Target
(V) Indicator 3.3	Food Security		Target
(W) Implementation Plan*	<p>The proposed project aims at targeting to improve food access for 1339 households during October until December, the agricultural lean season. The project will be implemented by SADO with the support of the local communities. It targets 1339 poor households in agro-pastoral livelihoods through conditional and unconditional food vouchers in Qansaxdheere and Dinsoor. Communities will be mobilized and Community committees (4 men and 3 women per committee) will be formed in all target villages. The committees will facilitate the selection of beneficiaries. In total, the project will target a total of 1339 needy and poor households.</p> <p>The project has got two components: 1. the unconditional food vouchers – this will target: very poor households, the sick, the poor pregnant and lactating, the poor disabled men and women and the poor elderly men and women). The project will provide monthly food vouchers to these beneficiaries. They will redeem their vouchers at designated food vendors in Qansaxdheere and Dinsoor towns. Each voucher has got a value of 99.98 and will give 50kg of rice, 11kg of beans, 6 liters of oil, 0.9kg of salt, and 4kg of sugar. The proposed food quantities will provide an estimated 1500kcal of energy. The vendors will then present their vouchers and other complete documents to a selected money vendor for reimbursement. SADO will reimburse the money vendors afterwards upon submission of complete documents. In the food vouchers, the project will target more women than men because women are the household food managers in the Somali society. They are also associated more with children and she manages and provides household food. Countrywide experiences show that food delivered to women rather than men is less likely to be sold, and more likely to be given to children and others equally. Women led households are also economically vulnerable group especially when they are the household heads.</p>		

**5. MONITORING AND EVALUATION (to be completed by organization)**

(A) Describe how you will monitor, evaluate and report on your project activities and achievements, including the frequency of monitoring, methodology (site visits, observations, remote monitoring, external evaluation, etc.), and monitoring tools (reports, statistics, photographs, etc.). Also describe how findings will be used to adapt the project implementation strategy. (maximum 1500 characters) \*

Monitoring of the project activities will be carried out by SADO office in Qansaxheere and Dinsoor. Prior to implementation, SADO will use the local media to inform beneficiaries of the project. The monitoring members will include SADO staff, beneficiaries, community elders and other stakeholders. During implementation, SADO will conduct weekly meeting at the field level sharing experiences and challenges. Methodologies to be used for monitoring will include: 1) Scheduled and random visits to beneficiary HHs and communities; 2) Focus group discussions with project beneficiaries; 3) Regular meetings and discussions with local authorities; 4) interviews with food vendors and money vendors. The implementation team will use documentation such as copies of vouchers and other relevant documents. Other monitoring evidence to be produced includes videos and pictures of activities. The project will produce interim and final activity and financial reports. If the situation permits, the project will submit the telephone numbers of the beneficiaries.

The monitoring team will use the indicators that include:

1. Number of families supported with unconditional food vouchers;
2. The amount of food given to beneficiaries per month for 3 months;
3. Number of water catchments rehabilitated with FFW;
4. Beneficiaries supported through FFW vouchers and amount of food given to each beneficiary.

In addition, SADO will share the project components and inputs with other actors on the ground through regional coordination meeting or through the Food security cluster 3w matrix. Lessons and good practices will be shared with other interested cluster members. Monthly reports will also be submitted to the CHF. In addition, SADO will share the beneficiary lists and their contacts with the CHF. These contacts are important for third party monitoring and verification. Findings emerging from the Monitoring and Evaluation will be used to correct hiccups observed and also used to incorporate on future projects during planning.

(B) Work Plan  
Must be in line with the log frame. Mark "X" to indicate the period activity will be carried out

Activity	Timeframe					
	Please select 'weeks' for projects up to 6 months, and 'months' for projects up to 12 months					
	Week 1-4	Week 5-8	Week 9-12	Week 13-16	Week 17-20	Week 20-24
1.1* Mobilization and formati	X					
1.2 Identify food vendors to	X					
1.3 Oversee redeeming and	X	X		X		
2.1 Conduct the mobilization	X					
2.2 Identify suppliers/vendor	X					
2.3 Rehabilitation of 3 water	X	X	X	X		
3.1 Form and train 3 water r				X		
3.2 0						
3.3 0						

**6. OTHER INFORMATION (to be completed by organization)**

(A) Coordination with other activities in project area  
List any other activities by your or any other organizations, in particular those in the same cluster, and describe how you will coordinate your proposed activities with them

Organization	Activity
1 ACTED	ACTED in partnership with SADO are implementing two projects with FFW vouchers. SADO is finalising a project that had a food voucher component - the food comp
2 SADO	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	

(B) Cross-Cutting Themes  
Please indicate if the project supports a Cross-Cutting theme(s) and briefly describe how. Refer to Cross-Cutting respective guidance note

Cross-Cutting Themes (Yes/No)	Outline how the project supports the selected Cross-Cutting Themes.	Write activity number(s) from section 4 that supports Cross-Cutting theme.
Gender	Yes	The unconditional food vouchers targets special groups that include the poor
Capacity Building		