INTERGRATED SYSTEMS GROUP THREE (3)

MEMBERS

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Moderator: Moustapha Kamal Gueye; ILO

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1)Ask clarification questions about the tools policy instruments and measures

- A presentation was made on four tools i.e. the SEA MAMs Economic instruments and creation of Green Jobs however there are a vast number of other tools i.e. integrated tools

and integrated assessment that have not been presented at this workshop e.g. TWEB

- It should be acknowledged that there are scales of tools there are different tools for different levels for eg tools which will be applied to macro level will not be those applied at the micro level
- Tools also depend on the question that it is to address

1) What are the strengths and weaknesses of each tool
   - STRENGTHS (S) and Weakness (W)
     - ♦ Integrated assessments are cross sectoral (S)
     - ♦ Ease of use of tools can be a strength users will be able understand and use the results of the tool or a weakness garbage in garbage out (S) and (W)
     - ♦ Timing of the results of the tool is important tie the results of the tool should feed into the planning cycle for example it shouldn't come after the time its needed for decision making (S) and (W)
     - ♦ The length of assessment of the tool is very important because the results are time bound for a particular political decision to be made (S) and (W)

2) How are/would you use these tools instruments in your Country? What tools/instruments would suit best your country
   - The answer would depend on what policy question the country would want to address
   - There is no one tool i.e. one size fits all there is a mix bag of tools which country's would have to pick from to suit their context there needs to be a complimentarily of tools

- The tool should enhance participation by a wide range of stakeholders
- The tool have a capacity building element to it and this should be for a wide range of stakeholder and not only a particular sector this enhances ownership
- The tool should be adaptable and should be internalized
- There is the need to use existing country systems ie the appropriate institutional systems in place to ensure ownership and sustainability