

Requesting Organization :	Save Somali Women & Children				
Allocation Type :	Standard Allocation 2 (Nov-Dec 2017)				
Primary Cluster	Sub Cluster	Percentage			
Protection	GBV	40.00			
Shelter and Non-food Items	NFIs	30.00			
Camp Coordination and Camp Management		30.00			
		100			
Project Title :	Vulnerable families affected by drought and conflict have access to integrated protection, Shelter/NFI and CCCM services at IDP and host communities settlements in Dhusamareeb district.				
Allocation Type Category :					
OPS Details					
Project Code :		Fund Project Code :	SOM-17/3485/SA2/Prot-Shelter-CCCM/NGO/7549		
Cluster :		Project Budget in US\$:	269,975.98		
Planned project duration :	6 months	Priority:			
Planned Start Date :	28/12/2017	Planned End Date :	27/06/2018		
Actual Start Date:	28/12/2017	Actual End Date:	27/06/2018		
Project Summary :	<p>The project is designed to improve the lives of the most vulnerable internally displaced persons and the host communities in Dhusamareeb district through integrated approach in protection, shelter/NFI and Camp Coordination and Camp Management.</p> <p>Under protection the project will cover GBV survivors and child protection. Comprehensive services (psychosocial counselling, medical services, provision of dignity kits and solar lanterns) SSWC will build capacity of community based protection groups in the camps. Child protection will focus on the establishment of 5 child friendly spaces in the IDP camps. SSWC will focus in CCCM by creating coordination structures and mechanisms that help the beneficiaries access different services in their settlements. Communication channels will be enhanced to foster information sharing in the camps with other service providers in the targeted areas. The project will develop IM mechanisms to address the population movements, trends of new arrivals, exiting individuals and returnees in the IDP camps. This will be enhanced by engaging 50 focal points in the camps, the focal points will conduct service mapping and record all the essential needs/gaps in the camps. Under shelter/NFI SSWC will distribute NFIs to the most vulnerable IDPs to have decent shelter and dignified settlement.</p>				
Direct beneficiaries :					
	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total
	1,377	1,968	1,557	2,278	7,180
Other Beneficiaries :					
Beneficiary name	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total
Internally Displaced People	1,072	1,265	726	1,109	4,172
People in Host Communities	305	703	831	1,169	3,008
Indirect Beneficiaries :					
The indirect beneficiaries mainly include family members of the beneficiaries that benefit from the Gender Based Violence services, distribution of materials, NFIs,. An estimated 13,668 persons will be benefiting from the material support and awareness offered to IDPs and host communities.					
Catchment Population:					
Drought affected persons in Internally Displaced Persons who need urgent Integrated protection, NFIs and CCCM services. Dhusamareeb district Internally Displaced Persons camps and host communities are targeted . Its estimated 1377 men, 1968 women, 1557 boys and 2278 girls will be directly be benefiting from the services while other 13,668 indirect beneficiaries will be expected to benefit.					
Link with allocation strategy :					

According with SHF 2nd standard allocation strategy, consultations with key SHF stakeholders confirmed support for the continuation of integrated response, when and where possible, as a reflection of the collective strategy HCT and best practice. Integrated response leads to maximum impact of limited resources and the Fund's ability to support such interventions is perceived as a strength and comparative advantage. SSWC has proposed the integrated intervention composed of protection, shelter/NFIs and CCCM to ensure the vulnerable families have protection risks mitigated and addressed, access to dignified basic services in IDP hosting sites/communal facilities, Household Non Food Items (NFIs), emergency shelter, and enhanced settlement management and community-based protection achieved via increased engagement with – and establishment or consolidation of – community structures representational of all age groups and genders.

Sub-Grants to Implementing Partners :

Partner Name	Partner Type	Budget in US\$

Other funding secured for the same project (to date) :

Other Funding Source	Other Funding Amount

Organization focal point :

Name	Title	Email	Phone
Ahmed Abdinasir Mohamed	Programs Coordinator	ahmednasir@sswc-som.com	+254721877306

BACKGROUND

1. Humanitarian context analysis

The humanitarian situation in Somalia continues to worsen and an alarming risk of famine persists in some parts of the country, only six years after the devastating 2011 famine led to the death of over a quarter million people, half of them children. According to UNOCHA Over 6.7 million people are estimated to be in need of protection and humanitarian assistance, more than half of the population of Somalia. The humanitarian situation in Galgaduud region has deteriorated further following increased drought and conflict related displacements. Between November 2016 and April 2017, tens of thousands of pastoralists migrated to urban and peri-urban areas of the region due to severe drought conditions. The migration was largely attributed to the loss of nearly 65 per cent of livestock as a result of lack of pasture, water and livestock related diseases. The humanitarian situation has continued to worsen due to the below average Gu rains in May and June. Majority of the affected pastoralists have moved with their remaining livestock to areas in Puntland, Somaliland and Hiraa regions, in search of pasture and water for their livestock. This migration resulted in the separation of families. Women, children and the elderly have either moved into IDP settlements or with relatives in urban and pre-urban areas while other family members migrated with their livestock in search of pasture. Additionally, more than 14,000 people have fled from Heraale town to nearby safer villages and other areas in Galgaduud region following the recent conflict between two rival armed groups. The town is still deserted despite ongoing attempts by clan elders encouraging people to return. In preparation for the assessment, two inter-agency planning meetings were held in Cadaado and Dhuusamareeb towns on 29 and 31 July, respectively. Local authorities were represented at the meetings. The joint assessment was carried out by 27 humanitarian organizations and representatives of local authorities including the Ministries of Health, Education, Water resources, Humanitarian Affairs. The Aid Coordination Authority and Commission for Refugees and IDPs also participated.

2. Needs assessment

Protection issues remain a core of the humanitarian crisis diverse range of protection issues in Somalia, including violations of international human rights and humanitarian law. At least 1.1 million internally displaced persons (IDPs) and other vulnerable people, notably women, children, minorities, the disabled, child and female headed households, survivors of violence, abuse and exploitation (particularly children), or older persons without support structures, are exposed to protection risks, such as forced evictions, discrimination based on status, child rights violations and child labour, family separations and gender-based violence (GBV), such as rape and sexual assault, due to conflict and protracted displacement as well as natural hazards. According to the interagency assessment report there has been increased family separation due to migration of the pastoralist, women, children and elderly were forced to move to IDPs settlements for assistance. According to SSWC safety audit more women live in the IDP camps and in their location they have few or no functioning latrines with no lighting systems and they are compelled to go for long distances to collect firewood and fetch water as well go for open defecation this therefore put them at risk of GBV related incidents.

Settlements are often ungoverned or governed by gatekeepers, overcrowded and displaced people have limited access to protective shelter and other basic needs. Women in the camps are prone to exploitation from their male counterparts due to the deplorable housing conditions in their settlements. Above this there is poor coordination of the camps by the village relief committees or the camp leaders; they lack the capacity to managing the population in the camp thus making some of the residents not getting better services. According to the humanitarian response plan an estimated 90,000 people were displaced by ongoing fighting in Gaalkacyo that began on 7 October 2016, 60 per cent of whom are IDPs suffering from secondary displacement and others moved to Dhusamareeb. People in the camp are not managed and coordinated properly due to poor structures developed by the IDP camp leaders, this was an observation made by Save Somali Women and Children staff in Dhusamareeb. According to the interagency reports Hanaano, Hayaan, Gargaar, Buurta, Dawacooleey, Shalxad, Waabari school, Faragoy IDP, Gadon IDP, Beer Abdifarah,, Marergur Kalkaal IDP, Galbeed , Labi Dule, Balicad, Hanan bure/waberi , Hanan Bure/ Towfiq Olol/IDP, Ceel qayooof Xera military Ceel xaamud, Bulo Oogtarar and Huurshe, Ceel cadixakiin, Ceel xamud, Gahey/camp farax, Ifiin shalxad, Collage, Hanaano 1 There is an urgent need for camp coordination and camp management in the IDP camps in the target location they need proper coordination and monitoring of service provision at camp level and intra site to ensure efficiency in service delivery and avoid duplication or gap services Strengthening existing community mechanisms and establish new community representation and empowerment.

The arrivals of new IDPs in the camps have no shelter and the few that is available mismatch the number of the population living in the camps. According to the interagency assessment report there is dire need for shelter kits, and provision of nonfood items like NFI kits to reduce the pressure in the camps.

The majority of IDPs settle in informal and unplanned settlements where the conditions are very poor and forced eviction is a common threat, and where newly displaced people join those whose displacement has become protracted. Many are displaced multiple times. Most IDP settlements are governed (not only managed) by 'gatekeepers', that often act as informal managers. Gatekeepers are a diverse group of people ranging from community leaders, to business men, to militias, to landlords/owners – some are from the IDP communities while others are not.

3. Description Of Beneficiaries

This project will target both IDPs and host communities in Dhusamareeb. The targets will mainly benefit from integrated intervention that incorporates Protection, Shelter/NFIs and CCCM. GBV and Child protection needs through identification, documentation, tracing and reunification of children, establishment of child friendly spaces coupled with Camp Coordination and Camp management activities such as establishing community camp structures, services mapping and NFI distribution to populations that were affected by drought and conflict emergencies . This project will ultimately provide services to the IDP settlements (1800 girls, 500men, 1400 women and 950 boys Direct beneficiaries) and 12,000 Indirect beneficiaries. The children who were affected by the drought in their respective rural areas will be offered services such legal, Psycho social and material support. The beneficiaries by will be drawn from the drought affected areas in Dhusamareeb with the support of the community based support groups, case workers as well as camp leaders who will identify un accompanied children in collaboration with camp leaders and SSWC field team. In the likely situations of large turn out of more than the targeted number of children a selection criteria will be established together with the community based support groups considering vulnerability particularly drought related needs.

4. Grant Request Justification

Drought affected populations are at great risk of GBV, Child violation, sexual exploitation and abuse, forced/early marriages, lack access to NFIs, un coordinated camp settlement and management are usually the consequences in this insecure and unstable setting with weak rule of law, scarce opportunities to sustain the daily lives and limited access to the quality integrated services. Child protection remain under reported due Unidentification and inadequate awareness of available services. SSWC request for this project implementation is guided by a strong and longstanding physical presence in the locations proposed for this action. SSWC has established and maintained good relations with the communities as a result enjoy widespread acceptance in the area of operation. SSWC has been providing prevention, response and legal aid activities in its one stop centers since 2010. The proposed intervention will complement and reinforce the GBV services offered in Dhusamareeb to get services closer to the people. The Federal Government of Somalia has declared a drought emergency situation and called for the support of the international community and humanitarian agencies to intervene before the situation worsens. Integrating Protection with CCM and shelter/NFI is a needed complement to the Protection services in the affected areas. With a focus on emergency services and early recovery to enable local integration.

The ongoing protection project in Dhusamareeb and this project call came at the right time to avoid gap in the continuous service provision to the persons in need. SSWC was recently the National co-chair GBV WG, until handed over to the government, a member of protection Cluster Review Committee and the Humanitarian Country Team. SSWC experience in the field of Gender Based Violence will be an added value to the implementation of the project. SSWC has implemented over 114 projects across south central Somalia and nearly substantial number of those projects were implemented in Banadir and Galmudug. The organization has active participation role in the GBV working group and Protection cluster coordination duties. Since June 2017 SSWC will be the focal point for Galmudud Child protection sub cluster.

Vulnerable children will be identified from the idps and host communities by case workers who will make door to door campaigns in the camps where the most vulnerable populations are found. SSWC will have a hotline line to be called so as to link the destitute children with the organization. Potential barriers of CP will be mitigated by having a complaint and feedback mechanism. this will help the organization to attend to any barriers related to accessing CP desk.

Mainstreaming Protection in the shelter and CCCM interventions is an great opportunity to address the gaps stand alone protection projects faced over the years in Galmudud region.

5. Complementarity

The proposed intervention will create synergies with existing Protection and shelter/NFI projects in Dhusamareeb and focusing on prevention integrated approach of the three. The service provision foreseen in the present proposal will therefore act as a reference for the referral pathways aiming at connecting services to survivors in the communities while addressing their need for NFIs and improving the living conditions in the camps. SSWC's operations in Dhusamareeb which has ongoing limited GBV services and child protection services during this period of drought response will fully take advantage of the this complementing intervention. SSWC will refer serious GBV cases to its main center in Dhusamareeb and closely work with main hospital, SSWC will monitor, identify and document GBV survivors in IDPs supported by other actors. The nature of the this call allows SSWC to synergise the crucial needs of improving the living conditions of the IDP settlement population, while addressing the protection, CCCM and Shelter/NFI concerns among the population.

LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Overall project objective

The overall objective is to mitigate protection risks faced by vulnerable families, to access dignified basic services in IDP settlements and host communities, household Non Food Items (NFIs), emergency shelter and improved settlement management through establishment of community structures in order to improve the living conditions.

Protection

Cluster objectives	Strategic Response Plan (SRP) objectives	Percentage of activities
To improve protection risk prevention, response and access to services for IDPs and other civilians affected by conflict, violence, human rights violations or natural disasters.	2017-SO3: Reinforce gender sensitive protection of the displaced and other vulnerable groups at risk	100

Contribution to Cluster/Sector Objectives : The overall objective of the project is to ensure comprehensive response to drought affected populations that encountered incidents of GBV and Child abuse in Dhuamareeb district through the establishment of community support groups.. The project will achieve this through provision of Comprehensive GBV services closer to the affected populations, to reduce protection gaps in the IDP camps and host communities. The services to be provided include Medical, Psycho-social and establishing referral pathways. The project is to achieve multi sectoral approach response to the ongoing drought in Galmudug, south central Somalia. Proposed interventions focus on provision of timely, effective and quality lifesaving protection response and service provision to prevent or respond to Gender-Based Violence and Child protection issues in the context of the drought in Somalia. Both protection cluster and GBVWG have prioritised distribution of solar lanterns and dignity kits and this project significantly contributes to the this priority activity.

Outcome 1

Expand mechanisms for prevention and response of GBV and separation of children and child abuse. The outcome will be achieved through direct GBV and child protection services and engaging community key actors in establishing community based structures and capacity building on: GBV prevention, the rights of children, how to prevent separation, how to support reunification. The achievement will also be guaranteed by providing direct services.

Output 1.1

Description

Quality and timely support to GBV survivors in Dhusamareeb through expansion of Community based GBV services, establishment of referral pathways including clinical assistance, psycho-social support and material assistance.

Assumptions & Risks

The assumption is that the security situation remains the same and all stakeholders cooperate to achieve the desired output, however the risk is that the drought and conflict affected needs might exceed the available resources.

Indicators

Code	Cluster	Indicator	End cycle beneficiaries				End cycle
			Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target
Indicator 1.1.1	Protection	Number of male/female survivors who receive medical assistance, including post rape treatment within 72 hours, in line with set standards					250

Means of Verification : GBV Center registry, GBVIMS,

Indicator 1.1.2	Protection	Number of GBV survivors who received Psychosocial counselling					600
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Means of Verification : Center registry, GBVIMS

Indicator 1.1.3	Protection	Number of IDP households having access to lighting					500
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Means of Verification : Signed beneficiary lists, Photos, Success stories

Indicator 1.1.4	Protection	Number of women and girls who received dignity kits(Material assistance)					500
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Means of Verification : Beneficiaries lists, Photos, success stories

Indicator 1.1.5	Protection	Number of community based protection support groups members trained in order established/strengthened structures.					40
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Means of Verification : Participants lists, photo

Activities

Activity 1.1.1

Standard Activity : Health treatment and medical support for GBV

Medical services will be offered to the survivors who underwent GBV related incidents. Treatment will be given to women and girls who faced SGBV in the camps as well as the host communities. Trained nurse will be stationed at the GBV center to be available for GBV survivors to offer CMR services. The treatment will be offered by the nurses at the GBV Center to survivors in Dhusamareeb district. It is expected 250 Survivors to be treated on sexual and other gender based violence incidents.

Activity 1.1.2

Standard Activity : Psycho-social Support

Through the counsellor, GBV survivors will have access to information on available services and how to access them, the counsellor are trained on survivor centered approaches which will guide service provision to allow survivors to access the information they need to make decisions and will be based on consent at each stage in the process. Services are provided within the one stop centre's by counsellor who also recommend referrals when cases are beyond their capacity. It is expected all the 600 survivors to receive one on one psycho-social counselling session.

Activity 1.1.3

Standard Activity : Material Support

All the camps in Dhusamarab have no lighting systems and this is one of the reasons why GBV prevalence is high in the camps therefore SSWC intends to distribute portable solar lamps to the most vulnerable persons in the community and the host communities. Women and girls facing protection risks will be issued with solar lamp that lightens their homestead and the environment they live in in order to reduce risks of abduction and rape and other protection risks. Women and girls will receive solar lamps for their household. It is anticipated 500 households to benefit from the distribution of solar lanterns.

Activity 1.1.4

Standard Activity : Material Support

Dignity kits will made available and distributed to displaced women and girls who are affected by conflict and drought in Dhusamareeb district.

Dignity kits help women and girls by: Contributing to the psycho social and physical well-being of women and girls,by including items such as intimate wash and pads, Improving mobility of women and girls by providing specific sanitary items. In some contexts, mobility can also be enhanced by including items such as headscarves or Dirac, without which women cannot be seen in public. Allowing budget substitution for families to purchase other important items, such as food. It sis expected 500 vulnerable women and girls to receive dignity kits.

Activity 1.1.5

Standard Activity : Capacity building

SSWC will train selected community members on community based protection as part of establishment of community structures. Training of community support groups will advocate for protection concerns within their communities. It is expected 40 participants from 5community protection support groups will attend the 2days training.

Output 1.2

Description

Prevention and response to child abuse, including Identification, documentation and reunification of separated and unaccompanied girls and boys including orphans and prevention of family separation expanded and strengthened.

Assumptions & Risks

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Indicators

Code	Cluster	Indicator	End cycle beneficiaries				End cycle
			Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target
Indicator 1.2.1	Protection	Number of Children benefited from child protection desks in child friendly spaces					1,000

Means of Verification : Participants lists, photos

Indicator 1.2.2	Protection	Number of male/female survivors who receive medical assistance, including post rape treatment within 72 hours, in line with set standards					250
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Means of Verification : Medical services will be offered to the survivors who underwent GBV related incidents. Treatment will be given to women and girls who faced SGBV in the camps as well as the host communities. Trained nurse will be stationed at the GBV center to be available for GBV survivors to offer CMR services. The treatment will be offered by the nurses at the GBV Center to survivors in Dhusamareeb district. It is expected 250 Survivors to be treated on sexual and other gender based violence incidents.

Activities

Activity 1.2.1

Standard Activity : Child Friendly Spaces

Setting up of 5 CP Desks in Dhusamareeb IDOP Camps settlements to expand child protection services. Child attendants will be standby for children by counseling, guiding and advising the children on the steps and child protection services available to ensure their safety and rights. Children often get stressed and weak when they encounter lack of care and abuse especially in drought and conflict environment, with that situation the child attendants at the child protection desks will help children relief too the trauma facing and stabilize the negative emotions.The desk attendants will further facilitate the children's engagement in recreational activities where children can play and be children, in the midst of often drought surroundings. It is anticipated that 40 children will be utilizing the child friendly spaces every week for the whole project period. In the child friendly spaces Early childhood development kits will be issued to 1000 children as part of the recreational activities. This includes letter wooden blocks which will be used as a playing tool for the children as well enhancing early childhood development. The child friendly spaces will also support the Child mobilisation / basic community psychosocial support activities to improve child well-being based on a mobile outreach modality – ie. regular visits to targeted sites each week, with involvement of parents / volunteers where feasible to promote sustainability of initiatives. Incorporation of basic life-skills training in activities.

Additional Targets :

Shelter and Non-food Items							
Cluster objectives		Strategic Response Plan (SRP) objectives			Percentage of activities		
Improve the living conditions of the protracted internally displaced persons (IDPs)		2017-SO3: Reinforce gender sensitive protection of the displaced and other vulnerable groups at risk			100		
<p>Contribution to Cluster/Sector Objectives : Meeting household needs is part of the shelter response and in many contexts it constitutes a very important part of this response, particularly in conflict and drought related emergencies with repeated displacements. These households' needs are often met through the distribution of NFIs but other methodologies are also being used. This project is aimed at addressing the NFI needs of the IDPs and host communities with the integration of CCCM and protection concerns. Dhusamarreb district is a clear example of a district with needs characterised by the shelter cluster particularly the concerns of the conflict and drought affected populations with repeated displacements.</p>							
Outcome 1							
To Promote the protection of Internally displaced persons and those affected by drought and conflict in Dhusamareeb district-Galmudug region through provision of Non Food Items. This is aimed at improving the living conditions of the people living in the IDP settlements. To measure the outcome of the intervention SSWC will conduct a post distribution monitoring after every NFIs distribution.							
Output 1.1							
Description							
Internally Displaced Persons in Dhusamareeb be able to possess and utilise Non Food Items that will improve the standards of their living conditions.							
Assumptions & Risks							
The assumption is that the security situation remains the same and all stakeholders cooperate to achieve the desired output, however the risk is that the drought and conflict affected needs might exceed the available resources.							
Indicators							
Code	Cluster	Indicator	End cycle beneficiaries				End cycle
			Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target
Indicator 1.1.1	Shelter and Non-food Items	Number of newly displaced people in need receiving NFIs					700
Means of Verification : Distribution lists, Photos							
Indicator 1.1.2	Shelter and Non-food Items	The number of Post Distribution Monitoring exercise conducted					2
Means of Verification : PDM reports,Photos							
Activities							
Activity 1.1.1							
Standard Activity : Provision of NFIs to newly displaced persons							
Distribution of NFI kits to the vulnerable newly displaced members in the IDP camps. Provide newly displaced people with Emergency Assistance Packages. This will improve the living conditions of the persons in IDPs. It is expected 700 households will receive the NFIs making 4,200 individuals benefit indirectly. The NFI is aimed at improving household living conditions in the IDP camps.							
Additional Targets :							
Camp Coordination and Camp Management							
Cluster objectives		Strategic Response Plan (SRP) objectives			Percentage of activities		
Improve the living conditions of IDPS in sites and safe access to services and assistance		2017-SO1: Provide life-saving and life-sustaining integrated multi-sectoral assistance to reduce acute humanitarian needs and reduce excess mortality among the most vulnerable people			100		
<p>Contribution to Cluster/Sector Objectives : The aim of the CCCM cluster is to address the current and newly identified needs by setting up camp coordination structures at the national and, where necessary, regional or district levels, facilitating and supporting the establishment of effective coordination and management in IDP sites, while respecting national context, authorities and existing structures. It also aims to improve the living conditions and protection of IDPs in sites and settlements and ensure equitable access to services and assistance of all persons in need, with a clear focus on moving toward attaining durable solutions with full participation of the displaced and host communities, SSWC through this project also aims at the setting up coordination structures and services mapping within the IDP camps in Dhusamareeb district. SSWC will also Improve living conditions and safe access to services and assistance (community governance/ training/ community led site maintenance activities), therefore the project will significantly contribute to the CCCM cluster objectives.</p>							
Outcome 1							
Improve the living conditions and protection of IDPs in sites and settlements and ensure equitable access to services and assistance of all persons in need, with a clear focus on moving toward attaining durable solutions with full participation of the displaced and host communities.							
Output 1.1							
Description							
Establishment of community IDP structures that enable IDPs access essential services at specific locations through developing mechanisms to eliminate duplication of service delivery and coordination and monitoring of service provision at site level.							
Assumptions & Risks							

The assumption is that the security situation remains the same and all stakeholders cooperate to achieve the desired output, however the risk is that the drought and conflict affected needs might exceed the available resources.

Indicators

Code	Cluster	Indicator	End cycle beneficiaries				End cycle
			Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target
Indicator 1.1.1	Camp Coordination and Camp Management	Number of coordination structures and SOPs for emergency displacements created					10
Means of Verification : SOPs, coordination reports							
Indicator 1.1.2	Camp Coordination and Camp Management	Establishment/reinforcement of community mechanisms for communication channels (centres of information/centres of communication/centres of coordination)					5
Means of Verification : Communication/ Information centres established							
Indicator 1.1.3	Camp Coordination and Camp Management	Number of published IM product providing information on population movement and numbers (new arrivals, exits or returns, population by site, identification of gaps, monitoring of services, mapping of or establishment of focal points)					4

Means of Verification : IM Product reports

Activities

Activity 1.1.1

Standard Activity : Creation of Coordination Structures and SOPs for emergency displacements

SSWC will strengthen the existing coordination mechanisms and in sites where there no existing structures SSWC will establish active structures which will be governed by Standard Operating Procedures(SOPs). The structures will be identified through camp leaders and existing projects staffs.This will help in the identifying needs and duplication of services. SSWC will ensure atleast 10 community structures exist in the vast IDP settlements in Dhusamareeb with specific sector task assigned to each structure. 10 groups comprising of 8 members will be trained and strengthened as part of the camp structures establishment.

Activity 1.1.2

Standard Activity : Establish/reinforce community mechanisms for communication channels (centres of information/centres of communication/centres of coordination)

SSWC will develop communication centres in all the targeted IDP camps for essential information recording and sharing. The centres will allow the existing and new IDP arrivals to access information of the various services offered at the camps.The centres will also provide a linkage between the SSWC and the IDP residents whereby SSWC will further coordinate with other services providers in the IDPs. Its expected 5 communication centres be established in different IDP settlements in Dhusamareeb.

Activity 1.1.3

Standard Activity : Creation of IM product providing information on population movement and numbers (new arrivals, exits or returns, population by site, identification of gaps, monitoring of services, mapping of or establishment of focal points) after Inventories existing tools and identify gaps in information

SSWC will conduct to service mapping and monitoring through CCCM cluster tools and support / strengthen referral pathways and information dissemination . SSWC will also record the population of the targeted IDP camps to control the movement and enhance accountability in service delivery. This will ensure to the gaps within the camps are identified and recorded for action. Monitoring of services will be enhanced by conducting service mapping in the camps. SSWC will recruit 50 focal monitors in all the camps to achieve the information management population movement and numbers.

Additional Targets :

M & R

Monitoring & Reporting plan

SSWC will monitor the indicators listed in the sector summary tables. Monitoring will include periodic security assessments to determine if the security context poses a threat or may affect program implementation. To assess the impact of services provision. SSWC staff will carefully monitor the project on a monthly basis and document all activities to ensure effective implementation. A community complaints mechanism and community-led impact evaluation will be used to assess impact and outcomes. SSWC will use the GBV IMS for data collection .SSWC will conduct periodic surveys to collect data. Each rapid survey will use the same tools and methods to avoid changing results arbitrarily. Results from surveys will not be used to assess impact, but rather to gauge performance of activities and to adjust techniques to better target the desired response and practices. Similarly, data collected on indicators will inform the timeliness of progress relative to the detailed implementation plan. SSWC will also develop a detailed Performance Management Plan (PMP), SSWC customary uses a Simple monitoring for learning and evidence based reporting(SMILER) guide that informs the above monitoring procedures and will prepare monthly project progress report based on the agreed terms.

Workplan

Activitydescription	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Camp Coordination and Camp Management: Activity 1.1.1: SSWC wil strengthen the existing coordination mechanisms and in sites where there no existing structures SSWC will establish active structures which will be governed by Standard Operating Procedures(SOPs). The structures will be identified through camp leaders and existing projects staffs.This will help in the identifying needs and duplication of services. SSWC will ensure atleast 10 community structures exist in the vast IDP settelements in Dhusamareeb with specific sector task assigned to each structure. 10 groups comprising of 8 members will be trained and strengthened as part of the camp structures establishment.	2018	X	X	X	X	X	X						
Camp Coordination and Camp Management: Activity 1.1.2: SSWC will develop communication centres in all the targeted IDP camps for essential information recording and sharing. The centres will allow the existing and new IDP arrivals to access information of the various services offered at the camps.The centres will also provide a linkage between the SSWC and the IDP residents whereby SSWC will further coordinate with other services providers in the IDPs. Its expected 5 communication centres be established in different IDP settlements in Dhusamareeb.	2018	X	X	X	X	X	X						
Camp Coordination and Camp Management: Activity 1.1.3: SSWC will conduct to service mapping and monitoring through CCCM cluster tools and support / strengthen referral pathways and information dissemination . SSWC will also record the population of the targeted IDP camps to control the movement and enhance accountability in service delivery. This will ensure to the gaps within the camps are identified and recorded for action. Monitoring of services will be enhanced by conducting service mapping in the camps. SSWC will recruit 50 focal monitors in all the camps to achieve the information management population movement and numbers.	2018	X	X	X	X	X	X						
Protection: Activity 1.1.1: Medical services will be offered to the survivors who underwent GBV related incidents. Treatment will be given to women and girls who faced SGBV in the camps as well as the host communities. Trained nurse will be stationed at the GBV center to be available for GBV survivors to offer CMR services. The treatment will be offered by the nurses at the GBV Center to survivors in Dhusamareeb district. It is expected 250 Survivors to be treated on sexual and other gender based violence incidents.	2018	X	X	X	X	X	X						
Protection: Activity 1.1.2: Through the counsellor, GBV survivors will have access to information on available services and how to access them, the counsellor are trained on survivor centered approaches which will guide service provision to allow survivors to access the information they need to make decisions and will be based on consent at each stage in the process. Services are provided within the one stop centre's by counsellor who also recommend referrals when cases are beyond their capacity. It is expected all the 600 survivors to receive one on one psycho-social counselling session.	2018	X	X	X	X	X	X						
Protection: Activity 1.1.3: All the camps in Dhusamarab have no lighting systems and this is one of the reasons why GBV prevalence is high in the camps therefore SSWC intends to distribute portable solar lamps to the most vulnerable persons in the community and the host communities. Women and girls facing protection risks will be issued with solar lamp that lightens their homestead and the environment they live in in order to to reduce risks of abduction and rape and other protection risks. Women and girls will receive solar lamps for their household. It is anticipated 500 households to benefit from the distribution of solar lanterns.	2018			X		X							
Protection: Activity 1.1.4: Dignity kits will made available and distributed to displaced women and girls who are affected by conflict and drought in Dhusamareeb district. Dignity kits help women and girls by: Contributing to the psycho social and physical well-being of women and girls,by including items such as intimate wash and pads, Improving mobility of women and girls by providing specific sanitary items. In some contexts, mobility can also be enhanced by including items such as headscarves or Dirac, without which women cannot be seen in public. Allowing budget substitution for families to purchase other important items, such as food. It sis expected 500 vulnerable women and girls to receive dignity kits.	2018		X		X								
Protection: Activity 1.1.5: SSWC will train selected community members on community based protection as part of establishment of community structures. Training of community support groups will advocate for protection concerns within their communities. It is expected 40 participants from 5community protection support groups will attend the 2days training.	2018	X											

Protection: Activity 1.2.1: Setting up of 5 CP Desks in Dhusamareeb IDOP Camps settlements to expand child protection services. Child attendants will be standby for children by counseling, guiding and advising the children on the steps and child protection services available to ensure their safety and rights. Children often get stressed and weak when they encounter lack of care and abuse especially in drought and conflict environment, with that situation the child attendants at the child protection desks will help children relief off the trauma facing and stabilize the negative emotions. The desk attendants will further facilitate the children's engagement in recreational activities where children can play and be children, in the midst of often drought surroundings. It is anticipated that 40 children will be utilizing the child friendly spaces every week for the whole project period. In the child friendly spaces Early childhood development kits will be issued to 1000 children as part of the recreational activities. This includes letter wooden blocks which will be used as a playing tool for the children as well enhancing early childhood development. The child friendly spaces will also support the Child mobilisation / basic community psychosocial support activities to improve child well-being based on a mobile outreach modality – ie. regular visits to targeted sites each week, with involvement of parents / volunteers where feasible to promote sustainability of initiatives. Incorporation of basic life-skills training in activities.	2018	X	X	X	X	X	X												
Shelter and Non-food Items: Activity 1.1.1: Distribution of NFI kits to the vulnerable newly displaced members in the IDP camps. Provide newly displaced people with Emergency Assistance Packages. This will improve the living conditions of the persons in IDPs. It is expected 700 households will receive the NFIs making 4,200 individuals benefit indirectly. The NFI is aimed at improving household living conditions in the IDP camps.	2018	X																	

OTHER INFO

Accountability to Affected Populations

The project targets the drought affected persons in Dhusamareeb district in Galmudug region. The project specifically targets child protection and GBV through service provision with integrated shelter/NFIs and Camp Coordination and Camp management. During this hard times of conflict and drought in the south central region, SSWC has a responsibility to address the emergency crisis. The government that is mandated with the primary responsibility of protecting its citizens has declared the need for Non-governmental organisations to support in addressing the drought emergency. SSWC is committed to international accountability platforms such IASC, Act Alliance resolution 1325 etc. SSWC will be open and transparent in providing comprehensive GBV services and ensure a successful early recovery of the drought affected populations. The organisation experience in handling Key principles of GBV such as Care Confidentiality, privacy and impartiality will add value to the project implementation alongside active engagement of the local administration and other Nongovernmental service providers. SSWC will put in place a beneficiary feedback mechanism where complains, complements are recorded and attended to.

Implementation Plan

SSWC will directly implement the project activities in Dhusamareeb district. The GBV/Child protection service provision integrated with Shelter/NFI and CCCM at the IDP settlements will be supported by the GBV center which will be operational to support the drought and conflict affected population. The services including Medical, Psycho social, IDTR and referral will be offered throughout the project period, NFI distribution, establishment camp structures and build on where it exists, coordinate the humanitarian interventions within the camps, improving living conditions and safe access to services. The project will also work on expansion of the community based services provision. SSWC plan to conduct Awareness through community meetings. SSWC will collaborate with other organizations who may refer survivors for service provision and refer to others for the same. Material support such dignity kits and psycho social support will be provided to GBV survivors and other vulnerable members of the community. SSWC will also share information and experiences with Protection, Shelter/NFI and CCCOM clusters, government , GBV working group as well as other clusters who may need the information for effective coordination and implementation. For smooth implementation of the project the Community Based Support groups and IDP leaders and members will be engaged as the community project committees responsible for identification of beneficiaries.

Coordination with other Organizations in project area

Name of the organization	Areas/activities of collaboration and rationale
SWACEDA	SSWC will establish a referral mechanism for GBV/CP services. Since a comprehensive protection centre will be established in Dhusamareeb SSWC will receive referrals from SWACEDA who is a survivors provider on ground.
CCCM Cluster,	SSWC will attend the monthly CCCM meetings to provide updates on Dhusamareeb IDP camps and also she experience with other partners working in other parts of the country. SSWC will also share 4W matrix to the CCCM cluster. SSWC Will ask the cluster for technical support that may be needed particularly standardised tools for data collection and recording. ,

Environment Marker Of The Project

A+: Neutral Impact on environment with mitigation or enhancement

Gender Marker Of The Project

2b- The principal purpose of the project is to advance gender equality

Justify Chosen Gender Marker Code

The project is designed to empower the disadvantaged segment of society particularly women and children. The whole purpose of this empowering project is to contribute to the creation of egalitarian society which respects all human beings irrespective of the differences in sex and age. To this effect, the project will adopt gender sensitive programming of all the project activities. Refresher training will be provided to project staff and the planning and reporting formats will design to demand sex dis-aggregated data.

Protection Mainstreaming

Child protection, Shelter, CCCM and GBV is a human rights and protection issue . Lack of protection mechanism substantiated by the Drought and conflict situations contributes to the CP/GBV issues and even after Child abuse incidents, Children are not able to access the required services based on their needs due to lack of availability of quality services. Therefore, since this project aims at comprehensive provision of integrated response for Gender and Children, CP/GBV is at the core of the project. Protection is a cross-cutting issue and therefore should be integrated into all aspects of emergency humanitarian response. All humanitarian actors share a responsibility to ensure that their activities do not lead to or perpetuate discrimination, abuse, violence, neglect or exploitation. In this respect, this project also intends to mainstream CP/GBV mitigation and response in other two key clusters, including CCCM and Shelter/NFIs ensuring integrated approach. In other words, integrated protection programming is envisaged under this project so that CP/GBV risk mitigation and response is addressed in a multi-sectoral manner. The project will have to operate in protection principles of inclusiveness, respect and dignity, privacy, confidentiality and non discrimination.

Country Specific Information

Safety and Security

SSWC has permanent presence in the areas of interest with coordination, administrative and program dedicated staff. Through the structures in place all partners are able to minimize security threats coming from: the overall conflict; tensions between staff; tensions with stakeholders (including direct beneficiaries) cooperating with the intervention. Security is a major challenge for implementing projects in many parts of Somalia. SSWC will operate in A DO NO HARM principle. A close working relationship with the government administration will be observed to ensure the safety of the beneficiaries and staff is prioritized at the centre of service delivery.

Access

SSWC has huge experience in the areas of operation and has grass root community support that will allow accessibility in areas of coverage. At the moment there are no accessibility threats but SSWC will closely monitor the security and accessibility dynamics in the area and execute counter measures. The many years of providing services to Dhusamareeb IDPs and host communities has allowed SSWC to have substantive access to the target area.

BUDGET

Code	Budget Line Description	D / S	Quantity	Unit cost	Duration Recurrence	% charged to CHF	Total Cost
1. Supplies (materials and goods)							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
2. Transport and Storage							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
3. International Staff							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
4. Local Staff							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
5. Training of Counterparts							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
6. Contracts (with implementing partners)							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00

7. Other Direct Costs								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
8. Indirect Costs								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
11. A:1 Staff and Other Personnel Costs: International Staff								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
12. A:1 Staff and Other Personnel Costs: Local Staff								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
13. B:2 Supplies, Commodities, Materials								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
14. C:3 Equipment								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
15. D:4 Contractual Services								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
16. E:5 Travel								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
17. F:6 Transfers and Grants to Counterparts								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	
18. G:7 General Operating and Other Direct Costs								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	
	NA							
	Section Total						0.00	

19. H.8 Indirect Programme Support Costs							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
20. Staff and Other Personnel Costs							
1.1	Program coordinator	D	1	6,000.00	6	25.00	9,000.00
	<i>The program coordinator is responsible for the overall direction of the project and will significantly contribute 25% that will be charged Somali Humanitarian Fund. He is overly responsible, links the project activities with other locations and liaise with the partners . 25% of usd 6000 for 12 months =usd 9,000</i>						
1.2	Project Officer	D	1	1,500.00	6	100.00	9,000.00
	<i>The project officer is the technical multisectoral expert that will be in charge of the day to day project activities. She/He will be dedicating 100% of his/her time to the project that Somali Humanitarian Fund will be charged. 100% of usd 1500 for 6 months= \$9,000</i>						
1.3	HR Officer	D	1	2,500.00	6	20.00	3,000.00
	<i>The Human Resource officer will be responsible of the welfare and disciplinary issues of the project staff. Will contribute 20% of his time to the project that Somali Humanitarian Fund will be charged. 20% of usd 2500 for 6 months=\$3,000</i>						
1.4	Logistics Officer	D	1	2,500.00	6	15.00	2,250.00
	<i>The Logistics officer will be responsible of the procurement and planning of the project goods and services using the organization policies to ensure value for money is achieved, Will contribute 15% of his time to the project that Somali Humanitarian Fund will be charged. 15% of usd 2500 for 6 months=\$2,250</i>						
1.5	Finance Officer	D	1	2,500.00	6	20.00	3,000.00
	<i>The Finance Officer will be responsible of the financial documentation of the project. Monitor budget movement and report. Will contribute 20% of his time to the project that Somali Humanitarian Fund will be charged. 20% of usd 2500 for 6 months=\$3,000</i>						
1.6	Finance Manager	D	1	5,000.00	6	15.00	4,500.00
	<i>The Finance Manager will be responsible of the overall financial documentation and approval of the project transactions. Review budget movement and approve reports. Will contribute 15% of his time to the project that Somali Humanitarian Fund will be charged. 15% of usd 5000 for 6 months=\$4,500</i>						
1.7	Case Workers	D	5	500.00	6	100.00	15,000.00
	<i>The caseworkers are responsible for identification, assessing women and girls immediate needs related to their incidents of violence, developing immediate care , treatment goals, implementing , monitoring women and children clients' care action plans @ 500 for 5 case workers for 6 months.</i>						
1.8	Counselor	D	1	800.00	6	100.00	4,800.00
	<i>Counselling will be provided by professional counsellor @ 800 per month for 6 months \$4,800</i>						
1.9	Camp Coordination supervisors	D	2	1,200.00	6	100.00	14,400.00
	<i>The Camp Coordination supervisors will be directly responsible over the camp coordination and camp management activities across different IDP settlements. 2 supervisors will paid \$1,200 each month and SHF will be charged 100% of the cost for 6 months 14,400</i>						
1.10	Camp Coordination and Camp Management clerks	D	5	200.00	6	100.00	6,000.00
	<i>Clerks will be deployed in the IDP camps to record new arrivals, exits, services gaps, services mapping to ensure the living conditions of the IDPs are improved. SHF will be charged 100% of 5 clerks @ \$200 a month totalling \$6,000</i>						
1.11	Security	S	4	300.00	6	100.00	7,200.00
	<i>The security guards will be responsible over the project security in the Gender Based Violence Center. 4 security guards will be paid \$300 and Somali Humanitarian Fund will be charged 100% of the cost for 6months \$7,200</i>						
1.12	GBVIMS Data entry clerk	D	1	600.00	6	100.00	3,600.00
	<i>The manager will be responsible of handling GBVIMS data through daily entry , analytical report generation, maintaining confidentiality and privacy. The person will be 100% working on the project. SHF will contribute 100% of the total cost \$600 for 6 months \$3,600.</i>						
	Section Total						81,750.00
21. Supplies, Commodities, Materials							
2.1	Dignity Kits	D	500	65.70	1	100.00	32,850.00

	<i>500 Dignity kits will be issued to the most vulnerable Gender Based Violence Survivors, (sanitary towels,dirac, gabsar, bar soap and underwear) @65.7usd per kit.=32,850 usd BOQ attached</i>						
2.2	Solar Lamp	D	500	55.00	1	100.00	27,500.00
	<i>IDPs facing protection risks will be issued with solar lamp that lightens their homestead and the environment they live in in order to reduce risks of abduction, GBV and other protection risks. 500 persons will take home 500 solar lamps each @\$55 and Somali Humanitarian Fund will be charged 100% of the total \$27,500</i>						
2.3	Strengthening community protection support groups through capacity building	D	1	3,900.00	1	100.00	3,900.00
	<i>Conduct group meetings comprising of 5groups each with 8members for two days with a lunch and refreshments of 25usd per person. The group will be deliberating on how best to expand the Gender Based Violence services and reflect on lesons learned from the ongoing project. 5groups X 8members X for 2days @ 25usd, transport allowance @5groupsX8membersX2days @\$10, training materials(Note books, Pens, Marker pens, Flip charts and Banner) @\$100, Facilitator 1*100*2*5=3,900 usd BOQ attached</i>						
2.4	packaging of Dignity kits	D	500	6.00	1	100.00	3,000.00
	<i>Proper packaging of Dignity kits using re usable non wooven bag will help in curbing environmental degradation and can be re used for domestic and other use. a package costs @ \$6 per kit for 500 Dignity kits. Somali Humanitarian Fund will be charged 100% amounting to \$3,000</i>						
2.5	Establishment of child friendly spaces	D	1	33,000.00	1	100.00	33,000.00
	<i>Setting up of 5 Child Protection Desks in Dhusamareeb IDP Camps. 5 Child attendants will be standby for children by counseling, guiding and advising the children on the steps and child protection services available to ensure their safety and rights. Children often get stressed and weak when they encounter lack of care and abuse especially in drought and conflict environment, with that situation the child attendants at the child protection desks will help children relief off the trauma facing and stabilize the negative emotions.The desk officers will further facilitate the children's engagement in recreational activities where children can play and be children, in the midst of often drought surroundings. It is anticipated that 40 children will be utilizing the child friendly spaces every week for the whole project period. In the child friendly spaces Early childhood development kits will be issued to 1500 children as part of the recreational activities. This includes letter wooden blocks which will be used as a playing tool for the children as well enhancing early childhood development. BOQ Attached</i>						
2.6	Non Food Items Kits	D	455	80.00	1	100.00	36,400.00
	<i>The NFI will be procured and distributed to 600 households(3,600 beneficiaries) The NFIs is composed of 2blankets, 2mats, kitchen set among others. Attached BOQ</i>						
2.7	Post Distribution Monitoring	D	2	3,021.00	1	100.00	6,042.00
	<i>The cost will cater for monitoring of the NFI distribution. 2 post distribution monitoring exercise will be conducted for the two phases of NFIs distribution. The monitoring exercise will provide beneficiary feedback on the effectiveness of the distribution. BOQ attached</i>						
2.8	Establishment of Camp Coordination and Camp Management structures	D	1	7,700.00	1	100.00	7,700.00
	<i>Community structures will be established through training of 10 community structures comprising of 8members for two days with a lunch and refreshments of 25usd per person. The group will be deliberating on how best to expand the Gender Based Violence services and reflect on lesons learned from the ongoing project. 10groups X 8members X for 2days @ 25usd, transport allowance @10groupsX8membersX2days @\$10, training materials @\$100, Facilitator 1*100*2*10=7,700 usd BOQ attached</i>						
	Section Total						150,392.00
22. Equipment							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
23. Contractual Services							
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
24. Travel							
5.1	Vehicle Hire	D	1	2,000.00	6	100.00	12,000.00
	<i>The vehicle to transport Gender Based Violence survivors from their respective locations to the Gender Based Violence center and referral to other services providers will be 2000 usd a month for 6month. SHF will be charged 100%</i>						
5.2	Travel cost	D	2	300.00	3	100.00	1,800.00
	<i>Return Air ticket from Mogadishu to Dhusamareeb for the program coordinator and M&E to monitor project activities in the field @ 300usd per person per trip for 3times=1800 usd</i>						
5.3	Per Diem	D	2	80.00	15	100.00	2,400.00

	<i>Per diem for one program coordinator and M&E to monitor project in progress Dhusamareeb for 15days . Accommodation and breakfast @50usd for 2persons for 15days=1500usd. while Lunch, super and other refreshments @30usd for 2persons for 15days=900 usd</i>									
	Section Total									16,200.00
25. Transfers and Grants to Counterparts										
NA	NA		NA	0	0.00	0	0		0.00	
	NA									
	Section Total									0.00
26. General Operating and Other Direct Costs										
7.1	Project Stationery		D	1	732.00	1	100.00		732.00	
	<i>The stationery will be used for project activities since huge Documentation are needed in GBV such as printing intake forms, referral forms and other key documentations. Somali Humanitarian Fund Will be charged 100% of \$732 BOQ Attached</i>									
7.2	Electricity		D	1	300.00	6	30.00		540.00	
	<i>Electricity cost is estimated to be @300 and SHF will cover 30 per cent of these costs amounting to \$540 in Dhusamareeb center</i>									
7.3	Center rent		D	1	1,500.00	6	30.00		2,700.00	
	<i>GBV centre in Dhusamareeb will be opearational and SHF will be charged 30% of \$1500 centre rent monthly totalling to \$2,700</i>									
	Section Total									3,972.00
SubTotal					1,992.00				252,314.00	
Direct									245,114.00	
Support									7,200.00	
PSC Cost										
PSC Cost Percent									7.00	
PSC Amount									17,661.98	
Total Cost									269,975.98	

Project Locations

Location	Estimated percentage of budget for each location	Estimated number of beneficiaries for each location					Activity Name
		Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total	
Galgaduud -> Dhuusamarreeb -> Dhuusamarreeb	100	1,377	1,968	1,557	2,278	7,180	<p>Protection: Activity 1.1.1: Medical services will be offered to the survivors who underwent GBV related incidents. Treatment will be given to women and girls who faced SGBV in t...</p> <p>Protection: Activity 1.1.2: Through the counsellor, GBV survivors will have access to information on available services and how to access them, the counsellor are trained on sur...</p> <p>Protection: Activity 1.1.3: All the camps in Dhusamarab have no lighting systems and this is one of the reasons why GBV prevalence is high in the camps therefore SSWC intends to...</p> <p>Protection: Activity 1.1.4: Dignity kits will made available and distributed to displaced women and girls who are affected by conflict and drought in Dhusamareeb district.</p> <p>...</p> <p>Protection: Activity 1.1.5: SSWC will train selected community members on community based protection as part of establishment of community structures. Training of community supp...</p> <p>Protection: Activity 1.2.1: Setting up of 5 CP Desks in Dhusamareeb IDOP Camps settlements to expand child protection services. Child attendants will be standby for children by...</p> <p>Shelter and Non-food Items: Activity 1.1.1: Distribution of NFI kits to the vulnerable newly displaced members in the IDP camps. Provide newly displaced people with Emergency Assistance Packag...</p> <p>Camp Coordination and Camp Management: Activity 1.1.1: SSWC wil strengthen the existing coordination mechanisms and in sites where there no existing structures SSWC will establish active structures which ...</p> <p>Camp Coordination and Camp Management: Activity 1.1.2: SSWC will develop communication centres in all the targeted IDP camps for essential information recording and sharing. The centres will allow the exi...</p> <p>Camp Coordination and Camp Management: Activity 1.1.3: SSWC will conduct to service mapping and monitoring through CCCM cluster tools and support / strengthen referral pathways and information disseminatio...</p>

Documents

Category Name	Document Description
Project Supporting Documents	SHF_IP_stafflist_SSWC_7549.pdf
Project Supporting Documents	SHF_IP_stafflist_SSWC_7549.xlsx
Budget Documents	Activity 2&7 BOQ Integrated project.xlsx
Budget Documents	Dignity Kit (Final).pdf
Budget Documents	Activity 2&7 BOQ Integrated project-revised.xlsx
Budget Documents	Activity 2&7 BOQ Integrated project-Final.xlsx
Budget Documents	Activity 2&7 BOQ Integrated project-Final.xlsx
Budget Documents	Activity 2&7 BOQ Integrated project-Final.xlsx
Grant Agreement	GA_SSWC_7549.pdf
Grant Agreement	GA SSWC 7549_HC signed.pdf

Grant Agreement	SSWC GA Signed.pdf
Grant Agreement	Signed SSWC GA 7549.pdf
Grant Agreement	eo-signed-som-7549.pdf