

# **ANNEX II: CONSOLIDATED RESULTS FRAMEWORK 2018**

	<b><u>Achieved</u> Indicator Targets</b>	<b>Reasons for Variance with Planned Target (if any)</b>	<b>Source of Verification</b>
<b>Outcome 2: Women and girls participate in and inform decision-making processes and responses to conflict prevention</b>			
<b>BURUNDI</b>			
<b>Output 2.1: National and Regional conflict prevention systems address gender disparities</b>			
<b>Indicator 2.1.1:</b> Capacities of local networks of actors' members are strengthened	6,930 community dialogue sessions organized	Sessions organized by the "groupements" and income generating activities not reported	Quarterly reports of CSOs partners and mediators
<b>Output 2.2: Conflict prevention and resolution measures at hills and municipality levels are better coordinated by mediators and provincial focal points</b>			
<b>Indicator 2.2.1:</b> Number of coordination meetings	Coordination meetings of the mediators' network and CSOs partners have all been held. Other meetings were also held.		Reports
<b>Indicator 2.2.2:</b> Level of participation of local network actors	50 to 60 persons participated, and the level of participation amounted to 100%		Reports
<b>Indicator 2.2.3:</b> Number of reported community conflicts handled by mediators and CSOs	5 conflicts handled by municipalities and mediators, so 7,033 conflicts handled.	Conflicts handled by the local networks of actors not taken into account (2,950), because the local networks of actors not yet trained to the conflict resolution and reporting.	Reports

**IRAQ**

**Output 2.3: A total 3000 women and young girls from 5 impacted Iraqi provinces 1- receive legal & psychological services with the view to help solve conflict cases (e.g. familial, domestic, land, social, political, etc.) and help overcome post-conflict traumas using women's search for meaning as inspired by Dr. Viktor Frankl**

**Indicator 2.3.1:** Percentage of funding allocated to gender responsive actions

487 women and girls have received legal and psychological services in view to help solve conflict cases in 5 impacted Iraqi provinces (Dylah, Kirkuk, Salah-Al-Din, Ninewa and Ambar). This reached 5% of the planned activity.

Monthly reporting  
Project documents (including photos, videos, attendance sheets, legal consultation cases)  
Case studies

**Output 2.4: A total of 3000 women and young girls from 5 impacted Iraqi provinces are involved in domestic/home-based family get-together mediation and counter extremism events to encourage peaceful and law-based approaches to help solve problems**

**Indicator 2.4.1:** Number of cases of conflicts (e.g. familial, domestic, land, social, political, etc.) referred to local women mediators

699 women and young girls received peace & diversity promotion and legal awareness in 5 impacted Iraqi provinces (Dylah, Kirkuk, Salah-Al-Din, Ninewa and Ambar).

Monthly reporting  
Project documents (including photos, videos, attendance sheets)  
Case studies  
Minutes of the mediation events

**Output 2.5: A total of 500 women and young girls from 5 impacted Iraqi provinces are empowered to work out themes for a campaign that aims to combat violent extremism and raise the legal and social awareness for peace**

<p><b>Indicator 2.5.1:</b> Proportion of formal negotiators in peace processes taking place within the last 12 months that were women</p>	<p>138 women and girls in 5 impacted Iraqi provinces (Dylah, Kirkuk, Salah-Al-Din, Ninewa and Ambar) participated in working out themes for a campaign to combat violent extremism and to raise legal and social cohesion for peace.</p>		<p>Monthly reporting</p> <p>Project documents (including photos, videos, attendance sheets)</p> <p>Case studies</p> <p>Copies of the promotional tools (draft)</p> <p>Copies of the promotional tools (final version)</p>
<p><b>Output 2.6: public education campaign will be launched (using a short film and the Radio program) that will help women's participation in promoting peaceful dialogue, addressing the attitudinal and cultural biases which create obstacles, will be prepared in cooperation with the Women's Affair Committee in the Iraqi Parliament reaching at least 250,000 social media viewers in the mentioned provinces especially and whole Iraq</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 2.6.1:</b> Proportion of formal negotiators in peace processes taking place within the last 12 months that were women</p>	<p>The public campaign has not started yet. In the reporting period the short film was prepared, and it is currently under review by the Women's Affair Committee in the Iraqi Parliament.</p>		<p>Monthly reporting</p> <p>Project documents</p> <p>Copies of the promotional tools (draft)</p> <p>Copies of the promotional tools (final version)</p> <p>Lists of the social media portals</p> <p>Lists of media channels</p> <p>Lists of the media channels</p> <p>Feedback from viewer</p>

**Output 2.7: Favorable attitudes of parties to the conflict and communities towards women's participation in conflict prevention is promoted.**

<p><b>Indicator 2.7.1:</b> # of women journalists participated in capacity building training on UN Security Council Resolution 1325.</p>	<p>50 women journalists participated in a 3 days capacity building training on UN Security Council Resolution 1325. The first training targeted 20 women journalists in Baghdad, while the second 30 women journalists in Erbil.</p>	<p>The project was firstly focused n Anbar, Baghdad and Diyala. IWJF added the city of Mosul and Salah al Din to broaden the project reach.</p>	<p>Training report Ex-post evaluation Reports Participants attendance sheet Photos/videos/web sites</p>
<p><b>Indicator 2.7.2:</b> # of orientation session held by newly trained journalists.</p>	<p>2 orientation sessions in Baghdad targeting 15 journalists from Ambar (12 women and 13 men) trained in the workshops on women's community participation in peace-building.</p>	<p>IWJF decided to involve male journalists in the implementation of actions to raise commitment and awareness on gender issues</p>	
<p><b>Indicator 2.7.3:</b> # of community awareness campaigns on UN Security Council Resolution 1325.</p>	<p>1 community awareness campaign on UNSCR1325 with 80 participants (individuals, women's associations representatives, governmental organizations).</p>		
<p><b>Indicator 2.7.4:</b> # of street posters and street digital signage</p>	<p>Street posters activity still to be implemented.</p>		

**Output 2.8: Local women's organizations has the capacity to identify and respond to threats by establishing networks, early-warning systems and mechanisms that offer opportunities for dialogue and peacefully engagement.**

<p><b>Indicator 2.8.1:</b> # of women activist and women organizations representative participated in capacity building trainings on EWS and threat identifications.</p> <p><b>Indicator 2.8.2:</b> # of EWS formed during project period</p>	<p>Still to be implemented.</p>		<p>Training report</p> <p>Reports</p> <p>Participants attendance sheet</p> <p>Photos</p>
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**Output 2.9: Women's conflict prevention mechanisms are connected to national and international reporting and response systems**

<p><b>Indicator 2.9.1:</b> # of official linkage between EWSs and national response systems</p> <p><b>Indicator 2.9.2:</b> # of reports send by EWSs to response</p>	<p>Still to be implemented.</p>		<p>Training report</p> <p>Reports</p> <p>Participants attendance sheet</p> <p>Photos</p>
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**Output 2.10: Women are trained on early warning signal system**

<p><b>Indicator 2.10.1:</b> # Women attended the Training for Trainers (ToT) and other trainings.</p>	<p>10 women trained on a ten-day ToT in Blan Village in Atrush about early warning systems (VOP)</p> <p>1 network was created in ToT in Blan Village in Atrush about early warning</p>		<p>Pictorial evidence</p> <p>List of attendees of trainings and their signatures</p> <p>Monthly reports</p>
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<p><b>Indicator 2.10.2:</b> # Women applying the system of early warning signal through a network specially made for the purpose.</p>	<p>systems by VOP on early warning signal</p>		<p>Reports of early warning signals network</p> <p>Individual and group success stories</p> <p>M&amp;E reports</p>
<p><b>Output 2.11: 40 women are oriented on life, leadership and capacity skills to act as peace ambassador through a number of sessions.</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 2.11.1:</b> # of Women attended the sessions.</p> <p><b>Indicator 2.11.2:</b> # of Women functioning as peace ambassadors</p>	<p>10 women trained in a four-day workshop to qualify them as peace ambassadors in Blan Village in Atrush (VOC)</p>		<p>Individual and group success stories</p> <p>Pictorial evidence</p> <p>List of attendees of trainings and their signatures</p>
<p><b>Output 2.12: The awareness of women is raised on civil and political rights and peace and the role of women in disseminating peace through holding events like seminars, festivals, focus groups, etc.</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 2.12.1:</b> # of Women attended the events (seminars, workshops, focus groups, interviews, etc.)</p>	<p>357 women were interviewed and/or participated at the focus group discussions on women in peacebuilding (VOC)</p>		<p>Individual and group success stories</p> <p>Pictorial evidence</p> <p>List of attendees of trainings and their signatures</p> <p>Picture of the participants in the 25 events</p>

			<p>Reports about each event</p> <p>Monthly reports</p> <p>Reports by the peace ambassadors on the activities</p> <p>number of mediations the peace ambassadors have made or the number and type of problems they have solved.</p>
<b>Output 2.13: Training of women's organizations to monitor early warning signals.</b>			
<b>Indicator 2.13.1:</b> Number of women trained to monitor early warning signals.	<p>25 women and women's organizations trained on monitoring early warning signs of conflict (Iraqi Minority Council)</p> <p>20 women trained members of 12 women's associations in Baghdad on UNSCR1325 and early warning mechanisms (SAWA)</p>		<p>Attendance Sheets</p> <p>Reports</p> <p>Photos and videos</p>
<b>Output 2.14: Launch a long-term plan to respond to crises that threaten the community peace</b>			
<b>Indicator 2.14.1:</b> Approve the long-term plan to respond to crises that threaten the community peace by the local government	Still to be implemented.		<p>Reports</p> <p>Photos and videos</p>



<p>and the supreme goal of coexistence and social peace.</p> <p><b>Indicator 2.15.1:</b> Number of women trained</p>	<p>Still to be implemented</p> <p>Signed protocol of cooperation between the Supreme Standing Committee for Coexistence, Community Peace, the General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers and the project executors. The protocol will be used as an agreement to carry out the training and for the development of the response plan to prevent conflicts as well as their participation in the formation of the Forum of peace women.</p>		<p>Attendance Sheets</p> <p>Reports</p> <p>Photos and video</p>
<p><b>Output 2.15: Formation of a coalition (Forum of women peace mediators)</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 2.15.1:</b> Number of women in the coalition</p>	<p>Still to be implemented.</p>		<p>Reports</p>

<b>Output 2.16: Media supportive of women's participation</b>			
<b>Indicator 2.16.1:</b> Number of TV episodes	Still to be implemented.		Reports
<b>Indicator 2.16.2:</b> Number of reactants with Hashtag			Pictures, videos and CDs
<b>Indicator 2.16.3:</b> Number of short films			Copies of the Brochure
<b>Indicator 2.16.4:</b> Number of brochures			
<b>Output 2.17: A community environment supportive of women's participation in conflict resolution and peace-building issues</b>			
<b>Indicator 2.17.1:</b> Number of community members participating in these dialogue and discussion sessions	Still to be implemented.		Attendance Sheets Reports Photos and videos
<b>Output 2.18: Number of members of the governorate council with the ability to negotiate and actively participate in parties</b>			
<b>Indicator 2.18.1:</b> Members of women in the provincial council who are capable to participate in the government broadly	61 community members trained to establish community committees for women conducted in Basra, Muthanna, Karbala and Salah al-Din		Training reports Photos
<b>Output 2.19: 40 Peace Building Voluntary groups from 200 women (5 women in each group) formed and building their capacity</b>			

<p><b>Indicator 2.19.1:</b> # of women recruited as volunteers. # of capacity building trainings done. # of women participate in CB trainings. # of PBVGs formed.</p>	<p>200 volunteers of peace-building groups of women recruited as volunteers.  1 induction training was organized for 200 volunteers</p>		<p>Volunteer's forms. CB training attending sheets. Pre-post tests Group's structures.</p>
<p><b>Output 2.20: 10 peace building and prevention conflicts committees</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 2.20.1:</b> # of PBPCC groups formed # of the members of groups # of conflicts controlled</p>	<p>Still to be implemented.</p>		<p>PBPCC members forms and agreements Activity and meetings attending sheets Reports Photos of the activities.</p>
<p><b>Outcome 3: Women and girls affected by crises lead, participate in and benefit from relief and response efforts</b> <b>Indicator: Percentage of women benefitting from the humanitarian response</b></p>			
<p><b>JORDAN</b></p>			
<p><b>Output 3.1: Women grass-roots and non-governmental organizations in selected regions have increased awareness on gender equality</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.1.1:</b> A combination of five women-cantered grass-roots organizations and/or NGOs</p>	<p>Four women-centred grass roots organization were selected in 2017, with following geographical</p>	<p>The number of the women grass-roots organizations was narrowed from five to four. Most of the</p>	<p>Stakeholder analysis Need assessment tools Draft of the training content</p>

<p>increase early marriage awareness in their campaigns Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 5</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.1.2:</b> A minimum of two activities in each organization focusing on early marriage awareness and economic empowerment for participating girls and women Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 2</p>	<p>distribution: 2 in Mafrq, 1 in Amman, 1 in Irbid</p> <p>70 participants (partners' staff members) have been trained in early marriage and ethical codes, to be able to manage activities in the local communities.</p> <p>In collaboration with the local partners in Mafrq, Hashmi - Amman and Irbid, awareness campaigns were conducted through interactive sessions in each governorate. The events were very impressive, and the audience interacted with the project partners. At least two activities were</p>	<p>women's grassroots organizations that the partners contacted as part of their mapping exercise did not consider underage marriage a problem. After careful analysis, only four organizations passed the screening process, with recognition that organizations that do not view child marriage as being associated with negative health and educational outcomes would have likely been ineffective implementers of the initiative.</p> <p>No variance</p>	<p>Training material, awareness campaign materials, photos, attendance sheets</p>
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	<p>implemented in each organization in each governorate.</p> <p>As part of the “16 Days of Action against Gender-based Violence” the project partners in Irbid, Mafrq and Amman conducted campaigns in local communities on the negative results of early marriage.</p>		
<b>Output 3.2: Classes and activities for girls who married under the age of 18 are established</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.2.1:</b> Two informal classes that will be taught weekly in Irbid by a selected teacher for girls who married under the age of 18 to prepare for the national final exams Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 2</p>	<p>Ten women/girls in Irbid were identified who are currently 25 or younger, were married early, and want to continue their education.</p>	<p>The target was revised to be 10 girls /women instead of two classes.</p> <p>The project implementing partners agreed that the number of girls/women who will be able to continue their education is a more specific measurement of success than the number of classes held.</p>	<p>Profiles created for each girl/woman</p> <p>Monitoring visits</p>
<b>Output 3.3: Schools that increased their capacity building to advocate for girls who are at heightened risk of early marriage</b>			

<p><b>Indicator 3.3.1:</b> Six schools (public, UNRWA) attending the workshops Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 6</p> <p>I</p>	<p>Progress towards this output and its respective indicators is programmed to take place in 2019.</p>	<p>FCPS's work in schools was delayed until 2019. Because they had difficulty getting approvals to work with schools in 2017, they decided to work through the community and associations selected. Indeed, the associations were able to attract a number of parents and students through their activities, but FCPS found that they needed to go back and try again with schools. Such activities could not begin until they received approvals and commitments from schools, which happened in late 2018. The planned school sessions will take place in January and February 2019, with schools in Irbid, Mafraq and Amman. The target number of schools was decreased to four. More campaigns are planned in schools in 2019.</p>	<p>List of schools created Focus group discussions with teachers and school boards</p>
<p><b>Indicator 3.3.2:</b> Three awareness campaigns on the risks of early marriage Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 3</p>	<p>In collaboration with the local partners in Mafraq, Hashmi - Amman and Irbid, awareness campaigns were conducted through interactive sessions. A young Syrian theatre group of male and female actors were</p>		<p>Focus group discussions with teachers and school boards</p>

	<p>originally victims of early marriage presented a sketch "No to Early Marriage" in Mafraq. While in Amman, female students in schools presented sketches to the local community in Al-Hashmi. After each show, a public discussion was opened within the local communities about the harmful effects of early marriage, talking about Jordanian law and practices in society. Women and men with a good reputation in the local community have also been invited to talk about the rights of girls to education and life in dignity. In 2017, a campaign was conducted during the "16 Days of Action against Gender-based Violence".</p>		
<p><b>Output 3.4: IFH clinic staff have increased knowledge and improved behaviours toward girls who are married under the age of 18, specifically concerning sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.4.1:</b> Fifteen staff members in three IFH clinics (45 staff total) increase their awareness of SGBV among child brides Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 15</p>	<p>In July of 2018, 27 staff members were trained, including healthcare providers, management staff and community outreach for SGBV and emergency contraception from the Institute for Family Health (IFH). This four-day training consisted of how to handle SGBV cases with a special focus on early marriage. Further, values</p>	<p>Given the positive response to the training, FCPS managed to train an additional 10 staff members (for a total of 37 staff members) from the Institute for Family Health.</p> <p>The original target of 45 had to be revised because there was a change in prioritization of clinics for IFH.</p>	<p>Focus groups discussions with health care staff (nurses, doctors) Key Informant interviews with clinic directors and management staff Participatory observation</p>

	<p>clarification exercises were done with staff on how to approach their patients, specifically surrounding rape, post-coital contraception and cultural sensitivity in patient care with child brides. Medical staff also learned how to provide preventative care for child brides at potential risk of SGBV. They also further provided in-service training with other members of their clinical staff, and within the two target clinics, for a total of 37 staff members trained.</p>	<p>Given their budget cuts, and resulting loss of staff members, FCPS rearranged its intervention to cover two control clinic sites instead of three (readjusting the total target to 30 instead of 45 staff). In reaching 37 staff, the target was not only met, but exceeded.</p>	<p>Reviews of clinics' policies and procedures regarding SGBV screening, response and referral</p>
<p><b>Output 3.5: Quality of services targeting girls who were married under the age of 18 be improved</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.5.1:</b> Number of health care providers engage in services focusing on quality of care for girls who got married under the age of 18 Baseline: TBC Planned Target: TBC</p>	<p>Healthcare providers' engagement in services focused on quality of care for girls who were married under the age of 18 was improved, including with follow-up, inclusion of husbands and male family members. Improved counselling from healthcare staff was provided to newly married patients (specifically girls under 18). FCPS, Try Centre and CRHC collaborated to write a Code of Ethics. The purpose of the document is to establish procedures for work with local communities and child brides.</p>	<p>No variances.</p>	<p>Review of referral system Review of clinics' policies and procedures regarding service provision for child brides screening, response and referral Monitor visits</p>



<p><b>Indicator 3.5.2:</b> Number of Physicians/nurses who improve contraceptive counselling techniques Baseline: TBC Planned Target: TBC</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.5.3:</b> Number of communications activities on contraception Baseline: TBC Planned Target: TBC</p>	<p>Patients were informed, not only of a variety of modern methods of contraception, but also of post-coital contraception (emergency contraception).</p>		<p>Patient logs (confidential) Monitoring reports (Including a CRHC staff conducting participatory observation of healthcare provider-patient interactions)</p> <p>Patient logs (confidential) Monitoring reports (Including a CRHC staff conducting participatory observation of healthcare provider-patient interactions)</p>
<p><b>Output 3.6: Misconceptions about contraception among married girls under the age of 18, their husbands and his family are addressed</b></p>			

<p><b>Indicator 3.6.1:</b> Increase girls/women's knowledge of emergency contraception (Yuzpe method, post-coital IUD insertion) Baseline: TBC Planned Target: TBC</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.6.2:</b> Reduce women's misconceptions and fears about different family planning methods (specifically addressing the misconception that contraceptives lead to infertility) Baseline: TBC Planned Target: 10</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.6.3:</b> Address barriers for women accessing different contraceptive methods Baseline: TBC Planned Target: TBC</p>	<p>CRHC conducted two family planning sessions with 11 child brides. Feedback from the brides from the first session was positive and four of the child brides felt it would be necessary to bring their mother in-laws to the next family planning session. They said that if their mother in-laws were part of the discourse, their ability to request contraception/family planning methods would be more successful. This resulted in four of the participants receiving the implant and IUDs.</p> <p>In 2017, CRHC's research team conducted a one-day, qualitative methods training for members of TRY Centre. They then used the FGD guides to conduct 6 focus group discussions with women and girls who married under the age of 18. During the FGDs, women and girls' experiences with sexual and reproductive health services and SGBV were explored, as well as their knowledge of and attitudes towards emergency contraception.</p>	<p>No variances</p>	<p>Patient profiles review Three Focus groups discussions with eight girls under the age of 18 who are married Three Focus group discussions with eight girls who married under the age of 18 but who are now 18+ Participatory observation</p>
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**Output 3.7: 15 Grassroots organizations from 5 governorates have increased capacities to understand and respond to gender specific needs and expectations of women and youth in Jordan in the context of the Syria Crisis**

<p><b>Indicator 3.7.1:</b> Number of CBOs with capacities increased by 70% Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 10</p>	<p>15 CBOs were selected from the AWO, ANHRE and ACTED networks, with track record and the potential to respond to the needs of women and youth, and to collect evidence-based and gender sensitive data and information. 3 were selected in Irbid, 4 in Mafraq, 4 in Zarqa, 1 in East Amman and 3 in Tafilah. The increase of capacities by 70%, was achieved.</p>	<p>No variances.</p>	<p>Validated results of GOGA assessment scored against SMART indicators Programming, monitoring and evaluation reports from ANHRE and ACTED Other external reports and assessment quoting the project activities by AWO, ANHRE and ACTED</p>
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**Output 3.8: Community-based initiatives are launched by CBOs to improve the involvement of women and youth in the response to the crises either as practitioners or beneficiaries, and to increase gender-sensitive data collection and analysis in key sectors of intervention.**

<p><b>Indicator 3.8.1:</b> Number of relevant actions fostering the involvement of women as practitioners or beneficiaries Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 7</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.8.2:</b> Number of relevant actions fostering gender-sensitive data collection &amp; information Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 8</p>	<p>13 initiatives were launched by CBOs in 2018, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 2 training-of-trainers workshops organized in Amman (January &amp; September),</li> <li>- 8 local trainings held in all five governorates (April, May &amp; December)</li> </ul>	<p>No variances.</p>	<p>Validated results of GOGA assessment scored against SMART indicators Programming, monitoring and evaluation report from AWO, ANHRE and ACTED Other external reports and assessments quoting the project activities by AWO, ANHRE and ACTED Results of satisfaction survey and feedback mechanisms</p>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 3 mobilization events held in Amman (January, May &amp; December).</li> </ul> <p>Two more mobilization events are planned in January 2019.</p> <p>Other additional actions included :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- one initial visit among targeted Syrian communities and identification of Syrian female community leaders</li> <li>- one focus group launched with 10 to 15 Syrian women to discuss sectoral problems &amp; needs</li> <li>- individual interviews (on average 40) with Syrian women, and their families, from targeted communities</li> <li>- 5 interviews done with key stakeholders active in selected sectors.</li> </ul> <p>CBOs also signed a data protection protocol with the 15 CBO focal points.</p>		
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**Output 3.9: Women-led Syrian CBOs / Networks (formal and informal) in Irbid and Mafraq have increased their capacity and confidence to broaden their reach with community members and meaningfully participate in the humanitarian response on behalf of Syrian women**

<p><b>Indicator 3.9.1:</b> Number of training modules produced by ARDD that target Syrian women led CBOs/networks (formal and informal) Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 1</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.9.2:</b> Number of women who attend the capacity building workshops Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 20</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.9.3:</b> Number of initiatives implemented by the participating women Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 8</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.9.4:</b> Number of women who report an increase of knowledge on the selected capacity building topics</p>	<p>The Project team has initiated the mapping process for Syrian women-led CBOs and networks, which will continue in 2019.</p> <p>It is too soon to report results, as progress towards this output and its respective indicators is mainly programmed to take place in 2019.</p>	<p>No variances.</p>	<p>Training module available to share at the end of project Attendance sheets Baseline / end-line survey Project staff observations</p>
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**Output 3.10: An increased number of women in Mafraq and Irbid are aware of their rights and have the confidence to navigate and utilize the Jordanian justice system**

<p><b>Indicator 3.10.1:</b> Number of women who attend the legal empowerment sessions Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 240</p>	<p>A lawyer's coalition was formed from ARDDs Legal department, which developed legal empowerment session training materials. During 2018, 12 legal awareness sessions were held (6 in Mafraq, 6 in Irbid), reaching 120 women and girls in Mafraq (75 Syrian refugees and 45 Host community) and 118 women and girls in Irbid (57 Syrian refugees and 61 host community). The total number of women attending the sessions was 238.</p> <p>Another 12 psychosocial support sessions were held targeting 237 women and girls from both Syrian refugees:</p>	<p>No variances.</p>	<p>Attendance sheets Baseline / End-line survey Project staff observations</p>
<p><b>Indicator 3.10.2:</b> Number of women who report an increase in knowledge about their rights in Jordan Baseline: 20% Planned Target: 75%</p>	<p>- 6 sessions were held in Mafraq, involving 128 women and girls (79 Syrian refugees; 49 host community)</p> <p>- 6 sessions were held in Irbid, involving 109 women and girls in Irbid (51 Syrian refugees and 58 host community)</p> <p>80% of women reported an increase in knowledge about their rights.</p> <p>To increase women's confidence using the legal system, ARDD's legal unit</p>	<p>No variances.</p> <p>No variances</p>	<p>Attendance sheets Baseline / End-line survey Project staff observations</p> <p>Attendance sheets Baseline / End-line survey Project staff observations</p>

<p><b>Indicator 3.10.3:</b> Number of women who report an increase in confidence to utilize the Jordanian justice system Baseline: 20% Target: 75%</p>	<p>provided one-on-one legal consultations in Mafraq and Irbid. Over the course of 2018, they offered one-on-one legal consultations, which totaled 1,252 sessions. The percentage of women who reported an increase in confidence to utilize the Jordanian justice system was 80%.</p>		
<p><b>Output 3.11: An increased number of women in Mafraq and Irbid are able to play an active and meaningful role in conflict management within their communities, and to promote solidarity and social cohesion between refugee and host community members</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.11.1:</b> Number of women who attend the conflict management sessions Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 110</p>	<p>ARDD developed conflict-management training modules and a draft training manual and materials were completed in Q3. The manual aims to develop the skills and capacity of both Syrian refugee and host community women to play an active role in conflict management in their communities to promote social cohesion. A trainer was recruited, and the first session took place in Q4. So far, 33 women and girls attended in Irbid. The activity has yet to be implemented in Mafraq.</p>	<p>Too early to report on these indicators as the remaining sessions will be completed during 2019.</p>	<p>Attendance sheets Baseline / End-line survey Project staff observations</p>

<p><b>Indicator 3.11.2:</b> Number of women who report to have enhanced their conflict management skills</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.11.3:</b> Number of community dialogues successfully implemented by the selected women Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 2</p>	<p>More sessions are planned in 2019.</p> <p>Training sessions have only begun so it is too soon to report results. Progress towards this output and its respective indicators will continue in 2019.</p> <p>In order to promote social cohesion in the community, 43 Syrian and Jordanian women (21 Syrian refugees and 22 host community) participated in two community dialogue sessions conducted in Irbid and Mafraq on issues the selected women are facing in the community. These sessions opened a platform for discussion among women to talk about difficulties they are facing within their community. Afterwards, the women selected topics that impact them in the community to facilitate sessions with community members and selected humanitarian actors. This 'designing of community dialogues' session was attended by 14 women in Irbid. It allowed the women to prepare for the dialogues and mobilize their target audience for the sessions. Finally, the first women-facilitated dialogue session took place</p>	<p>Too early to report on these indicators – activities will be completed during the coming reporting period.</p> <p>Too early to report on these indicators – a second dialogue led by selected women will be completed in Mafraq in 2019.</p>	
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	in Irbid, with 33 participants (including 8 men). A second dialogue will take place in Mafraq in 2019.		
<b>PACIFIC ISLANDS</b>			
<b>Output 3.12: Capacities of Solomon Islands Provincial Women's Councils and their members in Temotu and Guadalcanal are built to contribute to disaster and humanitarian response efforts</b>			

<p><b>Indicator 3.12.1:</b> Number of women participating in training and awareness activities. Baseline: 0 women participating in training and awareness activities. Planned Target: 50 women participating in training and awareness activities.</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.12.2:</b> Increase in knowledge and capabilities in gender, protection and disaster response (pre-post). Baseline: Not available Planned Target: 80% of women who attend training activities report an increase in knowledge and capabilities.</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.12.3:</b> # of women actively engaged in preparedness and response efforts. Baseline: not available Planned Target: 20 women who participate in training are actively involved in preparedness and response efforts.</p>	<p>280 women have actively participated in training and awareness activities in Guadalcanal and Temotu and this has already reached the estimated target of 50 women.</p> <p>60% of women provided feedback and the evaluation of their performance after the 2nd and 3rd trainings specifically on taking up leading roles in activating and maintaining their village disaster committees as evident in the recent flash flooding in Guadalcanal has seen improvements.</p> <p>60 women from the nine villages in Guadalcanal have actively helped in the recent flash flood in Guadalcanal and have demonstrated their skills on assessment, data analysis and have gender sensitised their reports prior to submitting it to the provincial disaster office and the National Disaster management.</p>	<p>No variance.</p>	<p>Training attendance sheets Training evaluations Training follow up</p>
<p><b>Output 3.13: The number and influence of women in decision making structures relating to disaster management at a provincial level in Solomon Islands is increased.</b></p>			

<p><b>Indicator 3.13.1:</b> # and % of women represented on Provincial Disaster Operations Committee (target= minimum 30%) Baseline: Not available as PDOC was not meeting regularly. Planned Target: At least two positions on the PDOC (Women's Desk Officer and PCW representative) are reserved for women</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.13.2:</b> Increase in Women's perceptions of their influence over decision making and resource allocation on PDOCs (self-report) Baseline: n/a Planned Target: TBD</p>	<p>20 % of women have participated in all sub committees at the provincial level</p> <p>6 women from Guadalcanal Council of women and 1 woman from Women's Desk officer are now recognised to be part of the decision-making body to support PDOC to have more women representatives across the sub committees at t the provincial level.</p> <p>The Provincial Disaster Offices in Guadalcanal and Temotu have agreed to have at least 30% of committees chaired by women from the different sectors.</p> <p>Out of the six village disaster committees, six women have been elected to be chairs and co-chairs of their village disaster committees.</p> <p>Gender and Protection technical working group has been established and now recognised by the provincial executive to be a responsible for all gender and protection issues of the province</p>	<p>No variance.</p>	<p>SOPs FGDs with women representatives PDOC gender strategies Training attendance sheets</p>
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<p><b>Indicator 3.13.3:</b> # of PDOCs who develop a gender mainstreaming and response strategy. Baseline: 0% of PDOCs have a gender mainstreaming and response strategy. Planned Target: 100% of PDOCs have a gender mainstreaming and response strategy</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.13.4:</b> # of Provincial Government staff who regularly attend training activities. Baseline: 1 Provincial Government staff. Planned Target: 10 Provincial Government staff.</p>	<p>15 representatives from Provincial Disaster committees have started worked with the Gender and Protection working group to start sharing key ideas to be considered in the gender strategic paper.</p> <p>One of the measures that the Temotu Provincial Disaster Officer has emphasised is that in all committees, there must be equal numbers of men and women so that decisions can be reached equally.</p> <p>20 provincial officers from various departments of both Guadalcanal and Temotu Provincial government have attended two trainings on how to integrate gender and protection in their work</p>		
<p><b>Output 3.14: Increased priority of gender and protection within disaster management frameworks at a national level in the Solomon Islands is advocated for and capacity of the NDMO to mainstream gender into humanitarian response efforts is strengthened.</b></p>			

<p><b>Indicator 3.14.1:</b> % of Committee budgets allocated to gender responsive action Baseline: unknown Planned Target: To be determined</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.14.2:</b> # of National Government staff &amp; stakeholders attending training and awareness activities Baseline: unknown Planned Target: 10 National Government staff.</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.14.3:</b> Increase in knowledge and gender and protection issues (pre-post) Baseline: n/a Planned Target: 80% people who attend training activities report an increase in knowledge and capabilities.</p>	<p>No movement yet.</p> <p>20 national government staff and stakeholders have attended refresher trainings on integration of gender into disaster risk management organised by MWYCA and supported by Oxfam.</p> <p>60% of the attended participants have demonstrated and applied their skills in gender sensitizing of data collected from the recent flash flood in Guadalcanal</p>	<p>The Ministry of Women, Youth and Children Affairs is yet to allocate specific budget for gender responsive actions. This is due to the lowest budget allocation by the Government to the Ministry</p> <p>No variance.</p>	<p>Committee budgets Training attendance sheets Training evaluations</p>
<b>Output 3.15: Increased participation of women in community-based emergency response team in Samoa</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.15.1:</b> Percentage of increase in women's participation Baseline: N/A Planned Target: 50%</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.9.2:</b> Percentage of women SRCS volunteers Baseline: N/A Planned Target: 50%</p>	<p>4883 (47%) women participated in trainings</p> <p>45% of SRCS female volunteers have been trained and involved in humanitarian activities</p>	<p>No variance.</p>	<p>Training report List of registered volunteers</p>

<b>Output 3.16: Dedicated resources are allocated to gender in the Samoa Red Cross Society</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.16.1:</b> Number of dedicated staff recruited Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 3</p>	<p>3 full time staff hired from a 2-year period</p>	<p>No variance.</p>	<p>Staff records</p>
<p><b>Indicator 3.16.2:</b> Number of staff, volunteers' partners and community members engaged in SRCS that are trained Baseline: Savaii Branch has 46 registered female volunteers Planned target: 46 Tuasivi female volunteers trained on gender and inclusion</p>	<p>50% of volunteers trained in SRCS branch (Savaii), as focal points are female</p>		
<b>Output 3.17: IFRC minimum standard commitments for gender and diversity in emergencies and the IFRC "7 moves" gender and diversity in emergencies training are incorporated in all aspects of SRCS's work in Samoa</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.17.1:</b> Number of partners trained Baseline: 0 Planned Target: to train stakeholder and partner agencies on IFRC and Care International gender tools and to establish a local working group in Samoa</p>	<p>80% of members of the SRCS have received training in IFRC tools for mainstreaming Gender and Diversity in all programs of the National Society</p> <p>13 partner agencies including 3 Government Ministries and 10 local NGOs have received training on rapid gender analysis, planning and responding to GBV in emergency.</p>	<p>No variance.</p>	<p>Training attendance sheets and evaluations Meeting minutes Action Plan</p>

**Output 3.18: Civil society organizations in Vanuatu have a better knowledge of their gender and protection skills and abilities**

<p><b>Indicator 3.18.1:</b> # of Gender and Protection self-assessment reports Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 4 CSOs</p>	<p>Self-assessment tool developed by CARE and Save the Children was approved by the Department of Women's Affairs (DWA) on 19 January. Four CSOs have been identified for targeting (approved by DWA): 1. Vanuatu Family Health Association (VFHA) 2. Vanuatu National Youth Council 3. Vanuatu Society of People with Disability (VSPD) 4. Vanuatu Women's Centre (VWC) 4 x self-assessment reports</p>	<p>No Variance.</p>	<p>Self-Assessment tool</p>
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**Output 3.19: 4 CSOs in Vanuatu have developed systems and capacity to fundraise for Child Protection in Emergency and Gender in Emergency Projects and to lead on gender and protection preparedness, relief and response efforts**

<p><b>Indicator 3.19.1:</b> # CSOs with staff trained on fund raising # CSOs with increased capacity to develop proposals # CSOs with strengthened internal capacity to address gender and protection issues Baseline: 0 Planned target: 4 CSOs</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.19.2:</b> #of CSOs with staff trained on gender and protection</p>	<p>4 x CSOs (14 participants - 9 female and 5 male) trained on fund raising</p> <p>4 x CSOs (14 participants - 9 female and 5 male) have increased capacity to develop proposals</p> <p>4 x CSOs (14 participants - 9 female and 5 male) have strengthened</p>	<p>No Variance.</p>	<p>National CSO workshop report (pre and post tests and evaluation)</p>
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<p># CSO staff demonstrating increased knowledge on gender and protection in humanitarian settings Baseline: Planned target:4 CSOs</p>	<p>internal capacity to address gender and protection</p>		
<p><b>Output 3.20: Women in key organizations in Vanuatu have capacity to lead preparedness, relief and response efforts</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.20.1:</b> # female members of CDCCCs trained and mentored to lead Baseline: 0 Planned target: 40 female members of CDCCCs</p> <p><b>Indicator 3.20.2:</b> # female members of PDC and CDCCCs trained and mentored to lead humanitarian activities Baseline: 0 Planned target: 10 female members of PDCs and local CSOs</p>	<p>32 female CDCCC members trained and mentored to lead preparedness, relief and response efforts</p> <p>57 child members (aged 12-17) of School Disaster committees have been trained in humanitarian leadership</p> <p>33 girls have increased knowledge and understanding of humanitarian leadership, gender and child protection in emergencies</p> <p>4 (Tafea) + 8 (Sanma) = 12 women members of PDC and local CSOs trained and mentored</p>	<p>No Variance.</p>	<p>CDCCC training reports (Santo and Tanna)</p> <p>Training report Pre/post test</p>
<p><b>Output 3.21: Other Pacific countries start the process of developing and improving country Protection Clusters through Learning Exchanges with Vanuatu Gender and Protection Cluster Leads and Co-Leads</b></p>			



<p><b>Indicator 3.21.1:</b> # documented exchange visits # documentation materials Baseline: 0 Planned target: 2 exchange visits (Solomon Is and PNG) and participation in the Regional Protection Cluster</p>	<p>3 documented exchange visits held (PNG, Solomon Islands and Fiji) 1 x video on gender and protection and localisation project 1 x briefing paper 1 x PowerPoint presentation</p>	<p>No Variance.</p>	<p>Video Briefing paper PowerPoint presentation Lessons learned report</p>
<p><b>Output 3.22: Key gender and protection issues in food security, particularly in relation to emergency response are identified in two (2) communities in Macuata Province and discussed among ADRA Fiji staff, communities and key FSL and DM stakeholders at various levels, in Fiji</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.22.1:</b> # of Community members and leaders (sex and age disaggregated) involved in discussions about the research findings  Baseline: Unknown  Planned Target: To be determined</p>	<p>11 representatives of various stakeholders from the North Division have been briefed of the project and its outcome and output: 5 men and 6 women</p>	<p>Inception phase, tools for community-based research being developed and validated.</p>	<p>Contracts, field visit report, meeting minutes.</p>
<p><b>Output 3.23: Communication of recommendations to national and inter-governmental processes linked to the implementation of the Framework for Resilient Development in the Pacific, Sendai Framework and World Humanitarian Summit and the annual Pacific Humanitarian Partnership Meeting, in Fiji</b></p>			

<p><b>Indicator 3.23.1:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number of recommendations communicated to national and inter-governmental processes</li> <li>• Progress towards government humanitarian agenda at national and regional level being accountable to Women's human rights</li> </ul> <p>Baseline: 20 women Leaders from the 4 countries who represent an additional 100 women from their communities</p> <p>Planned Target:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 15 diverse women leaders, 30% being young women of the Regional WWW Network</li> <li>• 20 women leaders who represent an additional 100 women</li> <li>• 80 women leaders in 4 countries will be supported to enhance their knowledge of DRM systems to support the achievement of meeting the minimum target of 30% in disaster management</li> </ul> <p>In Fiji, the Radio with pictures series will reach a national audience of 530932</p>	<p>Inception meeting with regional convenors and correspondents/partners held on 22nd – 24th October 2018</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A total of fifteen participants gathered in Suva, Fiji for this meeting</li> </ul> <p>The main aim of organizing this meeting as well was to identify in the four countries, namely Fiji, Tonga, Solomon Islands and Vanuatu, eighty women who were going to be our first responders during times of natural disasters</p>	<p>No variance</p>	<p>Meeting report</p>
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**Output 3.24: Production of media and knowledge products promoting women's leadership in emergencies, (including preparedness and early warning, protection and response, recovery and resilience building) as well as the gender-differentiated impacts of climate change and disasters, in Fiji**

<p><b>Indicator 3.24.1:</b> Number and range of media knowledge products produced and distributed Baseline: The target audience includes 20000 readers of the HEROWINS comic series Planned Target: 60% of the radio listening audience in each country.</p> <p>We will promote 80 WWW First Responders through our regional magazine campaign that will reach 40000 PI people in 17 countries</p>	<p>There were 3 regional countries that we ran the Radio campaign between 3rd to the 15th December 2018.</p> <p>The countries that the radio campaigns were launched in was Fiji, Solomon and Vanuatu.</p> <p>The listenership data collected from the 3 respective radio stations are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fiji - 86.5% (783,257 overall listeners) 62.8% (568,655 Female listeners) Out of the population in Fiji: 905502 (Based on the 2017 census population)</li> <li>• Solomon Islands - 66.6% (407,154 overall listeners) Out of the population in Solomon Islands: 611,343 (Based on the 2017 census population)</li> <li>• Vanuatu - 80% (220,995 overall listeners) Out of the population in</li> </ul>	<p>No variance</p>	<p>Radio placement schedule Broadcast reports including feedbacks/impact from radio stations</p>
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	<p>Vanuatu: 276,244 (Based on the 2017 census population)</p> <p>Bulk SMS sent to 363 women in Fiji market only</p>		
<p><b>Output 3.25: Regional Women's Weather Watch interoperable platform established in Fiji</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.25.1:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appointment of regional correspondents</li> <li>• Convening of WWW media collectives</li> <li>• Online media hub operational and 4 Bulk SMS systems managed by network partners</li> </ul> <p>Baseline: Unknown</p> <p>Planned Target:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Establishment of Regional WWW media collectives in Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu</li> <li>• Expand the application of the Women's Weather Watch Bulk SMS system to help communities in Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu</li> </ul>	<p>Regional Correspondents that were appointed after the Inception meeting:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Olini Susau – Talitha Project, Tonga</li> <li>2. Yasmin Bjornum – ActionAid, Vanuatu</li> <li>3. Ender Rence – Solomon Islands</li> </ol>	<p>No variance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Participation and Registration List for the Regional Inception Meeting on 22 – 24 Oct 2018</li> <li>• Pre and Post Evaluation Forms for the Regional Inception Meeting</li> </ul>

**Output 3.26: Pacific-women led Community Radio Emergency Response broadcast established by 2020 in Fiji**

**Indicator 3.26.1:**

- Regional Community Radio Training completed
  - Community Radio Broadcast Manual produced
  - 12 Community Radio broadcasters for deployment
  - Community radio kit secured, and regulatory approval secured for deployment
- Baseline: Unknown

Planned Target:

Regional WWW media collectives coordinated by designated correspondents in Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu will be able to support the establishment of community radio clubs

Planned for 2019

No variance

**Output 3.27: Number of women trained in Phase 1: Preventive Emergency Response Program in Palau**

<p><b>Indicator 3.27.1:</b> 34% of the women in the selected Palauan states will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attend the Community- Based Disaster Risk Reduction (CBDRR), Toolkit Seminar.</li> <li>Receive certifications in CPR/First Aid</li> <li>Participated in Food and Water Security Training</li> </ul> <p>Baseline: To be determined</p> <p>Planned Target: Project will train and educate 25 women from each selected state.</p>	<p>Launching of the Project on September 17, 2018</p> <p>Recruitment and Hiring of Project Personnel: Calvin Johanes, Project Manager, Women's Empowerment through Emergency Preparedness, Crisis Response and Recovery Project Christabel "Krys" Gbewonyo, Communication, Monitoring, Evaluation and Improvement (CMEI) Coordinator Deavina Ken, Administrative Assistant</p> <p>Inclusion of Omekesang (People with disabilities NGO) and Gender Division as Agency partners</p>	<p>Delays in transfer of funds: This was probably the only major challenge during this period. This delay resulted in delay of procurement of equipment from off-island vendors. This coupled with the holiday season further delayed shipment and arrival of equipment and therefore the first outreach trip for Kayangel was rescheduled to January 2019.</p>	
<p><b>Output 3.28: Number of women trained in Phase 2: Immediate Emergency Response Programs in Palau</b></p>			

<p><b>Indicator 3.28.1:</b> 34% of the women in the selected Palauan states attended a Coping Strategies Seminar. Baseline: To be determined</p> <p>Planned Target: Project will train and educate 25 women from each selected state in Palau</p>	Planned for 2019	No variance	
<b>Output 3.29: Number of women trained in Phase 3: Subsequent Emergency Response Programs in Palau</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 3.29.1:</b> 34% of the women in the selected Palauan states received recovery lessons</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Basic family health assessment (physical and mental)</li> <li>2) Emergency &amp; Disaster relevant policies &amp; laws</li> <li>3) Food Security recovery methods</li> <li>3) Water Safety &amp; Security methods</li> <li>5) Basic Post Disaster Rapid Household Assessment</li> </ol> <p>Baseline: To be determined</p> <p>Planned Target: Project will train and educate 25 women from each selected states in Palau</p>	Planned for 2019/2020	No variance	
<b>Outcome 5: Women and girls' safety and security are enhanced</b>			

**Indicator: Proportion of personnel in national security and justice institutions that are women**

**PACIFIC ISLANDS**

**Output 5.1: Increased safety and protection for women and girls in Fiji who are empowered and feel safer due to access to SRHR information and services.**

<p><b>Indicator 5.1.1:</b> # SRHR community awareness sessions</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.1.2:</b> #SRHR awareness training to uniformed personnel</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.1.3:</b> # SRHR awareness for judicial and legal officers</p> <p>Planned Target: Recruitment and training of project team. Tailoring and printing of SRHR education materials. Delivery of awareness and capacity building services to communities, uniformed personal and key stakeholders.</p>	<p>73 community awareness sessions conducted</p> <p>Cumulative data achieved within the 17 months into the project indicate that 5,918 women and girls were empowered to access SRHR information and services.</p> <p>The project has recently commenced with procurement of supplies for disaster relief and response. For disaster relief and response, MSP Northern Division is currently prepositioned with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dignity – 70 kits</li> <li>- WASH – 45 kits</li> <li>- New Mothers – 20 kits</li> <li>- Safe Birthing Kits – 20 kits</li> </ul>	<p>No variance.</p>	<p>Data recorded from outreach and static clinic through the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Participant registration</li> <li>- Pre and Post questionnaires</li> <li>- Satisfactory feedback forms</li> <li>- Focus group discussion</li> <li>- Individual interview</li> <li>- Most Significant Change Story (MSC)</li> <li>- Clinical data entry</li> <li>- Legal client data entry</li> <li>- Counselling client data entry</li> </ul>
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**Output 5.2: Increased access to justice for survivors, through coordination, dialogue, rights awareness, service integration and capacity building to strengthening services and systems in Fiji**



<p><b>Indicator 5.2.1:</b> #MOUs signed <b>Indicator 5.2.2:</b> # Training and coordination meetings <b>Indicator 5.2.3:</b> # Women, uniformed and Gov't personnel attending SRH training</p>	<p>720 (female) clients accessed justice through legal aid services, GBV counselling services and forensic medical;</p> <p>13 Northern Sexual Offense Unit police officers trained on responding to sexual violence (12 female and 1 male officer).</p>	<p>Currently, all cases are awaiting court hearing. This shows the backlog of cases within the judicial system.</p>	<p>Summons received from High Court or Magistrates Court</p>
<p><b>Output 5.3: 5,000 women and girls have increased access to specialized, confidential clinical SRHR services for survivors of sexual assault and gender based violence in Fiji</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 5.3.1:</b> Delivery of the One Stop Shop post rape care services to # of women and girls in Fiji</p>	<p>12,220 total SRHR services delivered, distributed (8, 717 females and 3,836 males);</p> <p>69 medical forensic examination referrals from Sexual Offence Unit of the Fiji Police-Northern;</p> <p>2,799 female clients accessed clinical services (outreach and static clinic);</p> <p>1,122 reproductive tract cancer screening carried out (549 cervical screening, 565 breast examination and 8 prostate cancer screening);"</p> <p>1,078 (813 females and 265 males) clients accessed counselling services;</p> <p>441 clients accessed legal aid services (269 females and 172 males);</p> <p>3 clients accessed MSP temporary safe-home referred by FPF and MHMS;</p>	<p>No variance.</p>	<p>As listed in 5.1 and 5.2 above</p>

	503 referrals were carried out through the existing stakeholder referral pathways.		
<b>Outcome 5.4: Advocate and establish for Provincial Protection Committees – through the Provincial Disaster Offices (PDO) and Provincial Women's desk officers of the Ministry of Women and the Provincial Women's Council of Isabel and Makira Province, in the Solomon Islands</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 5.4.1:</b> 2 Provincial Protection Committees are established. 1 in Makira Ulawa and 1 in Isabel Provinces _Baseline: 0 active Protection Committees in the provinces and the responsible authorities need support in understanding its mandate. Planned Target: Consultation with Provincial Authorities for the recognition and approval of Provincial Protection Committees and consult with Provincial Women Desks to Chair the committees.</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.4.2:</b> # and percentage of local women and girls and people with Disabilities' CSOs are members of the Provincial committee Baseline: 0% of local Women and girls and people with Disabilities' CSOs are members of the Provincial committees Planned Target: Work with the Women Desks and Provincial Disaster Offices to include 80% of Local Women and PWD CSOs to be members of the Provincial Protection Committees.</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.4.3:</b> # and percentage of Men,</p>	<p>Consultation has been made with the Makira Ulawa Provincial Executives and Potential members of the Provincial Protection Committee.</p> <p>4 females and 15 males (9 from Makira Ulawa Provincial Executives and 6 from potential stakeholders). All were adult men and women and able bodied.</p> <p>The Provincial Protection Committee members have been advised to include representatives from local Women CSOs and People with Disability organisations in their respective provinces to be part of the Provincial Protection Committee meetings.</p> <p>Planned for 2019</p>	<p>No Variance</p> <p>No Variance</p> <p>No Variance</p>	<p>2 endorsement papers 2 work plans with budgets for the 2 Provincial Protection Committees</p> <p>Registration page of members of the Provincial Protection Committee</p>

<p>women and girls and people with Disabilities Organization and personnel who are members of the PPC are trained on responding to GBV in emergencies and are able to replicate the knowledge and skills to rural Village Disaster Resilient Committees. Baseline: 5% of local CSOs and FBOs who deal with issues affecting men, women, boys and girls and the welfare of People living with disabilities are actively involved with the Provincial Protection Committees need training on GBV in emergencies. Planned Target: 80% of local women CSOs and FBOs who have GBV background to be trained as trainers for GBV in Emergencies (Q2, 2019) to train Village Committees and other members of Provincial Protection Committees.</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.4.4:</b> The ToRs and SoPs of Provincial Protection Committees are inclusive. Baseline: The Terms of Reference (ToR) and Standard Operating Procedures (SoP) for Isabel Province is still in Draft while Makira Ulawa Province is still to develop theirs. Planned Target: Support Provincial Protection Committees to develop ToR and SoP in the first Quarter of 2019</p>	<p>Isabel Province has developed their draft SoP and Terms of Reference.</p>	<p>No Variance</p>	<p>2 ToRs and SoPs for provincial protection committees.</p>
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**Outcome 5.5: Data and information management of victims of sexual violence for support activities during emergencies and recovery monitoring in the Solomon Islands**

<p><b>Indicator 5.5.1:</b> # of women and girls inclusive of people with disabilities organizations and personnel on the PERTs and NERT are trained on Assessment forms and reporting Baseline: only 5% of Women CSOs and 30% of People with disability organisations have been involved in Emergency response but 0% are on NERT and PERTs 0% are trained in Assessment forms and reporting. Planned Target: 80% of Women CSOs and PWD organisations are part of the NERT and PERT and trained on Assessment forms and reporting.</p>	<p>Planned for 2019</p>		
<p><b>Indicator 5.5.2:</b> # of women and girls inclusive of people with disabilities organizations and personnel on the PERTs and NERT who were trained on Assessment forms participated in assessment teams to do assessments and reporting after a disaster Baseline: only 5% of Women CSOs have been part of assessment teams during disasters. 0% of personnel from PWD organisations have been part of assessment teams. Planned Target: 80% of Women CSOs and PWD organisation Personnel get involved in Disaster needs and damage assessments.</p>	<p>Planned for 2019</p>		



<p>GBV in emergencies and are gender sensitized Baseline: 10% of Women CSOs and 2% of PWD organisations have been trained on responding to GBV in emergencies Planned Target: 70% of Women CSOs and PWD organisations to be trained on responding to GBV in emergencies</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.6.2:</b> # of women and girls and people with Disabilities organizations and personnel on the PERTs and NERT responded to GBV in emergencies Baseline: 5% of Women CSOs and 0% PWD organisations have responded to GBV in Emergencies. Planned Target: 70% of Women CSOs and PWD organisation get involved in responding to GBV in Emergencies.</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.6.3:</b> # of women and girls and people with Disabilities who are victims of GBV are assessed and responded to during emergencies Baseline: data on cases of GBV during emergencies have been in various locations with service providers and can only be shared upon request. Planned Target: get data for cases that have been reported during past and current emergencies that still need to be solved and</p>	<p>Planned for 2019</p> <p>Planned for 2019</p>		
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<p>advocate their recovery.</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.6.4:</b> Reports on justice for victims of GBV in emergencies reaches rural areas Baseline: GBV cases in rural areas and communities are less likely to be responded to during emergencies Planned Target: advocate that Safe net referral system have a response plan for the services to reaches rural areas through local structures, processes and mechanisms during emergencies.</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.6.5:</b>_1 Training Manual for Gender and Protection in Humanitarian Action for Solomon Islands Baseline: There has been no contextualized training manual and handbook for Gender and Protection in Humanitarian Action in Solomon Islands. Planned Target: Develop a handbook and training manual for Protection and Gender in Humanitarian Action for Solomon Islands.</p>	<p>Planned for 2019</p> <p>Planned for 2019</p>		
<p><b>Outcome 5.7: Project Monitoring and Evaluation in the Solomon Islands</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 5.7.1:</b> # of women and girls and people with Disabilities Organization and personnel with knowledge and have involved in Protection of Women and Girls in Emergency before the project</p>	<p>A national baseline survey with key women CSOs and Faith Based organizations at the national level and have found that only 30% of these organizations knew about the existence of Protection Committees and its mandate.</p>		<p>Survey instruments and data collected.</p>

<p>Baseline: NA Planned Target: Baseline Survey (Knowledge, Attitude and Capacity) of beneficiaries</p> <p><b>Indicator 5.7.2:</b> Good Stories, challenges faced and how the project solved challenges Baseline: NA Planned Target:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Quarterly Financial monitoring of Project</li> <li>• Quarterly Financial reports</li> <li>• Mid-year 1 project evaluation</li> <li>• Mid Project evaluation</li> <li>• Mid-year 2 project evaluation</li> </ul> <p><b>Indicator 5.7.3:</b> # of women and girls and people with Disabilities Organization and personnel with knowledge and have involved in Protection of Women and Girls in Emergency after the project Baseline: NA Planned Target: End line Survey (Knowledge, Attitude and Capacity) of beneficiaries</p>	<p>There were 8 CSOs and 2 FBOs interviewed. 16 interviewees, 3 male, 13 females. All of them are adults but 1 adult male is deaf.</p> <p>11 youths from the Honiara Youth Council were mobilized to do the survey. 4 of them were males and 7 females.</p> <p>Planned for 2019 and 2020</p> <p>Planned for 2020</p>		
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**Outcome 6: The socio-economic recovery of women is promoted in post-conflict situations**

**Indicator: Labour force participation rate for persons aged 15+, by sex**



## JORDAN

### Output 6.1: Market research analysing private sector skills requirements in Amman and Irbid, and a list of prospective employees are available

<p><b>Indicator 6.1.1:</b> Number of jobs identified Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 350</p>	<p>After the corresponding research by JNFW, 350 jobs were secured for beneficiaries in Amman &amp; Irbid; however, only 75 jobs were accepted by beneficiaries 50 in Irbid &amp; 25 in Amman.</p>	<p>While the target number of jobs were identified and matches made, when it came time to accepting the positions, many of the women shied away, citing social stigma.</p>	<p>JNFW's market research report</p>
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### Output 6.2: Outreach and vulnerability assessment to identify and screen training beneficiaries are conducted

<p><b>Indicator 6.2.1:</b> Number of marginalized women selected for training and who receive Employability and soft skills training Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 350</p>	<p>Exceeding the target, 438 women enrolled to participate in training (262 Jordanians, 176 Syrians). A number of orientation sessions were conducted and a needs assessment was completed by each participant.</p>		
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### Output 6.3: Employability and soft skills training for vulnerable and marginalized women

<p><b>Indicator 6.3.1:</b> Number of marginalized women trained and certified Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 350</p>	<p>1. A first round of 14 training sessions were held in Amman &amp; Irbid with a total of 363 women (248 Jordanians &amp; 115 Syrians) with two-day sessions on financial literacy, gender equality and life skills. A second round (for those who completed the first) of 14 sessions were held in Amman &amp; Irbid with a</p>	<p>Due to the delay in starting implementation of the project, the duration of this training was reduced from 3 days to 2 days.</p>	<p>Training attendance sheet</p>
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	<p>total of 259 participants (162 Jordanians &amp; 97 Syrians) taking another two-day training on employability, safety and labour laws, as well as marketing and communications.</p> <p>2. An additional 12 vocational trainings on skills such as chocolate-making, sewing, food processing, soap-making, etc. were also organized in Amman and Irbid, with 400 women assisting.</p>		
<b>Output 6.4: Puppet shows and interactive theatre performances for vulnerable and marginalized women are initiated</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 6.4.1:</b> Number of performances conducted Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 14</p>	<p>Meeting the target, 14 puppet shows ad interactive theatre performances were conducted in Amman &amp; Irbid, attended by a total of 406 marginalized women, from Jordan, Syria and Iraq.</p>	<p>No variances.</p>	<p>Signed contracts</p>
<b>Output 6.5: A peer support network for women is established</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 6.5.1:</b> Number of sessions held by the peer support network Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 14</p>	<p>A total of 12 peer support network sessions were held by the peer support network (7 in Amman &amp; 5 in Irbid) with 15-25 participants per session for a total number 206 participants (116 Jordanians &amp; 90</p>	<p>Due to time constraints, only 12 meetings were held.</p>	<p>Meeting attendance sheet</p>

<p><b>Indicator 6.5.2:</b> Number of individuals per session Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 25</p>	<p>Syrians).</p>		
<p><b>Output 6.6: Employment linkages for training beneficiaries are identified</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 6.6.1:</b> Number of marginalized men and women who are linked with employment opportunities Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 200</p>	<p>Although 240 beneficiaries were linked with employment opportunities (164 Jordanians &amp; 76 Syrians), only 75 beneficiaries accepted the job offers at factories (50 women in Irbid &amp; 25 in Amman).</p>	<p>Although many employment linkages were made, a fraction of the women actually accepted the jobs, many citing social stigma.</p>	<p>JNFW's database for the project</p>
<p><b>Output 6.7: Round-table discussion gathering stakeholders of women's / refugee initiatives, to create awareness of needs and discuss potential policies to improve livelihood opportunities</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 6.7.1:</b> Number of recommendations agreed to and an established process for advancing these recommendations. The type and number of recommendations, as well as their advancement procedures will be determined during the roundtables.</p>	<p>Four round-table discussions sessions were held in for stakeholders in Amman &amp; Irbid, resulting in a number of recommendations on how to improve JNFW's future work and how to increase women's participation in the labour force. The discussions resulted in 6 main recommendations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increase training on basic sewing, handicrafts and food processing in future programmes</li> <li>• Establish a business incubator at JNFW premises for small businesses for beneficiaries and other women</li> </ul>	<p>No variances.</p>	<p>JNFW's database for the project</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support women to find funds and help them register their own businesses</li> <li>• Create a network among like-minded women who want to start their own businesses</li> <li>• Increase awareness-raising sessions between beneficiaries and other women, including their families, on the importance of joining the labour market</li> <li>• Invite women to different bazaars to participate and sell their products.</li> </ul> <p>It was agreed that each partner will present its expertise and network to help JNFW in the future to encourage the beneficiaries to join the labour market.</p>		
<b>Output 6.8: Studies of women refugees' knowledge and skills baselines and community basic service/products provision are conducted</b>			
<p><b>Indicator 6.8.1:</b> Number of study reports. 1<sup>st</sup> study identifies existing income generating skill-sets of women refugees covering 100 households in Zarqa and 100 households in East Amman areas. 2<sup>nd</sup> study identifies services / goods needed by host community with significant numbers of refugees</p>	<p>Two qualitative studies were produced in target communities in two governorates: Zarqa (covering seven local communities) and Amman (covering east Amman). The studies identified 4 key potential income-generating areas that women on the "supply side" could provide if their skills were enhanced, as well as the</p>	<p>No variances.</p>	<p>Study reports</p>

<p>Sample size of 200 households, 100 households in Zarqa and 100 in East Amman</p> <p>Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 2</p>	<p>need and capacity of community markets “demand” to absorb these identified income-generating projects/initiatives. (JFPBW)</p>		
<p><b>Output 6.9: Psychosocial counselling and mentoring sessions for refugee women are conducted</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 6.9.1:</b> Number of women that attended one to one counselling sessions and/or received mentoring Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 40 (20 / governorate)</p> <p><b>Indicator 6.9.2:</b> Number of women who benefit from the psychosocial support group communications sessions Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 120</p>	<p>0.</p> <p>Target met and surpassed, with 130 women attending group sessions.</p>	<p>Because of delays in the project launch, this portion of the JFPBW project is now planned for Q2 and Q3 of the project in 2019</p> <p>No variances</p>	<p>Session attendance sheets</p> <p>Session attendance sheets</p>
<p><b>Output 6.10: Refugee women leading households are trained on selected basic vocational skills</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 6.10.1:</b> Number refugee women trained Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 48 (24 / governorate)</p>	<p>0.</p>	<p>Because of delays in the project launch, this portion of the JFPBW project is now planned in 2019.</p>	<p>Training Certificates</p>
<p><b>Output 6.11: Trained refugees run their own businesses using their new skills</b></p>			

<p><b>Indicator 6.11.1:</b> Number of project ideas supported financially with seed money Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 12</p>	<p>0.</p>	<p>Because of delays in the project launch, this portion of the JFPBW project is now planned in 2019.</p>	<p>Grants receipts</p>
<b>COLOMBIA</b>			
<p><b>Output 6.12: Peacebuilding and Recovery: The socio-economic recovery of women is promoted in post-conflict situations</b></p> <p><b>Capacities and initiatives of CSOs and women's organizations are strengthened for their participation and leadership in peacebuilding processes, and the positioning of their gender agendas and women's rights in the framework of the implementation of peace agreements</b></p>			
<p><b>Indicator 6.12.1:</b> Number of CSOs and women's organizations supported through the WPHF Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 16</p> <p><b>Indicator 6.12.2:</b> Percentage of women who acknowledge progress in their participation and leadership levels in peace building scenarios</p>	<p>16 ongoing projects with civil society organizations (10 implemented by women's organizations, 4 by indigenous and afro-Colombian organizations, 11 out of 16 implementing partners are community-based organizations</p> <p>Perception surveys will be conducted in the last quarter. However, based on projects' progress reports, 1,689 women have acquired skills and abilities at personal, relational and collective level, to exercise their leadership and advocacy in the scenario's territorial peace construction</p>		<p>Cooperation agreements (PCAs) duly formalized and implemented</p> <p>Perception surveys conducted with a sample of participating women (survey results matrix and report)</p>

**Output 6.13: Women's organizations and CSOs located in territories largely affected by the armed conflict have strengthened their capacities for their political and economic empowerment, to break violence, poverty and exclusion cycles**

<p><b>Indicator 6.13.1:</b> Number of women's and CS organizations participating in local and national scenarios for democratic planning and territorial development. Baseline: 0 Planned Target: at least 4</p>	<p>7 women's organizations and civil society organizations have strengthened their capacities thanks to the participation in territorial and national spaces of democratic planning and territorial development.</p> <p>This participation has allowed the proposals and initiatives of women to be incorporated and prioritized within the action plans for the transformation of the territory, which is one of the mechanisms contemplated in point # 1 of the Final Peace Agreement.</p>		<p>PCAs progress reports</p> <p>Minutes and photo report of lobby and advocacy sessions.</p> <p>M&amp;E visits</p>
<p><b>Indicator 6.13.2:</b> Number of functioning economic empowerment initiatives, specially led by women. Baseline: 0 Planned Target: at least 2</p>	<p>2 funding mechanisms for productive initiatives led by women (a revolving fund in Cauca and a financing fund and Antioquia), as self-support strategies for their organizations and mechanisms for their effective participation in transformation spaces in their territories</p>		<p>PCAs progress reports</p> <p>Minutes and photo report of lobby and advocacy sessions</p> <p>M&amp;E visits</p> <p>Business plans</p>

**Output 6.14: Women's organizations and CSOs located in territories largely affected by the armed conflict implement initiatives for violence and instability management and generate conditions to overcome gender inequality in the implementation of territorial peace.**

<p><b>Indicator 6.14.1:</b> Number of social initiatives for cultural transformation to address inequity and gender discrimination factors. Baseline: 0 Planned Target: at least 3</p> <p><b>Indicator 6.14.2:</b> Number of social initiatives for conflict prevention and crisis management to mitigate potential community conflict impacts. Baseline: 0 Planned Target: at least 3</p>	<p>5 social proposals for cultural transformation to combat factors associated with gender inequality and discrimination implemented.</p> <p>2 territorial proposals for the resolution of conflicts and the promotion of strategies for peaceful coexistence and non-violent management of conflicts</p>		<p>PCAs progress reports Attendance lists. Photo report.</p> <p>PCAs progress reports Attendance lists. Photo report.</p>
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**BURUNDI**

**Output 6.15: Peacebuilding and investments in economic recovery**

<p><b>Indicator 6.15.1:</b> Number of MUSO (Mutual of Solidarity) created, equipped and functional</p>	<p>100%</p>	<p>In addition to the 30 MUSO and outside the contract period, CSOs partners and mediators were also trained on the development of MUSO (a total of 520 trained).</p>	<p>Reports</p>
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<p><b>Indicator 6.15.2:</b> Capacity building frameworks established and operational for the professional participation of women and girls</p> <p><b>Indicator 6.15.3:</b> Empowerment and management of income generating activities members are strengthened</p> <p><b>Indicator 6.15.4:</b> 100 “groupements” identified and received micro credit from the DUKUZE micro finance</p> <p><b>Indicator 6.15.5:</b> Women and girls’ empowerment is strengthened and their situation is improved with more gender equality in their social relationships</p>	<p>“Groupements” of women are identified, but funding has already reached 50% 6 months before the end</p> <p>6 coaching sessions organized</p> <p>“groupements” were identified among 467 “groupements” in total. They are being trained and have not yet received funds</p> <p>156 mediators received a close supervision, and 100% of income generating activities are funded (186 in total).</p>	<p>Project is ongoing</p> <p>Training is long (6 months). Funding will start in Jan 2019 and will cover 150 “groupements”</p>	<p>Reports</p> <p>Reports</p> <p>Reports</p>
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