

CENTRAL FUND FOR INFLUENZA ACTION
PROGRAMME¹ QUARTERLY PROGRESS UPDATE

(for posting on web)

October– December 2010

Participating UN or Non-UN Organization:	International Organization for Migration (IOM)	UNCAPAHI Objective(s) covered:	Objective 6: Continuity under pandemic conditions With reference to Objective 3: Human Health: Objective 5: Public information and communication for behavior change		
Implementing Partner(s):	International Organization for Migration (IOM)				
Programme Number:	CFIA-B13				
Programme Title:	Humanitarian Pandemic Preparedness, Mitigation and Response: Capacity Building for Migrants and Host Communities				
Total Approved Programme Budget:	USD\$ 495,000				
Location:	Middle East and North Africa technical support from IOM Cairo, Cambodia and Laos technical support from IOM Thailand, Global Coordination from Geneva				
MC Approval Date:	14 December 2009				
Programme Duration:	12 months	Starting Date:	January 2010	Completion Date:	December 2010
Funds Committed:	USD 495,000			Percentage of Approved:	100%
Funds Disbursed:	USD 413,348			Percentage of Approved:	83.5%
Expected Programme Duration:	12 months	Forecast Final Date:	31 December 2010	Delay (Months):	

Outcomes:	Achievements/Results:	Percentage of planned:
Laos		
Production of IEC materials and radio drama on ILIs and pandemic influenza	<p>IOM completed recording of the two episodes of radio drama on topics related to influenza-like illnesses (ILIs) in Thai, Vietnamese, Myanmar, Lao, and Cambodian. The radio drama was used for community outreach activities in Bolikhamxay province.</p> <p>The training manual for community workers developed to be used with the radio drama was pre-tested during the training for trainers (ToT) workshop for government counterparts and community workers held in Bolikhamxay province. A final draft was submitted to IOM counterparts for final review.</p>	90%

¹ The term "programme" is used for projects, programmes and joint programmes.

* Activities conducted in December have not been charged to this project code at the time of preparing this report

<p>Capacity building on ILIs for migrant and host communities</p>	<p>IOM in collaboration with National Emerging Infectious Disease Coordination Office (NEIDCO) and the Center of Information and Education for Health (CIEH) organized a ToT on transmission and prevention of influenza-like illnesses (ILIs), including pandemic influenza. Participants in the training included provincial and district health offices, district agriculture offices, Lao Youth Union (LYU) and Lao Woman Union (LWU) in Bolikhamxay, representatives from the CIEH and community workers.</p> <p>Participants in the ToT conducted trainings in six villages of in Paksan, Bolikhan and Khamkeud Districts of Bolikhamxay Province .</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 24 individuals participated in the ToT on pandemic influenza and other ILIs transmission and prevention • 9% of participants in the ToT perceived that their knowledge in pandemic influenza were very good before the training. The percentage changed to 62% after the ToT training. • Six training conducted in 15 villages • 126 village representatives trained on ILIs transmission and prevention • Before training 21% of villages representatives indicated that their knowledge on ILIs transmission and prevention was very good, 21% that it was good, 24% that it was fair, 16% that it was little, and 14% that it was very little. After training, the percentages changed to 77% very good, 14% good, 7% fair, and 1% little. 	<p>100%</p>
<p>Social mobilization campaigns conducted among migrant and host communities</p>	<p>IOM in collaboration with government officers from health and agriculture offices, LYU, and LWU conducted social mobilization campaigns targeting migrants and host communities, including ethnic minorities in Bolikhamxay province. IEC materials were disseminated, including booklets, flyers, soap bars, t-shirts and posters.</p> <p>IOM in collaboration with CIEH conducted community outreach activities in Vientiane capital in occasion of the Global Hand Washing Day. IOM raised awareness on pandemic influenza and ILIs and promoted hand washing and other basic hygiene practices among Chinese and Vietnamese migrants and their host communities. IEC materials were disseminated.</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4,135 Vietnamese and Chinese migrants and host communities members reached by social mobilization activities in Bolikhamxay • 11,090 IEC materials disseminated during social mobilization activities in Bolikhamxay • 840 individuals reached by outreach activities for the Global Hand Washing Day • 2,380 IEC materials disseminated during outreach activities for the Global Hand Washing Day 	<p>100%</p>

<p>Advocacy to include migrants needs in national pandemic preparedness plans and strategies</p>	<p>IOM continues to participate in the Stakeholder Planning Meeting for the next five years Plan (2011-2015) on Risk Communication for Emerging Infectious Diseases (EID) organized by the National Emerging Infectious Disease Coordination Office (NEIDCO). As an outcome of the meeting, migrants were included in EID National Plan. Six strategies were developed on 1) Enhancing the coordination and collaboration among stakeholders and networking, 2) Developing of messages and IEC materials (pre and during outbreak), 3) Capacity building at all levels, 4) Increasing compliance of target populations to EID's interventions, 5) Improving infrastructure of IEC network for Risk Communication, and 6) Research, monitoring, and evaluation.</p> <p>Meetings will be conducted through 2011 to develop a National Plan.</p> <p>IOM participated in the Joint Review of National Avian Influenza Control and Pandemic Preparedness Plan since 2008, and contributed to the development of Strategy 4 – Health Education and Community Action. The government and World Bank organized the semi-annual review of the AHI Project in Lao PDR and in the Aide Memoire IOM work with migrant population was acknowledged.</p>	<p>100%</p>
<p>Egypt</p>		
<p>Advocacy to stakeholders at national and community level to include a migrant in pandemic influenza related activities and to ensure equal access to health care for migrants</p>	<p>IOM as member of the Inter-Agency Coordination Network on Emergency Preparedness and Response in Middle East and North Africa (MENA) attended a two-day meeting on emergency preparedness and response in Amman. The meeting included update on pandemic influenza preparedness as an emerging priority issue.</p> <p>IOM participated in a meeting on Human Pandemic Influenza held by the Special Representative to the UN Secretary General for Food Security and Nutrition and Senior UN System Coordinator for Influenza. The work of government and partners was acknowledge and recognized as a source of lessons on how best to advance "Whole of Society" approach.</p> <p>IOM participated at the HIV National Conference organized by the Egyptian MoH.</p> <p>IOM conducted a presentation on preventive health programs, including pandemic, at the joint IOM and UNHCR training on <i>Assisting Refugees and Other Vulnerable Migrants</i> for civil society and migrant community leaders.</p>	<p>95%</p>
	<p>IOM in collaboration with the MoH conducted two pilot ToT and one ToT on ILIs and other communicable diseases, such as Hepatitis for Sudanese, Eritrean, Ethiopian, Iraqi and Somali migrants.</p> <p>IOM conducted a pilot training on ILIs and other communicable diseases such as Hepatitis C for Caritas'</p>	<p>95%</p>

<p>Capacity building on ILIs for migrant communities</p>	<p>network of Sudanese teachers, in collaboration with Caritas focal point.</p> <p>IOM in collaboration with Youth Lead Project organized training sessions on health promotion to reduce the spread of ILIs targeting young males living in a third migrants dense area in Greater Cairo.</p> <p>IOM in collaboration with local NGO Tadamon, organized two-day training on health promotion to reduce the spread of ILI and other communicable diseases targeting Sudanese community leaders.</p> <p>IOM in collaboration with the Egyptian Red Crescent organized four trainings on first aid and pandemic influenza, targeting Eritrean, Ethiopian, Iraqi, Somali and Sudanese migrants.</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 61 migrants trained on ILIs and other communicable diseases such as Hepatitis • 35 young males living in a migrants dense area in Greater Cairo trained on health promotion to reduce the spread of ILIs • 21 Sudanese community leaders trained on health promotion to reduce the spread of ILIs • Four training on first aid and pandemic influenza organized • 81 migrants trained on first aid and pandemic influenza 	
<p>Capacity building on basic counseling and communication skills</p>	<p>IOM Cairo with the support of IOM Geneva conducted a training on basic counseling and communication skills for representatives from local NGOs, from the Psychosocial training institute at the American University in Cairo, and from Eritrean and Sudanese migrant communities. IOM staff working in different migration management services also attended the training.</p> <p>A pilot training on basic counseling and communication skills was piloted for IOM staff from the counter-trafficking unit.</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One training session and one pilot training session on basic counseling and communication skills conducted • 41 individuals trained on basic counseling and communication skills 	<p>95%</p>

<p>Social mobilization campaigns conducted among migrants and host communities</p>	<p>IOM conducted social mobilization campaigns among migrants and host communities on ILIs and other communicable diseases such as hepatitis among migrants and host communities.</p> <p>IOM signed a Service Agreement with the local NGO Tadamon to conduct social mobilization campaigns to raise awareness on ILIs, including pandemic influenza. Social mobilization campaigns were conducted in Greater Cairo area.</p> <p>IOM conducted a social mobilization activity on communicable diseases including ILIs in occasion of the Global HIV/AIDS day. IEC materials were disseminated.</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least four social mobilization campaigns conducted on ILIs and other communicable diseases such as hepatitis • 364 migrants reached by social mobilization campaigns focusing on ILIs and other communicable diseases such as hepatitis • 68 social mobilization campaigns conducted in Greater Cairo • 1989 migrants reached in Greater Cairo • 100 migrants reached by the social mobilization activity in occasion of the Global HIV/AIDS day 	
<p>Dissemination of IEC materials in the region</p>	<p>IOM Cairo distributed IEC materials to the missions in Yemen, Jordan and Lebanon, including copies of the pandemic handbook, copies of the IOM basic counseling and communication skills in Arabic and copies of the Global Report on H5N1 and H1N1.</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least 50 copies of the pandemic handbook distributed • At least 50 copies of the basic counseling and communication skills in Arabic • At least 5 copies of the Global Report on H5N1 and H1N1 	<p>95%</p>
<p>Qualitative achievements against outcomes and results:</p>		
<p>Laos: IOM continues to raise awareness on ILIs among migrants and host communities and to build capacity at the community level. Government officials at national and local levels are fully involved in project implementation and their capacity on transmission and prevention of ILIs continues to be built. IOM produced migrant-friendly IEC materials and involved community workers to conduct social mobilization campaigns that speak the main languages of target groups, including ethnic minority languages.</p> <p>Egypt: IOM advocated at national and regional levels for migrants needs to be included in pandemic preparedness plans and strategies. IOM continues to build ILIs and other communicable diseases capacity of prevention among migrants and host communities.</p>		