

Section I: Identification and JP Status Alliances for Culture Tourism (ACT) in Eastern Anatolia

Semester: 1-11

Country Turkey

Thematic Window Culture and Development

MDGF Atlas Project 67179

Program title Alliances for Culture Tourism (ACT) in Eastern Anatolia

Report Number

Reporting Period 1-11

Programme Duration

Official Starting Date 2008-12-11

Participating UN Organizations * UNDP

* UNESCO * UNICEF * UNWTO

Implementing Partners * Ank

* Ankara University * Kafkas University * Kars Governorate

* Ministry of Culture and Tourism (MCOT)
* Prime Ministry, Social Services and Child

* Protection Agency

Budget Summary

Total Approved Budget



UNDP	\$1,697,450.00
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UNESCO \$830,320.00 UNICEF \$670,890.00 UNWTO \$601,340.00 Total \$3,800,000.00

Total Amount of Transferred To Date

UNDP \$1,697,450.00

UNESCO \$830,320.00
UNICEF \$670,890.00
UNWTO \$601,340.00
Total \$3,800,000.00

Total Budget Committed To Date

UNDP \$1,454,657.00

UNESCO \$766,210.00
UNICEF \$627,000.00
UNWTO \$441,500.00
Total \$3,289,367.00

Total Budget Disbursed To Date

UNDP \$1,413,495.00

UNESCO \$651,075.00
UNICEF \$607,000.00
UNWTO \$350,937.00
Total \$3,022,507.00

Donors

As you can understand, one of the Goals of the MDG-F is to generate interest and attract funding from other donors. In order to be able to report on this goal in 2010, we would require you to advise us if there has been any complementary financing provided for each programme as per following example:



Please use the same format as in the previous section (budget summary) to report figures (example 50,000.11) for fifty thousand US dollars and eleven cents

Type Donor Total For 2010 For 2011 For 2012
Parallel
Cost Share
Counterpart

DEFINITIONS

- 1) PARALLEL FINANCING refers to financing activities related to or complementary to the programme but whose funds are NOT channeled through Un agencies. Example: JAICA decides to finance 10 additional seminars to disseminate the objectives of the programme in additional communities.
- 2) COST SHARING refers to financing that is channeled through one or more of the UN agencies executing a particular programme. Example: The Government of Italy gives UNESCO the equivalent of US \$ 200,000 to be spent on activities that expand the reach of planned activities and these funds are channeled through UNESCO.
- 3) COUNTERPART FUNDS refers to funds provided by one or several government agencies (in kind or in cash) to expand the reach of the programme. These funds may or may not be channeled through a UN agency. Example: The Ministry of Water donates land to build a pilot 'village water treatment plant' The value of the contribution in kind or the amount of local currency contributed (if in cash) must be recalculated in US \$ and the resulting amount(s) is what is reported in the table above.

Direct Beneficiaries

Indirect Beneficiaries



Section II: JP Progress

1 Narrative on progress, obstacles and contingency Measures

Please provide a brief overall assessment (1000 words) of the extent to which the joint programme components are progressing in relation to expected outcomes and outputs, as well as any measures taken for the sustainability of the joint programme during the reporting period. Please, provide examples if relevant. Try to describe facts avoiding interpretations or personal opinions

Progress in outcomes

Joint Programme Output 1: A model for strategic direction, prioritization and safeguarding of tangible cultural heritage and cultural tourism delivery in Turkey's less developed regions produced and implemented in Kars

Outcome 1.1: Policy for the protection and enhancement of cultural assets in Kars

Activities successfully completed and outcome fully achieved. Follow-up activities are on-going.

The necessary training was provided to build capacities of relevant users/authorities (MoCT, newly assigned personnel of the Kars Preservation Council, Erzurum Preservation Council, Kars Governorate, and Kars Museum) within the activation of the software system to digitalize the registered site areas and immoveable culture and natural assets database within Kars province. The planned digitisation activities were completed. Hardware system and technical components were procured and will be installed at the Kars Preservation Council.

This system will ensure an efficient and effective monitoring and the implementation of conservation, renovation, observation, inspection, licensing and project management activities in relation to the registered sites and assets. Such system, especially designed to target needs and expectations of the relevant stakeholders, is among the most advanced systems at country-level and can be considered as a best practice to be possibly replicated in other provinces of Turkey. Within this framework, activities for the digitization of cultural heritage were started and a total of 2643 files have been digitized so far. Feasibility Analysis on 20 sites and registered buildings in Province of Kars were also prepared, the terrestrial measurement of 14 sites are completed.

The awareness raising brochures were distributed to the museums, tourism information centres and all relevant places all over Turkey. The MoCT will reprint new copies to meet the needs of interested parts. The brochures are expected to bring concrete results in terms of enhanced knowledge on the concerned issues, and thus to strengthen the respect and safeguarding of cultural heritage.

Outcome 1.2: Support to the implementation of the recommendations by the Site management Board

Activities successfully completed and outcome achieved beyond expectations. Follow-up activities are on-going.

The first draft Management Plan is about to be completed. The focus group meetings have been held at local and national level. Support through consultancy was given to the



Site Management Planning Team of MoCT in order to develop their capacities. Preparatory meetings with the newly established site management planning team were held with financial and technical assistance provided by the UNJP. The results of these meetings are shared with local and national level stakeholders and reflected in the draft Site Management Plan with their comments. Special attention was paid to ensure the involvement and participation of all stakeholders, including all relevant authorities (national and national) and NGO's in the planning process of the Ani Site Management. The roles and responsibilities of each stakeholder have been defined and an agreement achieved on modalities of cooperation in implementing the site management plan.

The activities for the enhancement of management capacities related to the site of Ani allowed the definition of an innovative methodology with a participatory approach, and its application for the first time in Turkey. The approval of the "Ani Site Management Development Framework" and the agreement reached between the relevant stakeholders on the preparation of a draft 5-year Management Plan according to the current legislative framework is a decisive progress.

The updated archaeological plan of Ani has been fully integrated in the new software automated system.

Outcome 1.3: A cultural tourism strategy and action plan agreed to by national authorities within the context of the "Brand City" programme

Tourism Strategy Document for Kars is available and approved by the Ministry of Culture and Tourism dated 22 December 2010. The report includes a Diagnostic Report which evaluates the potential of tourism development in Kars, a Master Plan with recommendations for the sustainable development of tourism in Kars based on culture, nature and winter sports tourism products, and, an Action Plan for the implementation of the Master Plan recommendations.

A complete qualitative and quantitative audit of Kars Province tourism facilities and services was carried out.

Tourism potential of cultural tourism assets (tangible and intangible) based on UNESCO's identification and evaluation assessed.

The institutional capacity assessment was carried out and the possible structure of a Tourism Governance Organization (TGO) elaborated.

Market profile, trends and opportunities of tourism assessed. Marketing and promotional strategy for Kars including recommendations for the setting up of a Tourism Information Centre was prepared.

A survey of selected international and national tour operators on current and potential interest of Kars as a tourism destination was conducted.

Creation of a logo and slogan for Kars Province.

Promotional brochures (general information, winter, nature and culture thematic brochures) for Kars Province.

Joint Programme Output 2: Capacities of communities and enterprises increased for income generation and job creation in culture based tourism

Outcome 2.2: Community initiatives started for enterprise development in cultural tourism in Kars

Training in English language was implemented from February to April 2011.

Training for tourism entrepreneurship including business advisory services implemented in May 2011.



Outcome 2.3. Business development services strategy in place

Internal networks mobilized through cluster development activities and partnership established. Potential for strengthened ownership at local level for sector development with increased capacities.

Support scheme for tourism development activities (income generating activities and/or cluster development activities launched with 8 initiatives supported.

Outcome 2.4. Culture tourism and wider sector enterprise cluster established

The promotional materials and information sign posts prepared within the KARTAB agreement still used by enterprises and public authorities for promotion of Kars tourism potential.

Joint Programme Output 3: Capacities of local authorities and civil society in promoting social cohesion and dialogue through fostering of pluralism

Outcome 3.1. 2003 Convention on Intangible Cultural Heritage follow up initiated in Kars

Activities successfully completed and outcome achieved. Follow-up activities are on-going.

The mapping of the local ICH in its diverse forms of expressions is expected to raise awareness on ICH as an integral part of the local cultural assets, especially with regard to the heritage's bearers, and to reinforce their ownership. Furthermore, the research will offer a necessary reference for all future actions aimed at the safeguarding and viability of this heritage, as well as for its inclusion into sustainable and responsible programmes of tourism development.

As regards actions in support of the national inventorying of ICH, it shall be noted that the inventory-making is considered as one of the necessary conditions to ensure the sustainable safeguarding of ICH and it is one of the priority actions that the signatory parties of the UNESCO convention must undertake for the Convention's implementation.

The Culture House and collateral actions for the promotion of the Minstrelsy tradition (international festival, and folk tales book) are also expected to greatly contribute to the sustainability of this most important expression of ICH in the province of Kars, by means of providing a reference place for education and performing, and thus for the transmission and promotion of this tradition. It shall also be noted that the Minstrelsy tradition has been inscribed in 2009 in the UNESCO Representative List of the world intangible cultural heritage.

Training activities on the making and performance of traditional musical instruments, "saz" and "tar" were completed, with the participation of 20 students. The atelier is still functioning. The master is keen on continuing the activity. A chorus has been established within the training programme. This chorus will be involved in the future cultural activities.

Outcome: 3.2. The governance structure involving civil society-government partnerships in cultural heritage promotion functional

A communication plan to ensure the visibility of the Joint Programme and the cultural/tourism potential of Kars was implemented.



The elaboration of linkages of Kars to Eastern Anatolia and the identification further to the promotion of itineraries within Kars Province and surrounding areas, as well as an evaluation of enhanced use of and promotion of cultural events were assessed and included in the Tourism Master Plan for Kars Province.

The institutional capacity assessment was carried out and the possible structure of a Tourism Governance Organization (TGO) elaborated.

Outcome 3.3. Children's understanding of cultural diversity and ability to resolve conflict increased through the provision of cultural and life skills based education programmes within the Child's Rights Committees of Istanbul-Eskişehir-Ankara-Kayseri- Sivas- Erzincan-Erzurum-Kars.

Children Museum Rooms in Kars on 17 January 2011 and Erzurum on 21 April 2011 established.

5 children museum training modules printed which could be replicable for other provinces and regions of Turkey.

Eight Child Rights Committees travelled on board of the "Tolerance, Harmony and Friendship Train" from Istanbul to Kars between 18-22 April 2011 with the participation of 33 children and 32 adults.

Two short films about the train journey and train dairy book will be informative and inspirational for related future activities.

Progress in outputs

Joint Programme Output 1: A model for strategic direction, prioritization and safeguarding of tangible cultural heritage and cultural tourism delivery in Turkey's less developed regions produced and implemented in Kars.

UNJP contributed to the development of capacities of the Site Management Planning Team of MoCT by providing consultancy and technical assistance. Preparatory meetings with the newly established site management planning team held. The results of these meetings are shared with local and national level stakeholders and reflected in the draft Site Management Plan with their comments. A particular attention has been given to the participation of all local authorities and NGO's in the planning process of the Ani Site Management. The roles and responsibilities of each stakeholder have been defined. Agreement achieved on modalities of cooperation in implementing the site management plan.

The awareness raising brochures were distributed to the museums, tourism information centres and all relevant places all over Turkey. The MoCT will reprint the brochures to be distributed to interested parts.

The updated archaeological plan of Ani has been fully integrated in the new software automated system.

Tourism Strategy Document for Kars is available and approved by the Ministry of Culture and Tourism dated 22 December 2010. The report includes a Diagnostic Report which evaluates the potential of tourism development in Kars, a Master Plan with recommendations for the sustainable development of tourism in Kars based on culture, nature and winter sports tourism products, and, an Action Plan for the implementation of the Master Plan recommendations.

A complete qualitative and quantitative audit of Kars Province tourism facilities and services was carried out.



Tourism potential of cultural tourism assets (tangible and intangible) based on UNESCO's identification and evaluation assessed.

The institutional capacity assessment was carried out and the possible structure of a Tourism Governance Organization (TGO) elaborated.

Market profile, trends and opportunities of tourism assessed.

A survey of selected international and national tour operators on current and potential interest of Kars as a tourism destination was conducted.

Creation of a logo and slogan for Kars Province.

Promotional brochures (general information, winter, nature and culture thematic brochures) for Kars Province.

Joint Programme Output 2: Capacities of communities and enterprises increased for income generation and job creation in culture based tourism

Training in English language was implemented from February to April 2011.

Training for tourism entrepreneurship including business advisory services implemented in May 2011.

Internal networks mobilized through cluster development activities and partnership established. Potential for strengthened ownership at local level for sector development with increased capacities.

Support scheme for tourism development activities (income generating activities and/or cluster development activities launched with 8 initiatives supported.

The promotional materials and information sign posts prepared within the KARTAB agreement still used by enterprises and public authorities for promotion of Kars tourism potential.

Joint Programme Output 3: Capacities of local authorities and civil society in promoting social cohesion and dialogue through fostering of pluralism

The mapping of the local ICH in its diverse forms of expressions is expected to raise awareness on ICH as an integral part of the local cultural assets, especially with regard to the heritage's bearers, and to reinforce their ownership.

Furthermore, the research will offer a necessary reference for all future actions aimed at the safeguarding and viability of this heritage, as well as for its inclusion into sustainable and responsible programmes of tourism development.

As regards actions in support of the national inventorying of ICH, it shall be noted that the inventory-making is considered as one of the necessary conditions to ensure the sustainable safeguarding of ICH and it is one of the priority actions that the signatory parties of the UNESCO convention must undertake for the Convention's implementation.

The Culture House and collateral actions for the promotion of the Minstrelsy tradition (international festival, and folk tales book) are also expected to greatly contribute to the sustainability of this most important expression of ICH in the province of Kars, by means of providing a reference place for education and performing, and thus for the



transmission and promotion of this tradition.

Training activities on the making and performance of traditional musical instruments, "saz" and "tar" were completed, with the participation of 20 students.

A communication plan to ensure the visibility of the Joint Programme and the cultural/tourism potential of Kars was implemented.

The elaboration of linkages of Kars to Eastern Anatolia and the identification further to the promotion of itineraries within Kars Province and surrounding areas, as well as an evaluation of enhanced use of and promotion of cultural events were assessed and included in the Tourism Master Plan for Kars Province.

The institutional capacity assessment was carried out and the possible structure of a Tourism Governance Organization (TGO) elaborated.

Children Museum Rooms in Kars on 17 January 2011 and Erzurum on 21 April 2011 established.

5 children museum training modules printed which could be replicable for other provinces and regions of Turkey.

Eight Child Rights Committees travelled on board of the "Tolerance, Harmony and Friendship Train" from Istanbul to Kars between 18-22 April 2011 with the participation of 33 children and 32 adults.

Two short films about the train journey and train dairy book will be informative and inspirational for related future activities.

Measures taken for the sustainability of the joint programme

Software programme activated for the management of the digitized information, and training provided to build capacities of relevant users/authorities (MoCT, Provincial Directorate of Culture and Tourism in Kars and Erzurum, Kars Governorate, Kars Museum and other relevant institutions.) Hardware system and technical components to be installed at the Kars Preservation Council.

The creation of the software and automated system for the creation of digital data on conservation, monitoring and supervision of cultural and natural assets in the province of Kars provides the relevant authorities with an effective tool for the effective management of cultural assets, which is a necessary condition for the development of a sustainable cultural tourism. The systems will also serve as a good practice for similar actions in other Eastern Anatolian Provinces.

The activity does not present special concerns in terms of sustainability; The tool is available and ready for use. So far, the brochures were distributed to the museums, tourism information centers and all relevant places all over Turkey. The graphic files and all materials for the reproduction of the brochures have been already transferred to the MoCT.

A road map towards the completion of the Ani management plan is ready, and the first draft Management Plan is about to be completed.

A training programme has also been implemented to develop capacity of relevant stakeholders on the management of cultural heritage sites and the preparation of management plans. Participants from the Ministry of Culture and Tourism, Regional Government and other relevant institutions benefited from the training, which included preparation of work-plans; delineation of roles and responsibilities; and modalities of cooperation in implementing the site management plan.

The updated archaeological plan of Ani has been fully integrated in the new software automated system.



A complete qualitative and quantitative audit of Kars Province tourism facilities and services was carried out.

Tourism potential of cultural tourism assets (tangible and intangible) based on UNESCO's identification and evaluation assessed.

The institutional capacity assessment was carried out and the possible structure of a Tourism Governance Organization (TGO) elaborated.

Market profile, trends and opportunities of tourism assessed.

A survey of selected international and national tour operators on current and potential interest of Kars as a tourism destination was conducted.

Capacity building activities on promotion and information delivery with local stakeholders and governmental representatives were undertaken during the workshops held in the course of the study tour to Spain in December 2009.

The elaboration of linkages of Kars to Eastern Anatolia and the identification further to the promotion of itineraries within Kars Province and surrounding areas, as well as an evaluation of enhanced use of and promotion of cultural events were assessed and included in the Tourism Master Plan for Kars Province.

Awareness-raising training on cultural heritage and visit opportunities within the tourism sector was undertaken during the training programmes conducted in Kars in December 2010.

Creation of a logo and slogan for Kars Province.

Promotional brochures (general information, winter, nature and culture thematic brochures) for Kars Province.

Fam-tour of international and national tour operators and travel media was organized to Kars in July 2011.

A training needs assessment (TNA) was carried out with the objective to establish a baseline assessment of capacity building needs for training programmes in Kars Province.

Training programmes were designed based on the TNA including the identification of enterprise opportunities for identified communities and groups and particularly focused on potential enterprise delivery for tourism facilities and services in Kars Province.

The following training was delivered, based on the TNA;

- •Training for tourism awareness-raising and a first set of training for hotel operations were implemented in December 2010.
- •Training in English language was implemented from February to April 2011.
- •Training for tourism entrepreneurship implemented in May 2011.
- •A three-day training workshop was held in Kars in May 2010 with 25 local stakeholders for the purpose of setting up a framework for a potential TGO for Kars Province.
- •Participation of four representatives from the MoCT, Sarikamis governorate, SERHAT (a sub-regional development agency working in Kars Province) as well as a private sector representative in UNWTO's Practicum in June 2010 (a specialized training for UNWTO Member States addressing relevant fields of tourism marketing, branding and product development).

Internal networks mobilized through cluster development activities and partnership established. Potential for strengthened ownership at local level for sector development with increased capacities.



SERKA's presence provides opportunity for local ownership and sustainability with regard to tourism cluster roadmap, since they are an agency mandated with supporting regional competitiveness/ development

Increased capacities of local stakeholders and outcomes of grant projects will be complementary to the Tourism Action plans to be implemented in Kars, through developed institutional and individual capacities.

The fact that grantees were encouraged to partner with other local actors increased their culture of working together, which will be an asset in the future implementations. The fact that trainings were delivered by the MoCT increased the awareness of MoCT about Kars as well as strengthening local actors' relations with MoCT, creating a demand for the future, leading in the sustainability of continuous capacity building

The promotional materials and information sign posts prepared within the KARTAB agreement still used by enterprises and public authorities for promotion of Kars tourism potential.

The mapping of the local ICH in its diverse forms of expressions is expected to raise awareness on ICH as an integral part of the local cultural assets, especially with regard to the heritage's bearers, and to reinforce their ownership.

Furthermore, the research will offer a necessary reference for all future actions aimed at the safeguarding and viability of this heritage, as well as for its inclusion into sustainable and responsible programmes of tourism development.

As regards actions in support of the national inventorying of ICH, it shall be noted that the inventory-making is considered as one of the necessary conditions to ensure the sustainable safeguarding of ICH and it is one of the priority actions that the signatory parties of the UNESCO convention must undertake for the Convention's implementation.

The Culture House and collateral actions for the promotion of the Minstrelsy tradition (international festival, and folk tales book) are also expected to greatly contribute to the sustainability of this most important expression of ICH in the province of Kars, by means of providing a reference place for education and performing, and thus for the transmission and promotion of this tradition. It shall also be noted that the Minstrelsy tradition has been in scribed in 2009 in the UNESCO Representative List of the world intangible cultural heritage

As a further element to ensure sustainability of activities enlisted in the previous row, training activities on the making and performance of traditional musical instruments, "saz" and "tar" were completed, with the participation of 20 students.5 children museum training modules printed which could be replicable for other provinces and regions of Turkey. More than 500 children and 100 adult trained in these training programmes.

The Children Museum Training Programme encourages children to use national and cultural assets, understand the importance of the concepts of peace and tolerance, to know that using them is a right, and develop awareness regarding that information through peer training in museums. Two short films about the train journey and train dairy book will be informative and inspirational for related future activities.

Are there difficulties in the implementation?

What are the causes of these difficulties? External to the Joint Programme



Briefly describe the current difficulties the Joint Programme is facing

Briefly describe the current external difficulties that delay implementation

Explain the actions that are or will be taken to eliminate or mitigate the difficulties

2 Inter-Agency Coordination and Delivering as One

Is the joint programme still in line with the UNDAF?

Yes true No false

If not, does the joint programme fit the national strategies?

Yes No

What types of coordination mechanisms

The implementation mechanisms have been applied parallel to Multi Donor Trust Fund Operational Guidance Note for the Participating UN Organizations (MDG-F, June 2009). Coordination and collaboration between participating UN agencies have been ensured by the UN Resident Coordinator in Turkey. A supporting team including the Joint Programme Manager, Site Manager and a Programme Assistant ensure the facilitation of collaboration between UN organizations. UNDP acts as the Administrative Agent (AA) of the Joint Program and UNDP Turkey supports the executing agency in the overall coordination of the outputs and management of administrative, financial and procurement issues related to project implementation. UNDP also assists coordination among the participating UN agencies of the Joint Program, particularly for UNESCO and UNWTO which are non-resident in Turkey including their contribution during recruitment and provision of support in the dissemination of JP objectives and strategies. UNDP has also facilitated high level attention from MoCT. The NSC including a representative of the Turkish Government, a representative from the Government of Spain and the UN Resident Coordinator, which has been established to monitor all MDG-Fund Projects also monitors this Joint Program semi-annually. A PMC composed of the participating UN agencies of the Joint Program and the Department of Foreign Relations and EU Coordination of the Ministry of Culture and Tourism (ensuring coordination between relevant Departments of the Ministry), relevant General Directorates of MoCT, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Social Services and Child Protection Agency with State Planning Organization, Kars Governorate, Kars Municipality and other relevant stakeholders has been conducted to meet quarterly.

During the reporting period following meetings/events were held:

Opening ceremony

- Opening ceremony for Children Museum Room in Kars and Minstrel Culture House, 17 January
- 7th PMC meeting in Kars, 18 January
- •Participation to Berlin ITB Tourism Fair, 8-9 March
- •Ms. Helen Clark, UNDP Administrator visited Kars, 10-11 March
- •Knowledge Management to maximize impact: Establishing a Knowledge Management System (KMS) on Culture and Development Workshop in Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina, 28-30 March



- •JP Evaluation in Ankara and Kars, 4-12 April
- •8th PMC meeting (JP Evaluation Findings) in Ankara, 12 April
- •Eriendship Train (İstanbul, Eskişehir, Ankara, Kayseri, Sivas, Erzincan, Erzurum, Kars), 18-22 April
- •Opening ceremony for Children Museum Room in Erzurum, 21 April
- •5th NSC meeting in Ankara, 5 May
- •Ani Site Management Preparation Meetings, 30 May-2 June in Ankara and Kars
- •MDG-F Regional Workshop for Africa, Arab States, Asia and Eastern Europe in Mazagan Resort in El Jadida, Morocco, 20-22 June
- •Weekly teleconferences with UNJP UN Agencies, UNJP Team

Please provide the values for each category of the indicator table below

Indicators	Bas eline	Curren t Value	Means of verification	Collection methods
Number of managerial practices (financial, procurement, etc) implemented jointly by the UN implementing agencies for MDF-F JPs	4	n/a	Grant Scheme Programme	Grant Scheme Guideline, Evaluation Meetings for Grant Scheme Programme
Number of joint analytical work (studies, diagnostic) undertaken jointly by UN implementing agencies for MDG-F JPs	1	n/a	n/a	n/a
Number of joint missions undertaken jointly by UN implementing agencies for MDG-F JPs	1	3	7th PMC meeting in Kars and 8th PMC meeting in Ankara Ms. Helen Clark, UNDP Administrator, high level visit JP Evaluation	Minutes of Meetings, Local Press, Evaluation Report

3 Development Effectiveness: Paris Declaration and Accra Agenda for Action

Are Government and other national implementation partners involved in the implementation of activities and the delivery of outputs?

Not Involved false
Slightly involved false
Fairly involved false
Fully involved true

In what kind of decisions and activities is the government involved?

Policy/decision making

Fully participating to the activities and benefiting from the results of the activities which initiatives and entrepreneurships are being supporting. Providing services where needed (e.g. tourism trainings by GD of Research and Training)



Management: service provision

Fully participating to the activities and benefiting from the results of the activities which initiatives and entrepreneurships are being supporting. Providing services where needed (e.g. tourism trainings by GD of Research and Training)

Management: other, specify

Fully participating to the activities and benefiting from the results of the activities which initiatives and entrepreneurships are being supporting. Providing services where needed (e.g. tourism trainings by GD of Research and Training)

Who leads and/or chair the PMC?

Institution leading and/or chairing the PMC, UNRC

Number of meetings with PMC chair

2 times in this period they met.

Is civil society involved in the implementation of activities and the delivery of outputs?

Not involved false
Slightly involved false
Fairly involved true
Fully involved false

In what kind of decisions and activities is the civil society involved?

Management: budget

Organization of Promotional Event, implementation of grant scheme projects

Management: procurement

Organization of Promotional Event, implementation of grant scheme projects

Management: service provision

Organization of Promotional Event, implementation of grant scheme projects

Management: other, specify

Organization of Promotional Event, implementation of grant scheme projects

Are the citizens involved in the implementation of activities and the delivery of outputs?

Not involved false
Slightly involved true
Fairly involved false



Fully involved false

In what kind of decisions and activities are the citizens involved? Management: other, specify

Where is the joint programme management unit seated? Local Government UN Agency

Current situation

Two children museum rooms were establish in two provinces in Eastern Anatolia together with MoCT, Social Services and Child Protection Agency, Ankara University, UNICEF and Kars and Erzurum Museums.

Friendship Train event organized with MoCT, SHCEK, Ankara University, UNICEF and UNJP Team.

Ani Site Management preparation meetings were conducted with MoCT, UNESCO, local authorities, Consultant and Scientific Board.

Minstrels Folk Tales Book printed with MoCT, UNESCO and Minstrels.

Digitization of cultural heritage completed with MoCT, Private Company and UNESCO.

Promotional Tourism Brochures prepared and printed by MoCT, UNWTO and UNJP Team.

In order to support local tourism initiatives grant scheme programme is conducted with UNDP and local beneficiaries.

Culture House for Minstrel tradition is established together with Kars Municipality, Minstrel Association, MoCT and UNESCO.

4 Communication and Advocacy

Has the JP articulated an advocacy & communication strategy that helps advance its policy objectives and development outcomes?

Yes true No false

Please provide a brief explanation of the objectives, key elements and target audience of this strategy

The objectives of the UN Joint Programme "Alliances for Culture Tourism in Eastern Anatolia's communication strategy are aligned with the objectives of the JP itself. Strategy aims to help to promote local ownership, to raise the awareness of people of Kars about the JP; strategy will also help to get the media attention. The general objectives of the communication strategy are:



- •Promoting Kars' potential in culture, winter and nature tourism
- •Promoting tangible and intangible cultural heritage of Kars
- Promoting local ownership
- •Raising the awareness for capacity building in tourism sector
- •Using relevant media effectively to promote Kars and provide updated information to the media about what the city can offer to the visitors
- •Encouraging women's entry to the entrepreneurship
- •Securing sustainability through increased impact of the Joint Programme at the local level
- •Strengthening the participatory approach, taking decision and working together with different stakeholders by increasing the awareness and benefits of the JP.

The UNJP aims to reduce income disparities by mobilizing tourism sector in the Kars province. Target groups of this are: Public sector (local and national level), private sector (tourism sector), NGOs, people of Kars, public in general, media.

Key elements are: Printed /published materials, media relations, web site of UNJP, relevant activities (meetings, trainings, media tours, study tours, press conferences, supporting relevant activities in Kars (exhibitions, festivals, etc.)

What concrete gains are the adovacy and communication efforts outlined in the JP and/or national strategy contributing towards achieving?

Increased awareness on MDG related issues amongst citizens and governments

Increased dialogue among citizens, civil society, local national government in erlation to development policy and practice

New/adopted policy and legislation that advance MDGs and related goals

Estabilshment and/or liasion with social networks to advance MDGs and related goals

Key moments/events of social mobilization that highlight issues

Media outreach and advocacy

What is the number and type of partnerships that have been established amongst different sectors of society to promote the achievement of the MDGs and related goals?

Faith-based organizations

Social networks/coalitions 1

Local citizen groups 9

Private sector

Academic institutions 2

Media groups and journalist Several

Other

What outreach activities do the programme implement to ensure that local citizens have adequate access to information on the programme and opportunities to actively participate?

Focus groups discussions

Press Conferences

Use of local communication mediums such radio, theatre groups, newspapers



Press Conferences
Capacity building/trainings
Press Conferences
Others
Press Conferences



Section III: Millenium Development Goals Millenium Development Goals

Additional Narrative Comments

Please provide any relevant information and contributions of the programme to de MDGs, whether at national or local level

JP has one Outcome which; "Pro-poor sectoral (tourism) development policies implemented with framework of social (cohesion) integration policies (Country Programme Outcome 2.1.2, UNDAF) by fostering pluralism, dialogue of cultures and the establishment of a culture of peace in Eastern Anatolia and with peoples of neighboring countries by 2010." Contributes the MDG 1-Target 1, Indicator 1A. Poverty headcount ratio (percentage of population below the national poverty line) Issue with the indicators:

One of the most important issue regarding contribution of the programme to the MDG targets is a question of the indicators that were identified to measure progress in each area. Existing relevant data is obsolete (measured in 2000) and there is no systematic and periodical measurement process by the responsible parties so, it may not be possible to measure accurately the impact of the JP regarding the "Contribution to MDG 1-Target 1, Indicator 1A. Poverty headcount ratio (percentage of population below the national poverty line) and. (UNDAF, 2.1.2) Indicator 3- Income distribution by population, by gender.

This issue was also addressed in the "United Nations Development Assistance Framework 2006 – 2010 Turkey, Mid-term Review Final Report, November, 2008" as follows: "UNFPA has been key in collecting and compiling statistical and disaggregated data and information, and making these available for policymakers and practitioners in formulating and implementing social and economic policies. UNIDO, ILO, and UNHCR have taken on auxiliary roles in addressing specific issues within their institutional remits. "One generally problematic aspect of the UNDAF Monitoring and Evaluation Framework (M&EF) under this Country Programme Outcome is the question of the indicators that were identified to measure progress in each area. In some cases, no benchmarks have been identified. In others, the indicators themselves do not act as valid measures gauging the level of progress. Therefore, the M&EF needs to be revised consulting members of the UNCT and possibly also outside experts working in the area of poverty and inequality."

Please provide other comments you would like to communicate to the MDG-F Secretariat



Section IV: General Thematic Indicators

1 The development of government policies for the effective management of the country's cultural heritage and tourism sector strengthened and supported

1.1 Number of laws, policies or plans supported by the programme that explicitly aim to mainstream cultural diversity, and strengthen national and local government capacity to support the cultural and tourism sector.

Policies

National Local 2

Laws

National Local

Plans

National 0 Local 1

1.2 Please briefly provide some contextual information on the law, policy or plan and the country/municipality where it will be implemented (base line, stage of development and approval, potential impact,):

Policy 1. Museum Training Policy - National + Local

Baseline: 0

Stage of Development and Approval: Proposal from UNJP – Approval from Ministry of Culture and Tourism and Social Services and Child Rights Institution – Implementation in Provincial Directorate of Culture and Museums

Potential Impact: A model for implementation of Child Museum Trainings developed. (1) Children have been implementing "Child to Child- Peer Education" Training Models in Museum Rooms (2) Child Museum Rooms established in two eastern provinces of Turkey.

Policy 2. Tourism Governance Organization and Tourism Strategy with Action Plan - National +Local



Stage of Development and Approval: Proposal from UNJP- Approval from MoCT- Endorsement of Local Stakeholders- Establishment of the Organization Potential Impact: New form of public private and civil society partnership for sustainable tourism development. Tourism Strategy approved by MoCT.

Plan 1. Capacity Development for Ani Site Management Plan – Local Stage of Development and Approval: UNJP in coordination with MoCT- Approval from Board of Conversation- Endorsement of MoCT Potential Impact: A site management model for Ani site is available.

1.3 Sector in which the law, policy or plan is focused

Management and conservation of natural and cultural heritage Tourism infrastructure Cultural industries Statistics and information systems on natural and cultural heritage

Comments: Please specify how indicator 1.1 addresses the selected sectors

Plan 1 will have a direct impact on the management of cultural heritage by supporting the development of a Site Management Plan for Ani Archaeological Site. Policy 2 will provide the required governance mechanism which will be an umbrella of institutions working for the development of Kars tourism destination. Policy 3 will be implemented via promotion of social cohesion and dialogue through fostering of pluralism in children.

1.4 Number of citizens and/or institutions directly affected by the law, policy or plan

Citizens

Total 350 Urban Rural

National Public Institutions

Total 2 Urban Rural

Local Public Institutions



Total 4 Urban Rural

Private Sector Institutions

Total 40 Urban Rural

1.5 Government budget allocated to cultural and tourism policies or programmes before the implementation of the Joint Programme (annual)

National Budget Local Budget 722 Million USD

1.6 Variation (%) in the government budget allocated to cultural and tourism policies or interventions from the beginning of the programme to present time:

National Budget

Overall 4.180 USD

Triggered by the Joint Programme 4%

Local Budget

Overall

Triggered by the Joint Programme

Comments

2 Building the capacity of the cultural and tourism sector



2.1 Number of institutions and/or individuals with improved capacities through training, equipment and /or knowledge transferred

Public Institutions

Total 30

Private Sector Institutions

Total 30

Civil Servants

Total 30 Women 46% Men 54%

2.2 Number of actions/events implemented that promote culture and/or tourism

Cultural events (fairs, etc)

Total

Number of participants 2580

Cultural Infrastructure renovated or built

Total

Total number of citizens served by the infraestructure created

Tourism infrastructure created

Total

Other, Specify

Total

2.3 Number and type of mechanisms established with support from the joint programme that serve to document and/or collect statistics on culture and tourism.

Workshops

Total number 15



Number of participants

2043

Women 1000 Men 1043

Statistics

Total National Local

Information systems

Total 1 National Local

Cultural heritage inventories

Total 4 National

Local 1000

Other, Specify

Total National Local

3 Cultural and tourism potential leveraged for poverty reduction and development

3.1 Number of individuals with improved access to new markets where they can offer cultural and/or touristic services or products

Citizens

Total Women Men % From Ethnic groups

Tourism service providers



Total 320 Women 120 Men 200 % From Ethnic Groups

Culture professionals

Total Women Men % From Ethnic groups

Artists

Total Women Men % From Ethnic groups

Artisans

Total 200 Women 80 Men 120 % From Ethnic groups

Others, specify

Total Women Men % From Ethnic Groups

3.2 Based on available data, please indicate the number of individuals or groups supported by the joint programme that have experienced a positive impact on health, security and income

Citizens

Total Women Men % From Ethnic Groups



Culture professionals

Total
Women
Men
% From Ethnic Groups

Artists

Total Women Men % From Ethnic Groups

Cultural industries

Total 575 Women 76 Men 499 % From Ethnic Groups

Artisans

Total 200 Women 80 Men 120 % From Ethnic Groups

Entrepreneurs

Total
Women
Men
% From Ethnic Group

Tourism Industry

Total Women Men % From Ethnic Groups

Others, specify

Total



Women Men % From Ethnic Groups

3.3 Percentage of the above mentioned beneficiaries that have improved their livelihoods in the following aspects

Income

% Of total beneficiaries

Basic social services (health, education, etc)

% Of total beneficiaries

Security

% Of total beneficiaries

Others, specify % Of total beneficiaries

3.4 Number of individuals with improved access to cultural services, products and/or infrastructure

Citizens

Total

Women

Men

%from Ethnic groups

Culture Professionals

Total

Women

Men

%from Ethnic groups

Artists

Total

Women



Men %from Ethnic groups

Cultural industries

Total Women Men %from Ethnic groups

Artisans

Total Women Men %from Ethnic groups

Entrepreneurs

Total Women Men %from Ethnic groups

Tourism Industry

Total Women Men %from Ethnic groups

Other, Specify Total Women Men %from Ethnic groups

b. Joint Programme M&E framework

This template is the same as the one you will find in the JP documents. We have added 3 columns to provide spaces for baselines of the indicators as well as targets. All the values for indicators in this template are cumulative. This means the past values obtained accumulate (add up over time) as the joint programme gets implemented. We are expecting you to include not only the indicators but the value of these indicators. If you do not provide them, please explain the reason and how you are going to obtain this information for the next reporting period.

Expected Results (Outcomes & Outputs)	Indicators (with baselines & indicative timeframe)	Means of Verification	Collection Methods (with indicative time frame & frequency)	Responsibilities	Risks & Assumptions
JP OUTCOME UNDAF Outcome 2: By 2010, social and economic policies for poverty and disparity reduction implemented effectively and quality basic social services reaching vulnerable groups ensured.(Outcome 2, UNDAF) Outcome of Joint Program (from UNDAF): Pro-poor sectoral (tourism) development policies implemented with framework of social (cohesion) integration policies (Country Program Outcome 2.1.2, UNDAF) by fostering pluralism, dialogue of cultures and the establishment of a culture of peace in Eastern Anatolia and with peoples of neighbouring countries	Contribution to MDG 1-Target 1, Indicator 1- Percentage of population below the poverty line; Indicator 2- Income distribution by population, by gender (UNDAF, 2.1.2) Baseline: Lorenz Curve Figures: Disparities in share of income between quintiles of income brackets: lowest 20%: receives 5 percent; highest 20%: receives 55 % of total income(UNDAF,2.1.2)	Indicators are verified on the basis of information provided by TURKSTAT.	Information directly gathered from TURKSTAT	UNDP,UNESCO,UNWTO, UNICEF, Government of Turkey	Baseline indicators are measured in 2000 so; gap between the next measured values may not reflect contribution of the JP to the MDG target.

	Indicator -3	Indicators are verified on	Information	UNDP,UNESCO,UNWTO,	
		the basis of information	directly gathered	UNICEF, MoCT and Local	
	Poverty Rate of Kars Compared by	provided by TURKSTAT.	from TURKSTAT if	stakeholders	
	National Poverty Rate of Turkey		available at the end of the project.		
	Baseline:		, ,		
	Poverty rates of Kars: % 31(TURKSTAT regional office, unofficial)				
	Poverty rates of Turkey: % 18,08				
	(Source:TURKSTAT) Note: (Internationally accepted poverty				
	rates, end of 2008 below the %17,11				
	food &non-food consumption)				
	Source: Results of 2009 Poverty Study,				
	TURKSTAT				
JP Output 1:	Indicator -1	Indicators will be verified	Information	UNESCO, MoCT, Museum	Procurement of the
A model for strategic	Indicator -1	on the basis of	directly gathered	of Kars , members of Kars	Software and Hardware
direction, prioritization and	a)Digitization of the registered site	information provided by	from project's	Preservation Council	services is realized within
safeguarding of tangible	areas and immoveable culture and	MoCT and relevant	outputs, MoCT,		the planned time and
and intangible cultural	natural assets database within Kars	authorities at local level	Erzurum		budget.
heritage and cultural	province	(Erzurum Preservation	Preservation		The preparations for the
tourism delivery in	•	Council, Kars	Council, Kars		activation of the system
Turkey's less developed	Baseline : 0	Preservation Council)	Preservation		are completed in the
regions produced and implemented in Kars	(beginning of year 2009)	,	Council)		planned schedule and implemented properly.
	b) Activation of a system for the				, , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	management of the digitised				Risk(s): Bureaucratic
	information, including capacity				obstacles, the efficiency of
	building for relevant authorities				the newly established Kars
	Baseline: 0 (as of Jan 2009)				Preservation Council and
	c) Realisation of awareness-raising				the possible delay in preparation of the new
	activities on the safeguarding of				office space.
	cultural heritage, and production of				omice space.
	related information materials.				
	Baseline: 0 (as of Jan 2009)				
	Progress as of June 2011				
	a) Activities completed and expected				
	a) Activities completed and expected				

outputs achieved (see previous progress report)				
b) Hardware procurement and installation of the system for the management of the digitized information completed. The training to build capacities of relevant users/authorities has been also delivered (MoCT, Kars Governorate, Kars Museum, newly assigned personnel of the Kars Preservation Council, Erzurum Preservation Council). The terrestrial measurements of 13 sites within Kars have been completed.				
c) Awareness raising brochures realised printed and distributed to the museums, tourism information centres and all relevant places all over Turkey. MoCT will reprint the brochures upon request of relevant stakeholders.				
Indicator -2 Site management capacity developed (an action plan prepared) towards preparation of a site management plan Baseline: An assessment report for Ani site management available, Ani site manager appointed) (beginning of year 2009) Both Ani Site Manager and Head of Excavations Resigned (end of year	Indicators will be verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT and relevant authorities at local level	Information directly gathered from project's outputs and MoCT	UNESCO, MoCT	Ensuring participatory approach in management process, interest of MoCT and other stakeholders. Developed "Action Plan" is approved and owned by the relevant parties. Risk(s): delays due to Regulatory Framework, lack of participation of the Head of Excavations to the process

2010). The new assignments have not
been done yet (July 2011).
200. 201.0 (201, 2012)
Progress as of June 2011:
The expected outcomes were entirely
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
achieved, with results beyond
expectations. Besides the development
of the capacities of relevant
stakeholders, a first draft of the
Management Plan was prepared and is
now pending official approval by the
MoCT.
In particular:
A road map towards the completion of
the Ani management plan was prepared
and approved, and the first draft
Management Plan is about to be
completed. Focus group meetings were
held. The capacities of the site
management planning team of MoCT
have been developed.
Preparatory meetings with the newly
established site management planning
team of MoCT were held. The results of
these meetings were shared with local
and national level stakeholders. The
participation of local authorities and
NGO's in the Ani Site Management
Planning process was ensured. The
roles and responsibilities of each
stakeholder were defined. Agreement
on the modalities of cooperation in
implementing the site management
plan was reached
The updated archaeological plan of Ani
was been fully integrated in the new
software automated system.

				1
Indicator -3	Indicators will be verified on the basis of	Information directly gathered	UNWTO, MoCT and local stakeholders	Approval and implementation of Tourism
Availability of a Tourism Strategy for Kars	information provided by MoCT and relevant	from project's outputs		Strategy.
Nai3	authorities at local level	σατρατό		Risk(s): Change in the
Baseline: 0				political and sectoral
(beginning of year 2009)				policies that may risk the validity of the Strategy in
Progress as of June 2011:				the future.
Tourism Strategy Document for Kars is available and approved by the Ministry of Culture and Tourism dated 22 December 2010. The report includes a Diagnostic Report which evaluates the potential of tourism development in Kars, a Master Plan with recommendations for the sustainable development of tourism in Kars based on culture, nature and winter sports tourism products, and, an Action Plan for the implementation of the Master Plan recommendations.				
Indicator -4 Availability of Tourism Products strategically identified on the basis of supply and demand Baseline: 0	Indicators will be verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT and relevant authorities at local level	Information directly gathered from project's outputs	UNWTO, MoCT and Local stakeholders	Production of defined products with high quality and proper cost. Awareness raising to the defined products. Put into proper marketing
(beginning of year 2009)				strategies.
Progress as of June 2011				Risk(s): Insufficient interest to the developed
A complete qualitative and quantitative audit of Kars Province				products
tourism facilities and services was				

carried out.	
Tourism potential of cultural tourism assets (tangible and intangible) based on UNESCO's identification and evaluation assessed.	
The institutional capacity assessment was carried out and the possible structure of a Tourism Governance Organization (TGO) elaborated.	
Market profile, trends and opportunities of tourism assessed. A survey of selected international and national tour operators on current and potential interest of Kars as a tourism destination was conducted. A tourism marketing and promotional strategy including a three-year Action	
Plan was prepared in May 2011. A proposal for the setting up of a Tourism Information Centre was included as an Annex to the report.	
Creation of a logo and slogan for Kars Province.	
Promotional brochures (general information, winter, nature and culture thematic brochures) for Kars Province were approved and officially presented in July 2011.	

	Indicator -5 Presence of a tourism governance organization Baseline : 1 (KARTAB: Kars Tourism Infrastructure Service Union (beginning of year 2009) Progress as of June 2011:	Indicators will be verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT ,Kars Governorate, Kars Municipality, Sarıkamış District Governorate, Sarıkamış Municipality	Information directly gathered from project's outputs	UNWTO, MoCT and Local stakeholders	Sufficient number of contributors and proper implementation of the local tourism strategy. Risk(s): Regulatory Framework
JP Output 2: Capacities of communities and enterprises increased for income generation job creation in the culture based tourism	Indicator -1 Number of Capacity building activities of local and national Stakeholders Baseline: 0 (beginning of year 2009) Progress as of June 2011 1- Capacity development programs: These programs targeted enterprises/their managers, tourism employees, (potential) women entrepreneurs, with a view to increase their capacities to benefit from the tourism potential 2- Grant programme: A support scheme called "local development initiatives for tourism development" was announced in July 2010 to support a number of initiatives in order to: (i) meet the immediate small scale infrastructure or organizational requirements for the development of	Indicators will be verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT and relevant authorities at local level	Information directly gathered from project's outputs	UNDP, MoCT, UNWTO and Local stakeholders	Sufficient number of participants with appropriate qualifications. Delivery of qualified and proper trainings. Risk(s): Lack of interest among local participants

tourism in Kars; (ii) enhance			
the cooperation among			
stakeholders and public			
private partnerships in the			
field of tourism in Kars; (iii)			
create awareness on the			
importance of tourism in the			
economic development of			
Kars; (iv) support collective			
actions between tourism			
institutions and stakeholders			
to enhance public-private			
partnerships; and (v) improve			
service capacities of local			
tourism institutions and			
stakeholders for culture,			
winter and nature tourism			
through product development			
and/or human resources			
development programmes.			
development programmes.			
 Support scheme for tourism 			
development activities (income			
generating activities and/or cluster			
development activities launched			
with 8 initiatives supported.			
3) Local governance mechanisms			
supported for tourism service delivery			
and promotion: UNJP made a			
contractual agreement with Kars			
Tourism Infrastructure Union (KARTAB)			
to prepare promotional materials such			
as booklets/maps, documentary and			
fair participation.			
 1		<u> </u>	1

Indicator -2 Number of jointly implemented tourism related local economic development activities in Kars; Baseline: 0 (beginning of year 2009) Progress as of June 2011 • Training in English language was implemented from February to April 2011 – 3 local trainers were trained and 39 trainees (from tourism and tourism-related establishments) were trained. • Training for tourism entrepreneurship implemented in May 2011. The training included one-on-one intensive sessions with 17 tourism and tourism-related entrepreneurs to review and analyse their business structure and provide guidelines for their improved business planning and management.	Indicators will be verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT and relevant authorities at local level	Information directly gathered from project's outputs	UNDP, MoCT and Local stakeholders	Ensuring of commitment of local and national stakeholders. Development of realistic and practical Clustering approach. Risk(s): Impact of economical crisis Lack of interest of local and national stakeholders
Indicator -3 Number of Arrivals to Kars Baseline: (2008) Number of arrivals through tourism operation license: 44.981 Number of arrivals thru municipality operation license: 59.059 Total number of arrivals: 104.040 (Source: MoCT)	Indicators are verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT.	Information will be directly gathered from MoCT end of each year.	UNDP,UNESCO,UNWTO, UNICEF, MoCT and Local stakeholders	The Joint Program will mobilize the culture sector in Turkey's Eastern Anatolia. It will result in increased number of arrivals at a localized level Risk(s):Poor implementation of defined strategies and inadequate

	Number of arrivals thru tourism operation license: 46.373 Number of arrivals thru municipality operation license: 55.790 Total number of arrivals :102.163 Source: (MoCT 2009)				awareness raising to the cultural assets
	Indicator -4 Increase in the number of overnights in Kars Baseline: (2008) Number of nights spent thru tourism operation license: 72.489 Number of nights spent through municipality operation license: 60.411 Total Number of nights spent: 132.900 (Source: MoCT) Number of nights spent thru tourism operation license: 73.697 Number of nights spent through municipality operation license: 61.950 Total Number of nights spent: 135.647 (Source: MoCT 2009) Target: at least %2 increase in overnights.	Indicators are verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT.	Information will be directly gathered from MoCT end of each year.	UNDP,UNESCO,UNWTO, UNICEF, MoCT and Local stakeholders	The Joint Program will mobilize the culture sector in Turkey's Eastern Anatolia. It will result in increased number of nights spent at a localized level. Risk(s): Poor implementation of defined strategies and inadequate awareness raising to the cultural assets
JP Output 3: Capacities of local authorities and civil society in promoting social cohesion and dialogue	Indicator -1 Number of Awareness Raising Workshops on Cultural Heritage and social cohesion implemented in Kars	Indicators will be verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT and relevant authorities at local level	Information directly gathered from project's outputs and MoCT	UNESCO, MoCT, Kafkas University, Minstrels Association , Municipality of Kars	Sufficient number of participants with appropriate qualifications. Delivery of qualified and proper workshops.

through fostering of	Baseline : 0		
pluralism	(beginning of year 2009)		
			5,1/), , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Progress as of June 2011.		Risk(s): Lack of interest in Mapping ICH book after
	Activities were fully completed and all		the publication.
	expected outcomes were achieved.		and publications
			Dedication of less funds
	In particular:		and support for the
	The field accessed an ICU in Keys		continuation of the
	The field research on ICH in Kars province was completed, as long as the		activities within "Culture House".
	training and awareness-raising		House .
	meetings on ICH. The results of the field		
	research on ICH of Kars Province		
	carried out by Kafkas University under		
	the supervision of MoCT has been		
	prepared as a publication and is now ready for printing.		
	ready for printing.		
	The 6 th International Minstrels Festival		
	was held between 24-26 June through		
	the Municipality, with exceptional		
	participation of performers from Turkey and abroad (Kyrgyzstan, Georgia,		
	Azerbaijan and Iran).		
	The Culture House was established and		
	its premises refurbished and prepared		
	to host the activities of the Minstrels Association. An agreement for the sue		
	and management of the culture house		
	was established.		
	The Minstrels Association is preparing a		
	two-day festive event in August, to be held at the culture house. MoCT will		
	also allocate some funds for the		
	realization of the event, with the		
	support of UNJP.		

Indicator -2 Availability of information on Main ICH Assets in the Target Area Baseline -0 (beginning of year 2009) Progress as of June 2011 Activities were fully completed and all expected outcomes were achieved. In particular: 40 Minstrels folk tales collected and published as a two volume book including a voice recording CD. The books have been transferred to the relevant stakeholders for their further distribution	Indicators will be verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT and relevant authorities at local level	Information directly gathered from project's outputs, MoCT and field research through survey, voice and video recordings, and interviews	UNESCO, MoCT	Contribution to national ICH inventory preparations. Significant increase in the quantity and quality of inventory forms for the definition of national ICH inventory in the target area. The folk tales from Eastern Anatolian Region has been collected for the first time and transmitted in written form. Risk(s): Lack of reflection of diversity, incomplete data regarding preparation of inventory forms. Insufficient safeguarding measures
Indicator -3 Establishment of Children Museums in Eastern Anatolia Baseline -0 (beginning of year 2009) Progress as of June 2011: Children Museum Rooms in Kars on 17 January 2011 and Erzurum on 21 April 2011 established.	Indicators will be verified on the basis of information provided by MoCT and relevant authorities at local level	Information directly gathered from project's outputs	UNICEF, MoCT	Obtaining official approvals and delivery of the museum buildings within the planned schedule. Equipped and furnished in accordance with project schedule and budget Risk(s): regulatory framework ,lack of commitment of responsible parties

b. Joint Programme Results Framework with financial information

This table refers to the cumulative financial progress of the joint programme implementation at the end of the semester. The financial figures from the inception of the programme to date accumulated (including all cumulative yearly disbursements). It is meant to be an update of your Results Framework included in your original programme document. You should provide a table for each output.

JP Output 1: A model for strategic direction, prioritization and safeguarding of tangible cultural heritage and cultural tourism delivery in Turkey's less developed regions produced and implemented in Kars

JP output: 1 Please highlight the rate of delivery for each joint programme's output: YEAR **Implementation Progress** Source UN Responsible % Output 1 Activity of **Budget description** Total Total Total Y1 Y2 Y3 **Party** Agency Delivery **Funding** Amount Amount Amount rate of Planned Disbursed Committed budget 1.1.1.Technical assistance and MoCT and MDG-F Contracts: 1.1.Policy for the protection and enhancement of cultural assets in Kars presented for adoption by national authorities Contracts: support to the mapping of 181754.55 relevant 180846.35 tangible cultural heritage authorities at Personnel: assets in Kars and its environs Personnel local level Including (including description and Х **UNESCO** including (Erzurum travel evaluation of items; travel: Preservation 155607.92 assessment of conservation 164581.97 Council) status: recommendations for Training: priority interventions) Personnel (I) **80.000** 2667.05 Training: Personnel (N) 155.000 1.1.2.Awareness-raising action MoCT MDG-F 2667.05 Contracts (I) about existing regulatory Contracts (N) 61.000 Miscellaneous framework and Training – Conf. **50.000** Miscellaneous 1.592.98 recommendations for Supplies 7.000 ensuring cultural assets Equipment 6.000 $X \mid X \mid X \mid$ UNESCO 1.592.98 83% protection and management Travel 43.000 in the cultural tourism Miscellaneous 14.000 Supplies& Total 416.000 strategy within the context of Supplies& Equipment the "Brand City" programme -Equipment 1.020.05 1.020,05linkage and input to UN WTO MoCT and MDG-F relevant **1.1.3.** Support to the Total: authorities at Total: implementation of the Х 341734.35 UNESCO local level 351616.6 recommendations by the Site management Board. **TOTAL: 416.000** 341734.35

									%83
the	1.3.1 Inventory of tourism facilities and services in Kars X Province	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Personnel (I) Personnel (N)	71,000 54,400		71,000 54,400	
n the context of	1.3.2 Assessment of tourism potential of cultural tourism assets — tangible and intangible — based on UNESCO's identification and evaluation	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Contracts (N) Training – Conf Equipment Travel Agency Management Support (7%)	15,000 12,000 3,000 15,000 11,928	2	15,000 12,000 2,999 15,000 11,927.93	
1.4. A cultural tourism strategy and action plan agreed to by national authorities within the context of the "Brand City" programme	1.3.3 Assessment of institutional capacity of Governorate, Municipality and stakeholder structures in destination management, development and promotion	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Total	182,328	18	82,326.93	99.99%
o by nationa	1.3.4 Assessment of tourism facility performance, quality and needs (cross referenced activity)	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
in plan agreed to by natio "Brand City" programme	1.3.5 Stakeholder consultation (tourism sector, civil society, others) on X aspirations/options for tourism	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
y and action	1.3.6 Assessment of market profile, trends and opportunities assessment of visitor monitoring	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
ourism strateg	1.3.7 Conceptual positioning of Kars with respect to themes, circuits etc in X Eastern Anatolia location/access assessment	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
turalt	1.3.8 Kars brand identity X and visioning	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
A cul	1.3.9 Stakeholder workshop on options	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
1.4.	1.3.10 Preparation of draft – presentation, review, revision – leading to final	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					

	strategy and action plan	T									
	1.5.1 Relocated and improved	Х		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Personnel (I)	28,400	18,000	10,000	
.⊑	tourist information centre in						Personnel (N)	27,200		27,200	
ped	Kars						Contracts (I)	55,000	19,027.90	31,883.46	
list	1.5.2 Capacity building with Province staff and others on	Х		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Travel	8,000		8,000	
tab	promotion and information						Miscellaneous	7,240	687.13	6552,87	
ı es	delivery						Agency Management Support (7%)	8,808.8	2,640.05	5,854.54	
ten	1.5.3 Awareness training on	Х		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
Sysi	cultural heritage and visit						Total	134,648.8	40,355.08	89,490.87	96.43%
ng.	opportunities within tourism										
œti	sector										
lar	1.5.4 Improved linkages of Kars to E-Anatolia	Х		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
nd M Kars	promotion and itineraries										
an	1.5.5 Identification and	Х		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
ery	promotion of										
<u>.≧</u>	itineraries/circuits within										
٥	Kars Province and										
tior	surrounding areas 1.5.6 Strengthened	V		LININA/TO	MacT	MADO					
mai	1.5.6 Strengthened promotion of cultural events	Х		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
for	1.5.7 Improved Kars website		Х	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
드	and linkages			0							
1.5 New Information Delivery and Marketing System established in Kars	1.5.8 Tour operator and		Х	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
7.	media familiarization visits										
+	1.5.9 Support for		Х	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
	promotional campaigns							24.07.0	40 355 00	271 017 00	00.400/
								316,976.8	40,355.08	271,817.80	98.48%

		Υ	EAR					Ir	nplementatio	n Progress	
Out put 2	Activity	Y1	Y2 Y3	UN Agency	Responsible Party	Source of Funding	Budget description	Total Amount Planned	Total Amount Committed	Total Amount Disbursed	% Delivery rate of budget
þ	2.1.1 Training needs			UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Personnel (I)	14,200		14,200	
ifie	assessment of existing						Personnel (N)	12,240		691.23	
ent	tourism service providers						Contracts (I)	40,000		42,500	
, id		_					Contracts (N)	2,500		2,500	
cto		Х					Training (ST)	40,000		7,020.66	
sec							Travel	3,750		1,686.15	
sm							Miscellaneous	3,750	158.73	1,232.08	
uri							Agency Management Support (7%)	8150.8	11.11	4,801.86	
	2.1.2 Initiation of feasibility studies on tourism use of	,		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Total	124,590.8	169.84	73,399.90	59%
eratio	cultural assets – buildings, sites, other assets	Х						•		·	
ds for income	2.1.3 Work with identified communities and groups (rural communities, women's groups etc.) on identification of enterprise opportunities and capacity building needs – handicrafts, produce supply, accommodation, catering, retail, events	x		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
nd comn	2.1.4 Study tours within Turkey and international	Х		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
2.1 Enterprise a	2.1.5 Specific focus on tourism / community enterprise delivery with respect to sites in Kars – guiding, handicrafts, retail, catering – including	х		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					

	provision of space for this										
Itural	2.2.1 Training needs assessment of existing tourism service providers		Х	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Personnel (I) Personnel (N) Contracts (I)	36,720		27,760 4,675.11	
t in cu	2.2.2 Training programmes designed based on above		Х	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Contracts (N)	7,500		7,020.66	
pmen	2.2.3 Feasibility studies on tourism use of cultural		Х	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Training - Conf Travel Miscellaneous	11,250	4,989.17	6,739.56 414.84	
levelo	assets – building, sites, other assets						Agency Management Support (7%)	,	-	3,262.71	
2.2 Community initiatives started for enterprise development in cultural	identification of enterprise opportunities and capacity		X	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F	Total	159,772.4	7,318.92	49,872.88	36%
itiativ	2.2.5 Study visits within Turkey and international	Χ		UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
2.2 Community in	2.2.6 Specific focus on tourism / Community enterprise delivery with respect to sites on Kars – guiding, handicrafts, retails, catering – including provision of space for this		Х	UNWTO	MoCT	MDG-F					
								284,363.2	7,488.76	123,272.78	46%
siness	enterprise support activities		х	UNDP	MoCT Municipality Women NGO's in Kars		Personnel (I) Personnel (N) Contracts (I) Contracts (N)	206.720 60.000	107.800 187.978 28.380 28.014	54.000 173.478 23.780 17.870	83%
2.3. Business	in line with EU competitiveness agenda requirements for regional development				Ocaklı Village		Training – Conf	19.000 36.250	14.000 29.789	14.000 25.214	
3	development							479.470	395.961	308.342	

etc. rt scheme for	commercial as that are und creative operational links as cluster and ckey through	x x	(X	UNDP UNDP	MoCT Municipality Women NGO's in Kars Ocaklı Village MoCT Governorate NGOs Tourism SMEs University KARTAB Governorate NGO's Tourism NGO's Tourism SMEs Governorship, Municipality, Tourism NGOs, University Tourism SMEs, NGOs, Unions, Chambers, Cooperatives,	Personnel (I) 272.000	89%
m development NGOs, Unions, les (income generating les and/or cluster Implication of the properties	en Kars cluster and in Turkey through il and horizontal ation and document ence				Chambers, Cooperatives, Municipalities		
	iupport scheme for n development es (income generating es and/or cluster	×	(X	UNDP	Tourism SMEs, NGOs, Unions, Chambers, Cooperatives, Municipalities		

31	output 3. Cupacities of local au		/EA		and civil	- society iii pi	omoting.	social cohesion and dialogue throug	in lostering (or plaitalio lli		
Ou		'		IN	_				Ir	nplementati	on Progress	T
tp ut 3	Activity	Υ1	Y2	Y3	UN Agency	Responsible Party	of Funding	Budget description	Total Amount Planned	Total Amount Committed	Total Amount Disbursed	% Deliver y rate of budget
e Jo	3.1.1. Technical assistance and support to mapping of intangible culture in Kars and environs (including description and assessment of items; recommendations for safeguarding and transmission)		х		UNESCO	MoCT , Municipality of Kars	MDG-F	Personnel (I) Personnel (N) Contracts (I) Contracts (N) Training – Conf. Supplies Equipment Trave	66.000 130.000 ¹ 20.000		Contracts: 264136.75Pers onnel including Travel: 17,096.01 Training:	%83
Cultural Herit	3.2.1. Preparation and publishing of Eastern Anatolian Folk Tails (Translation in Turkish of the "World Heritage in Young Hands" kit. This activity revised and approved in the 4 th PMC meeting)	х	х		UNESCO	MoCT , Kafkas University	MDG-F	Miscellaneous	4000 360.000	Miscellanec us 3882.75 Supplies& Equipment1		
nt In	Identification of the handicrafts sector in Kars and its environs		Х	Х	UNESCO	MoCT , Kafkas University	MDG-F			2,048.40	12,048.40	
verme	Training course in crafts design and production		Х	Х	UNESCO	MoCT , Kafkas University	MDG-F			Total: 353155.	Total: 298991.9	
Heritage, Empowerment In	Training course in marketing of handicrafts		х	х	UNESCO	MoCT , Kafkas University	MDG-F			.98		
	3.2.1. Identify local and national stakeholders for a participatory governance structure to promote social cohesion and MDG goals	Х			UNDP		MDGF	Personnel (I) Personnel (N) Contracts (I-)	140.000	24.000 138.000	12.000 131.890	
Society	3.2.2. Technical assistance and support to localized MDG target	Х			UNDP		MDGF	Contracts (N)		37.000	37.000	

¹ Training and conferences have been organized through contracts

setting					Training – Conf	40.000	5316	4395	949
3.2.3. Dissemination of all project	Х		UNDP	MDGF	Mon. Conf.	10.000	11.000	11.000	
activities on behalf of non-resident					Supplies	10.000	39.000	36.077	
other participating agencies in Kars					Equipment	15.000	30.000	30.000	
and Ankara					Travel	40.000	30.000	30.000	
3.2.3. Design of a communication and	Х		UNDP	MDGF		40.000			
outreach strategy addressed at					Premises	40.000			
stakeholders based on site									
management and urban conservation					Total		284.316	257.967	
priorities, tourism strategies and						3 05.000			
tourism related business development									
services (cross linked to Output 2)									
3.2.4. Design and implement a	Х		UNDP	MDGF					
communication plan to ensure the									
visibility of the Joint Program and the									
cultural/tourism potential of Kars									
3.2.5. Technical assistance and			UNDP	MDGF					
coordination to support to national									
and international civil society									
initiatives in Kars through the Ministry									
of Culture and Tourism and UN project									
office in Kars which will provide									
secretariat for this governance									
structure (one stop shop-umbrella									
international presence in Kars)									
3.2.6. Support the participatory local		Χ	X UNDP	MDGF					
governance structure for promotion of									
social cohesion and dialogue in Kars									
3.2.7. Implementation of the	\vdash	Х	X UNDP	MDGF					
communication and outreach strategy		^	Y OND	MDGF					
addressed at stakeholders									
audiessed at stakelibluels									
	Ш					TAL 201 222	10110600	470 605 06	
					10	TAL: 305.000	194.106,09	178.682,96	!

nu,	communities, an additional	Х	хх	UNICEF	SHÇEK	MDGF	Personnel (N): Contracts:	250.000	160.000 250.000	160.000 250.000	96.
sed anb	Children Cultural Diversity Room						Travel:		27.000	27.000	
y to resolve skills based es of istanbul,	is established by the Child's Right Committees within the third						Supply:	90.000	80.000	80.000	
to r kills s of	selected provincial museum and						Meetings:	100.000	90.000	90.000	
ity e sł ees											
abilit I life nitte							TOTAL:				
and ability tal and life ski Committees	(seminars, photo exhibitions							627.000	607.000	607.000	
ral s Cc	handicraft etc)										
Children's understanding of cultural diversity and ability to resolve flict increased through the provision of cultural and life skills based cation programmes within the Child's Rights Committees of Istanb sehir, Ankara, Kayseri, Sivas, Erzincan, Erzurum and Kars.	Child's Rights Committees in two	Х	Х	UNICEF	SHÇEK	MDGF					
dive of c s Ri	provinces (Erzurum and Kars)										
Itural di ision of Child's I	develop their respective project										
lltul isid Ch Zin	on cultural diversity and mutual										
f cultron	understanding										
ding of the p within t	Eight Child Rights Committees		Х	UNICEF	SHÇEK	MDGF					
din h th with											
erstand hrough hmes v Kayseri	"Tolerance, Harmony and										
lers thro mo	Friendship Train" from Istanbul										
ed ran ran	to Kars (This activity will be carried out April 2011)										
en's understa creased throu programmes 4 <i>nkara, Kayse</i>			V	LINICEE	CLICEK	MDCE					
3.2. Children's understanding conflict increased through the education programmes within Eskisehir, Ankara, Kayseri, Siva			Х	UNICEF	SHÇEK	MDGF					
3.2. Childr conflict in education Eskişehir,	and harmony fair in Kars with the										
2. Confli	participation of children from										
3.2. conf	eight provinces										
							TOTAL:	627.000	391.700	306.400	78%