

# **United Nations Peace Fund for Nepal (UNPFN) Project Status Update**

# As of 30 September 2010

Participating UN Organization:	ILO and FAO	UN Fund cluster and Nepal PBF Priority area:	Quick Impact project
Project number:	PBF/NPL/D-1	Funding round	
	(UNPFN/C-1)	Strategic Outcome:	
Project Title:	Jobs for Peace: 12,500 Youth Employed and Empowered through an Integrated		
Troject Title.	Approach		
Total approved	ILO: \$1,851,785		
project budget:	FAO: \$804,215		
Funds committed:	ILO: \$1,501,778	% of approved:	ILO: 81.1%
	FAO: \$804,215		FAO: 100%
Funds disbursed:	ILO: \$613,685	0/ of annuaried.	ILO: 33.1%
runas alsbursea:	FAO: \$535,230	% of approved:	FAO: 66.6%
Forecast final date:	ILO: 31 March 2011	D-1 (	
	FAO: 31 March 2011	Delay (months):	
Anticipated total project duration:	2 Years		

# REPORT ACRONYMS USED:

BDS	<b>Business Development Services</b>
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CAP	Conflict Affected Peoples
CEE	Community Economic Empowerment
FAO	(UN) Food and Agriculture Organization
FFS	Farmer Field School
FLE	Financial Literacy Education (training)
FS	Financial Services
ECD	Financial Sarvicas Provider

FSP Financial Services Provider
ILO International Labour Organization
JFFLS Junior Farmer Field Life School
MoPR Ministry of Peace and Reconstruction
SIYB Start and Improve Your Business
VAHW Village Animal Health Worker

VT Vocational Training

Objectives	Progress: achievements / results	% of planned
Overall Objective: To contribute to national peace building and poverty reduction through engaging youth in productive employment activities and empowerment	Indicators: - Perceived decrease in youth-led illegal/destructive incidences in selected communities by the end of year two % increase of youth participation in productive and constructive activities	n/a (forms part of final project results reporting)

Immediate Objectives: I. Targeted young women and men engaged in productive employment and economic opportunities with increased gender and disadvantaged group equality in work opportunities	Indicator #1: Productive employment opportunities created for 12,500# young men and women (including targeting 33% women and 40% disadvantaged group beneficiaries)  ACHIEVEMENTS: Interventions in-progress; special target groups involvement percentages being met  Indicator #2: - # Additional spin-off jobs created by beneficiary youth businesses and cooperative enterprises for youth and others ACHIEVEMENTS: To be duly measured	ILO 45%; FAO 65% n/a (forms part of final project results reporting)
II. Youth empowered to address youth priorities while contributing to dialogue and mutual understanding for peace building	- Outreach of youth-led empowerment projects (including targeting 33% women and 40% disadvantaged group beneficiaries) and impact in addressing youth priorities while contributing to dialogue and mutual understanding for peace building ACHIEVEMENTS: Interventions in-progress	5%
Output 1 (ILO): Quick-impact jobs created for youth through the provision and maintenance of community infrastructure	Indicator #1.1: At least 20,000 paid workdays created for 200# young women and men (at least 40% from socially excluded groups) in the provision and maintenance of productive community infrastructure  ACHIEVEMENTS & IN-PROGRESS: Target # workdays and beneficiaries will be substantially exceeded with special target groups involvement percentages being met  Indicator #1.2: Actual quantifiable productive community infrastructure provided/maintained	21,000 paid workdays created and 60% of physical works sub-projects completed; the information for indicator #1.2 will be provided in the final project report
Output 2 (FAO & ILO): Capacity of target youth to start/expand farm enterprise activities and to secure gainful agricultural and off-farm employment opportunities strengthened through enabling and facilitating services for	FAO Contributions to Immediate Objective I: Indicator #2.1(a): Expected new/improved productive agrienterprise and farm labour incomes of up to 2,400# young women and men trainees (with gender target of 33% and disadvantaged group target of 40% met)  ACHIEVEMENTS: It is expected that about one-third of the FFS/ JFFLS trainees will be benefiting from new/improved agri-enterprise and/or agricultural labour opportunities by the end of the project	n/a (forms part of final project results reporting)
farm technical skills training and upgrading, and vocational skills training and job placement services (target = 3000# youth)	Indicator #2.2: # FFS/J FFLS facilitators/coordinators trained and facilitated to deliver farming skills training to # beneficiaries ACHIEVEMENTS: (a) 30# FFS and 50# JFFLS facilitators trained and facilitated to deliver farming skills training to 1920# beneficiaries; (b)19# youth trained as VAHWs for remunerative	90% complete
	services delivery to local livestock owners; and, (c) special target groups involvement percentages being met and exceeded IN-PROGRESS: Training for 1420# youth in various agricultural skills for own-farm self-employment with special target groups	80% complete
	involvement percentages being met  Indicator #2.3: # functional FFS and JFFLS established and # youth trained and type training ACHIEVEMENTS: 48 # functional FFS and 24# functional JFFLS established; 1200# FFS youth and 720# JFFLS youth trained in various agri-production activities	100% complete
	ILO Contributions to Immediate Objective I: Indicator 2.1(b): Expected new/improved productive wage labour incomes of 600# young women and men trainees (with gender target of 33% and disadvantaged group target of 40% met)  ACHIEVEMENTS: It is expected that about 80% of trainees will have secured productive employment opportunities by the end of the project	
	Indicator 2.4: 6# VT service providers facilitated to deliver various vocational training services to at least 600# young men and women for employment  IN-PROGRESS: interventions as per indicator #2.4  Indicator 2.5: #/Type of specialist service providers facilitated to deliver complimentary soft skills services to youth vocational	40% complete
	training beneficiaries STATUS: Project resources currently inadequate to cover	n/a

	complimentary soft skills training delivery due to adverse US\$ exchange rate: indicator will be removed in next project logical framework revision  Indicator 2.6: Actual skills development coordination and training delivery capacities strengthened in the target district STATUS: As for Indicator #2.5 above	n/a
	STITIOS. His for material was above	
Output 3 (FAO & ILO): Target youth productive farm and off-farm enterprises skills and knowledge enhanced through entrepreneurship training (target = 4000# youth)	FAO Contributions to Immediate Objective I: Indicator #3.1(a): Expected productive enterprise incomes of up to 225# young men and women from productive farm and off-farm enterprises (target 50% young women beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups)  ACHIEVEMENTS & IN-PROGRESS: (a) 225# members of one dairy enterprise cooperative trained in clean milk production and product diversification for hands-on application in business; (b) cooperative provided with in-kind seed capital for business expansion (chilling and testing equipment); and, (c) special target groups involvement percentages being met	90% complete
	ILO Contributions to Immediate Objective I: Indicator #3.1(b):  (i) Expected productive enterprise incomes of up to 3775# young men and women from productive enterprises (target 50% young women beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups)  (ii) #/Type enterprises started/expanded by beneficiaries IN-PROGRESS: Business skills training and counselling services interventions inprogress.  Indicator #3.2: # local BDS trainers trained and # service providers employing the trainers delivering SIYB services to # youth beneficiaries  ACHIEVEMENTS & IN-PROGRESS:  (i) ToT completed for 36# SIYB trainers; and,  (ii) 15# service provider/38# trainers delivering SIYB enterprise training services to 3756# youth beneficiaries with special target groups involvement percentages being met	Results are tabulated and reported later during the project  100% complete 60% complete
Output 4 (ILO):	Indicator #4.1 for Contributions to Immediate Objective I:	Results are
Access to finance for potential young entrepreneurs facilitated through improved availability of information on financial products, enhanced capacity of FSPs to reach the target group with appropriate financial products, and through financial literacy education (new target = 1400# youth)	Up to 1400# young women and men starting/expanding businesses as a result of financial literacy education training and access to financial services (target 50% young women beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups)  Indicators #4.2: (i) # Enterprises expecting a financial gain started/expanded by young women and men as a result of access to financial services arising from training delivered and linkages created by FSPs (i.e. enterprises separate from those of the other relevant project outputs): target 50% young women beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups (ii) # Enterprises expecting a financial gain started/expanded by young women and men as a percentage of # target youth trained in financial literacy education  Indicators #4.3: (i) # FSPs trained in financial literacy education, and financial risk analysis and planning for onward training of target youth (ii) # FSPs delivering FS to target youth and 1400# target youth trained in financial literacy education (target 50% young women beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups)  IN-PROGRESS: Preparatory activities completed with special target groups involvement percentages being met	tabulated and reported later during the project  Results are tabulated and reported later during the project  10% complete
Output 5 (FAO & ILO):	FAO Contributions to Immediate Objective I:	
Cooperatives and communities strengthened to become	Indicator #5.1(a): Actual/expected increased enterprise incomes of at least 2250# youth	

competitive/more competitive and entrepreneurial to create more jobs and incomes, and to	beneficiaries from 30# cooperatives (target 33% young women beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups)  IN-PROGRESS:	
involve more youth members (target = 4500# youth and at	2038# youth members of 30# agri-enterprise cooperatives in training for business and technical skills to increase incomes with special	80% complete
least 30# cooperatives)	target groups involvement percentages being met	T.C
	Indicator #5.2 (a): (i) #/Type of cooperative enterprises	Information and results are tabulated
	(ii) #/Type of cooperative ellerprises (ii) #/Type of cooperatives linked with the private sector	and reported later
	(a) w type of cooperatives mines with the private sector	during the project
	ILO Contributions to Immediate Objective I:	
	Indicator #5.1(b): Actual/expected increased enterprise incomes of at least 2000# youth	
	beneficiaries from 15# cooperatives (target 33% young women	
	beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups)  IN-PROGRESS:	
	1400# youth members of 30# agri- and non-farm enterprise	10% complete
	cooperatives in training for business and technical skills to increase	
	incomes with special target groups involvement percentages being met	
	Indicators #5.2(b):	Results are
	(i) #/Type of cooperative enterprises	tabulated and
	(ii) #/Type of cooperatives linked with the private sector	reported later during the project
	Indicators #5.3: (i) 250 # community group youth members of # community groups	Results are
	experiencing/expecting increased business incomes (target 33%	tabulated and
	young women beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups)	reported later during
	(ii) # community groups with action plans  ACHIEVEMENTS:	the project
	(i) 199# youth members of 17# community groups cooperatives in training for business and technical skills to increase incomes with	100% complete
	special target groups involvement percentages being met	1000/
	(ii) 17# community groups with community action plans IN-PROGRESS:	100% complete
	Preparatory activities for technical backstopping of target youth enterprises and group action plans	10% complete
	Indicators #5.2(c):	Results are
	(i) #/Type of youth enterprises	tabulated and
		reported later during
Output 6 (FAO & ILO):	FAO Contributions to Immediate Objective I:	the project
Productive employment and	Indicator #6.1(a):	
economic opportunities created	Actual/expected increased enterprise incomes of at least 500# youth	
for youth through youth-led employment schemes (target =	beneficiaries (target 33% young women beneficiaries and 40% from disadvantaged groups)	
1000# youth)	IN-PROGRESS:	
,	500# youth members of farmer groups and cooperatives in training	30% complete
	for business and technical skills for self-group employment to	
	increase incomes with special target groups involvement percentages being met	
	Indicator #6.2 (a):	
	#/Type of youth self-employment/group enterprises	Results are
		tabulated and
		reported later during the project
	ILO Contributions to Immediate Objective I:	
	Indicator #6.1(b): Actual/aypected increased enterprise incomes of at least 500# youth	
	Actual/expected increased enterprise incomes of at least 500# youth beneficiaries (target 33% young women beneficiaries and 40% from	
	disadvantaged groups)	
	IN-PROGRESS:	200/
1		20% complete
	business and technical skills for self-group employment to increase	
	IN-PROGRESS: 600# youth members of groups and cooperatives in training for	20% complete

	met Indicator #6.2 (a): #/Type of youth self-employment/group enterprises	Results are tabulated and reported later during the project
Output 7 (ILO): Youth-led empowerment	Indicators #7.1: (i) At least 25# youth empowerment interventions; and,	Results are tabulated and
opportunities provided	(ii) Type interventions and #/type beneficiaries	reported later during
addressing youth priorities		the project
while contributing to dialogue and mutual understanding (target = 25# interventions)	IN-PROGRESS: 14# interventions in-progress and others under review; adverse US\$ exchange rate movements may limit scope for further interventions	10% complete
	<ul><li>- #/Type of empowerment interventions (at least 25#)</li><li>- Total # youth beneficiaries and % women and disadvantaged youth</li></ul>	10%

# Qualitative achievements against objectives and results and any challenges

### SUMMARY HIGHLIGHTS (January-September 2010):

The project is on track to achieve its overall target outcome of 12,500# jobs for target youth in Parsa and Rautahat Districts in Nepal, and all project resources are committed/earmarked as of 30 September 2010. To briefly revisit the project strategy, the main emphasis is of the project is quick-impact job creation for the target groups using various proven, quick-impact job creation approaches (i.e., Components #1-6 of the project outputs), as well as some space for creative youth empowerment projects driven by local youth and their organizations (i.e. Component #7 of the project outputs). A functional National Steering Committee has been established by the MoPR. A project team self-assessment/evaluation is in-progress to develop initial lessons learnt: this is the important pursuant to recent MoPR senior personnel field monitoring and their interest in building on lessons learnt to identify an appropriate model and process for replicating the project nationally for CAP, especially CAP youth. FAO and ILO will need to extend their completion dates to 31 March 2011 and 31 May 2011 respectively to complete all activities and measure/report the final results (for which a professional project results database has been established). Some project logical framework and budget revisions resulting from this extension and other changes in the composition of activities for the target outputs are in-progress for due official submission to the UNPFN for approval. A progress overview of the project outputs components including challenges, etc., follows).

#### OUTPUT #1 (ILO). EMPLOYMENT-INTENSIVE INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS:

Output #1 targets the creation of quick-impact employment for needy youth in community-based, employment-intensive infrastructure projects while contributing quality productive assets for local post-conflict socio-economic recovery as well as injecting wages and procurement cash into reviving fragile local economies with a multiplier employment impact. The project is on course to significantly exceed the output target of 20,000# paid workdays for 200# youth. Implemented by community asset user groups managed by youth, actual productive community infrastructure targeted includes such as agricultural road repair and upgrading, collection/market center construction, river training/erosion prevention, irrigation canals and other. The demand for labour on the subprojects from local community youth has been overwhelming. The project has faced some periodic challenges implementing this output. For example, labour is not always available as workers will take-up more lucrative, ad hoc casual employment such as agricultural labour (planting, harvest, etc). This disrupted implementation prior to the monsoon rains which also halts most construction works while limiting access to beneficiaries for training activities, and such implementation delays have contributed to the need for a project extension to complete activities. The link between short employment creation on Output Component #1 and long term jobs for the members of target asset user groups has been strengthened by adding responsive activities under Output Component #5 that inter alia include steering the members into self-employment activities.

# OUTPUT #2 (FAO and ILO), SKILLS DEVELOPMENT for EMPLOYMENT:

Following the training of 80# FFS/JFFLS facilitators, FAO has completed almost all agricultural skills trainings under this component with an outreach to 1,920# target youth for hands-on self and group-employment in agribusiness as well as local, seasonal agricultural labour opportunities. Similarly 1420 youths have been trained on various short term agriculture and livestock related skills to enhance income through agriculture production based on comparative advantage analysis. A 19# youths have completed VAHW training and other 19# youths are under training as VAHWs responsive to the demand for paravet services in rural areas where even the poorest livestock owner households are willing to pay for animal health services. The ILO is focusing on vocational skills and 6#

training service providers are delivering a wide variety of vocational training types to 600# target youth for employment and self-employment: some of the training contracts are nearing completion. The contracts are performance-based requiring the service providers to go the extra post-training mile to ensure that trainees actually secure gainful employment. Apart from the logistical difficult of servicing clients in a large are with poor infrastructure, the only other major challenge under this component of identifying those skills gaps in the local labour market was resolved early in 2010 through service provider labour market research.

# OUTPUT #3 (FAO and ILO), YOUTH ENTRERPENEURSHIP:

The FAO is working with 225# members of a dairy enterprise cooperative to increase their incomes by improving milk collection, storage and wholesaling. The dairy cooperative has been linked with a private dairy to supply the collected milk. In this way, milk producer farmers are getting benefit from assured supply of produced milk in the nearby locality of the community milk collection center and farmers are getting optimum price from the sell of the milk.

The ILO has trained/engaged 15# service providers with 36# trainers for delivering enterprise start-up and expansion training to 3,756# youth for a variety of popular local enterprise activities responsive to pre-assessed market opportunities including financial risk assessments. Most of the training portion of the contracts is nearing completion with service providers poised to commence post-training business counselling services with target youth. These ILO contracts are also performance-based with service providers responsible for ensuring that trainees actually start/expand businesses. Common to all project implementation, the major constraint with this project output component has been the logistical difficulties of servicing the vast project area.

### OUTPUT #4 (ILO), FINANCIAL SERVICES:

This component was developed during the course of 2010 as a target outcome contributor to the overall project target of 12,500# jobs, partly because of its potential to do so as a self-employment strategy, but also because of the need to add more youth beneficiaries via another project component because of constraints encountered in reaching the original target numbers under Output Component #5 (cooperatives) below. The job creation strategy under Output Component #4 involves training of pre-selected FSPs to deliver savings and credit services to 1,000# existing/new target youth entrepreneurs through contracting pre-selected FSPs under performance-based contacts to deliver FS sensitization training (including financial literacy education) followed by delivery of services. FLE training includes educating youth on managing the financial risks associated with various types of enterprises including risks relevant to extracting too much funds by way of drawings for personal and family consumption needs. For existing youth entrepreneurs the aim is to use the component to both stabilize and/or expand existing enterprises. Training of partner FSPs is in-progress to be followed by contract implementation.

#### OUTPUT #5 (FAO and ILO), COOPERATIVES and COMMUNITY ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT:

This has been the most challenging component of the project for both FAO and ILO as regards designing responsive action programmes for cooperative youth employment. Data available from the DDC offices on cooperatives was inaccurate as many of the potential listed cooperatives are inactive while the youth membership of cooperatives in both of the project target districts is almost negligible. Considerable time was therefore absorbed (and lost) especially by the ILO in identifying a core portfolio of cooperatives additional to the FAO portfolio that was also willing to extend membership to target youth, and then in designing responsive employment creation action programmes and identifying/contracting local implementing partners: this has also contributed to the need for a no-cost project time extension to complete activities. As a consequence of these constraints, the component will be short approximately 1,000# target youth to contribute to the overall project target outcome of 12,500# youth: however, ILO has been able to substitute this shortfall with a similar number of additional beneficiaries under Output Component #4 (see above).

FAO has been also providing various capacity building trainings, exposure visits, cooperative awareness, and business development trainings to cooperatives members in-progress for 2,038# target youth from 30# agrienterprise cooperatives. The intervention has build confidence and competency to properly manage the cooperatives organizations to provide services to rural youths. The selected cooperatives are enrolling excluded youths to the cooperatives in their respective communities and providing services to them also. Some cooperatives have started cooperative business to increase income of their members such as vegetable collection center establishment, seeds/fertilizer sales, Duna/Tapari making (a kind plate made up of forest Sal leaves) etc. The selected cooperatives have been developing business plans to enhance the income of their members. FAO has been facilitating and supporting the business plans to make it happen. In this way, the cooperatives which were almostly in dormant condition have became active to create economic opportunities for their members.

while ILO is the process of issuing contracts to implementing partners to deliver various trainings 1,400# target youth from 30# agri-enterprise cooperatives. ILO's Community Economic Empowerment (CEE) component is complete and has focused on training 199# members of the 17# community asset user group members from Output Component #1 in preparing self-employment plans to add employment value to the workdays created under Component #1. Additionally, and to add further value to Component #1 with a multiplier employment impact, the groups have received technical assistance to design new/follow-on employment-intensive infrastructure projects for inclusion in local annual development planning processes and budgets and/or for application submission to other available funding sources.

#### OUTPUT #6 (FAO and ILO), YOUTH-LED PROJECTS for YOUTH EMPLOYMENT:

This project component was activated via an open call for proposals from local youth and their organizations/ sponsoring organizations. FAO has contracts in-progress with local implementing partners for training of 500# youth in agri-enterprise development. The ILO has contracts in-progress with local implementing partners for business and technical skills training for 600# self-group employment target youth to increase incomes for various agri- and non-agri-enterprise activities.

#### OUTPUT #7 (ILO), YOUTH-LED PROJECTS for YOUTH EMPOWERMENT:

This project component was also activated via an open call for proposals from local youth and their organizations/ sponsoring organizations. The amount of funds available for the component has to be reduced as the actual cost of some other ILO components is higher than originally anticipated and priority has had to be given to the job-creation components to achieve the project target outcome of 12,500# youth. A total of 30# youth empowerment interventions of various types are under implementation.

# Progress against key indicators in the UNPFN Monitoring and Evaluation framework

The project is the core project of Priority Cluster #3 of the UNPFN Monitoring and Evaluation framework and contributes to the target outcome of reduced youth unemployment amongst conflict-affected youth and improved social integration between conflict-affected youth in targeted vulnerable areas. The project is on track to achieve its target of 12,500# youth including special target youth in the two Nepali conflict-affected target districts (Parsa and Rautahat) and its contribution to increases in the rate of youth employment in these areas. The qualitative strategic outcome indicator (perceived decrease in youth-led illegal/destructive incidences in selected communities by the end of year two) will be measured later during the project.