United Nations Development Group Iraq Trust Fund Project #: E4-20

Date and Quarter Updated: 1st July -30th September 2011 (3rd Quarter)

Participating UN Organisation: UN-HABITAT (Lead), UNDP Sector: Housing

Government of Iraq - Responsible Line Ministry: Ministry of Construction and Housing

Title	Strengthening the Capacity of the Housing Sector in Iraq: Bridging for Phase III				
Geo. Location	Baghdad and KRG				
Project Cost	\$750,000 (UN-HABITAT component \$465,000; UNDP component \$285,000)				
Duration	15 months				
Approval Date	27 June 2010 Starting Date 31 August 2010 Completion Date 30 Nov. 2011				
Project	The proposed USD \$750,000 Bridge Funding project for the Strengthening the Capacity of the				
Description	Housing Sector is intended to better prepare and equip the Government of Iraq and its Ministry				
	of Construction and Housing to meet the increasing needs of the Iraqi housing sector. It builds				
	on previous phases of the Strengthening the Capacity of the Housing Sector program, where a				
	systematic survey and analysis of Iraq's urban housing market in Phase I led to a National				
	Housing Policy in Phase II designed to address Irag's critical housing needs. The policy shifts				
	the Government's emphasis from direct provision of housing to enabling private sector				
	delivery, through creating a conductive legislative and regulatory environment, in line with				
	global good practice. A third phase is planned, and aims to support the Government of Iraq in				
	implementing the Policy through providing technical support in key institutional and regulatory				
	reform processes and in technical actions. The proposed Bridge Funding project will				
	consolidate Phase II and lay foundations for Phase III by putting in place necessary actions to				
	initialize the reform of key institutions that underpin the reform of the sector.				

Development Goal and Immediate Objectives

MDG 7, Target 7a: aims to "integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs and reverse the loss of environmental resources." This project clarifies the roles of the housing institutions, so that they can be better structured to support sustainable approaches to housing delivery stipulated in the National Housing Policy

Target 7d: aims "by 2020, to have achieved a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers." This project contributes to this goal by laying foundations for Phase III, where the State Commission for Housing will gain improved capacity to support local initiatives in slum upgrading and address the housing needs of the poor.

ICI 4.4.1 aims to "improve access to housing by 15%" and NDS 2007-2010 p81 states: "Iraq is facing a serious housing shortage which, unless addressed as a matter of urgency, could have a severe negative impact on the overall quality of life and urban development. A consensus has emerged that the solution to Iraq's housing shortage lies in a market-driven system founded on a strong housing finance system which can scale-up housing loans for moderate and low-income families." A market driven housing delivery system relies on a well functioning housing finance system. The project supports this national priority by scoping the potential of commercial banks to engage in housing finance. By also reviewing roles and responsibilities of housing related institutions, this project paves the way for the institutional and regulatory reforms that will be needed to support a market driven housing delivery system.

Outputs (NHC), and other stakeholders have evidence base for improved planning and implementation of institutional and regulatory reforms within the housing sector. 1.1 Evaluation of key housing sector outputs relevant to the implementation of the National Housing Policy is undertaken. (funded) 1.2 Iraq Housing Market Study originally prepared in 2006 updated to reflect current housing situation. (unfunded) Output 2: KRG is supported to adapt the National Housing Policy to address regionally specific criteria 2.1 An analysis prepared of key factors specific to KRG that warrant an addendum to the National Housing Policy. (Funded) 2.2 Strategy prepared to address low-income housing in KRG in line with the National Housing Policy.

(Funded) Output 3: Key housing sector institutions have a framework for realigning roles and building capacity in line with recommendations of the National Housing Policy 3.1 Role of the existing NHC strengthened to exist as a high level independent inter-ministerial body to monitor and support the implementation of the National Housing Policy and membership widened to include Ministry of Finance, private sector and civil society members. (Unfunded) 3.2 Roles and responsibilities of MoCH and related institutions clarified in the light of the requirements of the National Housing Policy. (Funded) Government of Iraq (GoI) has improved knowledge of the potential to establish a Output 4: commercial housing finance market in Irag in line with Banking Sector Reform processes. 4.1 Assessment prepared of two major state-owned commercial banks and selected private commercial banks to ascertain their position to engage in Housing Finance. (Funded) 4.2 Scoping study of the potential for the National Housing Fund to support commercial housing finance prepared. (Unfunded) 4.3 Study on alternative Housing Finance mechanisms to support households that are not served through commercial housing finance. (Unfunded) 1.1 Independent evaluation of Strengthening the Housing Sector Phase II project is undertaken **Activities** 1.2 Iraq Housing Market Study originally prepared in 2007 updated to reflect current housing situation 2.1 An analysis prepared of key factors specific to KRG that warrant an addendum to the National Housing Policy 2.2 Regionally specific addendum to the National Housing Policy prepared 3.1 Role of the existing National Habitat Committee strengthened to exist as a high level independent inter-ministerial body to monitor and support the implementation of the Housing Policy and to include Ministry of Finance, private sector and civil society members. 3.2 Training Needs Assessment of MoCH prepared 3.3 Roles and responsibilities of MoCH and related institutions clarified in the light of the Law of Disengagement and the requirements of the National Housing Policy 4.1 Assessment prepared of two major state-owned commercial banks and selected private commercial banks to ascertain their position to engage in Housing Finance 4.2 Scoping study of the potential for the National Housing Fund to support commercial housing finance 4.3 Study on alternative Housing Finance mechanisms to support households that are not served through commercial housing finance. N/A Procurement

UN-HABITAT as of 30 September 2011

Funds Committed	327,082.39	% of approved 70%
Funds Disbursed	184,062.54	% of approved 40%
Forecast final date	End of November 2011	Delay 0
		(months)

UNDP as of 30 September

Funds Committed	20,202.83	% of approved 7%
Funds Disbursed	18,772.83	% of approved 6.5%
Forecast final date	End of November 2011	Delay 0
		(months)

Direct Beneficiaries	Number of Beneficiaries	% of planned (current status)
Men	The project is helping to	
Women	strengthen institutional	
Children	capacity within the housing	
IDPs	sector through the	
Others	implementation of policies,	
Indirect beneficiaries	strategies and programmes	

Employment generation (men/women)	for accelerated supply of housing. This will, if effectively achieved, benefit
	the entire Iraqi population either directly or indirectly.

Quantitative achievements against objectives and results % of				
Quantitative achievements against objectives and results				
Output 1: MoCH, National Human Settlements Committee (NHC), and other stakeholders have evidence base for improved planning and implementation of institutional and regulatory reforms within the housing sector 1.1 Evaluation of key Housing Sector Outputs relevant to the implementation of the National Housing Policy is undertaken.	Tor prepared. The international consultant is on board reviewing relevant reports on the subject. An inception report by the said consultant has been shared with the counterparts in MoCH and a team from the ministry are assigned to work with/assist the consultant in gathering information and analysis. A workshop was conducted in Baghdad in August 2011 with the international consultant and the MoCH to discuss the work plan, roles and responsibilities of each partner (UN and Government), and to discuss other technical issues. The consultant is continuing work online with the counterparts and the appointed national consultant who is supporting in gathering information and conducting a questionnaire with relevant stakeholders, who had previously worked on the Housing Policy study and other relevant supporting data analysis entities.	planned 40%		
Output 2: KRG is supported to adapt the National Housing Policy to address regionally specific criteria 2.1 An analysis prepared of key factors related to low-income housing in KRG, 2.2 Strategy prepared to address low-income housing in KRG, in line with the National Housing Policy	Meeting held with relevant housing delivery KRG ministries. Inter ministerial task force established headed by MoP to prepare a strategy for low income housing in KRG. Several coordination meetings have taken place with counterparts in KRG to agree upon modalities of work and to engage housing sector stakeholders in the process of drafting the KRG housing strategy both at the central and governorate level. A meeting with high officials of the housing sector took place in the second half of July 2011. During the meeting, housing related issues were discussed and an agreement was reached on the modality of operation and work plan. Local consultants in two cities (Duhok and Sulaimaniya) have been appointed to assemble working groups in each locality from different housing delivery related directorates. Workshops and meetings have been organized to check and obtain an idea about the amount of data available, and assess the gaps that need to be filled. A workshop is scheduled to take place in Erbil in the end of October 2011 with all three governorates' stakeholders. The aim of the workshop is to discuss the findings and way forward.	35%		
Output 3: Key housing sector institutions have a framework for realigning roles and building capacity in line with recommendations of the National Housing Policy 3.2 Roles and responsibilities of key institutions in the housing sector drafted.	TOR prepared (same as output 1.1)	40%		
Output 4: Government of Iraq (GoI) has improved knowledge of the potential to establish a commercial housing finance market in Iraq in line with	The Private Sector Development Programme has been working with the Working Group on Banking represented by the heads of banks in Iraq, to which linkage has been made. ToR completed for provision of services to conduct a housing finance workshop and studies in accordance with the agreement on the activities with the	10%		

Banking Sector Reform processes 4.1 Assessment prepared of two major state-owned commercial banks and selected private commercial banks to ascertain their position to engage in Housing Finance Deputy Minister MoCH, Request for Proposals (RFP) issued (twice to seek more bids), technical and financial evaluation finalized, as well as the procurement appraisal. Contract under preparation in negotiation with the selected consultancy firm.

Qualitative achievements against objectives and results

A senior level Housing Committee has been formed in KRG to act as the steering committee for the project in the short term, and as a reference and policy direction decision making forum for all housing related issues in KRG.

Main implementation constrains & challenges (2-3 sentences)

A budget revision/ change of scope *has been* submitted; after having discussed that with the counterpart ministry (MoCH, Baghdad) upon their request. Outputs would be slightly amended to realign with the implementation of the recently approved Iraq National Housing Policy document (by the cabinet of ministers). Other outputs would shift to the second phase of implementation making way for more urgent needs.

Awaiting approval response from SCSO. Since this phase is a bridge funding consolidating phase II and laying the foundations for Phase III, only some of the sub outputs have been funded as shown under the list of Output and Key Activities above.

Lack of coordination between housing stakeholder ministries caused some delays with the start of the actual work.

A budget revision (time extension and movement of funds) will be submitted shortly to overcome the delays that took place and were related to coordination among housing related ministries in KRG on an agreement on roles and responsibilities. Delays in appointing supporting staff from MoCH/Baghdad have been faced which led to the recruitment of a national consultant from the UN part after realizing that the MoCH/Baghdad will not be able to perform the required tasks.

The challenge remains on the mind set and the way the government has been operating for decades so that an alignment with contemporary and modern housing policies and strategies could be attained to support the neediest.

There is a need for a serious and strong political will from the government side to support the process of change.