United Nations Development Group Iraq Trust Fund Project #: E4-20

Date and Quarter Updated: 1st October -31st December 2011 (4th Quarter)

Participating UN Organisation: UN-HABITAT (Lead), UNDP Sector: Housing

Government of Iraq – Responsible Line Ministry: Ministry of Construction and Housing

Title	Strengthening the Capacity of the Housing Sector in Iraq: Bridging for Phase III				
Geo. Location	Baghdad and Ki	Baghdad and KRG			
Project Cost	\$750,000 (UN-H	\$750,000 (UN-HABITAT component \$465,000; UNDP component \$285,000)			
Duration	15 months				
Approval Date	27 June 2010	Starting Date	31 August 2010	Completion	30.11.2011 extended to
				Date	30.06.2012
Project					hening the Capacity of the
Description				•	ent of Iraq and its Ministry
		•	<u> </u>		qi housing sector. It builds
			•	,	g Sector program, where a
					Phase I led to a National
					g needs. The policy shifts
		the Government's emphasis from direct provision of housing to enabling private sector			
		delivery, through creating a conductive legislative and regulatory environment, in line with			
		global good practice. A third phase is planned, and aims to support the Government of Iraq in			
	implementing the Policy through providing technical support in key institutional and regulatory				
	reform processes and in technical actions. The proposed Bridge Funding project will				
	consolidate Phase II and lay foundations for Phase III by putting in place necessary actions to				
	initialize the refo	rm of key instituti	ons that underpin th	e reform of the	sector.

Development Goal and Immediate Objectives

MDG 7, Target 7a: aims to "integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs and reverse the loss of environmental resources." This project clarifies the roles of the housing institutions, so that they can be better structured to support sustainable approaches to housing delivery stipulated in the National Housing Policy

Target 7d: aims "by 2020, to have achieved a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers." This project contributes to this goal by laying foundations for Phase III, where the State Commission for Housing will gain improved capacity to support local initiatives in slum upgrading and address the housing needs of the poor.

ICI 4.4.1 aims to "improve access to housing by 15%" and NDS 2007-2010 p81 states: "Iraq is facing a serious housing shortage which, unless addressed as a matter of urgency, could have a severe negative impact on the overall quality of life and urban development. A consensus has emerged that the solution to Iraq's housing shortage lies in a market-driven system founded on a strong housing finance system which can scale-up housing loans for moderate and low-income families." A market driven housing delivery system relies on a well functioning housing finance system. The project supports this national priority by scoping the potential of commercial banks to engage in housing finance. By also reviewing roles and responsibilities of housing related institutions, this project paves the way for the institutional and regulatory reforms that will be needed to support a market driven housing delivery system.

Outputs, Key	activities and Procurement
Outputs	Output 1: MoCH, National Human Settlements Committee (NHC), and other stakeholders have
	evidence base for improved planning and implementation of institutional and regulatory reforms within
	the housing sector
	 1.1 Evaluation of key housing sector outputs relevant to the implementation of the National Housing Policy is undertaken. (funded) 1.2 Iraq Housing Market Study originally prepared in 2006 updated to reflect current housing situation. (unfunded)

Output 2: KRG is supported to adapt the National Housing Policy to address regionally specific criteria

- 2.1 An analysis prepared of key factors specific to KRG that warrant an addendum to the National Housing Policy. (Funded)
- 2.2 Strategy prepared to address low-income housing in KRG in line with the National Housing Policy. (Funded)

Output 3: Key housing sector institutions have a framework for realigning roles and building capacity in line with recommendations of the National Housing Policy

- 3.1 Role of the existing NHC strengthened to exist as a high level independent inter-ministerial body to monitor and support the implementation of the National Housing Policy and membership widened to include Ministry of Finance, private sector and civil society members. (Unfunded)
- 3.2 Roles and responsibilities of MoCH and related institutions clarified in the light of the requirements of the National Housing Policy. (Funded)

<u>Output 4:</u> Government of Iraq (GoI) has improved knowledge of the potential to establish a commercial housing finance market in Iraq in line with Banking Sector Reform processes.

- 4.1 Assessment prepared of two major state-owned commercial banks and selected private commercial banks to ascertain their position to engage in Housing Finance. (Funded)
- 4.2 Scoping study of the potential for the National Housing Fund to support commercial housing finance prepared. (Unfunded)
- 4.3 Study on alternative Housing Finance mechanisms to support households that are not served through commercial housing finance. (Unfunded)

Activities

- 1.1 Independent evaluation of Strengthening the Housing Sector Phase II project is undertaken
- 1.2 Iraq Housing Market Study originally prepared in 2007 updated to reflect current housing situation
- 2.1 An analysis prepared of key factors specific to KRG that warrant an addendum to the National Housing Policy
- 2.2 Regionally specific addendum to the National Housing Policy prepared
- 3.1 Role of the existing National Habitat Committee strengthened to exist as a high level independent inter-ministerial body to monitor and support the implementation of the Housing Policy and to include Ministry of Finance, private sector and civil society members.
- 3.2 Training Needs Assessment of MoCH prepared
- 3.3 Roles and responsibilities of MoCH and related institutions clarified in the light of the Law of Disengagement and the requirements of the National Housing Policy
- 4.1 Assessment prepared of two major state-owned commercial banks and selected private commercial banks to ascertain their position to engage in Housing Finance
- 4.2 Scoping study of the potential for the National Housing Fund to support commercial housing finance
- 4.3 Study on alternative Housing Finance mechanisms to support households that are not served through commercial housing finance.

Procurement

N/A

UN-HABITAT as of 31 December 2011

Funds Committed	306,941.03	% of approved 66%
Funds Disbursed	193,374.74	% of approved 42%
Forecast final date	30 June 2012	Delay (months) 7 months

UNDP as of 31 December 2011

Funds Committed	139,138.01	% of approved	48%
Funds Disbursed	98,963.22	% of approved	28%
Forecast final date	30 June 2012	Delay (months)	7 months

Direct Beneficiaries	Number of Beneficiaries	% of planned (current status)
Men	The project is helping to strengthen	
Women	institutional capacity within the housing	
Children	sector through the implementation of	
IDPs	policies, strategies and programmes for	
Others	accelerated supply of housing. This will,	
Indirect beneficiaries	if effectively achieved, benefit the entire	
Employment generation (men/women)	Iraqi population either directly or	
	indirectly.	

Quantitative achievements against	objectives and results	% of
Output 1:	TOP proposed	planned
Output 1: MoCH, National Human Settlements	TOR prepared.	70%
Committee (NHC), and other	The international consultant is on board reviewing relevant reports on the	
stakeholders have evidence base for	subject. An inception report by the said consultant has been shared with the	
improved planning and implementation	counterparts in MoCH and a team from the ministry are assigned to work	
of institutional and regulatory reforms	with/assist the consultant in gathering information and analysis.	
within the housing sector		
1.1 Evaluation of key Housing Sector Outputs relevant to the implementation of the National Housing Policy is undertaken.	A workshop was conducted in Baghdad in August 2011 with the international consultant and the MoCH to discuss the work plan, roles and responsibilities of each partner (UN and Government), and to discuss other technical issues. The consultant is continuing work online with the counterparts and the appointed national consultant who is supporting in gathering information and conducting a questionnaire with relevant stakeholders, who had previously worked on the Housing Policy study and other relevant supporting data analysis entities.	
	A two day workshop was held in Baghdad during the period 21 - 23 November 2011 to draft a detailed work plan to start the implementation of the national housing policy. The international consultant met with the technical working groups to discuss the needed actions to be taken in the	
	coming two years. The workshop was attended by officials from the Ministry of Construction and Housing (MoCH) and National Housing Fund, Ministry of Municipalities and Public Works (MoMPW), Ministry of Planning (MoP). The workshop resulted in a set of recommended policies and actions to be implemented in the immediate term, indicating responsible entities and	
	timeline in addition to agreeing on next steps.	
Output 2: KRG is supported to adapt the National Housing Policy to address regionally specific criteria	Meeting held with relevant housing delivery KRG ministries. Inter ministerial task force established headed by MoP to prepare a strategy for low income housing in KRG.	65%
2.1 An analysis prepared of key factors related to low-income housing in KRG,	Several coordination meetings have taken place with counterparts in KRG to agree upon modalities of work and to engage housing sector stakeholders in the process of drafting the KRG housing strategy both at the central and governorate level.	
2.2 Strategy prepared to address low-income housing in KRG, in line with the National Housing Policy	A meeting with high officials of the housing sector took place in the second half of July 2011. During the meeting, housing related issues were discussed and an agreement was reached on the modality of operation and work plan. Local consultants in two cities (Duhok and Sulaimaniya) have been appointed to assemble working groups in each locality from different housing delivery related directorates. Workshops and meetings have been organized to check and obtain an idea about the amount of data available, and assess the gaps that need to be filled.	
	Three meetings took place in KRG between 22-26 October 2011 with stakeholders from the three governorates: Erbil, Duhok and Sulaimanya. The aim of the workshops was to discuss findings and agree on the way forward.	
Output 3:	TOR prepared	40%
Key housing sector institutions have a		
framework for realigning roles and	(same as output 1.1)	

building capacity in line with recommendations of the National Housing Policy		
3.2 Roles and responsibilities of key institutions in the housing sector drafted.		
Output 4: Government of Iraq (GoI) has improved knowledge of the potential to establish a commercial housing finance market in Iraq in line with Banking Sector Reform processes	Based on the ToR with the activities agreed with the Deputy Minister of MoCH, the consultancy firm procured through a competitive process conducted desk reviews of existing documents, interviews, a workshop and compiled a report on the establishment of a housing finance market with recommended plans for the way forward. The stakeholders that were engaged in the process not only included private and state-owned commercial banks, but also other organizations such as the Board of Investment, the World	95%
4.1 Assessment prepared of two major state-owned commercial banks and selected private commercial banks to ascertain their position to engage in Housing Finance	Bank, USAID and NGOs. The final report was translated into Arabic and shared with the MoCH.	

Qualitative achievements against objectives and results

A senior level Housing Committee has been formed in KRG to act as the steering committee for the project in the short term, and as a reference and policy direction decision making forum for all housing related issues in KRG.

A document has been compiled assessing and providing recommendations for the establishment of a housing finance market in Iraq, incorporating findings through desk reviews of existing documents, interviews/ consultations and discussions in a workshop.

Main implementation constrains & challenges (2-3 sentences)

A budget revision/ change of scope *has been* submitted; after having discussed that with the counterpart ministry (MoCH, Baghdad) upon their request. Outputs would be slightly amended to realign with the implementation of the recently approved Iraq National Housing Policy document (by the cabinet of ministers). Other outputs would shift to the second phase of implementation making way for more urgent needs.

Awaiting approval response from SCSO. Since this phase is a bridge funding consolidating phase II and laying the foundations for Phase III, only some of the sub outputs have been funded as shown under the list of Output and Key Activities above.

Lack of coordination between housing stakeholder ministries caused some delays with the start of the actual work. The challenge remains in shifting the mind set and the way the government has been operating for decades so that an alignment with contemporary and modern housing policies and strategies could be attained to support the neediest. There is a need for a serious and strong political will from the government side to support the process of change.

A budget revision (time extension and movement of funds) has been submitted and approved to overcome the delays that took place. Delays were related to coordination among housing related ministries in KRG on an agreement on roles and responsibilities. Delays in appointing supporting staff from MoCH/Baghdad have been faced which led to the recruitment of a national consultant from the UN part after realizing that the MoCH/Baghdad will not be able to perform the required tasks.