

UN EBOLA RESPONSE MPTF PROJECT MONTHLY PROGRESS REPORT - VERSION 1

Period: November 2015 - 63462

Project Number and Title: 01#16 SO1 Strengthen District Level Case Finding, Case Management,	PROJECT ST DATE':	ART	MPTF	ATED by	RECIPIENT ORGANIZATION
Reporting, Logistics Management and	01-01-2014	4	\ I	dicate different	World Health
Community Mobilization and			tranches i	f applicable)	Organization (WHO)
Engagement				\$4,145,924.00	
Project ID: 00093251					
Project Focal Point:	EXTENSIC	N	FINAN	CIAL	
Name: Dr Kone Moussa	DATE:		COMMI	TMENTS	
E-mail: konem@who.int				\$356,785.00	
Strategic Objective (STEPP)	PROJECTED	END	EXPEN	DITURES	IMPLEMENTING
SOI – Stop the outbreak	DATE:		as of	[30-October-	PARTNER(S):
SO2 – Treat the infected		_	2015]	_	Governments of Guinea
SO4 – Preserve stability	31-12-2015	5	_		
Mission Critical Action				\$3,931,071.00	
MCA01 – Identifying and tracing people with Ebola				• • •	
MCA03 - Care for persons with Ebola					
and infection control					
MCA09 – Reliable supplies of materials					
and equipment					
MCAII - Social mobilization and					
community engagement					
Location:		Sub-N	ational C	overage Areas:	1
Regional; Guinea	All affected districts in the country (high			(high and low caseload)	

MONTHLY PROGRESS REPORT RESULTS MATRIX

		OUTPU	TINDICATORS		
Indicator	Geographi c Area	Projected Target (as per results matrix)	Quantitative results for the (one month) reporting period	Cumulative results since project commencement (quantitative)	Delivery Rate (cumulative % of projected total) as of date
Description of the quantifiable indicator as set out in the approved project proposal					

¹ The date project funds were first transferred.

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Under MCAI



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Proportion of suspect cases investigated within 24 hours of notification	All affected districts in 3 countries	>90%	100%	100%	100%
Weekly Average of proportion of contacts monitored	All affected districts in 3 countries	>95%	100%	99%	100%
Under MCA03			<u> </u>		
Number of new health care workers infected by district	All affected districts in 3 countries	0	0	37	37
Under MCA09				<u> </u>	
Incidences of stock out of PPEs	All affected districts in 3 countries	0			
Under MCAII			1		
Proportion of incidences of community resistance resolved	All affected districts in 3 countries	>90%	100%	99%	100%
EFFECT INDICATORS (if available for the reporting period)					

NARRATIVE

Situation Update

No cases of Ebola virus disease (EVD) were reported in Guinea during November, although cerclage operations continued through the first part of the month in the sub-prefecture of Kalia, Forecariah, in response to cases reported there during October. The last reported case in Guinea was registered on 29 October 2015. That patient was treated in an Ebola Treatment Centre in Conakry and was confirmed EVD-negative on 16 November. By the end of November there were no contacts under follow-up in Guinea. If no further cases are reported, human-to-human transmission of EVD linked to the primary outbreak will be declared to have ended on 28 December, 42 days after the country's last patient was confirmed as EVD-negative.

Key Achievements

WHO social mobilization teams, including socioanthropologists, played a key role in successful negotiations with affected communities in Tana Village (Forecariah) and Ratoma (Conakry) to ensure community support for cerclage operations. The team was also involved in door-to-door case finding.

The official launch of training for community groups took place in the Conakry communes of Ratoma and Matoto.



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These ceremonies were led by the Mayors of the communes with the participation of national health authorities and WHO field coordinators. Training is aimed at various community groups and networks such as religious leaders, community leaders, transport unions, students, security (police, military), women and youth associations.

In Dubreka, 257 religious leaders (Imams) were briefed on community-based surveillance by the national Islamic league, with the support from the WHO social mobilization team.

The team in Forecariah continued to sensitized families and community groups on prevention measures and behaviors. Similar activities were implemented in prefectures including Boke, Fria, Gaoual, Lola, and N'Zérékoré.

In Gueckedou and Macenta part of WHO's social mobilization team was involved in training of community workers including supervisors for community based surveillance. The team will hold similar training sessions in Forecariah, Kankan and Kouroussa.

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N/A

Gender and Environmental Markers N/A

No. of Beneficiaries		
Women		
Girls		
Men		
Boys		
Total		

Environmental Markers
e.g. Medical and Bio Hazard Waste
e.g. Chemical Pollution

Additional Information (Optional)