





Action for Girls and Young Women's Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights in Mozambique (RAPARIGA BIZ UN JOINT PROGRAMME IN MOZAMBIQUE)

MPTF OFFICE GENERIC ANNUAL PROGRAMME¹ NARRATIVE PROGRESS REPORT REPORTING PERIOD: 01 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER 2022

Programme Title & Project Number	Country, Locality(s), Priority Area(s) / Strategic Results ²					
Programme Title: Action for Girls and Young Women's Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights	(if applicable) Country/Region: Mozambique					
 in Mozambique Programme Number (if applicable) MPTF Office Project Reference Number:³ 00101069 and 00117215 	 Priority area/ strategic results Outcome 1: Girls' and young women's knowledge, agency and capacities strengthened to make informed decisions on their SRH, demand for and uptake of essential SRH services. Outcome 2: Availability of quality integrated ASRH services for girls and young women increased. Outcome 3: An enabling, free and safe environment for increased participation of girls and young women and the promotion of their SRHR created. Outcome 4: Strengthened governance and coordination for integrated SRH programming. 					
Participating Organization(s)	Implementing Partners					
Organizations that have received direct funding from the MPTF Office under this programme: UNFPA, UNICEF, UNESCO and UN Women	 National counterparts (government, private sector, CSOs/NGOs & others): Ministry of Education and Human Development (MINEDH), Provincial Directorate of Education of Nampula and Zambezia Province (DPE), Secretariat of State of Youth and Employment (SEJE), Núcleo das Associações Feministas da Zambézia (NAFEZA), Coalizão da Juventude Moçambicana (Coalizão), Rede Homens pela Mudança (HOPEM), Associação Juvenil Kutenga (Kutenga), Fundação para o Desenvolvimento da 					

¹ The term "programme" is used for programmes, joint programmes and projects.

² Strategic Results, as formulated in the Strategic UN Planning Framework (e.g. UNDAF) or project document;

³ The MPTF Office Project Reference Number is the same number as the one on the Notification message. It is also referred to as "Project ID" on the project's factsheet page the MPTF Office GATEWAY

	Comunidade (FDC), Right to Play (RTP); PCI Media; Televisão de Mocambique; Forum Nacional de Rádios Comunitárias (FORCOM); Rádio Moçambique; Instituto de Comunicação Social (ICS); Instituto de Formação Profissional e Estudos Laborais Alberto Cassimo (IFPELAC); and Instituto Nacional de Emprego (INEP)
Programme/Project Cost (US\$)	Programme Duration
Total approved budget as per project document: US\$ 5,017,121 MPTF /JP Contribution ⁴ : Total approved budget as per project document: US\$ 5,017,121	Overall Duration (months): 83 months (1 May 2016 - 31 March 2023) Start Date ⁵ (dd.mm.yyyy): 01 May 2016
Government Contribution (if applicable)	Original End Date ⁶ (dd.mm.yyyy): 31 December 2020
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Programme Assessment/Review/Mid-Term Eval.	Report Submitted By
Assessment/Review - if applicable please attach X Yes No Date: 30.06.2020 Mid-Term Evaluation Report – if applicable please attach Yes No Date: dd.mm.yyyy	 Name: Walter Mendonca-Filho Title: Deputy Representative Participating Organization (Lead): UNFPA Mozambique Email address: mendonca-filho@unfpa.org

⁴ The MPTF or JP Contribution, refers to the amount transferred to the Participating UN Organizations, which is available on the MPTF Office GATEWAY

⁵ The start date is the date of the first transfer of the funds from the MPTF Office as Administrative Agent. Transfer date is available on the MPTF Office GATEWAY

⁶ As per approval of the original project document by the relevant decision-making body/Steering Committee.

⁷ If there has been an extension, then the revised, approved end date should be reflected here. If there has been no extension approved, then the current end date is the same as the original end date. The end date is the same as the operational closure date which is when all activities for which a Participating Organization is responsible under an approved MPTF / JP have been completed. As per the MOU, agencies are to notify the MPTF Office when a programme complete its operational activities.

ACRONYMS

AGYW Adolescent Girls and Young Women

ASRH Adolescent Sexual and Reproductive Health

CIADAJ Multisectorial Committee for the Support of the Development of Adolescents and Youth

CNJ National Youth Council

CSE Comprehensive Sexuality Education

CSO Civil Society Organization
DPS Provincial Health Directorate
ENDE National Development Strategy

e-VAWG Elimination of Violence against Women and Girls

GBV Gender-Based Violence GoM Government of Mozambique

IP Implementing Partner

MGCAS Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action MINEDH Ministry of Education and Human Development

MINT Ministry of Interior MoH Ministry of Health RB Rapariga Biz

SAAJ Youth Friendly Services

SBCC Social and Behavior Change Communication

SDGs Sustainable Development Goals

SRHR Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights

UPR Universal Periodic Review VAC Violence against Children

VAWG Violence against Women and Girls

YFHS Youth Friendly Health Service

NARRATIVE REPORT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents the progress and results achieved in the 7th year (2022) of the Rapariga Biz (RB) Programme. The foundation of RB is the promotion and protection of the sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) of adolescent girls and young women (AGYW) aged 10-24 in 20 districts across Nampula and Zambézia provinces. The key relevant programme stakeholders and partners are: The Government of Mozambique, civil society partners and UN agencies, including UNFPA (lead agency), UNICEF, UNESCO, and UN Women. The Secretariat of State for Youth and Employment (SEJE) is the lead entity within the Government of Mozambique, as part of the Programa Geração Biz, with other four line-ministries (Health; Education and Human Development; Justice, Constitutional and Religious Affairs; and Gender, Children and Social Action). The programme receives technical and financial assistance from the Embassy of Sweden and the High Commission of Canada.

The programme builds on a holistic and multi-sector approach to empower AGYW to access their SRHR and make informed decisions concerning their life choices. This approch is composed of: 1) mentorship sessions of adolescent girls and young women by young female mentors in safe spaces in communities; 2) school reintegration of out-of-school adolescent girls and young women; 3) provision of gender-sensitive and integrated adolescent and youth-friendly SRH/GBV services in health facilities, schools, and community levels; 4) comprehensive adolescent SRH education; 5) economic empowerment of adolescent girls and young women; and 6) community mobilization and behavior change communication which all contributes to ultimately reducing the persitant high numbers of child marriage and early pregancy in the two target provinces of the programme. During 2022, a remarkably low rate of child marriage among the AGYW enrolled in the programme has been sustained (0.7%), lower than the target of 5%, and the programme similarly saw a remarkably low rate of early pregnancy among girls and young women aged 10-19 while participating in the mentorship sessions (0.9%), compared to the programme target of 5%. Achievements under specific outcomes and outputs are presented in the results sections below.

I. Purpose

The Rapariga Biz Programme has been designed to improve the sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) of 1,085,447 girls and young women in Mozambique in the provinces of Nampula (10 districts) and Zambézia (10 districts). These provinces have among the highest poverty levels in the country, and women and young girls are burdened with a high level of discrimination and are at high risk of child marriage, early pregnancy, maternal mortality, obstetric fistula, violence and HIV. The project combines three core components which aim to complement one another to drive improvements in SRHR. Firstly, it runs a series of girl-focused interventions, which support girls by providing them with the knowledge they need to make informed choices relating to SRHR as well as additional skills such as vocational training. The approach relies on a mentorship model whereby trained mentors provide a safe space for girls to explore questions regarding SRHR including family planning, gender roles/norms, and prevention and response to GBV, among other topics. Secondly, the project supports health services, including youth friendly clinics (YFS/SAAJs), mobile clinics, and school health corners dedicated to providing SRHR consultations and comprehensive sexuality education (CSE). It also works with the Ministry of Education and Human Development (MINEDH) to develop a CSE curriculum that will be rolled out to support changing norms and building knowledge around SRHR for adolescents in schools. Thirdly, the project aims at creating an enabling environment by supporting multi-sectoral approaches and projects such as a sexual health hotline, radio programs focusing on SRHR topics, community dialogues, working with the Ministry of Justice and

police officers around gender-based violence (GBV) and the engagement of boys and young men. To this end, the Programme has the following four expected outcomes:

- 1. Outcome 1: Girls' and young women's knowledge, agency and capacities strengthened to make informed decisions on their SRH, demand for and uptake of essential SRH services.
- 2. Outcome 2: Availability of quality integrated ASRH services for girls and young women increased.
- 3. Outcome 3: An enabling, free and safe environment for increased participation of girls and young women and the promotion of their SRHR created.
- 4. Outcome 4: Strengthened governance and coordination for integrated SRH programming.

II. RESULTS

In this section, we include results using three main components: description of the results, the respective indicators and, where possible, stories to witness the result, by outcome and output.

OUTCOME 1: GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN'S KNOWLEDGE, AGENCY AND CAPACITIES STRENGTHENED TO MAKE INFORMED DECISIONS ON THEIR SRHR, DEMAND FOR AND UPTAKE OF ESSENTIAL SRH SERVICES

Rapariga Biz is to ensure that the sexual reproductive health and rights of girls and young women between 10-24 years are fully realized through improved capacities to make informed decisions and improved access to SRH services. Thus, the knowledge and agency of the girls and young women to make informed decisions about their SRHR is central to Rapariga Biz's holistic and rights-based approach. Having cumulatively reached 970,310 girls aged 10-24 years, the program has seen a significant contribution to unmet needs for family planning and an increase in the number of couples of years' protection, reflected in pregnancy rates of less than 5% (0.9%) in adolescent girls from safe spaces which can contribute to reduction of national rates which is 46%.

• Output 1. Girls' knowledge, capacities and agency for SRHR improved

- o 179,639 AGYW reached with peer-to-peer mentorship and life skills in safe spaces at the community level by RB in the 12th cycle of the mentorship programme. When compared to the previous year, this represented an increase by 96%, from 91,665 in 2021 to 179,639 in 2022. The AGYW participating in the mentorship sessions receives knowledge and skills on SRHR, HIV/AIDS and GBV, life skills, decision making power, self-esteem, exercising of rights and citizenship.
- o 3,280 mentors were active in leading mentoring sessions in their communities in 2022. This represented a reduction by 23% when compared to mentors active in 2021 (4,262 mentors).
- Cumulatively the programme has reached 970,310 AGYW aged 10-24 years in 20 districts of Nampula and Zambezia with mentorship. This number of AGYW represents 89% of the target (1,085,447).
- Human interest story with mentees published on UNFPA Mozambique website on the Int. Day
 of the Girl Child "Mother, I cannot marry this man. I am too young. I want to continue my
 studies". Link to article inserted here in English and here in Portuguese.
- The prevalence of adolescent pregnancy in Rapariga Biz districts in 2022 was 0.9% (1,390 cases of early pregnancy among 155,447 AGYW aged 10-19) and that of child marriage was 0.7% (1,055 cases of child marriage in 155,447 AGYW aged 10-19). While this is a significant achievement for the project, the actual numbers remain high.
- 2,089 AGYW (against a target of 2,000) identified as out-of-school, were supported to reintegrate into school through the provision of scholarships. This figure represents 105% of achievement vis-a-vis the planned target.

132,809 new adolescents and youth subscribed to the SMS Biz platform and received peer-topeer counseling on SRH. In 2022, SMS Biz experienced a growth of 72%, from 340,000 users
(end 2021) to 472,809 users (end 2022) (51% male and 49% female) with an average response
rate of 62.5%. A new MoU agreement was signed in April 2022 with three main Telecom
Companies with a duration of two years automatically renewable. The MoU provides unlimited
free bulk SMS to adolescents and young people, providing a safe platform where they can ask
questions and express their concerns whilst simultaneously serving as an advocacy tool
towards the Government, as decision-makers, to be held accountable to finding solutions for
issues raised by young people.

• Output 2. Citizenship of girls and young women

- o In 2022, the component of civil registration and provision of identity documents supported 120 girls with the need of identification documents. This achievement represents a decrease of 97% compared to last year which supported 4,061 girls due to the fact that this year there was no provision of civil registration services in community events and mobile brigades held in the communities and since these services are not available in the district headquarters, they lack a budget to travel the girls for this purpose. Cumulatively however, 68% (110,565/179,639) of the girls participating in mentorship sessions in safe spaces, have civil registration updated.
- o From 2017, Ouro Negro has been part of the Rapariga Biz Programme by embarking on a multi-media strategy that, in 2022, included radio dramas, live talk shows, adolescent-led radio programs, radiophonic theatre in local languages, radio spots and social media platforms. According to the Geopoll data collected in mid-2021, the total of radio listeners in Mozambique who are aware of any of the Ouro Negro dramas, shows or programmes is 5,8 million people. Out of these, 1,7 million have listened to any of the Ouro Negro dramas, shows or programmes in the last 30 days. Ouro Negro radio dramas (Jambolane and InTxunáveis) were broadcasted on 115 radio stations nationwide, encompassing 13 Radio Mozambique (RM) stations, 65 ICS stations, and 37 independent and community radio stations. All the episodes can be found here. In addition, a total of 1,380 Ouro Negro Ao Vivo programs were produced and broadcasted. All sessions are available here.
- o In 2022, RB reached a total of 2,730 adolescents with a training and engagement in media clubs through both national radio and television (including Radio Mozambique, FORCOM community radio network and TVM), out of which 1,230 media producers (738 girls and 492 boys) and 1,500 adolescent parliamentarians (600 girls and 900 boys) in Nampula and Zambezia provinces. As a result of the training, 2,060 studio and live programmes (in Portuguese and local languages) were produced and aired by the adolescents reaching an estimated 5 million adolescents and their families with content related to ASRHR, violence against children (VAC) and child marriage prevention, mental health, inclusion, education, Covid-19 and climate change. The interactive media debates produced by adolescents and youth champions greatly contribute to amplifying their voices and vocational skills, including knowledge and information regarding the role of families and communities in reverting harmful social norms and behavior to promote the well-being of children and adolescents. Adolescents acquire employability skills, further increasing the impact of the media training programme in their lives and futures.
- With complementary funding from the Global Programme to End Child Marriage, Ouro Negro da Malta was developed as an adolescent-led radio program that aims to increase the discussion and understanding among teenagers and young people of the themes addressed in the radio drama Ouro Negro. Since 2021 the program has been produced by adolescents for their peers, in Portuguese, in 6 radio stations, 3 in Nampula and 3 in Zambézia. While the radio drama is fiction, this talk show brings the reality of listeners and adolescents into the broadcasting studio. In the program, adolescents talk about what they know, what they think, how they live their lives and make decisions about the various issues addressed in the stories of the radio dramas. With the support from Coalizão and Parlamento Infantil in Nampula (Angoche,

Namialo and Nacala-Porto) and Zambézia (Pebane, Milange and Mocuba), 23 mentors and girls and boys (aged 10-19) were identified and trained as producers of the adolescent-led radio programs. From July to November 2022, ON da Malta produced a total of 91 programs in Zambezia and Nampula, all of which are uploaded to the ON SoundCloud platform and promoted through the Facebook page of each radio. Most listeners that have provided feedback praise community radios for the new educational program and highlight the importance of the messages and discussions.

• Output 3. Increased demand for SRH services [Remark: In the Canada Proposal this output belongs to outcome 2]

O During the reporting period, the program increased the demand for access and use of information and integrated services on SRH, GBV, STI and HIV through health professionals and sensitization of Activists and Mentors. As such, a total of 170,737 (59,424 in Nampula and 111,313 in Zambezia) adolescent girls and young women accessed youth health friendly services (SAAJ). Additionally, 44% AGYW (74,228 out of 170,737) who accessed AYFS in the 20 programme districts, adopted at least one modern contraceptive method in addition to male and female condoms and 60% (102,442 out of 170,737) did HIV test.

• Output 4. Girls and young women are voicing the issues concerning their lives at district, provincial and national level

- o In 2022, the Rapariga Biz Programme continued to promote girls and young women's participation in decision making processes through voicing the issues concerning their lives at district, provincial and national level. In this regard, three conferences were supported through the programme: The National Youth Conference held in Maputo in the light of the International Youth Day on 12 of August, and two provincial youth conferences which took place in the city of Lichinga in Niassa province and in the city of Bilene in Gaza province. The National Youth Conference was attended by the President of the Republic who reaffirmed the Government's commitment to support youth initiatives, and encouraged the youth to be active and participative in the development process of the country. The two provincial conferences (in Bilene and Lichinga) were held in the context of the International Day of the Girl Child on 10 October. The target set for the year was to support 2 national and provincial youth events with Rapariga Biz funds, however, with the 3 events supported by the end of the year, the achievement rate for this indicator was 150%.
- The Rapariga Biz Programme also supported the Youth Creative Prize held in 2022, whose central ceremonies took place in Marracuene district, in Maputo Province. For more details on the Youth Creative Prize, please visit this <u>link</u>.

OUTCOME 2 - UNIVERSAL ACCESS TO INTEGRATED SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICES ENHANCED

While the agency, influencing the uptake of SRH services and the increased need for the availability of quality integrated ASRH services for adolescents, girls and young women at schools, health facilities and at community levels in the target districts, to make the integrated ASRH quality services available for girls and young women is the center of the intervention so that AGYW can continue to use the SRH services available in communities, schools and health facilities, contributing to the increase of new and following FP users, 100% access to the services of ANC and institutional birth services.

• Output 5. Teachers implement the comprehensive sexuality and sexual health rights education package

 2,032 pre-service teachers across seven teacher training institutes in Zambézia (Quelimane, Alto Molocué, Nicuadala and Morrumbala) and Nampula (Nampula, Marrere and Monapo) received sensibilization of CSE content as result of the 79 (21 female) teacher trainers certified as CSE skilled trainers.

- o 33,805 primary and secondary students and 174 (120 female and 54 male) university students were sensitized on key CSE topics as a way to empower them and serve as change agents in their communities. This sensitization was carried out by 690 (232 female and 458 male) trained in-service teachers, gender and health focal points and school managers.
- O The manual for crosscutting curricular approach issues: Comprehensive Sexuality Education (CSE), Education for Sustainable Development (ESD) in primary school was tested in the 3 regions of the country (South, Centre and North). The manual will serve as a guide for teachers to teach crosscutting issues including CSE and ESD.

• Output 6. Mobile health clinics and Community Health Workers (CHWs) in 20 priority districts deliver integrated SRH services at the community level.

o In order to promote access to sexual and reproductive services by adolescent and youth including in hard-to-reach and remote areas, mobile brigades were deployed both in Nampula (4 districts) and Zambezia (5 districts). As a result, a total of 26,224 girls, boys and women were reached with SRH mobile services during the reporting period in Zambezia (17,923) and Nampula (8,301).

• Output 7. Integrated ASRH services by health providers are available in school SRH corners

o In 2022, in strengthening the capacity for the provision of SRH services in schools, 40 health and education professionals (22 Zambezia and 18 Nampula) and 353 school-based activists (150 Zambezia and 203 Nampula) were trained with the aim of promoting integration of SRH at the school level covering 54 schools (Zambezia 22 and Nampula 32) which represents 60% of schools in the target districts. Additionally, 138,988 students (Zambezia) sought integrated SRH sessions.

• Output 8. Coordinated services to GBV survivors

- o In support of the operationalization of the multisector mechanisms for responding to GBV victims, 4 provincial coordination meetings were held in Nampula and Zambezia involving Government and CSO partners to discuss the improvement of referral mechanisms for GBV survivors. In this regard, in Nampula, 3,975 cases of violence were assisted in an integrated manner by the mechanism.
- Under the Spotlight Initiative, an integrated care center in Angoche (Nampula), was completed
 and equipped, with financial and technical support from the UN. The infrastructure has
 contributed to improved affordability, and accessibility of GBV services in that district.
- The technical and financial strengthening of the child helpline, Linha Fala Crianca (LFC) in 2022 resulted in 170,655 phone calls, of which 122,422 required specific interventions with a total of 4,843 registered cases involving 5,958 victims (3,295 female and 2,692 male). The majority of criminal cases reported were related to child marriage (42 per cent) and sexual violence (28 per cent). The 4,843 cases reported represent a 47% increase in comparison with 2021. A total of 3,576 cases were referred to different services (police, attorney office, health, social workers) out of which 2,694 have been closed (corresponding to 73,3%). The majority of victims are girls (55 per cent), mostly between 11-14 years old. Training sessions by LFC targeted a total of 375 girls mentors and 34,857 adolescents at schools, to raise awareness on the pathway for identification, referral of violence and child marriage cases. Furthermore, LFC services were strengthened by providing technical equipment, capacity building of counselors and case managers, including Prevention of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA), case management (through e-learning MGCAS platform) in the three call centers (Maputo-Chimoio-Pemba).
- O To achieve the objectives stipulated in the Multi-Sectoral VAC referral and reporting mechanism, RB supported the Ministry of Education in capacity building of 30 education professionals (teachers and gender and school health focal points) and the multisectorial group to establish the VAC mechanism in school with defined roles and responsibilities of the

different sectors. This will enhance efficient implementation, coordination and monitoring with focus on the central role of schools in preventing and responding to cases of violence against children which negatively affect the school environment, and which contribute to absenteeism, school dropouts and failure in learning among children and young people. (RBP funds combined with GPECM and KOICA funding).

Output 9. Access to microfinance, vocational training and SME development for girls and young women

- o 6,427 adolescent girls and young women (AGYW) aged 15-24 years old from both rural and urban areas of Zambézia (5,828) and Nampula (599) were empowered economically through training in financial literacy, participating in savings groups, vocational and business management training, and allocated kits for business startups. This resulted in a total of 2,286 AGYW running micro businesses in Zambezia and Nampula.
- 3,579 AGYW from the safe spaces in Zambezia have developed financial goals and savings plans following their participation in financial literacy sessions conducted in their groups (on average each girl attended 12 sessions). In total 2,661 financial literacy sessions were conducted, attended by 1,510 AGYW in Maganja da Costa and 2,069 in Quelimane. The financial literacy enhanced the girls' agency and kept these AGYW safe from violence as they were concentrating in achieving their financial goals using safe and reliable options.
- O 302 Village Savings and Loans Associations (VSLAs) (194 newly established "intensive phase" and 108 old groups "maturity and independence phase") in Zambezia offered 5,229 AGYW the resources they need to earn a living, prevent using negative coping mechanism, develop skills, and build and retain assets of their own. These groups have a cumulative savings of USD 254,008 with loan utilization at 5%, loan fund of USD 406,146 and a profit of USD 72,721. The newly established groups' accumulative savings stands at MZN 1,303,860 which is equivalent to USD 27,969.
- O 2,286 AGYW from the safe spaces, out of which 2,136 from Zambezia province and 120 from Nampula province, secured self-employment through businesses that revitalized local markets and household economies. In total the microbusiness made an income of MZN 20,005,500 equivalent to USD 342,942. The minimum income obtained from the microbusiness is MZN 3,000 (USD 47) per month while the highest was MZN 35,000 (USD 552) per month, which is higher than the minimum salary in the public sector in the country.
- o 1,204 AGYW from safe spaces between the ages of 15-24, in and out of school, and from urban and rural areas, have the capacity to apply for employment opportunities after being trained in the job seeker guidelines, listing different tools and platforms available when applying for jobs.
- o 98 community facilitators (33 in Maganja and 65 in Quelimane) were provided with skills, knowledge, and tools to train and facilitate financial literacy and VSLA methodology.

OUTCOME 3: AN ENABLING, FREE AND SAFE ENVIRONMENT FOR INCREASED PARTICIPATION OF GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN AND THE PROMOTION OF THEIR SRH RIGHTS CREATED

Families, community members and leaders, religious leaders, parents, midwives, boys and men have played a critical role in promoting an enabling, free and safe environment for increased participation of girls and young women and ensuring that they enjoy their sexual and reproductive health and rights. Therefore, the involvement of these actors in the program have shown to be key to address the barriers and behavioral gaps in the environment surrounding girls and young women at the community related to SRHR.

Output 10. Enhanced involvement of boys and young men to strengthen their SRHR

The boys' mentorship, which was launched in late 2021, in 6 districts (3 in Nampula and 3 in Zambezia) expanded in 2022 to 6 new districts, reaching 21,731 adolescent boys and young men (ABYM), out of which 31% (6,749) in the age group of 10-14 years, 46% (9,894) in the age group of 15-19 years, and 23% (5,088) of the age group of 20-24 years.

- Through the peer-to-peer male mentorship programme, boys and young men receive training and knowledge regarding SRHR including the use of family planning and prevention and response to STIs such as HIV/AIDS, gender equality, positive masculinities and the prevention and response to GBV. The mentorship programme has been appreciated by the boys and young men partaking in the sessions as it provides a safe space for them to discuss and explore areas that might otherwise be tabu or hard to find accurate information. It is also contributing to an enabling environment for AGYW to access their SRHR.
- Human interest story with programme beneficiaries regarding the boys and young men mentorship "Engaging boys to promote and protect girls' rights in Nampula" published on the UNFPA Mozambique website in conjunction with the 16 Days of Activism against GBV Campaign. Link to article inserted here in English and here in Portuguese.

• Output 11. Faith based leaders and youth groups mobilized and active to promote adolescent SRH and rights

o In 2022, 10 dialogues were held with the participation of 275 religious leaders (270 men and 5 women) in 2 districts of Nampula (Monapo and Meconta) and 4 districts of Zambézia (Milange, Alto Molocué, Pebane and Mocuba) with the participation of PGB technicians at each district level. Dialogues with religious leaders aimed to make participants aware of the negative aspects of cultural practices that are harmful to the full enjoyment of sexual and reproductive rights by adolescents and young people, with greater focus on girls. The following topics were discussed: Premature unions, forced unions, disclosure of law 19/2019, Gender, Teenage pregnancy and Sexual and reproductive rights, complying with the COVID-19 prevention measures provided for in the health protocol (handwashing, distancing and use of masks).

• Output 12. Communities participating in community dialogues on SRHR related to girls and young women

O During the year under review, a total of 209 communities (150 in Nampula and 59 in Zambezia) were reached by the community dialogues interventions. As a result of these interventions, 404 community leaders (224 in Nampula and 180 in Zambezia) were empowered, who, in turn, led 6,874 community dialogue sessions in the two target provinces. In total, 125,539 people were reached through community dialogues.

Output 13. Strengthened awareness of girls and young women SRHR including HIV/AIDS and GBV prevention

- An integrated behavior change communication multimedia package conceived through a
 participatory approach with girls and young women, was developed and rolled out on SRHR,
 HIV prevention, GBV and girls and women empowerment.
- o The programme planned, implemented and monitored tailored social and behavior change campaigns reaching 500,000 adolescents and youth to prevent infection, transmission, and mitigate secondary impact of COVID-19 on adolescents and youth, especially the most vulnerable (AGYW, adolescents with disabilities, adolescents living in hard-to-reach areas).
- 170,737 AGYW accessed SRH services for adolescents and young women, 25% (42,684) of whom were new users of family planning methods, contributing to a total of 44% (74,228) users of contraceptive methods other than condoms.
- O As part of a newly launched Art for Social Change Initiative, a participatory production workshop was held with 17 young local artists in Quelimane, Zambezia in July 2022. The artists were selected based on their ability to influence positive attitudes and behavior change by tapping into their talents, social activism and knowledge of the situation of adolescents and young people in Zambezia. As a result, 3 products were created including one play on

intergenerational violence, one song on sexual exploitation of minors and one poem on drug and alcohol consumption. All creative materials have been recorded in studio and packaged into either a short video or film. These materials will be disseminated through social media, TV and radio as well as through community projections conducted by ICS Multi Media Mobile Units to ensure a wide reach. For example, in Nampula province, with funding from Navarra Government, the young artists produced "Quero Voar", "I want to fly", a powerful and highly emotional song on child marriage produced which was subsequently launched through UNICEF media partners and social media pages on October 11th, Int. Day of the Girl Child and reached over 5 million people. The song produced is available here Quero Voar (I Want to Fly).

OUTCOME 4: GOVERNANCE, MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION FOR INTEGRATED SRH PROGRAMMING AT ALL LEVELS STRENGTHENED

The impact of strengthening the governance and coordination for better SRHR programming at all levels from national, to provincial and district is significantly evident as the overall ownership and leadership of Rapariga Biz sits with the Government through the Secretariat of State for Youth and Empowerment and implementation is happening through its multi-sector structures at national, provincial and district levels. The multi-sectoral committees at all levels continue to provide a strategic mechanism for leadership and coordination of the implementation of Rapariga Biz. At the national level, the oversight of the program is occurring through a steering committee in which all partners and the government participate. The UN agencies involved are providing technical assistance and leadership within the scope of their respective comparative advantages, and through partnership with civil society partners.

• Output 14. UPR process and report include ASRH

- Currently this intervention is funded with internal regular funds as a UNFPA contribution. In 2022, 4 Universal Periodic Review (UPR) events were held in Maputo, Tete, Nampula and Gaza, as part of the follow-up of the recommendations on human rights in Mozambique. The first meeting took place in Maputo involving senior technical officers of the Government Inter-Ministerial Committee on Human Rights that is directly related to the ASRH issues of the UPR 3rd cycle recommendations. This planning meeting was followed by 3 regional meetings in Nampula, Tete and Gaza respectively where provincial Directorates and CSOs discussed the way forward on the implementation of the 3rd cycle recommendations. In total, these meetings had 103 participants (58 women and 45 men) among government officers at provincial and national levels, CSOs leaders and UNFPA partners.
- O During the regional meetings at province levels, the facilitators team (composed by the Ministry of Justice, Constitutional and Religious Affairs, National Directorate for Citizenship and Human Rights and UNFPA) met with the Provincial Governors. These meetings aimed at putting the SRHR UPR agenda at the top of priorities of the Provincial Governors for adequate follow-up and implementation. The key recommendation from all the Governors was to integrate the UPR ASRH topics in the Multisectorial Committee for Development of Youth and Adolescents (Comité de Apoio ao Desenvolvimento de Adolescentes e Jovens CIADAJ) Provincial Forums and train the relevant actors on how to link existing activities and programs to the UPR recommendations.

Output 15. Strengthened inter-ministerial coordination mechanisms on ASRH issues at national level (CIADAJ)

o In 2022, three CIADAJ events took place with support from RB, including two at central level in Maputo, convened and chaired by the Prime-Minister and one CIADAJ National Seminar held in Manica. While the two ministerial sessions held in Maputo were for the members of the Government (Cabinet), including the Ministers and Secretaries of State of key Government sectors related to youth, and other high level invitees, the National Seminar held in Manica counted on the participation of district administrators from all over the country. CIADAJ

- events have shown to have a positive impact as district administrators have publicly promoted ASRH and other youth interventions.
- There has been a further expansion among the membership base of the National Youth Partners Group (YPG), that UNFPA initiated in 2020 based on a request from the former Ministry of Youth (now State Secretariat of Youth and Employment) which UNFPA is convening. Currently, the YPG involves 21 partner organizations from government, UN agencies, development partners and development banks [World Bank; Sweden; Canada; Finland; Netherlands; Flanders; USAID; EU; FCDO; GIZ/Germany; UNIDO; UNFPA; UNDP; UNICEF; UN Women; UNESCO; FAO; RCO; SEJE; ILO and Portugal], and hold regular meetings and knowledge sharing sessions where all partners are invited to share key research and studies related to youth development and youth participation.

• Output 16. Strengthened coordination on ASRH at provincial and district levels (through PGB)

- The programme supported the organization of the PGB national meeting with participation from 11 delegations and the central level of all PGB government sectors, invited UN agencies and CSO.
- The programme also supported the realization of one PGB national workshop with all PGB provincial coordinators.

• Output 17. Specific needs and rights in SRH of girls and young women included in current policies and plans

- Financial and technical support was provided to the State Secretariat of Youth and Employment (SEJE), the Ministry of Economy and Finance (MEF) and the National Youth Council (CNJ) in conducting nationwide consultations, reaching a total number of 123 adolescents and youth organizations in 10 districts of 5 provinces (two districts each), on the new National Development Strategy (ENDE) which is the guiding policy for Mozambique's development planning process. The outcome of the consultations included a report that was handed over to the Government with key recommendations and priorities for youth. The ENDE defines the country's development objectives and priorities, articulates the strategic orientation and guides the designing of all medium and short-term development instruments and policies. It is therefore imperative that the priorities of adolescents and young people are included in the strategy.
- The school, adolescent and youth health strategy (2019-2029) continued to be promoted with the realization of the National Workshop on Youth Friendly Health Services, aimed at reviewing and adopting the new registration tools for youth friendly services.
- Rapariga Biz supported the Government in the recruitment of a consultancy for the review of the previous Programa Geracao Biz Strategic Plan (2014-2017) and the design of the next strategic plan for the coming years (2023-2033).

• Output 18. Enhanced evidences for girls and young women's SRHR

- The development of the 2nd phase of the programme was completed and the proposal submitted to the relevant development partners.
- A Reality Check approach study was completed, report produced and disseminated. Overall, the report states that the Programme has a positive impact on the AGYW, their families and communities.
- In complementarity with the UNFPA-supported Census project, a youth thematic study was conducted, report produced and disseminated among key stakeholders working on youth issues. The report includes relevant data on youth.

Output 19. Situation on programme site and implementation progress monitored

• Two monitoring visits were held from the central level to Nampula and Zambezia.

- Data from Kiribizi from all 20 RB districts is available and updated.
- o PGB national meeting used to review and adapt the implementation of RB on site.

• Describe any delays in implementation, challenges, lessons learned & best practices

- O 2022 marked the first year of the implementation of the Country Programme Documents (2022-2026) for UNFPA and UNICEF. For this reason, some delays were noted in the start of implementation of activities in the first and second quarters of the year as implementing partners needed to reapply for partnership and get reselected through a competitive selection process.
- Mozambique, including the RB target provinces, is affected by recurring weather events such
 as heavy rains and cyclones that cause flooding, which is damaging social and economic
 infrastructure and negatively affects the provision of and access to SRH services including for
 adolescents and youth.
- Ocontinuation of the COVID-19 pandemic although less intensive than in the first couple of years and the onset of a cholera outbreak in parts of the country, including the Rapariga Biz target provinces posed challenges and risks to the programme beneficiaries. UNFPA has been working with the Provincial Directorate of Health (DPS) in Nampula and Zambezia to support the national and government-led response to these epidemics/pandemics.

• Qualitative assessment (incl. partnerships)

- The programme in 2022 continued its strategic and multi-sectoral partnerships with key government institutions on all levels to strengthen the provision of services to adolescents and youth as well as ensuring that the service provision is sustainable beyond the lifespan of the programme. Similarily, the programme agencies are involved in advocacy efforts to mobilize political and financial support for the thematic areas of child marriage and early pregnancy in Mozambique through engagement in various working groups and coordinations forums that includes the participation of development partners and development banks. Two such examples are: I) the Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment Coalition of the Willing (GE CotW) which has as a sub-thematic area on ending child, early and forced marriage, cochaired by Canada, UNFPA and UNICEF, and; II) the National Youth Partners Group (YPG) convened by UNFPA and SEJE. These forums have a wide group of participants (over 25) including donors, government entities, development banks, UN agencies and other key partners.
- In order to maximize resources, cost-effectiveness and impact of the programme, Rapariga Biz is working to provide complementarities and synergies with other like-minded programmes including the Global Programme to End Child Marriage (GPECM) which is implemented in 6 out of the 20 Rapariga Biz districts in Nampula and Zambezia provinces, and the Spotlight Initiaitve (SLI) programme which is implemented in Nampula, Gaza, Manica and Cabo Delgado with one convergence district (Agoche in Nampula province).

ii) Indicator Based Performance Assessment:

Using the **Programme Results Framework from the Project Document / AWP** - provide an update on the achievement of indicators at both the output and outcome level in the table below. Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, clear explanation should be given explaining why, as well as plans on how and when this data will be collected.

Objectives and Results	Indicator	Baseline 2016	Baseline as 2021	Program Target 2022	Achieved Indicator Targets	Reasons for Variance with Planned Target (if any)	Source of Verification
Outcome 1: Girls and young women's knowledge, agency and capacities strengthened to make informed decisions on their SRH, demand for and uptake of essential SRH services	Unmet need for family planning	25.6%, 27.5% (FP 2020)	19.5% (FP2030 Tracking)	20%	No data available	No data available	DHS, FP2030 Tracking
	Couple Years of Protection (CYP) by method - PGB	116,052	793,666	716,879	716,879	Achieved	SISMA, Health Department reports
Output 1. Girls' knowledge, capacities and agency for SRHR improved	Prevalence of adolescent –pregnancy (decreased)	46.4% (60%Nampula Zambezia 46.4%)	0,5% (396 out of 84,039)	5% (Rapariga Biz)	0,9% (1,390 out of 155,477)	Achieved	Program reports
	% of Girls Young Empowered with knowledge, skills and voices for girls' SRHR (= number of girls who have completed mentorship)	0,36% (3,939 out of target of 1,085,447)	73% (790,671 out of 1,085,447)	100% (1,085,44)	89% (970,310 out of 1,085,447)	delayed a start of mentorship session on 1st quarter	Program Reports
	% of girls and young women integrated into schools and completed school calendar	0%	73% (1,452 out of 2000)	100% (2000)	105% (2089 out of 2000)	Achieved	Education Department Reports, Program Reports
Output 2. Citizenship of girls and young women	Up-to-date records in civil registers for all programme girls and young women	83% (Nampula & Zambezia)	71% (559,424 out of 790,671)	90% (Rapariga Biz)	68% (110,565/179,639)	Lack of brigades of civil registration services in communities	Program Reports
Output 3. Increased demand for SRH services	Percentage of women visited AYFS who did not use any contraceptive method	72.9%	51% (95,483 out of 186,721)	60%	56% (96,509 out of 170,737)	Achieved	Health Department Reports
	% of girls and young women in the safe spaces aged 15-24 years who are using modern contraceptives	26.3%	18%(2397 out of 13369)	40% (Rapariga Biz)	49% (10,879 out of 22,152)	Achieved	Program Reports
Output 4 Girls and young women are voicing the issues concerning their lives at district, provincial and national level	# of national and provincial conferences attended by girls, young women, decision makers and media	0	1 National and 1 Provincial	3	133% (4 Maputo, Lichinga, Bilene and Marracuene)	Achieved	Conference Minutes, Programme Reports
	Child Parliament active on ASRH	1	3 (1 National and 2 Province)	4	75% (1 National and 2 Province)	Achieved	Minutes of sessions of children's parliament: National,

Objectives and Results	Indicator	Baseline 2016	Baseline as 2021	Program Target 2022	Achieved Indicator Targets	Reasons for Variance with Planned Target (if any)	Source of Verification
							Nampula and Zambezia
	Provincial and National Forums (including media TV and Radio) are active on issues of ASRH	1	3 (1 National and 2 Province)	3	3 (1 National and 2 Province)	Achieved	Midia reports
Outcome 2: Availability of quality integrated ASRH services	Continuation rate of new FP acceptors	20%	No Data available	40%	25%	Not Achieved	SISMA, Health Department Reports
for girls and young women increased	% Pregnant women who attend 4 ANC	55%	100%	90%	100%	Achieved	SISMA, Health Department Reports
	% Institutional deliveries	70%	91%	90%	100%	Achieved	SISMA, Health Department Reports
Output 5. Teachers implement the comprehensive sexuality and sexual health rights Education package	% (#) Schools in areas of intervention where SE package was fully implemented	0%	89% (89 out of 100)	100%			Education department reports, Programme Reports
Output 6. Mobile health clinics and Community Health Workers (CHWs) in 20 priority districts deliver integrated SRH services at the community level.	% Outreach ASRH services in communities	30%	No data available	80%	45% (9 dos 20 Distritos)	Decreased number of mobile brigades carried out in communities	Health Department Reports, Program Reports
Output 7. Integrated ASRH services by health providers are available in #school SRH corners	% Outreach ASRH services in school corners	25%	65% (58 out of 90)	50% (90 Schools)	60% (54 out of 90)	Achieved	Health Department Reports, Program Reports
Output 8. Coordinated services to GBV survivors	Percentage of Districts where multi sectoral teams implement coordinated actions	0%	100% (all 20 Districts)	100%	100% (all 20 Districts)	Achieved	PGB reports
	% of survivors of Fistula Obstetric cases empowered with anti-stigma and discrimination awareness building skills, conducting awareness sessions in their communities	0%	No data available	60%	No data available	No data available	Programe Reports
Output 9. Access to microfinance, vocational training and SME development for girls and young women	# young women economically empowered (with income-generation)	0%	10,000	5,000	129% (Additional 6,427)	Achieved	Programme Reports
	# girls and young women received information about existing economic opportunities	0	12,194	18000	98.9% (17,800 out of 18000)	Reduced coverage is some districts.	Programme Reports
Outcome 3: An enabling, free and safe environment for increased	Early marriage prevalence	48%, (Nampula 61%, Zambezia 48%)	0.7% (566 out of 84,039	5% (Rapariga Biz)	0,7% (1,390 out of 155,477)	Achieved	Program reports

Objectives and Results	Indicator	Baseline 2016	Baseline as 2021	Program Target 2022	Achieved Indicator Targets	Reasons for Variance with Planned Target (if any)	Source of Verification
participation of girls and young women and the promotion of their SRH rights created	% Unintended pregnancies	46.4%, Nampula 60%, Zambezia 46.4%	0,5% (396 out of 84,039)	5% (Rapariga Biz)	0,9% (1,390 out of 155,477)	Achieved	Program Reports
Output 10. Enhanced involvement of men and boys to strengthen	Document with actions proposed exists	0	Not Data available	4	No data available	No boys and men workshop held	Program Reports
their SRHR	% (#)Boys and men participating in implementation of SRHR	20%	60% (120 out of 200)	80%	105% (210 Mentors of 200)	Achieved	Program Reports
Output 11. Faith based leaders and youth groups mobilized and active to promote adolescent SRH and rights	% Religious leaders actively involved in implementation of SRHR (from total of 400 religious leaders)	0	48% (191 out of 400)	50%	69% (275 out of 400)	Achieved	Program Reports
Output 12. Communities participating in community dialogues on SRHR related to girls and young women	% of community dialogues held on SRHR	0%	100% (400 leaders acting) reached 145,434 people	100%	100% (404 acting f acting) reached 125,539 people	Achieved	Program Reports
Output 13. Strengthened awareness of girls and young	% New acceptors of Family Planning	24.4%	28%	30%	25%		Health Department reports
women SRHR including HIV/AIDS and GBV prevention	HIV/Aids incidence among girls aged 15-24 yrs	11.1%	3.4% Zambezia and 1.7% Nampula	7.1%	10.4% (Zambezia)		Health Department reports
Outcome 4: Strengthened governance and coordination for integrated SRH programming	% Implementation of coordination instruments	30%	100%	100%	100%	Achieved	
	National commitment on ASRH and GBV issues	National	National and Province	National and Province	National and Province	Achieved	
Output 14. UPR process and report include ASRH	Inclusion of SRH&R for girls and women in UPR report and next review cycles	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Achieved	UPR report, Ministry reports
	# senior police and justice officials trained to implement UPR recommendations	0	No data available	176	103	Postponed in other provinces	Ministry reports
	Inclusion of contribution from youth associations and women organizations in the UPR report.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Achieved	UPR report, Ministry reports
Output 15. Strengthened interministerial coordination mechanisms on ASRH issues at national level (CIADAJ)	% CIADAJ decisions implemented	0%	100%	50%	100%	Achieved	Ministry meetings minutes, programme reports

Objectives and Results	Indicator	Baseline 2016	Baseline as 2021	Program Target 2022	Achieved Indicator Targets	Reasons for Variance with Planned Target (if any)	Source of Verification
Output 16. Strengthened coordination on ASRH at provincial and district levels (through PGB)	More effective coordination of PGB implementation at provincial and district levels (revitalized committees with regular meetings)	3	22 (2 Provincial and 20 District)	20	110% (2 Provincial and 20 District)	Achieved	Programme reports, PGB Multi Sector Committees Meeting
Output 17. Specific needs and rights in SRH of girls and young women included in current policies and plans	Platform undertaken in the National Assembly SRHR	No (0)	Yes	3 (Yes)	Yes	Achieved	National policies and Plans, Ministry Reports, PES
	ASRH and GBV integrated into district annual plans and budget	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Achieved	National policies and Plans, Ministry Reports, PES
	Capacity of ministry of education and stakeholders for effective implementation for comprehensive sexual education	(Parcial)	Yes (100%)	Yes (100%)	Yes	Achieved	National policies and Plans, Ministry Reports, PES
Output 18. Enhanced evidences for girls and young women's SRHR	Qualitative research on sociocultural norms are translated into programmatic adaptation, and evidence based learning	0	1 (Qualitative longitudinal dropout study by UNICEF), (Reality check not yet completed) - 50%	1	1 Reality check study completed	Achieved	Reality Check Reports available
Output 19. Situation on programme site and implementation progress monitored	# of joint monitoring visits	0	82	82 (2 National an 80 District)	1 National and 4 field visited	Not achieved	Program reports, Field visit reports
	Knowledge and understanding of attitude and behaviors at programme site regularly monitored and reported towards programme adaptation	0	Database of 20 Districts monitoring data is available (kiribiz)	Data of status and information available	Database of 20 Districts monitoring data is available (kiribiz)	Achieved	Program reports, Field visit reports Database