

Project Number and Title: ##49 - Operational Support to the UN Resident Coordinator in managing Ebola Response Phase 3 and beyond in Guinea	PROJECT ST DATE ¹ : 18-12-201		AMOUNT ALLOCATED by MPTF (please indicate different tranches if applicable) \$983,230.54	RECIPIENT ORGANIZATION UNDP	
Project ID: 00097554 (Gateway ID)				IMPLEMENTING	
Project Focal Point:	EXTENSION I	ATE:	FINANCIAL	PARTNER(S):	
Name: Mohamed Abba, RCO's Senior	30-06-2017		COMMITMENTS	UNDP/RCO	
Policy/Post-Ebola Recovery Advisor Tel. +224 628 710802 E-mail: Mohamed.abba@undp.org			\$0.00		
Strategic Objective (STEPP)	PROJECTED END		EXPENDITURES		
SO5 – Prevent Outbreaks in countries	DATE:		as of [31/12/2017]		
not currently affected	31-12-201	7	\$983,032.92		
Mission Critical Action MCA13 – Multi-faceted preparedness	31-12-201	,			
Location: Guinea nationwide			Sub-National Coverage Areas: All 38 prefectures of Guinea		
Report Submitted by:		Report Cleared by:			
O Name: Theoneste Ganza		o Name: (Head of Agency): Lionel Laurens, Country Director			
o Title: RCO's Crisis & Recovery Specialist		o Date of Submission: 05-01-2018			
O Date of Submission: 04-01-2018		o Participating Organization (Lead): UNDP Email address: lionel.laurens@undp.org			
 Participating Organization (Lead): UNDP Email address: <u>Theoneste.ganza@undp.org</u> 			nail address: <u>lionel.laurens@u</u>	indp.org	

OUTPUT INDICATORS					
Indicator	Geographic Area	Projected Target (as per results matrix)	Quantitative results for the quarterly reporting period	Cumulative results since project commencement (quantitative)	Delivery Rate (cumulative % of projected total) as of date
Description of the quantifiable indicator as set out in the approved project proposal					
Output 1.1. The UN Resident Coordinator Office has the qualified human resources to fully play its role in supporting the RC in strategic coordination functions pertaining to Ebola Phase 3 and beyond					
1.1.1. Number of experts deployed within RCO	Nationwide	7	0	7	100%

¹ The date project funds were first transferred.



1.1.2. Extent to which advisory services of Ebola Support Unit were used to inform high-level policy discussions and strategic decision-making	Nationwide	100%	Used fully	100%	100%
Output 2.2. Ebola suppor	t unit dovolons	a joint UN Cuir	oo Stratogy and acti	 on plan in support of	the national Fhole
recovery strategy and pri	_	•	••		the national Ebola
		T		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2.2.1. Existence of a joint	nationwide				1000
UN Guinea strategy and		1	0	1	100%
action plan					
Output 4.1.: Key national	actors involved	d in the humanit	tarian, natural and sa	anitary crisis prevent	tion and response are
capacitated to effectively				• •	-
4.1.1. Existence of a	Nationwide				
Post-Ebola Guinea inter-	Nationwide	1	1	1	100%
		1	1	1	100%
agency contingency plan					
4.1.2. Number or copies	Nationwide			50	
of Post-Ebola Guinea UN				771	
inter-agency plan printed		40	40	Electronically	110%
and distributed				distributed to	
				actors	
	EFFECT I	NDICATORS (i	f available for the re	porting period)	
Outcome 1. The UN Re	sident Coordin	-	ses strategic coordinand beyond	ation functions perta	ining to Ebola phase 3
1.1 . Extent to which the					
ECM functions are	Nationwide	100%	100%	100%	100%
transferred to RC					
1.2 . Number of high					
strategic coordination					
meetings convened by	Nationwide	1 per month	3	24	100%
RC	Nationwide	(24)		24	
KC		,			
Outcome 4. A coordination	on mechanism f	or humanitariar	n, natural and sanita	ry crisis prevention a	nd response is
operational					
4.2. Number of meetings					
held on the	Nationwide				
humanitarian/crisis/disast		(20)	2	20	100%
er management and					
prevention coordination					
*	1	1	1	I	



framework			

NARRATIVE

Situation Update (please describe critical changes, if any, in the situation that affect the project (1-2 paragraphs))

This project was meant to provide the UN RC Office with additional required capacities needed in order to help the country achieve and stay at 0 case of EVD infections. This was in response to the closure of the UN Mission for Ebola Emergency Response in July 2015 followed by OCHA in March 2016. The project emphasized mainly on strengthening and maintaining the required operational capacity among key humanitarian actors to strategically coordinate the post-Ebola phase. This was critically needed in order to ensure of the country's readiness to respond to future health outbreaks and other emergency situations.

With the official end of EVD human to human infections in June 2016, a particular emphasis was put on how to successfully deal with the post-crisis recovery and community resilience needs. Hence, the top priority for the project remained the promotion of a full national ownership of emergency response related coordination aspects. The RC Office maintained its technical guidance and advisory services to national humanitarian institutions in the formulation of new and/or updating existing tools including but not limited to the national resilience and disaster risk reduction programme, the national DRR Action Plan as well as he national multi-risk contingency plan.

Key Achievements (please use this section to highlight your key achievements for the month, using bullet points if preferred)

For this particular reporting period, the project focused on assisting the national institutions in the strengthening process of their humanitarian coordination capacity. The statutory meetings for the Inter-Agency Standing Committee (CoPIA in French) were regularly held and co-facilitated by the UN RCO. Three additional technical meetings took place during this quarter on a regular monthly basis. Contrary to the past whereas CoPIA meetings' invitations were sent out by the UN RCO, for this particular quarter, national institutions were encouraged to take the lead in coordinating and facilitating these meetings while the RCO provided logistics and contributed to the agenda and topic development.

The national multi-risk contingency plan which was updated in early October under the UN RCO's technical assistance is now pending the final validation by the national authorities. In the meantime, electronic copies have been circulated amongst the Guinea humanitarian community for reviews. The plan will continue to undergo reviews and any other updates as needed. The final document will be a part of tools to be tested during the simulation exercises scheduled at the end of the first quarter of 2018 to ensure of its effectiveness and efficiency. This will be done as a part of the newly launched Post-Ebola Preparedness joint project #65 which was designed with the aim to help the country improve its preparedness capacity to efficiently manage future health outbreaks and other disasters.

The Sendai framework on Disaster Risk reduction needs to be fully implemented in Guinea in order to efficiently afford a good prevention and governance of all disasters. It is to that end that the RCO attended the 4th UNDP Africa DRR/Community of Practice forum held in Dakar from November 29 to December 1st, 2017. The meeting focused on the mainstreaming of DRR into national development process. Guinea UN RCO and UNDP Country Office will continue to provide their operational support to the Guinean institutions in charge of the disaster management as applicable. The UN



RCO technical team which was recruited under this project participated in the formulation of the new UNDAF (2018-2022) cycle which was officially launched on 07 December 2017. The new UNDAF which kicks off in 2018 includes flagship projects on humanitarian and disaster management in the country (indicator. 2.2.1. and 2.2.2).

Delays or Deviations (if any, briefly describe the delays or changes in focus, approach or targets, and provide a short justification for the change (1-2 paragraphs))

No deviation nor delays to report after the project's extension which was awarded by MPTFO until 31 December 2017. That extension allowed the finalization of remaining activities which were not completed on time and will allow for sure a smooth closure of the project. It also helped a lot in the formulation exercise of the newly launched Joint preparedness programme for Guinea. The project closed operationally on the 31st of December 2017 as initially expected.

Gender and Environmental Markers (Please provide disaggregated data, if applicable). N/A given the nature of the project.

No. of Beneficiaries	N/A
Women	
Girls	
Men	
Boys	
Total	

Environmental Markers	N/A
e.g. Medical and Bio Hazard Waste	
e.g. Chemical Pollution	

Additional Information (Optional)