

Requesting Organization: World Vision South Sudan

Allocation Type: 1st Round Standard Allocation

Primary Cluster	Sub Cluster	Percentage
NUTRITION		100.00
		100

Project Title: Provision of Emergency Nutrition Project in Gogrial West, Warrap state, South Sudan

Allocation Type Category : Frontline services

OPS Details

Project Code :	SSD-17/H/102639	Fund Project Code :	SSD-17/HSS10/SA1/N/INGO/5076
Cluster :	Nutrition	Project Budget in US\$:	289,200.35
Planned project duration :	6 months	Priority:	Not Applicable
Planned Start Date :	01/04/2017	Planned End Date :	30/09/2017
Actual Start Date:	01/04/2017	Actual End Date:	30/09/2017

Project Summary:

The project will contribute to the HRP 2017 objective of saving lives and alleviate the suffering of those most in need of assistance and protection, protect the rights and uphold the dignity of the most vulnerable, and Support at-risk communities to sustain their capacity to cope with significant threats. WVSS seeks SSHF to deliver of quality lifesaving nutrition interventions which will focus on the management of SAM and MAM in girls and boys 6-59 months, PLW and elderly in the POC's; to increase access to integrated programmes preventing under-nutrition for the most vulnerable and at risk, including through IYCF for PLW prioritized on the basis of planned scale up capacity; BSFP for under-fives based on assessment of those most at risk in conflict and high burden States; to ensure enhanced needs analysis of nutrition situation and robust monitoring and coordination of emergency nutrition responses; to Increase access to integrated nutrition, health and WASH responses in counties with critical levels of acute malnutrition.

In Gogrial West, WVSS will provide nutrition services to 30% of the 2017 nutrition cluster HNO targets of SAM and MAM in the under 5 children and MAM in PLW. WVSS proposes to implement the following activities:

Improved identification of malnutrition cases, and referrals of 3,137 SAM and 7,085 MAM in under 5, and 2,152 PLW with MAM cases.

- Continuous screening of children 0-59 months and PLW in the community and health facilities by both community health workers and CNVs.
- Provide treatment for SAM and MAM of CU5 and PLWs as per the CMAM guidelines and refer SAM cases with medical complications to SC
- Continuous follow up of defaulter cases and home visits for non-respondent cases.
- Train 33 CNVs on techniques of screening, defaulter tracing and home visits Improved coverage of service delivery points for treatment of acute malnutrition for 3,137 SAM and 7,085 MAM Children under 5, and 2,152 PLW.
- Train 20 CHD and WV staff on CMAM
- Conduct bi- weekly community nutrition outreaches where nutriton messages will be intergrate with health and WASH promitions messages
- conduct 2 mass community mobilization, sensitization, and screening campaign Increased provision of IYCF messages and counselling in nutrition centers and health facilities for all vulnerable groups
- Train 20 CHD and WV staff on IYCF-E as per MoH strategy
- Establish 20 new mother to mother support groups and support 6 existing mother to mother support groups
- Conduct bi- weekly community sensitization campaigns on IYCF-E, targeting men and community leaders

Increased coverage of Vitamin A supplementation among children below the age of five

• Provide 1 Vit A supplementation campaign for National Immunization Days (NID)

Improved coordination among nutrition actors

- County nutrition quarterly review meetings
- Monthly coordination meetings between local leadership, CHD and nutrition actors
- Monthly reports sharing

Direct beneficiaries :

Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total
0	2,152	8,199	8,533	18,884

Other Beneficiaries:

Beneficiary name	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total
Internally Displaced People	0	0	0	0	0
People in Host Communities	0	0	0	0	0
Children under 5	0	0	8,199	8,533	16,732
Pregnant and Lactating Women	0	2,152	0	0	2,152

Indirect Beneficiaries:

45.567 will be indirect beneficiaries.

Catchment Population:

The catchment area of the population is the total population of the targeted county which stands at 331990. The project will develop community based mechanisms to address malnutrition and this will benefit not only the targeted beneficiaries but the whole community in the long term.

Link with allocation strategy:

According to the 2017 Humanitarian Response Plan, the nutrition cluster response strategy and Prioritization focuses on: 1) providing quality nutrition services through outpatient therapeutic programs and targeted supplementary feeding programs in all functional static nutrition sites, improving referrals, and utilizing mobile and outreach services in conflict-affected areas; 2) engaging closely with the Health, WASH and FSL clusters to integrate nutrition-sensitive interventions into other sectors; 3) linking with development partners, and particularly the Health Pool Fund, to increase coverage of nutrition services and avoid duplication; 4) strengthening monitoring and supervision of nutrition services to determine functionality; and 5) improving information management, assessments and knowledge management to inform response, advocacy and decision making. The core pipelines partners will ensure timely procurement, delivery and pre-positioning of supplies in strategic warehouses.

WVVS, once funded through SSHFSA1, will address the following gaps:

- Treatment of severe and moderate acute malnutrition among under-five children and PLWs
- Preventive nutrition interventions among under-fives, IYFC and BSFP among under-five and PLWs
- Continuous monitoring, surveillance and analysis of the evolving nutrition situation
- Monitoring and supervision of nutrition services
- · Micronutrient supplementation high risk areas not reached with NID, though linkage with the health cluster.

Sub-Grants to Implementing Partners:

Partner Name	Partner Type	Budget in US\$

Other funding secured for the same project (to date):

Other Funding Source	Other Funding Amount

Organization focal point:

Name	Title	Email	Phone
Perry Mansfield	National Country Director	perry_mansfield@wvi.org	+211-921-406-137
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BACKGROUND

1. Humanitarian context analysis

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South Sudan - armed conflict has left one in four people uprooted. More than three million people have been forced to flee their homes since the conflict began in December 2013, including nearly 1.9 million people who have been internally displaced. The January 2017 IPC report showed that the food security situation in South Sudan has continued to deteriorate, with 4.9 million (about 42% of population) estimated to be severely food insecure (IPC Phases 3, 4, and 5), from February to April 2017. This is projected to increase to 5.5 million people, (47% of the national population) at the height of the 2017 lean season in July. The magnitude of these food insecure populations is unprecedented across all periods.

According to the 2017, HRP The nutrition crisis in South Sudan continues to escalate. More than one million children under age 5 and over 339,000 pregnant and lactating women are estimated to be acutely malnourished and in need of life-saving nutrition services. In 2016, 32 out of 44 of the SMART surveys conducted reported global acute malnutrition (GAM) levels above the emergency threshold of 15 per cent. Of these, 13 counties were found with a GAM prevalence by Weight-for Height of more than 25 per cent. The GAM rate was above the catastrophe threshold in Gogrial West in Warrap and Renk in Upper Nile (>30 per cent), and just beneath it in Abiemnhom and Rubkona in Unity (29.2 per cent GAM). Pregnant and lactating women (PLW) have increased nutritional requirements and, if not supported, can become malnourished, potentially leading to miscarriages, premature deliveries and low birth weight. Gogrial West has GAM and SAM rates above the WHO emergency threshold: GAM rate at 32.5% and SAM at 8.5%.

The current deterioration in food security and nutrition is primarily due to physical insecurity, the effects of the economic crisis and depleted stocks from the last harvest. Farmers in the target counties are facing new challenges in crop production which have adversely affected their ability to access food from own crop production. Climate change is a major element which has affected farmers with agricultural seasons being characterized by long mid-season dry spells which lead to crop loss. Farmers are also unable to access nutritious high yielding seed varieties due to poor state of roads and dysfunctional markets. Occasional violent conflict between the Agok and Apuk communities of Gogrial East and Gogrial West has also led to food insecurity due to temporary displacement which has seen farmers abandoning their fields during the peak of the agricultural season. Cultural values in the targeted areas are also a major determinant of child care and feeding practices. The targeted counties are inhabited by Dinka Bahr el Ghazal ethnic groups, Aguok sub ethnic groups who are traditionally agropastoralists. The majority of the community depends on subsistence crop farming for their livelihood activity. The main crops cultivated are sorghum, sesame, ground nuts and maize. There is lack of lack dietary diversity in the two counties. Due to its lengthy presence in the targeted counties, World Vision has observed key social and cultural determinants of malnutrition children under the age of five years as: Cultural practices, such as food sharing, sending infants to the cattle camps, cultural beliefs towards pregnant women, introducing water to babies younger than 6 months old, and polygamy; lack of knowledge and understanding of nutrition and malnutrition; and the effects of hygiene practices and cultivation practices and dietary practices.

It is important to note that because of poor nutrition status G.W has been experiencing measles outbreaks that have contributed to high disease burden and might have also contributed to malnutrition among under 5 children.

2. Needs assessment

World Vision has been operating in Gogrial West counties implementing nutrition projects among others. SMART surveys were conducted in June 2016 which emphasized the need to continue supporting nutrition initiatives in the county. Findings from the June 2016 SMART survey In Gogrial West, showed GAM and SAM rates were estimated at 32.5 % (28.3 - 36.9 95% C.I.) and 8.5 % (6.3 - 11.3 95% C.I.) respectively (WHO, 2006 standards). The crude mortality rate (CMR) and Under-five mortality rate (U5MR) were found at 0.70 (0.43 - 1.12 95% C.I.) and 0.89 (0.38 - 2.06 95% C.I.) respectively.

The key recommendations were as follows:

Continued provision of quality Community based management of malnutrition services (SC, OTP, TSFP and Community mobilization) for children (6-59 months) and PLW in Gogrial East and West County. Case detection could potentially be enhanced via systematic mass screenings.

Continue to actively vaccinate children for measles, provide vitamin A supplementation and de-worming. Focus should be amplified to ensure coverage of 70% or more by ensuring that outreach services are strengthened and CMAM activities are integrated into Child Health Days and immunization campaigns.

Further strengthening of coordinated county-wide behavior change strategy, focusing on IYCF practices and health seeking. Harmonising the work of outreach workers and volunteers; ensuring extensive coverage of IYCF and health services. Awareness campaigns and community education programmes on exclusive breastfeeding, appropriate complementary feeding, and appropriate feeding during illness needs to will be emphasized in Gogrial West County.

The proposed project is designed to respond to malnutrition prevailing in the targeted areas.

3. Description Of Beneficiaries

The total population of Gogrial West is estimated at 331,990. However, WVSS is operating in four Payams where the total population is estimated at 225,883 inhabitants (Gogrial Payam, 40524; Kuach Nprtha, 72738; Kuach South, 38101; Riuau, 30134; and Akoon South, 44335). This project will reach 64,451 beneficiaries with nutrition interventions as per the ministry of health CMAM guideline. The breakdown of beneficiaries to be reached under this SSHF project with nutrition interventions is as follow: 15,617 men, 32,102 women, 8,199 boys and 8533 girls.

4. Grant Request Justification

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WVSS seeks SSHFSA1 funding from the nutrition cluster to carry out nutrition interventions in line with the South Sudan MoH CMAM and MIYCF guidelines. The nutrition interventions will focus on community mobilization, screening, identification of cases of SAM and MAM, and referral to OTP and TSFP sites supported by WVSS. Cases of complicated SAM will be managed in the stabilization center. The area of operation for the implementation of this project will be Gogrial West. This emergency nutrition response is justifies because the result of SMART survey conducted recently in Gogrial West showed an increase of GAM and SAM rates that are above the WHO emergency threshold (Gogrial West has GAM rate at 32.5% and SAM rate at 8.5%); the emergency response is also justified by the fact that among the under 5 diagnosed with severe acute malnutrition it is estimated that around 30% will end up in health facilities or stabilization centers for management of SAM with medical complications. To ensure continuity of care, those cases of SAM with medical complications once discharged from CS will be admitted/ re- admitted in OTP and TSFP; without the SSHFSA1 funding, the care of Under 5 children with severe acute malnutrition and those with moderate malnutrition will be disrupted. As per the weekly IDSR update, the causes of morbidity in Gogrial West are mainly malaria, acute respiratory infections/pneumonia and diarrhea. A sick child is at higher risk of becoming malnourished and vice versa. Measles outbreak has affected several under 5 children in Gogrial West; those children are at risk of malnutrition which will require nutrition interventions. Social and cultural determinants contributing to increase in cases of acute malnutrition can be tackled through strong community mobilization and IYCF-E to improve breastfeeding practices in the Gogrial West. Because of all these reasons, the SSHF support to WVSS will go a long way to save lives of under 5 children, pregnant women and lactating mothers with acute malnutrition.

Additional, World Vision is currently implementing the Health Pooled Fund project in the target locations,; this proposed project will leverage on the existing HPF funding to maximize benefits to the targeted population. Synergies will be created between the 2 projects which will share available resources in the form of training materials and project resources. The proposed project will consider gender mainstreaming as an important aspect, ensuring that there is gender equity, that boys, girls, men and women are fully involved in the nutrition program; advocacy to include them in other project is key during implementation phase. Data collection will be segregated to allow analysis by gender to help inform better the trends of malnutrition of different gender, hence this approach will help in providing specific intervention to the more affected gender group.

5. Complementarity

World Vision has been implementing Nutrition interventions in Gogrial West through CHF complimented its private funding. WV private funds are now limited and are not sufficient to serve the increased nutrition needs. To this end, World Vision proposes to utilize CHF resources to continue supporting nutrition needs of the communities in the targeted counties. Essential nutrition supplies will be access from UNICEF through the existing Nutrition PCA. World Vision will access more supplies through the existing Field Level Agreement with WFP.

LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Overall project objective

To contribute to the reduction global acute malnutrition among children 0-59 months and PLW in Gogrial West.

NUTRITION		
Cluster objectives	Strategic Response Plan (SRP) objectives	Percentage of activities
Deliver quality lifesaving management of acute malnutrition for the most vulnerable and at risk.	SO1: Save lives and alleviate the suffering of those most in need of assistance and protection	30
Increase access to integrated programmes preventing under nutritionfor the most vulnerable and at risk.	SO1: Save lives and alleviate the suffering of those most in need of assistance and protection	30
Ensure enhanced analysis of the nutrition situation and robust monitoring and coordination of emergency nutrition responses.	SO2: Protect the rights and uphold the dignity of the most vulnerable	20
Increase access to integrated nutrition, health and WASH FSL responses in counties with critical levels of acute malnutrition.	SO1: Save lives and alleviate the suffering of those most in need of assistance and protection	20

Contribution to Cluster/Sector Objectives: The project objectives are similar to the cluster objectives. The project is designed to contribute to saving lives through management of SAM among under 5 children, management of MAM among under 5 children, and management of MAM among PLW. The management of acute malnutrition will be done through identification of cases of malnutrition and their management at OTP sites, TSFP sites, and the referral of SAM cases with medical complication to stabilization centers.

Outcome 1

Increased, availability, access and utilization of quality acute malnutrition treatment services, for children 6-59 months, pregnant and lactating women.

Output 1.1

Description

IDPs and vulnerable populations in Gogrial West have access to lifesaving nutrition interventions .

Assumptions & Risks

Indicators

			End cycle beneficiaries			End cycle				
Code	Cluster	Indicator	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target			
Indicator 1.1.1	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Estimated number of girls and boys (6-59 months) newly admitted with SAM in OTPs and treated with RUTF supplies from the pipeline			1,53 7	1,60 0	3,137			
Means of Verif	Means of Verification: Weekly, monthly and quarterly reports									
Indicator 1.1.2	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Percentage of PLWs/care givers who are aware of their rights and entitlements with respect to nutrition programs					60			
Means of Verif	ication : Project reports									
Indicator 1.1.3	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Estimated number of girls and boys (6-59 months) newly admitted with MAM and treated with RUSF supplies from the pipeline			3,50 0	3,58 5	7,085			
Means of Verif	Means of Verification : Project reports									
Indicator 1.1.4	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Number of PLWs with acute malnutrition newly admitted for treatment in TSFP		2,152			2,152			

Means of Verification: Project reports

Activities

Activity 1.1.1

Conduct continuous screening of children 0-59 months (16,732) and PLW (9,099) in the community and health facilities

Activity 1.1.2

Provide treatment for SAM and MAM of CU5 and PLWs as per the CMAM guidelines and refer SAM cases with medical complications to SC

Activity 1.1.3

Continuous follow up of defaulter cases and home visits for non respondent cases.

Activity 1.1.4

Train CNVs and HHPs on techniques of screening, defaulter tracing and home visits

Activity 1.1.5

Treat children with SAM with medical complications in 1 Stabilization centres

Output 1.2

Description

Improved coverage of service delivery points for treatment of acute malnutrition for 3,137 SAM and 7,085 MAM Children under 5, and 2,152 PLW.

Assumptions & Risks

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Supplies are adequate and prepositioned timely Accessibility is allowable for activities to continue Security situation improved Funds are adequate to support the activities Risks Heightened insecurity, no access Supplies looted, or no access to preposition

Funds delay Indicators

			End	End cycle beneficiaries		End cycle		
Code	Cluster	Indicator	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target	
Indicator 1.2.1	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Number of PLWs with acute malnutrition newly admitted for treatment in TSFP		2,152			2,152	
Means of Verif	Means of Verification: Weekly, monthly and quarterly reports							
Indicator 1.2.2	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Number of health, WASH, nutrition sessions conducted by community nutrition workers					6	
Means of Verification : Project reports								
Indicator 1.2.3	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Number of health workers trained in Infant and Young Child Feeding	10	10			20	

Means of Verification: Project reports

Activities

Activity 1.2.1

Train 20 CHD and WV staff on CMAM as per the SS MoH CMAM guideline

Activity 1.2.2

Conduct bi- weekly community nutrition outreaches where nutriton messages will be intergrate with health and WASH promitions messages

Outcome 2

Strengthen and support prevention of malnutrition among boys and girls aged 0-59 months, pregnant and lactating women.

Output 2.1

Description

Increased access to activities preventing under- nutrition for the most vulnerable and at risk , including through IYCF for PLW , BSF for under 5.

Assumptions & Risks

Supplies are adequate and prepositioned timely Accessibility is allowable for activities to continue Security situation improved Funds are adequate to support the activities Risks Heightened insecurity, no access Supplies looted, or no access to preposition Funds delay

Indicators

			End cycle beneficiaries			End cycle	
Code	Cluster	Indicator	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target
Indicator 2.1.1	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Number of children (12 -59 months) dewormed in non NID areas			1,53 7	1,60 0	3,137

Means of Verification: Weekly, monthly and quarterly reports

Activities

Activity 2.1.1

Provide Vitamin A supplements for National Immunization Days (NID) as part of health and nutrition integration targeting at least 80% of under 5 population.

Activity 2.1.2

Support 1 NIDs in Gogrial West as part of Health and nutrition integration.

Activity 2.1.3

Counselling of PLWs on IYCF key messages, health and hygiene promotion targeting 2152PLWs

Activity 2.1.4

Enrollment of PLWs in BSF in targeted location.

Activity 2.1.5

Enrollment of Under 5 in BSF in targeted location.

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Outcome 3

Ensure enhanced needs analysis of nutrition situation and enhanced monitoring and coordination of response

Output 3.1

Description

Improved coordination among nutrition actors

Assumptions & Risks

Supplies are adequate and prepositioned timely

Accessibility is allowable for activities to continue

Security situation improved

Funds are adequate to support the activities

Risks

Heightened insecurity, no access

Supplies looted, or no access to preposition

Funds delay

Indicators

			End cycle beneficiaries			End cycle	
Code	Cluster	Indicator	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target
Indicator 3.1.1	NUTRITION	[Frontline] Number of health, WASH, nutrition sessions conducted by community nutrition workers					132

Means of Verification: Weekly, monthly and quarterly reports

Activities

Activity 3.1.1

County nutrition quarterly review meetings in Gogrial West

Activity 3.1.2

Monthly coordination meetings between local leadership, CHD and nutrition actors

Activity 3.1.3

Monthly reports compiled and shared with partners, including nutrition cluster coordinators, for nutrition situation monitoring and program performance.

Activity 3.1.4

Quarterly technical and monitoring support visits by the Juba based Nutrition advisory team and the CHD.

Activity 3.1.5

Monthly supportive supervision to all SC, OTP and TSFP sites

Additional Targets:

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M & R

Monitoring & Reporting plan

To ensure the successful implementation of SSHF SA1, the SMT will work closely with the field staff and provide to them the necessary technical, financial and logistical supports.

A. SMT involvement in the project. This team will have the following senior staff who will be involved in the project (Director of operation, the Program development and Q&A Director, the P&C Director, the Sector Team Leader/ Health and Nutrition Specialist, the Senior Program Officer, the Finance Director, Senior Finance Manager, Quality Assurance Manager and the Procurement / Supply Management). The SMT will be involved in the launch of the SSHF SA1 and will also monitor closely its implementation to ensure that all the activities are implemented and the targets achieved in line with the logical framework. The SMT, through the Director of Finance and Senior Finance Manager, will also support the team in the management of the budget to ensure efficient and effective budget management and value for money. The Health and nutrition specialist and the nutrition officer will undertake a maximum of three supportive visits to the field to provide technical support and ensure that quality characterized the delivery of health services in Gogrial West.

B. Field Staff involvement in SSHF SA1. Under the direct supervision of the Zonal Program Manager, the team in the field will be directly involved in the day to day implementation of activities. As SSHF SA1 is integrated into HPF project, the HPF manager will work in collaboration with the nutrition manager who is the overall responsible person for this project. The nutrition manager will provide support to the county, while the nutrition field coordinator will supervise all health staff in the county and provide regularly technical support to them. The nutrition field coordinator will ensure that all activities are implemented as per the LGF and ensure timely submission of program's reports. While the health and nutrition specialist and the nutrition officer will provide technical support three times to the field during the phase of the project implementation, the nutrition manager will monthly visit the OTP/TSFP sites to ensure that the implementation of SSHF is going on smoothly. In addition, there will be a joint WVSS/ CHD quarterly supportive supervision which will be conducted to Gogrial East to monitor the status of the project implementation and to provide the necessary technical guidance

Workplan

Activitydescription	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Activity 1.1.1: Conduct continuous screening of children 0-59 months (16,732) and PLW (9,099) in the community and health facilities	2017				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Activity 1.1.2: Provide treatment for SAM and MAM of CU5 and PLWs as per the CMAM guidelines and refer SAM cases with medical complications to SC	2017				Χ	X	X	X	X	X			
Activity 1.1.3: Continuous follow up of defaulter cases and home visits for non respondent cases.	2017				Χ	X	X	X	X	X			
Activity 1.1.4: Train CNVs and HHPs on techniques of screening, defaulter tracing and home visits	2017				X	X							
Activity 1.1.5: Treat children with SAM with medical complications in 1 Stabilization centres	2017				X	X	Х	X	X	X			
Activity 1.2.1: Train 20 CHD and WV staff on CMAM as per the SS MoH CMAM guideline	2017					X	Χ						
Activity 1.2.2: Conduct bi- weekly community nutrition outreaches where nutriton messages will be intergrate with health and WASH promitions messages	2017				Χ			Х					
Activity 2.1.1: Provide Vitamin A supplements for National Immunization Days (NID) as part of health and nutrition integration targeting at least 80% of under 5 population.	2017				X	X							
Activity 2.1.2: Support 1 NIDs in Gogrial West as part of Health and nutrition integration.	2017				Χ	X							
Activity 2.1.3: Counselling of PLWs on IYCF key messages, health and hygiene promotion targeting 2152PLWs	2017				X	X	X	Х	X	X			
Activity 2.1.4: Enrollment of PLWs in BSF in targeted location.	2017				X	Χ	Х	Х	X	X			
Activity 2.1.5: Enrollment of Under 5 in BSF in targeted location.	2017				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Activity 3.1.1: County nutrition quarterly review meetings in Gogrial West	2017						Х			Х			
Activity 3.1.2: Monthly coordination meetings between local leadership, CHD and nutrition actors	2017				X	Х	X	Х	X	X			
Activity 3.1.3: Monthly reports compiled and shared with partners, including nutrition cluster coordinators, for nutrition situation monitoring and program performance.	2017				X	X	X	X	Х	X			
Activity 3.1.4: Quarterly technical and monitoring support visits by the Juba based Nutrition advisory team and the CHD.	2017				X			X					
Activity 3.1.5: Monthly supportive supervision to all SC, OTP and TSFP sites	2017				X	Χ	Х	Х	X	Χ			

OTHER INFO

Accountability to Affected Populations

In line with the health cluster strategy, WVSS will maintain its commitment to engaging with affected communities at all phases of the program cycle through focus group discussions with women, men and youth on issues concerning their health. The use of WVS's mother - to mother groups, and youth activities in health promotion is one example of how WVSS engages the community in a sustainable and accountable manner to determine appropriate needs -based responses. WVSS' Quality and Assurance framework ensures that each project implemented is carried out effectively and continually reviewed in line with community needs and humanitarian frameworks.

Implementation Plan

Successful implementation in terms of management, coordination, and finance will be overseen by an experienced health and nutrition specialist. Project finance will be coordinated by the Senior finance managers, Zonal finance manager and overseen by WVSS' operations director. Financial oversight will be monitored at regional level also to ensure that accountability and effective use of resources, in line with project contracts, is maintained. Project coordination will be overseen by the project manager, in partnership with WV South Sudan's support, operation and GAM departments. The three departments assist with project administration, technical oversight, and project M+E. Reporting lines and distribution of labor will be overseen by the operation department, and the project manager will be charged with direct supervision.

To maximize efficiency, this project will be carried out in consultation with the South Sudan Health Cluster. This will ensure solid impact, avoid duplication, and promote sustainability where and when possible.

Coordination with other Organizations in project area

Name of the organization	Areas/activities of collaboration and rationale
UNICEF	UNICEF will support this project with supplies for SAM
WHO	WHO will support this project with SAM kits for management of complicated SAM
WFP	WFP will support this project with supplies for MAM targeting Children age 6-59 months and PLW

Environment Marker Of The Project

B+: Medium environmental impact with mitigation(sector guidance)

Gender Marker Of The Project

2a-The project is designed to contribute significantly to gender equality

Justify Chosen Gender Marker Code

All WVSS project activities from proposal design, assessments, implementation and monitoring of activities aim to mainstream gender sensitivities. For instance, during project design the health vulnerabilities for men, women, boys and girls are identified and analyzed in terms of how the project can appropriately and adequately address each set of needs. For implementation, the gender breakdown of the staff hired by WVSS is also considered as an important component of gender mainstreaming. WVSS aims to have at least 50% of our clinical staff be female. Furthermore, gender disaggregation is critical in WVSS's standard operating procedures for best practice of collection and analysis of beneficiary health data.

All WVSS' project activities from proposal design, assessments, implementation and monitoring of activities aim to mainstream gender sensitivities. For instance, during project design the health vulnerabilities for men, women, boys and girls are identified and analyzed in terms of how the project can appropriately and adequately address each set of needs.

The project will ensure that the reports and data shared related to SSHF SA1 activities are disaggregated (showing clearly the age and sex of the beneficiaries). For implementation, the gender breakdown of the staff hired by WVSS is also considered as an important component of gender mainstreaming. WVSS aims to have at least 50% of our clinical staff be female. Furthermore, gender dis-aggregation is critical in WVSS' standard operating procedures for best practice of collection and analysis of beneficiary health data.

Protection Mainstreaming

This project will cater to the latest lifesaving needs, in line with the aims and objectives of the Health Cluster. This SSHF supported intervention is consistent with the basic humanitarian principles of humanity, neutrality, and impartiality. The project will support the delivery of current essential lifesaving services to continue protecting the lives of the most vulnerable groups in the escalating conflict in South Sudan, particularly women, and children in the emergency situation. This project operates with the understanding that activities will take into account equity principles that promote the protection of women and girls. This health project also take into consideration cross-cutting issues, and at all stages of the project cycle, health practitioners work with experts from Nutrition, FSL, and WASH, among others, to ensure that programming is effective, targeted and making the most of key resources and staff for the benefit of IDPs. This multi-sector approach is only possible due to the emphasis WVSS places on working directly with partners to ensure effective communications. This reduces overlap and duplication and provides the most of resources where needed the most.

Country Specific Information

Safety and Security

Violent conflict remains a concern for project implementation in South Sudan, including fighting between non-state actors and SPLA as well as inter-communal violence. These factors present a constant threat to the security of staff, particularly in staff heavy projects such as emergency health responses. WVSS gives special attention to safety and security of staff as it is considered very important by the SLT/SMT. For this reason, WVSS has put in place security measures to ensure staff safety and security are assured through up to date guidance from an experience Safety and security manager who provide the necessary advice to the WVSS teams at the national and the state offices. In the field, the person responsible for the staff security and safety is the Zonal Program manager who has vast experience in staff security and safety. WVSS will also rely on other entities such as UNDSS and OCHA to get reliable security updates which will inform its programs in Warrap state.

Access

Humanitarian access is currently possible to all areas targeted by this project. In order to address sporadic incidents of insecurity, a comprehensive and flexible security strategy is in place and provides for a tailored response to insecure conditions.

BUDGE	T											
Code	Budget Line Description	D/S	Quantity	Unit cost	Duration Recurran ce	% charged to CHF	Total Cost					
Staff an	d Other Personnel Costs			<u>'</u>								
1.1	Health and nutrition specialist @Juba	D	1	8,775 .00		15.00	7,897.50					
	This position will ensure overall technical support to the team based in the filed and will contribute to the successful implementation of the project. The post holder will be the point of contact between WVSS and the cluster/ CHFTS The salary amount is composed of the basic salary, the national social security benefits, transport allowance and housing allowances											
1.2	Nutrition officer	D	1	3,500		25.00	5,250.00					
	Provides technical support to the project teams. The salary a benefits, transport allowance and housing	the national	social security									
1.3	Project Manager	6	100.00	16,800.00								
	This position will manage the day to day running of the project salary amount is composed of the basic salary,the national se											
1.4	Nutrition field Coordinator	D	1	1,186 .00		100.00	7,116.00					
	These will lead implementation of project activities at field lev salary amount is composed of the basic	el as wel	l as supervi	ision ma	onitoring dur	ing implem	entation. The					
1.5	Programme Officer @Warrap	D	1	8,775 .00		10.00	5,265.00					
	Donor liaison and reporting (The salary charged consists of binsurance and pension)	asic sala	ry, hardship	allowa	nce and go	ods and ser	vices, medical					
1.6	Quality assurance Coordinator (M&E)@ Gogrial West	D	1	8,775 .00		10.00	5,265.00					
	Monitoring, evaluation and quality assurance. (The salary characters, medical insurance and pension)	arged cor	sists of bas	sic salaı	ry, hardship	allowance	and goods and					
1.7	Zonal Finance manager @ Gogrial West	D	1	8,775 .00		10.00	5,265.00					
	Financial and grant financial reporting-(The salary charged or medical insurance and pension)	onsists of	basic salaı	ry, hard	ship allowar	nce and goo	ods and services,					
1.8	Zonal Programme manager@ Gogrial West	D	1	8,775 .00		10.00	5,265.00					
	Provides oversight of the project implementation on timeliness, scope and budget. (The salary charged consists of basic salary, hardship allowance and goods and services,											
1.9	National Office National support staff- based in Juba and charged 5 % to CHF	S	6	3,000		10.00	10,800.00					
	P & C/ HR Officer, Logistics Officer, Financial accountant ,bo	oking offi	cer									
1.10	National Office Support(International) based in Juba and Charged 5%	S	5	5,400 .00		5.00	8,100.00					
	Facilities and Security Director, Operations Director, Resource	onal Director	, and Finar	ce Director								
1.11	Nutrition Assistants manning OTP/TSFP sites	D		881.0 0			79,290.00					
	These will conduct screening at health facility and admit SAM and MAM in OTP and TSFP respectively. Supervise outreach activities done by CNVs. The salary amount is composed of the basic salary, the national social securi											
1.12	Incentives for CVNs and HHPs	D	33	50.00	6	100.00	9,900.00					
	The project will pay CNVs and HHPs incentives of approximate conducting screening and other related activities	ately \$30/	person/mor	nth for ti	he days they	work in co	mmunities					
1.13	Nutrition Nurses	100.00	26,730.00									
	These nurses will do medical assessment and provision of basic rountine medicines											
1.14	Nutrition Project Driver D 1 480.0 0						2,880.00					
	Will be responsible for driving the team to field locations											
1.15	Grant Finance Officer	25.00	2,520.00									
	To manage project finances and reporting											
	Section Total		198,343.50									

Suppli	es, Commodities, Materials						
2.1	Train 33 CNVs and HHPs on techniques of screening, defaulter tracing and home visits	D	45	35.00	3	100.00	4,725.00
	The training will be for CNVs and HHPs; and the costs will be for	or trans	sport, accon	nmodatio	on and meal	ls for particip	ants
2.2	Train 20 CHD and WV staff on CMAM	D	25	35.00	5	100.00	4,375.00
	3 day training session. Costs are for accommodation and meals	s and t	ransport for	participa	ants	100.00 100.00	
2.3	Conduct mass community mobilisation, sensitization, and screening campaign	D	11	200.0	2	100.00	4,400.00
	The costs are for hire of public address systems and lunch for to	he org	anizing tean	ns			
2.4	Support NIDs (Training of HHPs, planning, monitoring) in Gogrial West	D		1,500 .00	1	100.00	1,500.00
	Costs will be for logistics support, monitoring and training of per	rsonne	l to participa	ate in the	NIDs		
2.5	Quarterly county nutrition project review meetings in Gogrial West	D	1	500.0 0	2	100.00	1,000.00
	Costs being for venue hire and refreshments during the meeting						
2.6	Monthly coordination meetings between local leadership, CHD and nutrition actors	D	1	400.0 0	6	100.00	2,400.00
	Costs being for venue hire and refreshments during the meeting	g					
2.7	Visibility (Banners, T-shirts, Hats and Humanitarian vests)	D	1	3,000	1	100.00	3,000.00
	This is to ensure that the team are visible and easily identified by	y the l	beneficiaries	s and oth	ner partners	to promote a	accountability.
2.8	Local accommodation costs	D	3	50.00	5	100.00	750.00
	Estimate/Cost towards lodging of teams while on mission. Cost	taff in a missi	ion in a month .				
	Section Total						22,150.00
Equipn	nent						
3.1	Essential materials and hygiene supplies for OTP/TSFT sites in G.W	D	1	5,000	1	100.00	5,000.00
	The costs will be for detergents for cleaning, and hygiene suppl	lies e.g	soaps for t	he OTP/	TSFP sites		
	Section Total						5,000.00
Travel							
5.1	Staff travel (local transport, flights-round trip,) Juba to Field locations-Teams to be booked via UNHAS	D	2	550.0 0	2	100.00	2,200.00
	These are costs of project staff to travel to and from field location	ons to .	Juba				
5.2	Vehicle fuel and maintenance costs/hire	D	1	1,700 .00	6	100.00	10,200.00
	These are costs of vehicle hire for project activities						
5.3	Local Transportation RUTF from UNICEF through the existing PCA and transport to all counties	D	1	1,000	3	100.00	3,000.00
	ocal transport hire of trucks for nutrition supplies						
5.4	Monthly supportive supervision visits	D	1	50.00	6	100.00	300.00
	The costs will be for Travel, subsistence and perdiems of project visits	ct supe	ervisor and (CHD stat	f participatii	ng in support	supervision
5.5	Quarterly monitoring / technical support visits by Juba based Nutrition advisory meeting	D	2	400.0	2	100.00	1,600.00
	The costs will be for travel and subsistence and perdiems of Juli	y staff					
5.6	Contribution to filed and Juba staff's R&R and leave	S	4	1,270 .00	1	10.00	508.00
	This cost is a contribution to Rand R and leave for staff involved	d in nu	trition SSHF	projects	5		
	Section Total		17,808.00				

Genera	I Operating and Other Dire	ct Costs									
7.1	Field office Fuel (contribu	, 				D		12,25 1.00	6	10.00	7,350.60
	This is the cost for office	fuel in Gogrial	West a	nd Kuajok	Zonal c	office fo	r running	office ge	enerators.		
7.2	Vehicle running costs - National Office D						1	6,000	6	5.00	1,800.00
	to support vehicle operate coordination meeting	ing costs at Na	tional a	and zonal o	office To	facilita	nte Nutriti	on teams	during don	or engagege	ments and
7.3	Communication Costs					D	1	150.0 0	6	100.00	900.00
	This costs of airtime for both thuraya and mobile phones for the staff for coordination and communication with @USD30 per staff and USD 100 for Thuraya while on field mission										field team
7.4	Stationery/ catriges for G	ogrial West nut	rition p	oroject		D	1	1,808 .60	1	100.00	1,808.60
	Cost of stationery for Gog										
7.5	VSAT (Internet) charges					S	1	3,000	6	10.00	1,800.00
	Being contribution to internet charges in Gogrial West and Kuajok Zonal office. Shared costs towards maintaining V subscriptions to enable the teams manage to email the reports.										
7.6	World Vision South Suda	n Juba Office r	ental c	osts		S	1	20,00 0.00	6	5.00	6,000.00
	Being contribution to office	ce space utilize	d by th	e Nutrition	team ir	Juba (office				
7.7	Juba Office supplies					S	1	3,000	6	5.00	900.00
	Being contribution to office	e utilities used	by the	Nutrition t	eam in	Juba of	fice				
7.8	Bank charges					S	1	3,000	6	5.00	900.00
	Costs related to bank train	nsactions									
7.9	Generators - Maintenanc	e, Repair and F	uel			D	3	1,600	6	10.00	2,880.00
	Cost related to office gen	erators and sta	ff gues	sthouse ge	nerator.						
7.10	Zonal Camp maintenance	e, repair and fu	el			S	1	4,400 .00	6	10.00	2,640.00
	This is costs for maintena	This is costs for maintenance of staff camp where project implementation staff reside									
	Section Total										26,979.20
SubTo	tal						187.00)			270,280.70
Direct											238,632.70
Suppor	t										31,648.00
PSC Co	ost										
PSC Co	ost Percent										7.00
PSC Ar	nount										18,919.65
Total C	cost										289,200.35
Project	Locations										
	Location	Estimated percentage of budget for each location	Estin	nated num for ea	ber of l ch loca		ciaries		Ac	tivity Name	
			Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total				
Warrap	-> Gogrial West	100		2,152	8,199	8,533	18,88 4				
Docum	ents	<u> </u>		•							
Catego	ory Name				Docu	nent D	escriptio	n			

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