## PBF PROJECT PROGRESS REPORT COUNTRY: SOLOMON ISLANDS TYPE OF REPORT: <u>SEMI-ANNUAL</u>, ANNUAL OR FINAL: semi-annual YEAR OF REPORT: 2021



	atural Resources for Greater Social Cohesion in Solomon							
Islands								
Project Number from MPTF-O Gatewa								
If funding is disbursed into a national	Type and name of recipient organizations:							
or regional trust fund:								
Country Trust Fund	UNDP (Convening Agency)							
Regional Trust Fund	UN Women							
	please select							
Name of Recipient Fund:	please select							
•	please select							
Date of first transfer: December 2019								
Project end date: December 2021								
Is the current project end date within 6	months? No							
r j i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i								
Check if the project falls under one or r	nore PBF priority windows:							
Gender promotion initiative								
Vouth promotion initiative								
Transition from UN or regional peace	veening or special political missions							
Cross-border or regional project	coping of special pontical missions							
Total DDE approved president hudget (by	reginight organization).							
Total PBF approved project budget (by	• • ·							
Recipient Organization Amount	L							
UNDP \$ 1.380	919.02							
+ )								
	)2.34							
\$								
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Total: \$ 2,149,								
Approximate implementation rate as perce								
*ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET S	HOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE*							
Gender-responsive Budgeting:								
	ocument to be allocated to activities focussed on gender							
equality or women's empowerment: \$1,183,581								
Amount expended to date on activities focussed on gender equality or women's empowerment:								
\$784,000								
Project Gender Marker: GM2								
Project Risk Marker: Medium								
Project PBF focus area: 2.3 Conflict Pro	evention/Management							

## **Report preparation:**

Project report prepared by: Vardon Hoca, Project Manager, UNDP Project report approved by: Berdi Berdiyev, Country Manager in Solomon Islands, UNDP and Sandra Bernklau, Representative – UN Women Fiji Multi-Country Office Did PBF Secretariat review the report: No

## NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE REPORT:

- Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language.
- *Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do.*
- Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse.
- Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive.
- Please include any COVID-19 related considerations, adjustments and results and respond to section IV.

# PART 1: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS

Briefly outline the **status of the project** in terms of implementation cycle, including whether preliminary/preparatory activities have been completed (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment, etc.) (1500 character limit):

Over the last six months, the Inclusive Governance of Natural Resources for Greater Social Cohesion in Solomon Islands Project (IGNR) is on track and continues to work towards its goals despite the challenges faced by the reduced and re-prioritized budgets of the line ministries, in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The project has optimized its resources in filling the funding gap arising from challenges in meeting the financial commitments from the implementing partners and has used in-house capacities to deploy a new manager, following the departure of the initially hired project manager. All other staff are in place and together with the already deployed individual contractors are working in achieving the project objectives.

The main achievement during the reporting period was the provision of the technical expertise and outreach support to the Ministry of Lands, Housing and Survey (MLHS) and the Ministry of Traditional Governance, Peace and Ecclesiastical Affairs (MTGPEA), in assessing and compilation of the legislation and policies through conflict sensitive, gender inclusive and human rights-based approach. This was particularly vivid in the process of supplementing the efforts of these ministries in consulting the population of three previously conflict prone provinces of Guadalcanal, Western and Malaita in relation to the by-laws on natural resources and land management, as well as through providing policy recommendations in preparation of the customary law legislation. As a result of the successfully attested methodology, the MTGPEA has committed for replicating the consultations in other provinces, while this process has also positively contributed in fulfilling the mandate of the Ministry of Women, Youth, Children and Family Affairs (MWYCFA) by ensuring the inclusive approach and leaving no one behind. This, among the others, also demonstrates the indirect catalytic effect of the project.

Please indicate any significant project-related events anticipated in the next six months, i.e. national dialogues, youth congresses, film screenings, etc. (1000 character limit):

The upcoming period is critical in fulfilling and/or finalizing the project outcomes, as project is gradually reaching the finish line. The main activities will focus on:

• Technical assistance to the Office of the Prime Minister on Land Title Act and the related Constitutional Reform with an aim to enable the registration and use of the customary land;

• Technical support to the Ministry of Lands, Housing and Survey (MLHS) in the finalization of the customary land recordings;

• Supporting the policy and legislative formulations of the Ministry of Traditional Governance, Peace and Ecclesiastical Affairs (MTGPEA), through, among the others, the anthropological study;

• Assisting the line ministries in producing conflict sensitive policy frameworks by providing the up-to-date conflict analysis and capacity building plans;

• Organizing summit/forum on general principles, guidelines and standards for the use of the recorded customary land for inclusive, responsible and sustainable development.

• Advocacy support to the work of the Provincial Women's Caucuses and National Youth Congress and to their inclusion in decision making process regarding natural resource management and climate adaptation.

### FOR PROJECTS WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF COMPLETION: summarize the main

**structural, institutional or societal level change the project has contributed to**. This is not anecdotal evidence or a list of individual outputs, but a description of progress made toward the main purpose of the project. (1500 character limit):

The project has made a steady progress towards alleviating and preventing eventual conflicts arising from the absence of adequate legal framework and insufficient consultation process in policy compilation on land and natural resources management. This has been through providing technical support and ensuring an inclusive approach in policy making at the time when the Solomon Islands Government (SIG) has initiated the procedures of amending and/or enacting the relevant legislation. To this end, technical expertise has been provided to compile the related policy papers, while a compendium of consolidated recommendations from the consultation process will be presented to the government in upcoming weeks. This by itself, provides the basis for the institutional change that is expected beyond the life span of the project.

An important achievement which promotes societal change is the inclusion of the women and youth in the customary land recording process supported by the project. This has significantly contributed to reducing the societal perceptions of rather inferior role of these groups and ensured women and youth have a seat at the negotiation table. In addition, the dialogue between members of different customary land holding groups, as well as the communication which included the 'regular' community members in the same process along with the chiefs of customary land holding groups provided evidence that structural changes are eventually possible should there be persistence in pursuing consultative methodologies.

To this end, while the project has positively contributed to these changes, the impact and the sustainability of the structural, institutional or societal shall be measured in long term and beyond the time frame of 24 months.

In a few sentences, explain whether the project has had a positive **human impact**. May include anecdotal stories about the project's positive effect on the people's lives. Include direct quotes where possible or weblinks to strategic communications pieces. (2000 character limit):

The relationship between communities, customary land holding groups regarding land issues steadily improved and impacted peacebuilding processes in Solomon Islands.

Within the last six months of the project's activities, youth and women were actively involved in dialogues and decision-making processes to contribute to lasting peace in their communities.

Among the project's biggest accomplishments regarding customary land was the completion of four conflict analysis which supported conflict resolution in Western and Malaita Provinces, where it conducted a series of consultations with chiefs of customary land holding groups as well as the group members (including men, women and youths) to collect youth and women's sensitive recommendations on land.

Through active engagement by project staff and implementing partners, a series of <u>#CustomaryLandDiaries</u> videos were launched on digital media to make every voice heard as well as promote and advocate for land rights as human rights. During one of the consultations on customary land, <u>the Supervising Director for Women's</u> <u>Development Division</u> within the Ministry of Women, Youth, Children, and Family Affairs valued the inclusion of women and youth into consultations and negotiations processes "women's and girls' voices and perspectives on land and natural resources must be known and heard because of their gender roles and different experiences using the land and natural resources."

Furthermore, the impact of the intervention was felt through positive feedback received from the first female <u>National Land Recorder</u> stated that "*land recording is an empowerment to the tribal members, something that has never been done in the past. Most importantly, the way the customary land recording is being implemented is what has come out from people.*"

## PART II: RESULT PROGRESS BY PROJECT OUTCOME

Describe overall progress under each Outcome made during the reporting period (for June reports: January-June; for November reports: January-November; for final reports: full project duration). Do not list individual activities. If the project is starting to make/has made a difference at the outcome level, provide specific evidence for the progress (quantitative and qualitative) and explain how it impacts the broader political and peacebuilding context.

- "On track" refers to the timely completion of outputs as indicated in the workplan.
- "On track with peacebuilding results" refers to higher-level changes in the conflict or peace factors that the project is meant to contribute to. These effects are more likely in mature projects than in newer ones.

If your project has more than four outcomes, contact PBSO for template modification.

<u>Outcome 1:</u> The Government is equipped with analyses, laws, policies and frameworks on land and natural resource management which are inclusive and reflective of customary governance

## Rate the current status of the outcome progress: on track

**Progress summary:** (3000 character limit)

The reporting period served to an important phase of consolidating the findings and the recommendations deriving from the consultation processes supported by the project. This includes the ongoing preparations for preparing an analytical report reflecting the public opinion collected throughout outreach to the four provinces mandated by the project with a focus in including the specific recommendations of the women and youth groups to the planned Traditional Governance Bill. The analytical report, which will also include the conclusions of the MTPGEA and provincial governments officers, as well as the outcome of the consultation processes in the remaining provinces, committed by the line ministry, will serve as important guideline to compile an inclusive, gender centered and conflict sensitive legislation, thus addressing an important gap in the country. Following this process, the MTGPEA is expected to approach the Attorney General for the final steps before it reaches the parliament. While there is a readiness of the line ministry, the project, however, has noted that, due to the political differences, the eventual enaction of the Traditional Governance Bill may not necessarily take place during its life span. Nonetheless, the analytical report and the ongoing anthropological study, which innovatively and for the first time is also addressing the views of the Solomon Islands diaspora all over the world, will assure, once the political climate is convenient, an inclusive legislation. Noteworthy, the findings from the consultative process have been validated, both, by the MTGPEA and Ministry of Women, Youth, Children and Family Affairs (MWYCFA), as well.

A significant achievement, on a same note, was the completion of the final desk review of the byelaws (secondary legislation) in relation to the customary landholding and other targeted laws and policies in relation to land and natural resources. The related report is under preparation and, once finalized will serve as a guiding paper in establishing the foundations for the development of the related policies for registration of recorded customary land. This complex process is well-combined with the ambitious agenda of the project, the currently ongoing recording of the (pilot) customary lands – elaborated more at the next outcome -, as well as supporting the Office of the Prime Minister and the Ministry of Lands, Housing and Survey (MLHS) to bridging the Customary Land Records and Land and Titles Act and initiating the related Constitutional Amendment. The project recognizes the political implications of this course, and while may not be able to confirm the ordaining of this legislation but is able to commit to equip the SIG stakeholders with the necessary technical advice to achieve this agenda. This will include the related analytical reports and policy papers which will help in preparing the planned legislative changes.

### Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome: (1000 character limit)

The project's relatively high gender score is somehow reflected under this outcome. Main achievements are mainly led by women; the ongoing analytical report on the finding and recommendations for the Traditional Governance Bill is being prepared by a woman expert, the team working on the anthropological study is composed exclusively of women, the review process of the byelaws (secondary legislation) in relation to the customary landholding is headed by the women, while the senior officials - at the level of undersecretary – of the MTGPEA, MWYCFA, MLHS designated to lead the proceedings of their line ministries under this outcome are all women. Although not at the same level, women (and youth), this practice is echoed at the grassroots level: out of the 170 of consulted individuals during the outreach activities on by-law and customary land recording consultations, 52 were women. The inclusion

and pro-active participation of the PBF supported grassroot youth caucuses, Provincial Youth Councils and Provincial Women Caucuses in the consultation process was an added value to ensure that voices of women and youth are meaningfully heard at the time when the country is keen in transforming the approach in governing the land and natural resources. In addition, the project launched a series of videos on customary land where specific focus was made on women's and youth voices, which significantly increased the profile of the women and youth leadership in the respective communities. All of these, demonstrate that the project is on a right track in contributing to the change of societal perceptions on the role of women and youth and promoting the Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness Agenda.

# <u>Outcome 2:</u> Communities adversely affected by land and natural resource mismanagement including VAWG participate more strongly in decisions on land and natural resources.

### Rate the current status of the outcome progress: on track

### **Progress summary:** (3000 character limit)

Strong advocacy and proactive interventions to involve traditionally excluded communities in the decisions on land and natural resources is considered as one of the main achievements this outcome. To this end, the project continued to support series of targeted workshops at which women and youth were equipped with the knowledge regarding the applicable legal acts, by-law and policies on land and natural governance. The workshops also served as a fora for discussion between the women and youth and the ministerial and provincial officials on land management, natural resources and livelihoods, thus ensuring a meaningful interchange between the rightholders and duty-bearers and contributing in strengthening the national dialogue and institutional confidence building. Unorthodoxly, these forums also brought together at the same space, youth, women, community and traditional leaders, therefore, initiating an intragenerational exchange of the opinions over the use of the wealth. Particular significance was given to guide the discussions on the effects of the climate change and environmental consequences of the mismanagement of the natural resources, with the focus on rapidly increasing extractive industries in the area. To this end, special sessions were reserved to discuss? the Environmental Act and the related legislations of Solomon Islands, which among the other, regulate the necessity of the social and environmental impact assessments of the potential investments in the country.

Technical support to the MLHS to review and reconsider the triggers and roots of the conflict related to the land management was another major attainment during the reporting period. The project supported and completed four conflict analysis in two provinces of the country, Parara in the Western Province and Raroasi, Paehusi, Huniharu, Are'are in Malaita Province. This entailed a complex process of analyzing of the diverse tribal traditions in inheriting, transferring and managing lands and examined areas of preventing the conflict and initiating dialogues, in line with the customary traditions, to resolve potential disputes. In addition, the ongoing process of land recording, which in addition to its cadastral technicalities, incorporates a series of

dialogues and 'shuttle diplomacies' between the customary land holding groups, is expected to positively contribute to reducing the potentials of the conflicts in the targeted areas, given that at the end of the process the customary land holding groups would have agreed and clearly defined boundaries of their lands.

These achievements, in addition to their notable contribution to the societal and institutional transformation, have also established the foundations for the next envisaged interventions under this outcome; increasing the awareness on the interrelations between the violence against women and girls and the wealth management, and launching of the process of enabling the use of the customary land for the commercial purposes as well, which are all planned for the last two quarters of 2021.

### Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome: (1000 character limit)

The noteworthy contributions to ensure the Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness under this outcome have been extensively exemplified above and can be best summarized through one of the key recommendations deriving from the consultative processes:

"Establishing special measures to ensure integration and participation of vulnerable members including women, youth, children and person with disabilities in the decisionmaking process of landholding groups. The outcome of such measures should be active participation and contribution to decision-making processes of the landholding group.".

This demonstrates that the project, in addition to its contribution to societal transformations is likely to produce policy recommendations which may lead to institutional changes.

Numerically illustrated, the project managed to gather youth representatives from all wards from the targeted provinces involved in all the consultation and workshops organized by the projects. To date, 162 youths (89 males and 73 females) participated these events, which among the others, aimed to elaborate the direct rapport between the governance and management of the natural resources and peacebuilding.

On a same note, the land recording process brought together a significant, although not equal, number of women (93 out of 390). This marks a gradual increase of the role women in the negotiation table over the management of the natural resources. If these numbers are evaluated in tandem with the proactive participation of women in the abovementioned consultation process, as well as with the gender sensitive recommendations issues, it indicates that project is on track regarding strengthening the role of women and youth in the decision-making processes related to the wealth management.

## PART III: CROSS-CUTTING ISSUES

Monitoring: Please list monitoring	Do outcome indicators have baselines? Yes
activities undertaken in the reporting period (1000 character limit) A baseline study was completed using a variety of qualitative and quantitative methods. A mixture of qualitative and	The Baseline Study collected data from seven selected communities in three provinces, namely Guadalcanal, Malaita and Western. A total of 262 household surveys were conducted for the Study.
quantitative methods was employed for the collection of primary and secondary data.	Key results show 60% of women did not know about TGB and were not involved in any consultations associated with it. 30% of all respondents in the three provinces had heard of TGB but were not involved in any related processes.
	Analysis shows that 67% of 15 to 25-year-olds do not take part in natural resources management decisions, this decreases to 60% of those aged between 26 and 40. A higher participation rate was noted for respondents over the age of 40. In terms of gender, more men respondents than women in the 26 to 40 age group across all three provinces do not take part in natural resources management. This figure significantly increases for the age group above 40, where men dominate in the process of natural resources management.
	The study also shows the main reasons for conflicts in the three provinces are: trespass in private properties, unfair distribution of natural resources, and unsustainable use of resources.
	Monitoring activities, among the others, included regular spot checks by the Project Manager alongside with verification teams at the project sites.
	Has the project launched perception surveys or other community-based data collection? no
<b>Evaluation:</b> Has an evaluation been conducted during the reporting period? please select	Evaluation budget (response required): Budget for the Endline study allocated is 55,786
	If project will end in next six months, describe the evaluation preparations (1500 character limit): The ToRs for the independent evaluators, an international and a national are being prepared. Sufficient budget has been allocated to ensure the proper evaluation.
<b><u>Catalytic effects (financial)</u>:</b> Indicate name of funding agent and amount of	Name of funder: Amount:

additional non-PBF funding support that	Solomon Islands Government,	Women's Rights Action
has been leveraged by the project.	Movement (WRAM)	\$ 260,000.00
Other: Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations? (1500 character limit)	Please kindly note that the above indirect and provided to the M Rights Action Movement (W assistance received from the Development Agency (IWDA) women's empowerment and politi Also, the government through t and funding the rest of the TGCF provinces not reached by the cur	WYCFA by the Women's (RAM) through funding International Women's to support work around tical participation. he MTGPEA is supporting FB consultation in 5 other

# PART IV: COVID-19

Please respond to these questions if the project underwent any monetary or nonmonetary adjustments due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

1) Monetary adjustments: Please indicate the total amount in USD of adjustments due to COVID-19:

## \$

- 2) Non-monetary adjustments: Please indicate any adjustments to the project which did not have any financial implications:
- 3) Please select all categories which describe the adjustments made to the project (*and include details in general sections of this report*):
- □ Reinforce crisis management capacities and communications
- □ Ensure inclusive and equitable response and recovery
- □ Strengthen inter-community social cohesion and border management
- □ Counter hate speech and stigmatization and address trauma
- $\Box$  Support the SG's call for a global ceasefire
- $\Box$  Other (please describe):

If relevant, please share a COVID-19 success story of this project (*i.e. how* adjustments of this project made a difference and contributed to a positive response to the pandemic/prevented tensions or violence related to the pandemic etc.)

## PART V: INDICATOR BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Using the **Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments-** provide an update on the achievement of **key indicators** at both the outcome and output level in the table below (if your project has more indicators than provided in the table, select the most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight). Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (300 characters max per entry)

	Performance	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Current indicator	<b>Reasons for Variance/ Delay</b>
	Indicators	Baseline	project	Milestone	progress	(if any)
			Indicator			
			Target			
Outcome 1	Indicator 1	The	Gender-	Inclusive	An inclusive	
The	Revised gender-	judiciary, the	sensitive	consultations	consultation	
Government	sensitive draft	Bar	revised draft	programs	program was	
is equipped	Traditional	Association,	Traditional	Revised gender-	developed in	
with	Governance Bill	Churches and	Governance	sensitive draft	collaboration with	
analyses,	(TGB)	marginalized	Bill endorsed	traditional	key relevant	
laws, policies	consultatively	groups,	by the	governance bill.	partners and	
and	developed by the	women and	MTGPEA.		implemented during	
frameworks	MTGPEA, is	youth were			the preparatory	
on land and	submitted to	not			sessions for women	
natural	parliament.	meaningfully			and youth, where	
resource		consulted on			they discussed	
management		the first			issues and develop	
which are		TGB.			recommendations.	
inclusive and		Customary				
reflective of		Landowners			A proper	
customary		are unaware			consultation	
governance		of the			program provided	

Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
	benefits of registering land boundaries for further sustainable development.			space for women and youth to present their interventions and allowed for vibrant discussions. From the TGCFB preparatory sessions, there were more than 50 specific recommendations put forward by women participants. Gender-sensitive recommendations that reflect women's, youth and people with disabilities' voices and needs will be applied at all levels of the proposed TGCFB structure.	

	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
					Consolidated Women's recommendation further validated. Draft consolidated validated recommendations from women available. Validated recommendations will be formally presented to the MTGPEA by the MWYCFA in June.	
Output 1.1 Comprehensi ve review of legislative and institutional frameworks governing land and	Indicator 1.1.1 Number of inclusive, gender sensitive recommendations for amendments to the by-laws and regulations governing land and	Customary land recording act and by-laws under review.		Draft by-laws for customary land. Development of gender sensitive legal framework	Consultations on by- law as a governance mechanism in three provinces for customary landholding groups in communities completed. A draft policy paper to inform the	

	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
			Indicator Target			
natural resources	natural resources management.		Target		development of the by-law is currently being finalized. A number of recommendations came out of the consultations. One of the key recommendations is establishing special measures to ensure the inclusion and participation of the most vulnerable, including women, youth, children, and people with disabilities, in the decision-making process of landholding groups. It was further	
					recommended that the outcome of such	

	Performance	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Current indicator	<b>Reasons for Variance/ Delay</b>
	Indicators	Baseline	project	Milestone	progress	(if any)
			Indicator			
			Target			
					measures should be	
					illustrated through	
					active participation	
					and contribution to	
					the decision-making	
					processes of the	
					landholding group.	
Output 1.2	Indicator 1.2.1	TGB is		Social	A draft gender	
The	Recommendations	deficient in		Anthropological	analysis report on	
Traditional	of gender analysis	its gender		research.	the Traditional	
Governance	and women's	inclusiveness		Gender analysis	Governance,	
Bill is	consultations	•		report with	Customs and	
submitted to	incorporated into	Currently		recommendation	Facilitation Bill is	
Parliament	the revised	gender blind.		S.	completed and	
and reflects	traditional			Consultations	available for review.	
the concerns	Governance Bill			with youth and		
of women				women.	Women's	
and youth					consolidated	
and is aligned					recommendations on	
with					the 2020 Traditional	
Amended					Governance,	
Land and					Customs and	
Titles Act					Facilitation Bill and	
					recommendations	
					from the draft	

Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
		Target		gender analysis report were further validated. A total of 52 areas of concern were documented during the 2020 consultation process with women. 4 out of 52 made on the foundation and essence of the Bill concerning the policy basis for the Bill, the alignment of the Bill to recognition of customary law, the principle of equality including gender equality and social inclusion.	

	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
	Indicator 1.2.2 % of women (of those consulted) from target project provinces were engaged during consultative process for traditional governance bill.		50% of women (of those consulted) engaged during consultative process for Traditional Governance Bill.	Inclusive consultations programs.	A total of 223 women representatives from all nine provinces and Honiara participated during the consultative process on the Traditional Governance Bill. This represented the 89% attendance rate compared to the planned total of 250 women leader.	
Outcome 2 Communities adversely affected by land and natural resource mismanagem ent including	Indicator 2.1 Community members in target zones (disaggregated by sex and age) feel that they can participate in land and natural			Baseline and End-line study.	The baseline study was successfully conducted in the provinces covered under the IGNR Project, and the report has been finalized and shared with the project	

	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
VAWG participate more strongly in decisions on land and natural resources	resource decision- making;		Tinger		team. The report highlighted that 86% of the women and youth feel that they can contribute to land and the natural decision- making processes.	
Output 2.1 Improved recording of customary land titles and strengthened synergies with Government and Private Sector to sustainably develop	Indicator 2.1.1 Number of Customary land titles successfully recorded through community led consultative process	Number of Customary land titles successfully recorded through community led consultative process.	1 (during PBF-phase 2 project, the process of customary land boundary recording took around 8 months).	Customary land titles recorded.	A total of 6 customary land will be recorded by the end of the project. A total of three customary land in Malaita Province, two customary land in Guadalcanal Province and on one customary land in Western Province.	
registered customary land.	Indicator 2.1.2 Number of sustainable pilot	N/A	At least pilot business plans developed for	Pilot Business Plans.	A total number of six pilot business plans will be	

Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
business plans mutually developed between MLHS, private sector and host communities with registered customary land.		customary land titles recorded during the project.		developed by the land-owning groups during the forum planned for August 2021.	
Indicator 2.1.3 Number of community related land and resources grievances resolved through conflict resolution under the MTGPEA and MLHS.	N/A	At least three community related land and resources grievances resolved.	Customary land titles recorded.	Three community related land resources grievances resolved. One was done in Malaita for the three-land recorded there because they are located close to each other, one for Western Province and one for two land recorded in Guadalcanal Province because they are located close to each other.	

	Performance	Indicator	End of	Indicator	<b>Current indicator</b>	<b>Reasons for Variance/ Delay</b>
	Indicators	Baseline	project	Milestone	progress	(if any)
	Indicator 5	Dasenne	Indicator	Winestone	P1051033	(ii aiiy)
			Target			
	Indicator 2.2.1	Limited	At least 30%	Technical	Preparations are	
Output 2.2	Increased Access	representatio	of women's	support to	currently underway	
Natural	of women and	n of women,	representation	targeted	to host a	
resource	youth to natural	PWDs and	in the natural	ministries	summit/Forum in	
	resource	youth in				
management committees		2	resource	mainstreaming	August 2021 where all relevant	
	management	natural	management	gender.		
provide an	decision making.	resource	committees.	Women's	stakeholders,	
opportunity		management		empowerment in	including	
for		committees.		leadership and	government, private	
community				decision-making	sectors, targeted	
members,				trainings.	customary	
including				Technical	landholding groups,	
women, to				support to PWCs	CSOs and women	
discuss and				and other	representatives, will	
address				women groups	gather together to	
grievances				on natural	talk through general	
within				resource	principles,	
communities,				management and	guidelines and	
with the				climate	standards for	
private				adaptation.	making recorded	
companies				1	customary land	
and					available and	
Government					accessible for	
representative					inclusive,	
s.					responsible and	

Performance	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Current indicator	<b>Reasons for Variance/ Delay</b>
Indicators	Baseline	project	Milestone	progress	(if any)
		Indicator			
		Target			
				sustainable	
				development. The	
				purpose of the	
				summit are:	
				1. Introduce the	
				customary land	
				recording	
				process	
				including by-law	
				as a governance	
				mechanism for	
				customary	
				landholding	
				groups.	
				2. Identify main	
				issues, and	
				resolutions that	
				will inform and	
				guide the	
				Government of	
				Solomon Islands	
				to undertake	
				appropriate	
				policy, legal and	
				administrative	

	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
			Target			
					reforms that is inclusive. 3. Discuss the potential business opportunities for recorded customary land.	
	Indicator 2.3.1	N/A	80% of the	Community		
Output 2.3	Increased		community	awareness	Community	
Community	awareness of		members (of	program.	awareness on	
members,	community		those who	Advocacy work	existing laws and	
especially	members (of those		participated in	for the	policies currently	
women and	who participated		awareness	implementation	underway.	
girls have	awareness		sessions)	of existing	Community	
increased	sessions),		reported increased	law/policies to	awareness program available.	
awareness of the legal	especially women and girls, on		awareness on	protect women and girls from	Preparations and	
rights and	existing laws and		existing laws	sexual	planning for the	
feel protected	policies that		and policies	exploitation and	advocacy work for	
from VAWG	protect women and		that protect	abuse.	the implementation	
	girls from VAWG		women and		of existing	
	C .		girls from		laws/policies to	
			VAWG.		protect women and	

	Performance	Indicator	End of	Indicator	<b>Current indicator</b>	<b>Reasons for Variance/ Delay</b>
	Indicators	Baseline	project	Milestone	progress	(if any)
			Indicator			
			Target			
					girls from sexual	
					exploitation is	
					ongoing. Draft	
					advocacy program	
					available and	
					anticipated to start	
					in July/August.	
Output 2.4	Indicator 2.4.1	Limited	At least 50%	Revitalization of	Three Provincial	
Avenues exist	Improved	engagement	of the	provincial youth	Youth Councils	
for	participation of	of youth and	participants	councils	revitalized. This	
communities,	youth and women	women	from youth	Training of	platform allows	
especially	advocacy forums	forums in	and women	youth	young people to get	
youth and	in decision-making	advocacy and	forums feel	Advocacy	involved in	
women, to	processes related to	decision-	satisfied with	initiatives with	decision-making	
hold their	peacebuilding,	making	their	stakeholders	processes on	
leaders and	natural resource	processes	involvement	around	governance and	
government	governance and	related to	in decision-	corruption issues	management of	
to account	accountability	peacebuildin	making	including	natural resources	
with regards	mechanism	g, natural	processes	transparency,	and peacebuilding at	
to land and		resource	related to	accountability &	provincial and	
natural		governance	peacebuilding	peacebuilding.	national levels.	
resource		and	, natural		Initial planning	
management		accountabilit	resource		meetings were	
decisions.		У	governance		already held	
		mechanism.	and		between the	

	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
			accountability mechanism.		National Youth Congress and Youth Caucus with the Provincial Youth Divisions to develop an awareness and training framework on policies and regulations governing national resource management.	
Output 2.5 Communities are supported to fine more sustainable and inclusive use of land which reduce conflict factors.	Indicator 2.5.1 Number of sustainable business ideas. proposals developed by national business development forum.	N/A	At least two sustainable business ideas/concept proposed by national business forum to MLHS.	Establishment of a national business development forum. Sustainable business ideas/proposals.	Preparations are currently underway to host a summit/Forum in August 2021 where all relevant stakeholders, including government, private sectors, targeted customary landholding groups,	

Performance	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Current indicator	<b>Reasons for Variance/ Delay</b>
Indicators	Baseline	project Indicator Target	Milestone	progress	(if any)
				CSOs and women representatives, will gather together to talk through general principles, guidelines and standards for making recorded customary land available and accessible for inclusive, responsible and sustainable development. The purpose of the summit are: 1. Introduce the customary land recording process including by- law as a governance	

Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
				mechanism for customary landholding groups. 2. Identify main issues, and resolutions that will inform and guide the Government of Solomon Islands to undertake appropriate policy, legal and administrativ e reforms that is inclusive. 3. Discuss the potential business	

Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
				opportunities for recorded customary land.	