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Programme/Project Title: Supporting the Implementation of the Joint Communique through the refurbishment of the SLPP headquarters	Programme/Project Location: Freetown-Sierra Leone		
Programme/Project Number:			
Brief Project Description:	Total Programme/Project Cost: PBF: USD 69,550 Government Input: - Other: - Total: USD 69,550		
This project aims at contributing to the implementation of the Joint Communiqué Agreements following the violent clashes that destabilized the country early April 09.			
The expected outcomes of the project are the following:	Programme/Project Duration:		
- The SLPP has retrieved optimal working conditions and is able to play its democratic role	June 2009-August 2009.		
- The SLPP leadership is in the right disposition to participate in the implementation of the Joint Communiqué			

Development Goal and Key Immediate Objectives:

The implementation of the joint communiqué of April 2009 is instrumental to the preservation of peace and the development of democratic processes in the country. By indirectly supporting the implementation of the Joint Communiqué, and directly participating in restoring the functioning capacity of the SLPP, this project stands as one element of the package of actions undertook in parallel to prevent further escalation of violence and address the immediate threats to peace.

Outputs and Key Activities

- 1. A maximum of damaged windows rehabilitated
- 2. A maximum of damaged doors rehabilitated
- 3. A maximum of damaged walls re-painted

The SLPP issues a contract with a construction company:

The scope of works for the refurbishment is agreed between the SLPP and the construction company and presented to the UNDP project team.

The SLPP monitors the construction activities and reports to the UNDP project team.

PBF Co-Chairs Approval l	Date:		
On behalf of:	Signature	Date	Name/Title
Govt. Counterpart	Jaffy	10/06/2019	Mahonal Sec. Generala
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COMPONENT 1: Background

In March 2009, Sierra Leone was hit by the biggest eruption of violence since the end of the conflict in 2002. Violent clashes involving mostly the supporters of the two main parties, the governing All Peoples Congress (APC) and the major opposition party, the Sierra Leone Peoples Party (SLPP), resulted in multiple severe injuries, cases of sexual assaults as well as destructions in the SLPP offices. As a result of this violence, scheduled election was postponed for the first time in Sierra Leone's post-war period.

The two major parties angrily denounced each other in the aftermath of the violence, including on their

own partisan radio stations, further inflaming the political climate.

The UN Integrated Peacebuilding Mission in Sierra Leone responded immediately and convened both political parties as well as with leaders of the resident diplomatic community in an effort to reach a consensus on the urgent need for a joint public rejection of violence in all aspects of national political life.

This intervention resulted in an accord by both parties to reject violence and strengthen civic dialogue in the country. On April 2, the two parties publicly pledged to work together to prevent further political violence in the country and support concrete preventive measures in such areas as inter-party dialogue. youth employment, police oversight, and nonpartisan media. In a joint communiqué signed in front of Président Ernest Bai Koroma and officially witnessed by the Executive Representative of the Secretary-General, Michael von der Schulenburg, the chairmen and secretaries-general of the All Peoples Congress (APC) and the Sierra Leone People's Party (SLPP) vowed to "work jointly in preventing all forms of political incitement, provocation and intimidation that could lead to a recurrence of the disturbances witnessed in March 2009."

These incidents arose in a climate of apparent stability and their violence appeared inversely proportional to the democratic and security progress perceived by all observers of the country peace consolidation process. The light shed on the fragility of peace generated the immediate mobilization of the parties' leadership along with the international community of development partners. The United Nations must use this momentum and seize the opportunity to support the stakeholders' commitment to bring back stability and redirect politics on the smooth path to democracy.

This proposal to the Emergency window of the Peacebuilding Fund is designed to support the fulfillment of the commitments made by the two parties in this declaration and to implement measures that are immediately needed to prevent further degradation of the situation.

Among the commitments in their joint statement, the two parties:

Agreed to "independent" investigations into the recent violence, with prosecution of those responsible "irrespective of their real or alleged political affiliation."

triged the creation of an Independent Complaints Board for the national police and international assistance to ensure that police have the training and equipment to respond to civil disturbances without "lethal force"

Called for strengthening independent democratic institutions such as the Political Parties Registration Commission, the National Electoral Commission, the National Human Rights Commission, the Anti-Corruption Commission, and the Independent Media Commission:

Pledged support for independent broadcasting that "gives equal access to the views and arguments of all political parties"

Promised to strive for 'regional balance in the membership and representation of their respective parties - irrespective of geographical or ethnic

Vowed to disband "all so-called youth task forces or any other militant youth groups" and to work to reduce youth unemployment

Committed themselves to "regular multi-party talks" throughout the country

COMPONENT 2: Narrative Section: Project justification

In this communiqué, the two main parties "recognize the important roles and responsibilities that both the governing and opposition parties have to play in a democratic dispensation" and commit to work together on various issues including in enhancing "the roles and responsibilities and to respect the independence of important democratic institutions". The commitments made can hardly be fulfilled if the damage caused to the SLPP's headquarters during the events is not urgently repaired.

This project therefore proposes to support the SLPP to retrieve optimal working conditions and play its democratic role. By the same token, this support will help give the SLPP leadership the right disposition to participate in the implementation of the Joint Communiqué.

COMPONENT 3: Logical Framework Analysis

Overall Objective:

Contribute to the implementation of the Joint Communiqué Agreements following the violent clashes that destabilized the country early April 09.

Expected Outcomes:

- The SLPP has retrieved optimal working conditions and is able to play its democratic role
- The SLPP leadership is in the right disposition to participate in the implementation of the Joint Communiqué

Expected Outputs

- 4. A maximum of damaged windows rehabilitated
- 5. A maximum of damaged doors rehabilitated
- 6. A maximum of damaged walls re-painted

Activities:

The SLPP issues a contract with a construction company.

The scope of works for the refurbishment is agreed between the SLPP and the construction company and presented to the UNDP project feam.

The SLPP monitors the construction activities and reports to the UNDP project team.

4.0 Budget

The amount of \$65,000 will be used by the SLPP to finance the replacement of damaged windows and doors and the re-paintings of its headquarters building. Based on the Bill of Quantity (BoQ), the SLPP will decide how best to allocate this funding within its overall budget.

Funds disbursement arrangement:

A fixed amount contribution will be transferred to the SLPP in three instalments, upon reception of justifying documents that will show the progress of the rehabilitation.

First instalment

Date: Week I Amount: \$35,000

Criteria:

The agreed scope of works for the refurbishment between the SLPP and the construction company is presented to the UNDP project team.

The successful contracting of Construction Company showing that an open tender process was conducted

Second instalment

Date: Week 5 Amount: \$ 25,000

Criteria: 50% of the refurbishment works as outlined in the scope of works is completed.

Third instalment

Date: Week 8 Amount: \$5,000

Criteria: A certificate of completion from the construction company and a letter of acceptance from the

SLPP denoting the completion of the scope of works will be provided.

These dates are indicative but the project should not exceed a total of two months.

A 7% agency management fee (\$4.550) will be used to support the project implementation.

COMPONENT 5: Management Arrangements

The project is a quick impact/emergency project with minimum involvement of the recipient agency. A UNDP team composed of a procurement officer and a project officer will closely monitor the use of funds and ensure that criteria are met before releasing the tranches of funds.

The SLPP is responsible for procuring the goods and services needed to complete the tasks and doing its own cost and benefits analysis.

COMPONENT 6: Monitoring and evaluation

COMPONENT 7: Analysis of risks and assumptions

The criteria are not respected and the funds cannot be released.

PBF SUPPORT TO THE REHABILITATION OF THE SLPP OFFICE:

BUDGET

			Unit Cost	Total cost
Category	Item	No.	(S)	(\$)
1. Supplies, commodities, equipment and transport				1
2. Personnel (staff, consultants and travel)				
3. Training of counterparts				-
4. Contracts				
Rehabilitation of Studio Room (windows,doors,painting)	N.r	L/S	283.50	283.50
Rehabilitation of third Floor	N.r	L/S	11,564.05	11,564.05
Rehabilitation of Second Floor	N.r	L/S	12,141.04	12,141.04
Rehabilitation of First Floor	N.r	L/S	13,276.80	13,276.80
Rehabilitation of Ground Floor	N.r	L/S	12,568.63	12,568.63
Rehabilitation of Main Entrance (Stair Case)	N.r	L/S	3,643.79	3,643.79
Rehabilitation of Fire escape entrance	N.r	L/S	4,417.97	4,417.97
External painting	N.r	L/S	6461.44	6461.44
Security Post	N.r	L/S	341.48	341.48
• Store	N.r	L/S	301.31	301.31
5. Other direct costs				-
Sub Total				65,000
Indirect Support Costs (7%)				4,550.0
Grand Total				69,550.00