



Total budget requested	US\$ 400,000
Beneficiaries to be assisted with the contribution	(3600 of expected beneficiaries from whom 2400 women and 1200 men)
Duration of project:	April 2017 – April 2018

1. Background Information

In November 2012, a Concept Note was signed by all four agencies in Niger as a result of a consultative workshop held in Niamey. This document illustrates the added value and strengths of each agency, synergies between different activities, and principles of collaboration, program delivery, roles and responsibilities and description of the activities. The four UN agencies involved closely the Government (central and decentralized level) and the target communities in the design, and the monitoring of the joint programme activities. Twenty villages of the regions of Maradi and Dosso were selected for the implementation of the joint program. The implementation of the program started in April 2015 in 5 villages of the municipality of Falwel (Dosso Region). In 2016, the program covered almost the 20 planned villages with most of the activities. The main results achieved so far are:

- better understanding of all the stakeholders of the objectives and the approach of the joint programme; , concerted decision-making and coordination mechanisms of the joint work and ongoing capitalization activities of good practices and experiences;
- 3,600 Dimitra Clubs' members (2,400 women, 1200 men) have improved their leadership and problem-solving skills, as well as the strengthening of their organizational capacities. In fact, the program encouraged women to join producers' organizations (POs) and to participate to the activities at this level. Their achievements benefit to around 18,000 people in Djirataoua, Falwel, Guidan Amoumoune and Sokorbé municipalities;
- 900 beneficiaries (600 women, 300 men) have benefited from nutrition education sessions and have improved their Dietary diversity Score (from 3.8 to 5.93) as well as their knowledge, aptitude and practices in nutrition.
- A baseline study using WEAI tools was conducted in in the municipality of (Dosso region)
- 430 women have increased their yield by using improved seeds
- 770 goats were distributed to 350 vulnerable women to increase and strengthen their assets
- 7 Farmer Field Schools were set up This allow 114 women and 73 men to improve their farming methods and to learn new agricultural technologies
- 990 Dimitra Clubs' members (770 women, 220 men) have joined 65 POs
- 2,654 women and 26 women's groups were involved in the local purchase initiative. A total of have 65.2 tons of cereals and 14.9 tons of pulses was bought from the women's productions.
- 150 women and 48 men capacities were strengthened in associative life. They learnt especially the operating rules of POs and how to select members. A peer-to-peer learning followed and 1,207 members of 40 producer organizations benefited from their gained knowledge.

- 44 women's POs (about 1509 persons) were trained in integration of gender-sensitive analysis in the organization
- 252 women and 48 men trained managing platforms
- 220 women and 30 men enrolled in functional literacy centers, with a 66% success rate
- 700 beneficiaries from Falwel and Djirataoua municipalities, including 500 women and 200 men, received improved cereal seeds and fertilizers. 86% of women in the municipality of increased their production of groundnut, and 43.98% increased their production of cowpeas
- Women and young people of the target areas gained more self-confidence and participated more actively in community decision-making process.
- More qualitative participation of women in rural institutions

Additional funding will allow strengthening these results in the target area and the overall sustainability strategy of the joint programme in Niger.

2. Project area and target groups

The choice of the intervention areas is based on the need to ensure the consolidation of the results already achieved in communities since the beginning of the Joint Programme. The Activities will focus on strengthening the capacities of the beneficiaries in the areas of participatory communication, nutrition education, gender and, governance of producer organizations. Labor organizations, laborsaving technologies for women will be continued to be introduced. Assets strengthening and income's increment will be done respectively through the provision of small ruminant's kits and in the local purchase of their production. The additional funding will be used to strengthen ongoing activities to ensure a better economic empowerment of communities in general and rural women in particular. A total of 3600 direct beneficiaries (2400 women and 1200 men from Falwel, Sokorbé (Dosso region), Djirataoua and Guidan Amoumoune (Maradi region) will be supported through this funding by strengthening the results achieved so far.

3. Description of activities by component

Activity Description (please specify which outcome/output of the global programme document)	Place of implementation	Number of beneficiaries (women/men)	Activity cost In USD	Lead Agency
Outcome 1: Rural women have food and nutrition security improved				
Indicators:				
- Increase the agricultural production of the farmers				
- improved nutrition within the family				
Output 1.1. Rural women have greater access to resources, assets and services essential for their food and nutrition security				
Indicator 1.1.1. Number of women who have access to information and participatory communication				
Indicator 1.1.2. Number of women who adopt improved nutrition practices				
Indicator 1.1.3. Number of women who adopt improved agricultural techniques				
Indicator 1.1.4. Number of women who have access to integrated service				
Indicator 1.1.5. Number of organizations of producers male and producers female who are reinforced				

Nutritional discussions on nutrition and dietary promotion strategies.Strengthening capacities in terms of nutrition to 30 clubs Dimitra's leaders who will stimulate the discussions into their clubs and ensure a good understanding of basics nutrition, and malnutrition, its consequences and the actions to prevent it. In addition, 25 participatory culinary sessions using local ingredients will be held in the 5 villages to make the theory into practice	Djirataoua	900 direct beneficiaries, including 600 women, 300 men and 27000 indirect beneficiaries, including 18000 women)	37,000	FAO
Producer Organizations' development: Strengthening capacities, cooperative education, administration and functioning, good governance within POs (women and mixed groups)	Falwel, Sokorbé, Djirataoua	75 direct beneficiaries: including 50 women of Falwel, Sokorbé, Djirataoua councils	14,500	FAO
Field monitoring missions of activities	Council areas : Falwel, Djirataoua, Sokorbé et Guidan Amoumoune (Maradi and Dosso regions)	1800 direct beneficiaries including 1200 women and 600 men direct beneficiaries	8,000	FAO
Distribution of pastoral kits: small ruminants, vaccines and animal feed	Council areas:Sokorbé Guidan Amoumoune	10 villages : two council area: 50 beneficiaries per council areas with a total of 100 women	66,000	IFAD
Output 1.2: Rural women have greater capacity to enhance and control local food security reserves and their production				
Indicator 1.2.3: Number of women having increased their agricultural technical capability				
Indicator 1.2.4: Number of formal and informal women's groups strengthened				
Establishment and monitoring of Farmer Field Schools with the Dimitra Clubs	Council areas : Falwel, Djirataoua, Sokorbé and Guidan Amoumoune (Maradi and Dosso regions)	125 women	16 000	MAG/EL and FAO resources
Subtotal Outcome 1				125, 500
Outcome2: Rural women have Increased income to secure their livelihoods				
Indicators:				
- Income generated by rural women's cooperatives from their sales to WFP and other markets				
- Evidence of better quality of life and status or rural women				
Output 2.1: Rural women have improved their entrepreneurial skills and their value chains to access markets with their products				
Indicator2.1.1 number of OP female or mixed (with women in decision-making positions) who participate in the purchasing programs in the service of the progress of WFP (P4P				
Indicator2.1.2 number of women of formal and informal groups/OP who received training on entrepreneurship and improvement of agricultural techniques				

Local purchase with small agricultural producers to feed school kitchens: Rural women have increased their income to secure their livelihoods through selling their produce to farmer organisations that feed school kitchens	Falwel	1,692 women and 1,475 men	59,819	WFP
Strengthening of women producers' capacities (entrepreneurship) through improved information and awareness-raising on access to markets and development of value chains	Falwel	600 women	23,684	WFP
Output 2.2: Rural women have increased access to decent wage employment opportunities				
Indicator2.2.1: number of women members of formal and informal groups who received training in gender, participatory communication, good governance and leadership, women literacy				
Indicator2.2.2 : evidence of informal groups of women who become formal				
Indicator2.2.3 : evidence of alleviation of the burden of rural women's work				
Indicator2.2.4: Tangible evidence of improvement of access and control of the Earth (testimonies, stories, etc.)				
Impact evaluation on the multi-purpose labor saving devices on women, children and the communities	20 villages in Dosso and Maradi	Consultant	6,000	UN Women
Strengthening the capacities of key members of grassroots POs and leaders of Dimitra Clubs to participate actively in the decision-making process within communal unions	<i>Falwel, Sokorbé, Djirataoua and Guidan Amoumoune</i>	60 direct beneficiaries including 50 women members of Pos and Dimitra Club	15000	FAO
Support the functioning of local village repairers and spare parts supplies	20 villages within the programme intervention regions (Dosso et Maradi)	Direct beneficiaries: 20 men Indirect beneficiaries: More than 10,000 (8000hommes et 2000femmes)	10,000	UN Women
Purchase and install labor saving tools and technologies	10 villages within the programme intervention regions (Dosso et Maradi)	More than 1,000 persons (800 women+200men)	20, 000	UN Women
Train women on how to operate labor saving tools and technologies	20 villages within the programme intervention regions (Dosso et Maradi)	beneficiaries: 50 (6men and 44women) Indirect beneficiaries: persons (8000 women+2000men)	5,000	UN Women
Travel cost			20,000	UN Women
Subtotal Outcome 2			159,000	
Outcome3: Rural women have increased their leadership and participation in their communities and rural institutions, and in the development of laws, policies and program				
Indicator3.1: Proportion of rural women elected in rural councils				
Indicator3.2: Proportion of rural women who are members of land committees				
Indicator3.3: Proportion of POs and/or informal groups headed by women				
Indicator3.4: Evidence of improvements in rural women's decision-making power within the household, organizations and communities				
Output 3.1: Rural women, including young women have more confidence in themselves and skills to participate in local governance				
Indicator 3.1.1 Number of rural women who received training in participatory communication and women's leadership				



Indicator 3.1.2 Evidence of rural women who have increased their confidence and self-esteem (e.g. stories of women elected in rural councils and/or leadership positions within POs; formal participation of women in village meetings, etc.)				
Output 3.2: Rural women have increased organizational capacity to train, maintain and participate in cooperative producer organizations and unions.				
Indicator 3.2.1. Number of rural women in POs who received training in gender, good governance and efficiency				
Indicator 3.2.2. Tangible proof/evidence of rural women who have increased their capacity to get organized and act collectively at community level				
Indicator 3.2.3. Number of mixed POs who adopted a gender strategy and/or measures to increase the participation of women in leadership positions				
Training on gender-sensitive organizational analysis in POs: <i>strengthening of POs capacities to identify major constraints in their performance in a gender perspective and to analyse and better understand their internal and external environment and how this affects their functioning</i>	<i>Guidan Amoumoune and Sokorbé</i>	50 direct beneficiaries: (35 women)	5,000	FAO
Output 3.3: Rural women including young women have increased capacity to engage in and influence relevant policy forums at national and regional levels.				
Indicator 3.3.1. The OP level apex having received training in gender and equity, represent the needs of women members and men of the OP's base in decision-making				
Indicator 3.3.2. testimony /evidence/proof of rural women who raise their voices at the decision-making level				
Indicator 3.3.3 the customary authorities require more formal participation of women in village meetings in traditionally roles only to men				
Indicator 3.3.4. Evidence / proof reduction of rural women isolation				
Output 3.4: Rural women, including young women are more aware of their rights in a supportive community/local environment.				
Indicator 3.4.1. Number of women participating in the approach of the Clubs DIMITRA				
Indicator 3.4. the number of villages/communities that appropriators of the approach of the Clubs DIMITRA				
Social mobilization and community governance: Strengthen the capacities of 120 existing DIMITRA clubs mobilize and sensitize rural populations on the various themes to be discussed	Council areas : Falwel, Djirataoua, Sokorbé et Guidan Amoumoune (Maradi and Dosso regions)	3,600 direct beneficiaries (2,400 women and 1,200 men), and their households in the 4 targeted municipalities Indirect beneficiaries = 18,000	30,000	FAO
Commemoration of the international day of rural women	Djirataoua	1000 Beneficiaries (600women, 400 men) of Guidan Amoumoune, and Djirataoua	12,000	CN
Capacity development through exchange visits between the members of the DIMITRA Clubs	Guidan Amoumoune, Sokorbé , Djirataoua and Falwel councils,	60 DIMITRA club leaders from 10 villages including 45 women, and 15 men	10,000	FAO
Sous- Total Outcome 3			57,000	
Outcome 4 : A more gender-sensitive policy environment is guaranteed for the economic empowerment of rural women				
Indicator : increase of donors interested in funding the program in Niger				

Indicator :recognition at different levels (laws, programs, strategies, platforms for dialogue) of the role of the women in agricultural development				
National coordinator cost	Niamey	NA	15, 000	CN
Monitoring activities (joint supervisions, meetings of committees, annual review, exchange with local NGO , field missions of national coordinator	Niamey		16,829	CN
Sous- Total Outcome 4				31 829
Total cost 2017				373 832
	7%			26 168
Total including7%				400 000

4. Implementation approach

The activities of the JP in Niger are implemented through a multi-sectorial approach based on strengthening the synergies among the four UN agencies in those geographical areas where entry points and good practices have been identified. FAO's activities will contribute to reduce rural poverty, promote sustainable agricultural production and improve food and nutrition security. In fact, through gender-sensitive participatory communication, the Dimitra clubs will contribute to the socio-economic empowerment of rural women by improving their access to services, resources information, and by promoting ownership of the process at community level. FAO and WFP will work together in strengthening rural women's organizations and improving their agricultural production and governance through the FAO-Coop equity approach and WFP's "Local purchase to smallholder farmers for school feeding program". UN-Women will improve rural women's entrepreneurial capacities and create income-generating opportunities through the provision of multifunctional platforms to women farmers. IFAD will enhance women's resilience capacities through the provision of livestock kits.

Local purchase to smallholder farmer for school feeding: For the implementation of its activities, WFP and the Ministry of Education will collaborate with several implementing partners. The information and sensitization of the targets POs will be done in a participatory manner with the support of WFP local office in Dosso. WFP will call upon qualified partners, if necessary, for the implementation of specific activities in this domain.

Strengthening of POs: The implementation of activities to strengthen organisational capacities of women and men agricultural producers will be carried out in collaboration with the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock MAG/EL particularly with the "Direction nationale de l'action coopérative et de la promotion des organismes ruraux" (DAC/POR) and the local authorities at the municipal level. Various organisations and local partners will be associated to the implementation of capacities strengthening activities.

Strengthening the voice of rural populations, particularly women, through the participatory approach of the Dimitra clubs: the Dimitra Clubs use a gender-sensitive approach to social mobilisation and participatory communication. The Dimitra Clubs are groups of women, men and youth – mixed or not – who decide to organize themselves to become actors of their own development. They meet regularly to discuss problems they face in their daily lives, take decisions and find common solutions. All club members, regardless of their sex or social rank, have the possibility to have their voices heard. This approach has led to women and men

changing their behaviour through reflection, dialogue, discussion, collective action, taking into account everyone's needs.

Nutrition education: As like in Falwel, the entry point for the nutrition education in Djirataoua will be the Dimitra Clubs. This component comprises key messages to convey to the community and a cooking demonstration phase. A baseline study and evaluation survey will be conducted to assess the Household Dietary diversity score (HDDS), the women dietary diversity score (WDDS) and the knowledge, aptitude and practices (KAP) in nutrition and hygiene of the beneficiaries. As described, in the FAO guidelines for DDS, the household dietary diversity score (HDDS) is meant to reflect, in a snapshot form, the economic ability of a household to access a variety of foods. Studies have shown that an increase in dietary diversity is associated with socio-economic status and household food security (household energy availability) (Hoddinot and Yohannes, 2002; Hatloy et al., *Nutrition*: The nutritional activities will be done through the Dimitra Clubs of Djirataoua. A baseline survey will be). Individual dietary diversity scores aim to reflect nutrient adequacy. Studies in different age groups have shown that an increase in individual dietary diversity score is related to increased nutrient adequacy of the diet. ¹ Therefore, it is an important tool to assess the impact of the nutrition education component. The baseline survey will help to identify gaps in the KAP of the beneficiaries and better design the nutrition education sessions. The nutrition education training will be done in a cascade phase as in Falwel. A local NGO will train the supervisors and the leads of the Dimitra's clubs. Then a peer-to-peer, training will follow with the Dimitra club approach. FAO nutrition expert and the NGO will monitor the process, correct and adjust the sessions where needed. A refresher session will be done with the leaders of Falwel to insure the sustainability of the process in this municipality.

5. Justification for the intervention

The following lessons are learned from the programme implementation:

- The **Dimitra Club approach as an entry point** for programme activities has led to the development of synergies in the field, better coordination of activities and the involvement of both men and women in the definition process of programme's strategies.
- Creating a **framework for exchange with the implementing partners** (local NGOs) allows them to develop a greater sense of ownership of the programme's philosophy, as well as enhancing local take-up and strengthening synergies.
- Working on the **human capital of men, women and their organizations** creates and consolidates the conditions required for greater economic empowerment.

It is why, the programme focuses on the following activities:

In Niger, the local purchase will go on with introduction voucher modality in the rural community of Falwel will increase local purchases. Small producers, particularly women, will be motivated to produce more as they are guaranteed that their surplus production will be purchased so to increase their income. In the long run, this will also increase agricultural production, particularly if this activity is combined with FAO in terms of partnership. If there is to be an increase to secure livelihoods, there needs to be a large number of women to participate in the school kitchen purchases. This means that women from the targeted villages must be aware of this opportunity.

Strengthening of POs : It is imperative that POs regularly question themselves on how to improve their performance and their capacities to achieve their mission and objectives in order for them to : - really provide services to all their members; - contribute to a real improvement of the livelihoods of their members; - support women producers to be more active , - in the functioning of the POs, their management and services; - enable women and youth to participate actively in the decision making process; - make the legal and governance

¹ http://www.fao.org/fileadmin/user_upload/wa_workshop/docs/FAO-guidelines-dietary-diversity2011.pdf

framework more favourable to the development of efficient and equitable POs, and lastly - for the members of POs to participate to meetings with local and national authorities.

The Dimitra Clubs Approach has been chosen as the entry point for all the activities of the Joint Programme because it is rooted in community mobilisation and gender-sensitive participatory communication. Thanks to this approach, all the activities of the four agencies are realised in synergy.

Nutrition education: The nutrition education activity was completed only in the 5 villages of the municipality of Fawel due to lack of resources. The additional resources will help to implement this activity at least in 5 other villages in Djirataoua. In fact, the evaluation of the nutrition education component has showed good results in the community of Falwel. The Household Dietary diversity score (HDDS) has improved. From a baseline score of 3.8 before the nutrition education component the HDDS is around 6 months after the end of the intervention. Package to implement. It is also important to note that Djirataoua belongs to the region of Maradi, where the rate of global acute malnutrition and chronic malnutrition are higher than the national rate.² Therefore, it will be important to utilize the approach done in Falwel to introduce Nutrition education in the selected 5 villages.

6. Sustainability

At the national level: The joint program "Accelerating the Economic Empowerment of Rural Women" in Niger is implemented by the four agencies of the United Nations system in collaboration with the technical ministries and the High Commission for the 3N initiative (HC3N). Deconcentrated representations at regional, departmental and municipal levels of the various technical ministries are strongly involved in the implementation of this program. These deconcentrated representations, in particular, and the HC3N regional coordination support the technical supervision of the beneficiaries and are fully involved in the monitoring, evaluation, and supervision of activities. The approach of "communes de convergence" makes the municipality the prime manager of the actions of its development. This approach also helps to cultivate synergy and complementarities at the local level, to establish the design of new projects and programs on the achievements of those that end and to replicate them in other villages in the same municipality.

At the municipal level: Different capacity strengthening on a range of issues (Good Governance, Women Leadership, Functional Literacy, Gender Equality in Management ...) for key PO leaders, Dimitra Club leaders, deconcentrated technical services of the State, the representatives of the NGO partners and the municipality actors make it possible to have the local skills to multiply, capitalize and continue actions after the program. Partnerships with local NGOs, strengthening their capacities through the creation of an exchange framework specific to the matter, make it possible

At the direct beneficiaries level: Strengthening the leadership of rural women and empowering them through the dynamics of DIMITRA clubs, functional literacy and nutritional education is not only an essential link in improving the living conditions of households but especially valuable knowledge and experience that can serve as good practice for the implementation of other development actions. The involvement of the men and women at village's levels in the definition and implementation of activities through the Dimitra clubs also allows their appropriation.

² Smart survey 2016 :GAM national :10.2% ; Maradi :12.9% ; Chronic Malnutrition : National 42.2% ; Maradi :53.8%

7. Budget

FUND REQUEST -2017

CATEGORY	WFP	FIDA	FAO	ONU-Femmes	Coordination	TOTAL
1. Staff and Other Personnel Cost	5 860	6 500	-	-	15 000	27 360
2. Supplies, commodities, materials	66 334	300	6 500			73 134
3. Equipment, Vehicles and Furniture including Depreciation						-
4. Contractual Services			21 000	6 000	15 000	42 000
5. Travel	5 846	3 000	13 000	20 000	10 300	52 146
6. Transfers and Grants Counterparts		56 200	79 000	33 000		168 200
7. General Operating and Other Direct Costs	5 463			2 000	3 529	10 992
Total Program Costs	83 503	66 000	119 500	61 000	43 829	373 832
8. Indirect Support Costs (cannot exceed 7%)	5 845	4 620	8 365	4 270	3 068	26 168
TOTAL	89 348	70 620	127 865	65 270	46 897	400 000

8. Names and signatures of participating UN organizations



(On behalf of FAO)

Name: Dr. Lassaad LACHAAL

Title: Représentant Résident

FAO - NIGER

Date:

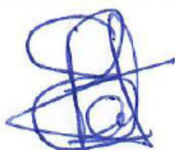


(On behalf of IFAD)

Name: M. Kadre Kadei

Title: Country Programme Officer

Date: 03/03/ 2017




(On behalf of UN WOMEN)

Name: Madame Beatrice EYONG

Title: Cheffe du bureau Pays ONUFEMMES Niger

Date: : 03/03/ 2017



(On behalf of WFP)

Name: Monsieur Benoit THIRY

Title: Représentant Résident- PAM - NIGER

Date: : 03/03/ 2017



Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations



Investing in rural people

10



ANNEX I: Logical framework

Pleas fill the below logical framework with the activities that have been funded so far, and the main milestones achieved and that you want to achieve with the current funding available

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
Outcome 1 Rural women have Improved food and nutrition security					
Output 1.1 Rural women have increased access to and control over resources, assets and services critical for their food and nutrition security	Indicator 1.1.1. <i>Number of women who have access to information and participatory communication</i> Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 2400 women directly and 12000 indirectly	1200	1200	2400 reinforced	in 2017, total of 2015 and 2016 will be reinforced
	Indicator 1.1.2 <i>Number of women who adopt improved nutrition practices</i> Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 2400	Baseline Survey	600	600	
	Indicator 1.1.3 <i>Number of women who adopt improved agricultural techniques</i> Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 500	0	614	125	MAG/EL and FAO resources will be used in 2017 for these activities
	Indicator 1.1.4 <i>Number of women who have access to integrated service</i> Baseline: 0 Planned Target: directly 2400 and 16800 indirectly	1200	1200	2400	in 2017, total of 2015 and 2016 Will be reinforced
	Indicator: 1.1.5. <i>Number of male and female Producer organization who are reinforced</i> Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 139 among witch 112 female POs	27 POs with 976 members including 636 women	40 POs with 1207 members including 873 women	72 OP with 125 members including 85 women	
Activities					

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nutritional discussions on nutrition and dietary promotion strategies.Strengthening capacities in terms of nutrition to 30 clubs Dimitra's leaders who will stimulate the discussions into their clubs • Distribution of pastoral kits: small ruminants, vaccines and animal feed • Producer Organizations' development: Strengthening capacities, cooperative education, administration and functioning, good governance within POs (women and mixed groups) 					
Output 1.2 Rural women have greater capacity to enhance and control local food security reserves and their production	Indicator 1.2.1. Number of women with access to innovative technologies Baseline: 500 Planned Target: 6500	0	360	720	
	Indicator 1.2.2. Number of women with access to land (FIDA,FAO, UNWOMEN PAM) Baseline: Planned Target: 2400 and how they access to land		Inheritance: 563 women over 996 (56, 52%) Purchase: 275 women over 996 (27, 61%) Gage: 96 sur 996 (9, 63%) Rent: 61 women over 996 (6, 12%) Loan: 105 women 996 (10, 54%) Donation: 21, 58%	Information in the 3 other councils will be collected	This results was obtained in synergy with local NGO HIMMA in Djirataoua council.
	Indicator 1.2.3. Number of women having increased their agricultural technical capabilities Baseline: Planned Target: 1000 (sur base FIDA+FAO)		614 women (in Falwel and Djirataoua	125 women in sokorbe and Guidan Amoumoune	
	Indicator 1.2.4. Number of formal and informal women's groups strengthened Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 79 female POs At	58 formal and informal groups with 636 women	78 formal and informal groups with 873 women	33 formal and informal groups with 85 women	
Activities					

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establishment and monitoring of Farmers Field Schools with the Dimitra Clubs 					
Outcome 2 Rural women have increased income to secure their livelihoods					
Output 2.1 Rural women have enhanced entrepreneurship skills and value chains to access markets for their products	Indicators: Number of OP female or mixed (with women in decision-making positions) who participate in the purchasing programs in the service of the progress of WFP		2 654 female smallholder farmers	1 692 female smallholders and 1 475 male smallholders	
	Indicators number of women of formal and informal groups/OP who received training on entrepreneurship and improvement of agricultural techniques			600 female smallholders	
Activities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local purchase with small agricultural producers to feed school kitchens: Rural women have increased their income to secure their livelihoods through selling their produce to farmer organizations that feed school kitchens (please list all the activities planned to reach this specific outcome) Strengthening of women producers' capacities (entrepreneurship) through improved information and awareness-raising on access to markets and development of value chains 					
Output 2.2 Rural women have increased access to decent wage employment opportunities	Indicator 2.2.1. number of women members of formal and informal groups who received training in gender, participatory communication, good governance and leadership Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 1350 (<i>¼ des femmes CD et OP /3855/4 750</i>)	621	613		
	Indicator 2.2.2. evidence of informal groups of women who become formal Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 18	8	3	7	
		8 multi-purpose labour saving devices installed in 6 villages and each of these multipurpose			The process of installing 5 other multipurpose labor saving devices is ongoing. So we will

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
	<i>Indicator 2.2.3. evidence of alleviation of the burden of rural women's work</i> Baseline: 500 Planned Target: 6500	<i>machines benefits more than 600 women per village (about 4,800) women.</i>		<i>meet the target of 6,500 Women</i>	
	<i>Indicator 2.2.4. Tangible evidence of improvement of access and control of Land (testimonies, stories, etc.)</i> Baseline: 0 Planned Target: collective access to land in 20 villages	<i>About 4500 women are served at the grinding mills</i>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impact evaluation on the multi-purpose labor saving devices on women, children and the communities • Strengthening the capacities of key members of grassroots POs and leaders of Dimitra Clubs to participate actively in the decision-making process within communal unions • Strengthening the capacities of key members of grassroots POs and leaders of Dimitra Clubs to participate actively in the decision-making process within communal unions • Support the functioning of local village repairers and spare parts supplies 					
Outcome 3 Rural women have enhanced leadership and participation in their communities and in rural institutions, and in shaping laws, policies and programmes					
Output 3.1 Rural women, including young women have enhanced confidence and leadership skills to participate in local governance	Indicator: Indicator 3.1.1 number of rural women who received training in participatory communication and women's leadership Baseline: Target:	1200	1200	2400 reinforced	in 2017, total of 2015 and 2016 will be reinforced

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
	<p>Indicator 3.1.2 evidence of rural women who have increased their confidence and self-esteem (e.g. stories of women elected to the rural councils and/or positions within the OP; formal participation of women in village meetings, etc.)</p> <p>Baseline:</p> <p>Target:</p>	1200	1200	2400 reinforced	in 2017, total of 2015 and 2016 will be reinforced
<p>Activities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social mobilization and community governance: Strengthen the capacities of 120 existing DIMITRA clubs mobilize and sensitize rural populations on the various themes to be discussed • Capacity development through exchange visits between the members of the DIMITRA Clubs 					
<p>Output 3.2 Rural women have greater organizational capacities to form, sustain and participate into POs, cooperatives and unions</p>	<p>Indicator: 3.1. Proportion of rural women elected in the rural council</p> <p>Baseline: 6</p> <p>Planned Target: TBD s</p>				Local elections were not conducted in 2016, and not planned for 2017
	<p>Indicator: 3.2 Proportion of rural women who are members of land committees</p> <p>Baseline: 12</p> <p>Planned Target: 40</p>				
	<p>Indicator: 3.3: Proportion of the OP and/or informal groups headed by women</p> <p>Baseline: 0%</p> <p>Planned Target: 80%</p>	72%	74%	76%	
	<p>Indicator 3.1.1. number of rural women who received training in participatory communication and women's leadership</p> <p>Baseline: 0</p>	600	600	1200	

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
	Planned Target: 160 leaders				
	Indicator 3.2.1. Number of rural women of the OP who received training in gender, good governance and efficiency of POS Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 100	636 women	873 women	TBD	
	Indicator 3.2.3. Number of mixed OP who adopt a gender strategy and/or measures to increase the participation of women in leadership positions Baseline: 0 Planned Target : 22	7	5	10	
Activities					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Producer Organizations' development: Strengthening capacities, cooperative education, administration and functioning, good governance within POs (women and mixed groups) • Training on gender-sensitive organizational analysis in POs: <i>strengthening of POs capacities to identify major constraints in their performance in a gender perspective and to analyse and better understand their internal and external environment and how this affects their functioning</i> 					
Output 3.3 Rural women, including young women, have increased capacity to engage in and influence relevant policy forums at national and regional levels	Indicator 3.3.1: The OP level apex having received training in gender and equity, represent the needs of women members and men of the OP's base in decision-making Baseline: 0 Planned Target: 5	1 mixed union	2 including 1 women POs union and 1 mixed federation	3	
	Indicator: Baseline: Target:				
Activities					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strengthening the capacities of key members of grassroots POs and leaders of Dimitra Clubs to participate actively in the decision-making process within communal unions 					

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
Output 3.4 Rural women, including young women have enhanced awareness on their rights in a more supportive community/local environment.	Indicator 3.4.1 Number of women participating in the approach of the Clubs Dimitra Baseline: 0 Planned Target:2400	1200	1200	2400 reinforced	in 2017, total of 2015 and 2016 will be reinforced
	Indicator 3.4.2. the number of villages/communities that appropriators of the approach of the Clubs Dimitra Baseline: 0 Planned Target:20	10	10	20 reinforced	in 2017, total of 2015 and 2016 will be reinforced
Activities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social mobilization and community governance: Strengthen the capacities of 120 existing DIMITRA clubs mobilize and sensitize rural populations on the various themes to be discussed • Commemoration of the international day of rural women • Capacity development through exchange visits between the members of the DIMITRA Clubs Capacity development through exchange visits between the members of the DIMITRA Clubs 					
Outcome 4 A more gender responsive policy environment is secured for the economic empowerment of rural women					
Output 4.1 Policy makers and parliamentarians have enhanced capacities to effectively mainstream gender into land, food, agriculture, nutrition and rural employment policies, laws and budgets	- Indicator: Measure in which national policies and laws (land, food, nutrition, agriculture) have provisions for gender equality and the empowerment of women Baseline: Target:				
	Indicator: Measure in which the OP participate as active players in platforms for dialogues with the local and regional authorities for agricultural development including equity and g Baseline: Target:				

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
Activities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>(please list all the activities planned to reach this specific outcome)</i> 					
Output 4.2 Greater availability of tools and data to track progress in the economic empowerment of rural women	Indicator: the empowerment of women in Agriculture (Women's Empowerment in Agriculture Index) Baseline: 0 Target: two councils area	The WEAI tool was used in Falwel council area and shows that: Empowerment was evaluated at about 45% in the target villages, and up to 37% in the control villages. Gender parity is greater in the target villages, where almost 41% of women are at least as empowered as men. This figure is 25.6% in the case of the control villages			
	Indicator: Baseline: Target:				
Activities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>(please list all the activities planned to reach this specific outcome)</i> 					
Output 4.3 An enabling environment is promoted to reflect rural women's priorities in regional policy processes.	Indicator: 4.3.1. Number of mechanisms of regional rural development dialogues involving groups and rural women OP Baseline: Target:				

Outputs	Indicators baselines/ targets	Milestones			
		2015	2016	2017	
	Indicator: Baseline: Target:				
Activities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (please list all the activities planned to reach this specific outcome) 					

ANNEX II: Workplan

JP RWEE Country Workplan and Budget

Country name: **Lead Agency:**

This Costed Country Action Plan (CCAP) for *(add country)* details activities that the JP RWEE Country Team can implement within the timeframe of the Joint Programme.

In the table below, each priority activity is associated with the cost and the period planned for implementation taking into account the seasonality of agriculture, availability of partners and foreseen socio economic events. For each activity a Lead Agency has been identified in the Country Programme document based on the comparative advantage and specialization.

Activity Description	Place of Implementation	Expected impact or outcome	Number of beneficiaries (women/men)	Implementing Partners	Starting Date	Ending Date	Activity Cost (in USD)	Lead Agency
Activities proposed for <i>(add dates)</i>								

Strengthening capacities in terms of nutrition to 30 clubs Dimitra's leaders who will stimulate the discussions into their clubs and ensure a good understanding of basics nutrition, and malnutrition, its consequences and the actions to prevent it. In addition, 25 participatory culinary sessions using local ingredients will be held in the 5 villages to make the theory into practice.	Djirataoua (Maradi)	Improved knowledge attitudes and practices in nutrition and dietary diversity score after nutritional education sessions	900 direct beneficiaries, including 600 women and 27000 indirect beneficiaries, including 18000 women	NGOs / Research institutes	Mars 2017	January 2017	37 000	FAO
Field monitoring missions of activities	Guidan Amoumoune, Guidan, Falwel and Djirataoua council	Monitor the evolution of nutritional activities in the field	1800 direct beneficiaries including 1200 women direct beneficiaries	NGO, IFAD, UNWOMEN, WFP	April 2017	February 2018	8 000	FAO
Strengthening capacities of the POs members on the associative life: Cooperative education, administration and operation	Falwel and Djirataoua council	Improve the organization and internal governance of formal and informal POs	60 direct beneficiaries including 40 women members of Pos and Dimitra Club	FAO, PAM, UN Women DAC/POR and municipalities	Avril 2017	Avril 2017	14500	FAO
Organizational analysis, sensitive to gender and equity in POs	Guidan Amoumoune and Sokorbé council	Improve the internal governance of formal and informal POs	60 direct beneficiaries including 40 women members of Pos and Dimitra Club	FAO, WFP, UNWOMEN,, DAC/POR and municipalities	Mars 2017	Mars 20 17	5000	FAO
Strengthen the capacities of POs to actively participate in the decision-making	Falwel, Djirataoua, Guidan	Improve community participation in decision-making	30 direct beneficiaries including 20 women	FAO, WFP, UNWOMEN,,				

process through regional and national platforms of dialogue	Amoumoune and Sokorb » councils	processes at local, regional and national levels, particularly in the field of rural development laws and policies	members of Pos and Dimitra Club	DAC/POR and municipalities	Mai 2017	Mai 2017	15000	FAO
Social mobilization and community governance: Strengthen the capacities of 120 existing DIMITRA clubs mobilize and sensitize rural populations on the various themes to be discussed	Falwel, Djirataoua, Guidan Amoumoune and Sokorbé councils	Strengthen community capacity through dissemination and exchange of experience through participatory communication based on gender, equity and equality men - women	3600 direct beneficiaries including 2/3 of women	ONG AEDL	May 17	January2018	30 000	FAO
Capacity development through exchange visits between the members of the DIMITRA Clubs	Djirataoua and Falwel councils	Strengthen community capacity through exchange of experience and leaning by doing	60 DIMITRA club leaders from 10 villages including 45 women	NGO AEDL	April 2017	June 2017	10 000	FAO
Distribution of pastoral kits: small ruminants, vaccines and animal feed	Council areas:Sokorbé Guidan Amoumoune	Improve the resilience and capacity of the target groups to engage in income-generating activities	10 villages : two council area: 50 beneficiaries per council areas with a total of 100 women	NGO, minister of husbandry	April 2017	December 2017	59500	IFAD

Monitoring of Distribution of pastoral kits done in 2016	Council areas of Falwel and Djirataoua	Improve the resilience and capacity of the target groups to engage in income-generating activities	10 villages : two council area: 175 beneficiaries per council areas with a total of 350 women	NGO, minister of husbandry	April 2017	December 2017	6500	IFAD
Purchase by voucher from farmers' Pos to supply the schools canteens of the council	Falwel council	Rural women raised their incomes to secure their livelihoods	1692 women and 1475 men	MEP/PO	Mars 2017	December 2017	59 819	WFP
Capacity-building, information and awareness-raising of women's targets from 5 villages per commune on the procurement process	Falwel	Rural women have improved their entrepreneurial skills and their value chains to access markets with their products	600 women of Falwel Council	MEP/PO	Mars 2017	December 2017	23 684	WFP
Purchase and install labor saving tools and technologies	10 villages within the programme intervention regions (Dosso et Maradi)	Reduced time and effort in carryout house chores(reduction of labour burden on Rural Women	More than 1,000 persons (800 women+200men)	NGO DIKO	April 2017	December 2017	20,000	UN Women
Support the functioning of local village repairers and spare parts supplies	20 villages within the programme intervention regions (Dosso et Maradi)	Improved functioning of the multi-functional platforms already installed in the 20 villages	Direct beneficiaries: 20 men Indirect beneficiaries: More than 10,000 (8000 women 2000 men)	NGO DIKO	March 2017	December 2017	10,000	UN Women

Train women on how to operate labor saving tools and technologies	20 villages within the programme intervention regions (Dosso et Maradi)	Improved management skills of the committees to operate the machines	beneficiaries: 50 (6men and 44women) Indirect beneficiaries: persons (8000 women+2000men)	NGO DIKO	March 2017	December 2017	5,000	UN Women
Impact evaluation on the multi-purpose labor saving devices on women; children and the communities	20 villages within the programme intervention regions (Dosso et Maradi)	Improved visibility and sustainability of programme activities as well as basis for resources mobilization for RWEE Programme	NA	Consultants	July 2017	August 2017	6,000	UN Women
Travel costs					April 2017	December 2017	20,000	UN Women
Commemoration of international day of rural women	Djirataoua council area	Visibility, of the JP, offering advocacy opportunity for rural women	500 women and 500 men of Djirataoua, Guidan Amoumoune and Niamey	NGO, UN agencies, government services, other project and programme	15october 2017	15October 2017	12000	CN
National coordinator cost	Niamey	NA	NA	NA	November 2017	April 2018	15 000	CN
Monitoring activities (joint supervisions, meetings of committees, annual review, exchange with local NGO , field missions of national coordinator)	Niamey and the 20 villages within the programme intervention	Monitoring and strength sustainability of interventions	Technical committee, national steering committee, local NGO, beneficiaries of RWEE activities	All stakeholders	April 2017	Avril 2018	16 829	CN
Total programme costs for <i>(add dates)</i>								373 832
Indirect support costs (cannot exceed 7%)								26 168

Total								400 000
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