

LIBERIA PEACEBUILIDNG FUND PROJECT DOCUMENT COVER SHEET

Recipient UN Organisation:	Liberia PBF Priority Area:
UNHCR	Area 2, Rapid Response
Project Manager: UNHCR Name: Mamadou Dian Balde Address: UNHCR Mamba Point Telephone: 06 362 245 E-mail: balde@unhcr.org	Implementing Partner(s): (1) Judiciary; and (2) Washington & Lee University School of Law Name and Addess The Honorable Johnnie N. Lewis Chief Justice The Supreme Court of Liberia Temple of Justice, Monrovia Prof. Speedy Rice, Washington & Lee University School of Law, Louis A. Grimes Law School, University of Liberia Telephone: 077 822 650 / +1 E-mail: sr@jcsrlaw.net
Project Number:	Project Duration: 8 months
Project Title: Rapid Rule of Law Assistance to Reduce Overcrowding in Monrovia Central Prison Project Description: This project will work to systematically reduce prison overcrowding and prolonged pretrial detention at Monrovia Central Prison while simultaneously training Liberian law students in critically-needed practical legal and administrative skills. The recipients will also gain a deeper understanding of the severe Access to Justice problems facing much of the Liberian population. Moreover, the project will	Project Location: Monrovia, Paynesville, Brewerville, Gardnersville, West Point, New Kru Town Total Project Cost: US\$ 50,000 PBF: US\$50,000 Government Input: Other: ABA in-kind donation of legal materials; Washington & Lee in-kind donation of academic materials Total: US\$50,000 Project Duration: 8 months
also work towards creating essential paper and electronic records for detainees at Monrovia Central Prison, thus supporting the Judiciary.	1 Toject Duration: 8 months

Peacebuilding Impact and key outcomes:

Pro-longed periods of pre-trial detention and/or wrongful detention at Monrovia Central Prison have led to a serious overcrowding of prison facilities. Due to inadequate capacity and infrastructure, poor case management procedures, a lack of sufficiently trained legal practitioners and overburdened public servants, detainees are often not afforded their right to due process, as required under the Liberian constitution. This leads to increased tension among detainees and guards, and a breakdown of trust in the public that the Liberian criminal justice system is effective. Through this project, Liberian law students on Judicial Scholarship will assist Magistrates as law clerks to help more quickly process those accused persons currently housed at Monrovia Central Prison, relieving prison overcrowding.

Outputs and Key Activities:

OUTPUTS:

- Liberian law students on Judicial Scholarship receive advanced training in "Access to Justice" issues and critical administrative skills to supplement their legal studies and prepare them for future work in the criminal justice sector.
- Capacity of Judiciary office strengthened by having skilled and knowledgeable assistance in processing cases.
- Severe backlog of cases of pre-trial detainees at Monrovia Central Prison is systematically lessened.
- Prison overcrowding is reduced.

ACTIVITIES:

- Washington and Lee Liberian Law Practicum Fellow will select appropriate participants from qualified candidates currently on the Judicial Scholarship Program at Louis A. Grimes School of Law
- Liberian law students assigned to work as clerks will be provided with limited stipends to support their activities
- Washington and Lee Liberian Law Practicum Fellow will liaise between Liberian law students and national and international actors in the criminal justice sector to arrange training (both via video conference, and in person) in "Access to Justice" issues and in skills necessary for providing support to Magistrates assigned to process pre-trial detainees at Monrovia Central Prison.
- Liberian law students on Judicial Scholarship will partner with Magistrates in the criminal justice sector to process pre-trial detainces at Monrovia Central Prison
- Magistrates and Liberian law students will be provided with office equipment to assist them in the efficient processing of pre-trial detainees, including the creation of a case management system.
- Magistrates and Liberian law students will be provided with training on standard operating procedures which are currently being developed with technical assistance from ABA and PAE.

Technical Advisory Panel Review Date: 19 June 2009	
PBF Secretariat Review Date 22 June 2009	
Joint Steering Committee Approval Date:	

Signature

Date

Name/Title

On behalf of:

Recipient UN Organization

Co-Chair PBF SC

Co-Chair PBF SC

28/06/09

7-2-09

3/07/09

Ibrahima Coly Representative UNHCR

Ambulai Johnson, Minister

Margrethe Ellen Loj SRSG

THE LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Results	Measurable indicators	Means of verification	Important assumptions
PEACEBUILDING IMPACT Prolonged periods of pre- trial detention and prison overcrowding are a violation of both Liberian law and international human rights standards. Expedited processing of cases, in partnership with MoJ and other actors will help to bolster public faith in Liberia's criminal justice system.	Detainees have a reasonable belief they will not languish in prison and will have access to a judge and lawyer, and be informed of the charges against them. Public trust in a well-functioning criminal justice system is restored.	Prison monitoring by Washington and Lee University School of Law students. Interviews and surveys of public opinion; media coverage.	Reducing prison overcrowding and prolonged pre-trial detention is a priority for the Liberian government.
OUTCOMES: - Prison overcrowding reduced Backlog of prolonged pre-trial detention at Monrovia Central Prison decreased Capacity of Liberian criminal justice system strengthened Next generation of Liberian criminal justice attorneys benefit from additional training.	Number of approximately 775 pre- trial detainees at Monrovia Central Prison significantly reduced, via transparent proceedings involving Magistrates	Enhanced and sustainable standard operating procedures and case management techniques provide a written record of proceedings, validated by Liberian legal professionals and staff from Washington & Lee School of Law	This project compliments the Judiciary's pilot project aimed at reducing the pre- trial detention population at the Monrovia Central Prison by transporting Magistrates from different courts in and around Monrovia to conduct hearings at Monrovia Central Prison.
OUTPUTS: - Prison overcrowding reduced - Detainees housed at Monrovia Central Prison processed and scheduled for trial or processed and released	Prosecution is carried out for the relevant trials. Where appropriate, detainees released.	Judiciary and Ministry of Justice documentation of proceedings.	(Outputs to outcome) - Inadequate capacity to process cases was central to the overcrowding problem All parties involved will comply with applicable national laws and international standards, and be satisfied by outcome.
ACTIVITIES: - Washington and Lee provides training to Liberian law students on Judicial Scholarship and Magistrates - Judiciary provides stipends for to law clerks in anticipation of future employment -Liberian law students on Judicial Scholarship work alongside Magistrates to process cases and provide much needed clerical support	INPUTS: - Washington & Lee Staff - Liberian Law Students on Judicial Scholarship - Salary to support Washington and Lee Staff - Stipend to support Liberian Law Clerks	Annual and quarterly reports	-MoJ program to bring Magistrates to Monrovia Central Prison gets underway in a timely fashion - Liberian law students on Judicial Scholarship have adequate resources to perform their tasks

Full Project Document - Outline (max. 14 pages)

1. Background and problem statement

The Liberia Human Rights Practicum is a joint program of Washington and Lee School of Law in Lexington, Virginia and the Louis A. Grimes School of Law at the University of Liberia, Monrovia, Liberia. The Practicum's broad goal is building greater access to justice in Liberia's criminal justice system. The Practicum consists of one in-country representative, the Law Practicum Fellow, who is the on-ground liaison with Liberian law students, as well as law students in the United States. Training on "access to justice" issues and other critical skills is provided throughout the course of a semester, culminating in a site visit by Washington and Lee representatives.

In November 2008, in coordination with local authorities, Liberian and American students visited Monrovia Central Prison. They conducted interviews with a number of pre-trial detainees and guards, and documented basic information about detainees' arrests and access to justice. The interviews yielded a common experience among the vast majority of detainees: out of 825 total detainees at Monrovia Central Prison, only 50 had been to trial and convicted of an offense. The remaining 775 were in jail, awaiting processing. Yet, many had already been in jail longer than any prospective sentence they might receive. Moreover, it became evident that some of the detainees were arrested for civil matters or economic disputes, and not criminal offenses, and should not be detained at all.

Troublingly, only nine of the 69 detainees interviewed could recall receiving a information about their rights upon arrest, as required by the Liberian Constitution, and most were unaware of what their rights were. Police officers tend to overlook the importance of informing the accused of their rights. They seldom realize that this lapse in following proper procedure could result in a dismissal or an acquittal of a guilty person, thus making their job that much more difficult.

Both male and female adult wings of the prison are overcrowded. Some cells housed as many as twelve prisoners in less than desirable conditions. There is not enough floor space per inmate in certain cells. Typically, each 5ft x 7ft cell houses seven inmates.

Complementing a New Judiciary Initiative

The Judiciary is aware of the overcrowding problem at Monrovia Central Prison, and has proposed a new initiative to deal with it. The pilot program brings local Magistrates from their courts in and around Monrovia, six days a week, to Monrovia Central Prison to begin processing pre-trial detainees. The six Magistrates involved in the hearings are:

Monday: Magistrate Nelson Chinneh from Monrovia City Court

Tuesday: Magistrate George Katapkah from Paynesville Wednesday: Magistrate Joseph Fayiah from Gardnersville Thursday: Magistrate John Gbetee from New Kru Town

Friday: Magistrate Tim Warris from West Point

Saturday: Magistrate Roosevelt Willy from Brewersville

Transportation for this pilot project has already been requested from the PBF and approved in principle.

The project proposed would complement the Judiciary's initiative. Through its partnership with the Louis A. Grimes School of Law, Washington and Lee proposes to evaluate and select up to 12 Liberian law students on Judicial Scholarship to serve as legal interns to the Magistrates during the pilot program. It is envisioned that two interns would work alongside each of the Magistrates, with supervision, coordination and support provided by the Washington and Lee Liberian Law Practicum Fellow.

The potential interns would be chosen from a pool of 3rd-year law students who attended school as "Judicial Scholars" on a scholarship under the patronage of the Judiciary. This criterion is important because these students are under obligation to work for the Judiciary upon graduation. Thus, the additional skills and training they gain during their internships will be directly applicable to their future employment. This pool of students has already completed their law studies, and is awaiting graduation.

Given the large time commitment expected from the selected interns, the only way to make this project feasible is to provide them with a limited stipend during their service, in order to offset any potential loss of income they might incur from agreeing to take part in the program. The stipend would be commensurate to salaries they could expect if working in a government ministry, and with additional money for transportation and communication costs.

Legal Intern Duties

It is envisioned that the legal interns will visit Monrovia Central Prison and travel to the Magistrates' Courts and police stations, at least once per week (as appropriate), to do background research on detainees who are scheduled to be processed by the respective Magistrates in upcoming sessions. The research would entail finding a charge sheet, if any, for detainees, as well as gathering any other relevant information about the case at hand, including visually identifying detainees in the prison and verifying length of detention. The interns will then be able to communicate relevant details to the Magistrate with whom they are working. This will directly aid in the processing of cases, as the prosecutor or defense counsel can then appropriately request a dismissal or continuance as necessary, and all parties will be working from the same information, ensuring equitable and standardized procedures.

Advanced Training in Access to Justice Issues

In addition to their practical work, the legal interns will also benefit from a once-weekly class taught by an experienced American law professor at Washington and Lee University School of Law, via the video-conference facilities at the United States Embassy. The interns will be provided with a copy of the book "Access to Justice in Africa and Beyond," and will engage in frank discussion with counterparts in the United States on issues relevant to access to justice in Liberia. As the Liberian interns will be assigned to work in the criminal justice spectrum, such interaction will ensure that all parties are informed about the rights and responsibilities of their counterparts who may work across the aisle, leading to a more in-depth understanding of the appropriate functioning of the Liberian criminal justice system.

2. Project Rationale and expected results

The unsafe prison overcrowding due to the prolonged pre-trial detention has led to poor conditions, health risks for inmates and guards, the potential for violence and an almost blanket disregard for applicable Liberian Criminal Procedure Law and international human rights standards regarding due process and prison conditions.

As it currently stands, the Judiciary is ill-equipped to deal with this situation. Magistrates cannot give blanket amnesty to the detainees, as some of them have been accused of serious crimes which merit a thorough investigation and proper redress for victims. Furthermore, a request for dismissal must come from either the prosecutor or defense counsel, a process which is hindered by the fact that in a majority of cases, neither the inmates nor the prison appear to be in possession of charging sheets or any requisite paperwork relating to detainees' cases. The paperwork, where it exists, remains at the Magistrates' courts or the police station in the locality where the complaint was first made.

The expected results from this project is enhanced record-keeping within the criminal justice system; advanced skills training for future Liberian attorneys mandated to work within the criminal justice system upon graduation; a decrease in pre-trial detention waiting periods; and a reduction in prison overcrowding.

It is but one important step in the longer process of enhancing the Judiciary's response capacity and addresses a critical conflict factor that could lead to future unrest, due to a weak criminal justice system.

3. Partnerships and Management Arrangement

Through the Liberia Human Rights Practicum, Washington and Lee School of Law will partner with the Judiciary. The project will be managed by Washington and Lee's in-country Liberian Law Practicum Fellow, using Liberian law students who have completed their studies under a Judicial Scholarship.

Discussions have been undertaken with representatives of the Judiciary and the Ministry of Justice about logistics of the proposed project, namely Hon. Justice Kabineh Ja'neh of the Supreme Court of Liberia; Hon. Justice Jamesetta Wollokollie of the Supreme Court of Liberia, and Hon. Cllr. Eva Mappy Morgan, Deputy Minister for Administration and Public Safety. Additionally, preliminary discussions have been undertaken with the American Bar Association (ABA) and the Prosecution and Defense Advisors for the PAE Justice Sector Support Program for the provision of appropriate technical support. The ABA will also supply copies of the relevant laws to magistrates. All of the above parties agree on the urgent need to reduce prison overcrowding by undertaking expedited processing of pre-trial detainees at Monrovia Central Prison. All were receptive to the idea of having legal interns assist in the process.

4. Monitoring & Evaluation

The project will be subject to periodic progress reports prepared by the Washington and Lee Liberian Practicum Fellow and submitted to all relevant parties, including but not limited to UNDP, the Judiciary, the Ministry of Justice, ABA, PAE and Washington and Lee University School of Law.

5. Sustainability of the project

This project is intended to strengthen the capacity of the Judiciary to deal with prolonged pre-trial detention and severe overcrowding problems at Monrovia Central Prison, while providing future Liberian lawyers with critically needed skills in enhance the effectiveness of the criminal justice system. If successfully implemented, it is envisioned that support from the Government or other donors could be obtained to sustain the project beyond its initial pilot period.

6. Project Implementation with timeline

- I. Preparation of Project: 1 month (beginning April 1, 2009): law interns are interviewed and selected; after which they are placed with their relevant counterparts in the criminal justice system; logistics finalized
- II. Implementation of Project: 7 months (May 1, 2009 December 31, 2009): law interns receive training and begin duties as outlined above
- III. Assessment of Project: ongoing Washington and Lee Law Practicum Fellow interviews law interns, their counterparts in America and Liberian Criminal Justice System regarding successes of project and areas where improvements are needed. Progress report is written and submitted; project is re-vamped as necessary for future implementation.
- 7. Project/Budget (see Project Budget)
- 8. Detailed work plan (see Detailed Project section)

PROJECT BUDGET

CATEGORY	ITEM	UNIT COST	NUMBER OF UNITS	TOTAL COST
1. Personnel	Salary for Washington and Lee Liberian Law Practicum Fellow	\$2,000 per month	8	\$16,000
Including staff and consultants	Stipend for 12 Liberian law interns	\$100 per month, per student (\$1,200)	8	\$9,600
2. Contracts Including companies, professional services, grants	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$0
3. Training	Weekly Video Conference with Wash & Lee Univ.	\$0 per week, for 8 months (in-kind donation/U.S. Embassy)	N/A	S0
4. Transport	Taxi/transport allowance for Liberian law interns	\$50 USD per month, per student (\$600)	8	\$4,800
	Stationery supplies	\$327.50 per month	8	\$2,620
	Toner for printers and copy machines	\$200 per month	8	\$1,600
5. Supplies and commodities	Scratch cards for phone for Wash. & Lee Practicum Fellow	\$30 per month	8	\$240
	Scratch cards for phone for Liberian law interns	\$10 per month per student (\$120)	8	\$960
	Scratch cards for phone for Magistrates	\$10 per month per Magistrate (\$60)	8	\$480

ITEM	UNIT COST	NUMBER OF UNITS	TOTAL COST
Training materials: "Access to Justice in Africa" Book	Washington and Lee in- kind donation	18	\$0
Laptop computers for the Magistrates	\$1500 per laptop	6	\$9,000
		6	\$1,200
Copy Machine for use by law students	\$800 per machine	1	\$800
File Cabinets for use by Magistrates and Law Clerks	\$150 per file cabinet	6	\$900
Plane ticket for Wash. Lee Law Practicum Fellow	\$1,800 per ticket	1	\$1,800
			\$50,000
			\$50,000
	Training materials: "Access to Justice in Africa" Book Laptop computers for the Magistrates Printers for the Magistrates Copy Machine for use by law students File Cabinets for use by Magistrates and Law Clerks Plane ticket for Wash. Lee Law Practicum	Training materials: Washington and Lee in- Africa" Book kind donation Laptop computers for the Magistrates laptop Printers for the Magistrates Copy Machine for use by law students File Cabinets for use by Magistrates and Law Clerks Plane ticket for Wash. Lee Law Practicum Washington and Lee in- kind donation \$1500 per laptop \$200 per printer \$800 per machine \$150 per file cabinet	Training materials: Washington and Lee in- Africa" Book kind donation Laptop computers for the Magistrates printer Copy Machine for use by law students File Cabinets for use by Magistrates and Law Clerks Plane ticket for Wash. Lee Law Practicum COST Washington and Lee in- 18 Africa" Book S1500 per laptop 6 Clerks S200 per printer 6 Copy Machine for use \$800 per machine 1 S150 per file 6 Cabinet Cabinet S150 per file 6

^{*} The Standard Financial Report that has been reviewed with the UNDG Financial Policies Working Group.

** The rate shall be within the range of 5% to 9%, with overall expected average of 7% of the total of categories 1-8., as agreed to by Recipient UN Organizations in MOU signed with the PBF's Administrative Agent, the UNDP MDTF Office

Detailed Work Plan

Activities/Input	ctivities/Input		t ets PBF Contributions)	Delivery Date	
Washington & Practicum Fello and established	ow selected	1)	\$16,000 (Salary) \$1,800 (Plane Ticket)	1)	1 April 2009
Liberian Law c evaluated and s assigned to resp magistrates	elected and	2)	\$9,600 (Salary for 12 law clerks for 8 months)	2)	April - May 2009
Liberian Law S receive suppler training in Acc Issues via video at the U.S. Emb	nentary ess to Justice o conference	3)	\$0.00	3)	Periodically; beginning April 2009
4) Equipment, sup commodities pondistributed to Wand Lee Law Ponding Fellow, Liberia and Magistrates 4) Equipment, support of the Pondistributed to Wand Pondi	rchased and Vashington racticum n Law Clerks	4)	\$17,800	4)	Computers and hardware April 2009; "Access to Justice" books: April 2009 Scratch cards, stationary and office supplies: periodically, beginning April 2009
5) Taxi stipend di: Liberian Law S		5)	\$4,800	5)	Periodically; distributions made on a monthly basis, beginning April 2009
Liberian law cle support of Mag holding hearing prison overcrow prolonged pre-t	istrates s to relieve vding and	6)	\$0.00	6)	Ongoing; April thru December 2009
Grand Total		\$5	0,000		

Dates	3 Month Benchmarks	Indicators of Progress
First 3 Months	Washington and Lee and Liberian personnel selected, established, and assigned	Magistrates, Liberian law clerks, and Washington and Lee Practicum Fellow fully equipped and operational (in their respective roles).
	Clear, detailed, and organized paper & electronic records	Both electronic and paper records are available for periodic review by interested parties.
	regarding charges/dismissal/ continuations for each detainee in pre-trial detention in Monrovia Central Prison created;	Copies of records available on request by monitors.
Second 3 Months	Liberian law clerks have acquired valuable legal and administrative	Assessment of Liberian law clerks shows marked improvement in understanding of practical legal skills.
Second	skills.	Assessment also shows a deepened understanding of the serious problems in Access to Justice issues of many Liberians.
Final 2 months	Pre-trial detainee population at Monrovia Central prison significantly reduced	Review of prison records, Ministry of Justice records, and Magistrate records proves that transparent and equitable hearings have been held and the prison population is lower than in January 2009 (i.e. before the start of the project).

Liberia Peacebuilding Fund Project Summary

Recipient UN Organization:	UNHCR		PBF Priority Area:	Area 2, Rapio			
Implementing Partner(s):	Washington and Lee University School of Law; Judiciary of Liberia (under the aegis of its supervisory role of Judicial Scholarship Program)						
Project Number:	PBF/						
Project Title:	Rapid Rule o Prison	Rapid Rule of Law Assistance to Reduce Overcrowding in Monrovia Central Prison					
Total Approved Project Budget:	\$50,000						
Location:	Monrovia, P	aynesville, Bre	wersville, Gardnersvill	e, West Point, N	New Kru Town		
JSC Approval Date:							
Project Duration:	8 Months	Starting Date:	April 1, 2009 /stematically reduce pri	Completion Date:	Dec. 31, 2009		
Project Description:	training Libe administrativ severe Acces Moreover, th	erian law stude ve skills. The re ss to Justice pro ne project will:	n at Monrovia Central F ints in critically-needed ecipients will also gain oblems facing much of also work towards creat nees at Monrovia Centr	practical legal a a deeper unders the Liberian po ting essential pa	and standing of the pulation. aper and		
Peacebuilding Impact:	Central Priso inadequate c of sufficient detainees are Liberian con and a breakd effective. T law clerks to	on have led to a apacity and infapacity and infapacity are legal a rarely ever givestitution. This lown of trust in through this properties are properties.	rial detention and/or wro serious overcrowding of rastructure, poor case no practitioners and overbuten their right to due pro- leads to increased tension the public that the Liber object, Liberian law stude ckly process those accused	of prison facilities nanagement pro- indened public soccess, as require on among detain rian criminal just ents will assist No sed persons curr	es. Due to cedures, a lack servants, d under the ees and guards, stice system is flagistrates as		
Outcome(s):	H.		0.				
Outputs and Key Activities:	Just lega just - Cap kno - Sev Pris	erian law studice" issues and al studies and ice sector. bacity of Judio wledgeable a gere backlog oson is systema	lents receive advance ad critical administrat prepare them for futu- ciary office strengther ssistance in processin of cases of pre-trial de trically decreased.	ive skills to su are work in the ned by having ag cases.	pplement their criminal skilled and		

	Washington and Lee Liberian Law Practicum Fellow will select appropriate participants from qualified candidates currently on an Judicial Intern Scholarship at Louis A. Grimes School of Law Liberian law clerks will be provided with limited stipends to support their activities Washington and Lee Liberian Law Practicum Fellow will liaise between Liberian law students and national and international actors to in the criminal justice sector to arrange for training (both via video conference, and in person) in "in access to justice issues" and in skills necessary for successful law clerk activities Liberian law students will partner with Magistrates in the criminal justice sector to process pre-trial detainees at Monrovia Central Prison
Indicator and Benchmarks:	Clear, detailed, and organized paper & electronic records regarding charges/dismissal/continuations for each detainee in pre-trial detention in Monrovia Central Prison created; Liberian law clerks have acquired valuable legal and administrative skills. Pre-trial detainee population at Monrovia Central prison significantly reduced.
Procurement:	

Submission Form To Joint Steering Committee

Part A. Meeting Information	
To be completed by the PBF Secreta	riat
SC Meeting No:	9th JSC Meeting
Item No:	IV
Date of Meeting:	17 March 2009

Part B: Project Summary						
To be completed by the Recipient UN Organization						
From: Head of Recipient UN Organization - Country Director - UNHCR	Date of Submission 16 March 2009	Date of Submission: 16 March 2009				
Contact: Telephone number, email						
Proposed Project, if approved, would result in:	Proposed Project r	esulted from:				
New Project / Joint Project	National Authorities initiative within Liberia PBF Terms of Reference					
Continuation of previous funding	UN Agency initiative within Liberia PBF Terms of Reference					
Other (explain)	Other (ex	Other (explain)				
Recipient UN Organization: UNHCR						
Implementing Partner(s): Ministry of Internal Affair	s (in collaboration with	the Government o	f Liberia			
Peacebuilding Office) PBRC, UNOPS/Interpeace/			10 1			
Theme/Cluster/Priority Area: Priority Area 2: Cri Conflict	itical Interventions to	Promote Peace a	and Resolve			
Project ¹ Title: Inter-ethnic Reconciliation Proje	eet in Nimba County					
Total Project Budget: US\$ 50,000	et in ramon county					
Amount requested: US\$50,000						
Amount and percentage of indirect costs requested:						
Projected Annual Disbursements: 2008 \$ 2009 \$						
Projected Annual Commitments:	2008	2009				

¹ The term "Projectme" is used for projects, Projectmes and joint Projectmes.

Narrative summary of Project Not to exceed 500 words

1. Background

In November 2008, in coordination with local authorities, Liberian and American students visited Monrovia Central Prison. They conducted interviews with a number of pre-trial detainees and guards, and documented basic information about detainees' arrests and access to justice. The interviews yielded a common experience among the vast majority of detainees: out of 825 total detainees at Monrovia Central Prison, only 50 had been to trial and convicted of an offense. The remaining 775 were in jail, waiting processing. Yet, many had already been in jail longer than any prospective sentence they might receive. Moreover, it became evident that some of the detainees were arrested for civil matters or economic disputes, and not criminal offenses, and should not be detained at all.

Troublingly, only nine of the 69 detainees interviewed could recall receiving a information about their rights upon arrest, as required by the Liberian Constitution, and most were unaware of what their rights were. Police officers tend to overlook the importance of informing the accused of their rights. They seldom realize that this lapse in following proper procedure could result in a dismissal or an acquittal of a guilty person, thus making their job that much more difficult.

Both male and female adult wings of the prison are overcrowded. Some cells housed as many as twelve prisoners in less than desirable conditions. There is not enough floor space per inmate in certain cells. Typically, each 5ft x 7ft cell houses seven inmates.

2. Purpose of Proposed Project

The purpose of the project and expected results are: enhanced record-keeping within the criminal justice system; advanced skills training for future Liberian attorneys mandated to work within the criminal justice system upon graduation; a decrease in pre-trial detention waiting periods; and a reduction in prison overcrowding.

This initiative is one important step in the longer process of enhancing the Judiciary's response capacity and addresses a critical conflict factor that could lead to future unrest, due to a weak criminal justice system.

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(To be completed by the PBF Secretariat on behalf of the Technical Advisory Panel)

Composition of T	Technical.	Advisory	Panel:
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Provide names, titles and organizational affiliation of Panel members

Fast Track proposal – reviewed by the PBF-L Secretariat: Saah Charles N'Tow, Liberia Peacebuilding Office / Peacebuilding Fund Secretariat (Peacebuilding technical knowledge) Wilfred N. Gray-Johnson, Liberia Peacebuilding Office / Peacebuilding Fund Secretariat (Peacebuilding technical knowledge)

Technical Advisory Panel Review Date:

Provide date(s) of review 19 March 2009

19 Watch 2009

3. Evaluation of Proposal by the Technical Advisory Panel

Provide concise summary evaluation of proposal against:

Problem statement and intervention clearly articulated.

The project certainly will have a relevant peacebuilding impact.

Project budget line items need to be readjusted and also include 7% MDFT management overhead

	i) General principles and selection criteria	
(a)	Is the Project explicitly based on Liberia PBF Priority Plan?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
(b)	Does the project build capacity within national institutions?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
(c)	Does the project promote and ensure national and local ownership?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
(d)	Does the organization have the appropriate system to deliver expected results (also looking at earlier performance and project delivery)?	Yes ⊠ No □
(e)	Does the project avoid duplication of and significant overlap with the activities of other actors?	Yes ⊠ No □
(f)	Does the project use strategic entry points that respond to immediate needs and yet facilitate longer-term improvements?	Yes⊠ No □
(g)	Does the project build on existing resources, capacities, strengths and experience?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
(h)	Can the Project be completed within 18 months?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
	ii) Relevance to peacebuilding criteria	
(a)	Are peacebuilding and reconciliation aspects adequately addressed by the proposal?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
(b)	Are related gender dimensions taken into account and adequately addressed by the proposal?	Yes ⊠ No □
(c)	Are the theory of change and strategy for the project appropriate for, and relevant to the particular conflict situation?	Yes ⊠ No □
	iii) Project design criteria	

(a)	Are the activities appropriate, practical, and consistent with the expected results?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
(b)	Are risks taken into account and is this analysis reflected in the structure and design of the logframe?	Yes ⊠ No □
(c)	Has the role of partners been identified and is their level of involvement and participation in the project satisfactory?	Yes ⊠ No □
(d)	Does the proposal include realistic provisions for monitoring and are the indicators at impact, outcome and output level adequate?	Yes⊠ No □
	iv) Impact and Sustainability	
(a)	Is the project likely to have a tangible/measurable impact on its target groups, especially in terms of building peace and reconciliation?	Yes⊠ No □
(b)	Is the project likely to have multiplier effects, including scope for replication and/or extension?	Yes ⊠ No □
(c)	Does the proposal have mechanisms to ensure that it is sustained beyond the end date?	Yes ⊠ No □
(d)	Does the proposal have the mechanisms to be fully integrated and mainstreamed into new Projects and projects?	Yes ⊠ No □
	Overall Technical Advisory Panel review of project submission [Recommendations]	Yes ⊠ No □

4. Review by PBF Secretariat Date of review: 21 March 2009 (final review) Check on Project Proposal Format Contents Cover sheet (first page) Logical Framework Project Justification Project Management Arrangements Risks and Assumptions Risks and Assumptions Budget Progress Report (for supplementary funding only) Support Cost Provide concise summary assessment against: Risk Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory Agency indirect support cost	Part D: Administrative Review			
Date of review: 21 March 2009 (final review) Check on Project Proposal Format Contents Cover sheet (first page) Logical Framework Project Justification Project Management Arrangements Risks and Assumptions Risks and Assumptions Progress Report (for supplementary funding only) Support Cost Provide concise summary assessment against: 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory		To be completed by the Liberia PI	BF Secretariat	
Cover sheet (first page) Logical Framework Project Justification Project Management Arrangements Risks and Assumptions Budget Progress Report (for supplementary funding only) Support Cost Provide concise summary assessment against: 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory	Date of	Date of review: 21 March 2009 (final review)		
□ Logical Framework □ Project Justification □ Project Management Arrangements □ Risks and Assumptions □ Budget □ Progress Report (for supplementary funding only) □ Support Cost Provide concise summary assessment against: □ 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory	Check on I	Project Proposal Format Contents		
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□ Project Management Arrangements □ Risks and Assumptions □ Budget □ Progress Report (for supplementary funding only) □ Support Cost Provide concise summary assessment against: □ 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory			Yes No	
□ Risks and Assumptions □ Budget □ Progress Report (for supplementary funding only) □ Support Cost Provide concise summary assessment against: □ 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory		Project Justification	Yes ⊠ No □	
□ Budget □ Progress Report (for supplementary funding only) □ Support Cost Provide concise summary assessment against: □ 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory		Project Management Arrangements	Yes 🛛 No 🗌	
□ Progress Report (for supplementary funding only) Yes No □ Yes No □ Yes No □ Provide concise summary assessment against: □ 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory		Risks and Assumptions	Yes No	
□ Support Cost Yes No □ Provide concise summary assessment against: □ 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory		Budget	Yes 🛛 No 🗌	
Provide concise summary assessment against: 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory		Progress Report (for supplementary funding only)	Yes No	
□ 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory		Support Cost	Yes 🛛 No 🗌	
□ 18 Months Implementation Elaborate Self explanatory	Provida co	neive summany assessment against		
Elaborate Self explanatory				
Self explanatory	_			
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	Elaborate Explained General evaluation criteria Elaborate As mentioned	
	Part E General criteria for prioritising Projects/projects	
(a)	Must be in line with Liberia PBF Priority Plan	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
(b)	Recipient Organisation is unable to meet high or urgent priority needs with existing level of funding	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
(c)	Addresses high priority activities that have significant impact, and by nature must address seasonal or timing imperatives and considerations.	Yes 🛭 No 🗌
(d)	Supports activities that are likely to improve the overall peacebuilding situation at national and local levels.	Yes 🛛 No 🗌

5. Recommendation of the PBF Secretariat Elaborate

Project budget was adjusted to include MDTF Management overhead. Secretariat recommends approval by the Co-Chairs.

Part F: Decision of Steering Committee		
(To be completed by th	ne Steering Committee)	
5. Decision of the Liberia PBF Joint Steering Comm	ittee	
Approved for a total budget of <u>US\$50,000</u> Approved with modification/condition Deferred/returned with comments for further of Rejected	consideration	
Comments/Justification JSC – Co-chairs endorse recommendations from the	Secretariat.	
Ambulai Johnson Minister of Internal Affairs Co-Chair, PBF Joint Steering Committee	Margrethe Ellen Loj Special Representative of the Secretary-General Co-Chair, PBF Joint Steering Committee	
Signature Date	Files Marg. Laj Signature Data	

	Part G: Administrative Agent Review
	To be completed by the Administrative Agent
7. Action taken by the	Administrative Agent: MDTF Office, UNHCR
The state of the s	ent with provisions of the Liberia PBF Memorandum of Understanding and Standard Arrangements with donors.
Bisrat Aklilu,	
Executive Coordinato	, MDTF Office, UNHCR
Signature	Date