

# LIBERIA PEACEBUILIDNG FUND PROJECT DOCUMENT COVER SHEET

Recipient UN Organisation:	Liberia PBF Priority Area: Three (3)
United Nations Development Programme	
(UNDP)	
Project Manager:	Implementing Partner(s): Peacebuilding Office - Liberia in collaboration with CDA Collaborative
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Project Number: PP/R6/A2/01	Project Duration: 12 months
Project Title: Facilitating the Monitoring	Project Location: Selected PBF projects –
and Evaluation of the Implementation of	geographical focused areas
the Liberia Peacebuilding Fund (PBF-L)	
Project Description:	Total Project Cost: US\$100.000.00
This intervention is intended to monitor and	<b>PBF:</b> US\$100,000.00
evaluate the implementation of Liberia	Government Input:
Peacebuilding Fund (PBF) and help	Other:
determine whether PBF projects are being	Total: US\$100,000.00
implemented in line with project's activities	30.
and are achieving the desired change that	
would lead to durable peace in Liberia. This	
evaluation seeks to shed light on the	
contribution to peace consolidation of the	
PBF portfolio and the ways in which this	
contribution can be further improved.	
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Peacebuilding Impact and key outcomes	

#### Peacebuilding Impact and key outcomes:

**Peacebuilding Impact** 

As stated in the Liberia Priority Plan, "success in peacebuilding will be illustrated by the ways in which <u>Liberians develop skills and mechanisms to manage and prevent future conflicts, and acquire new attitudes that build a culture of peace"</u> (Liberia Priority Plan, p.8). However, this success can only be determined or measured through monitoring and evaluating the impact of the PBF-L. As Church and Rogers have pointed out, "monitoring and evaluation (M&E) are key

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programming components that allow projects to learn through the testing of the project logic and ensuring that the project is not inadvertently creating negative results and reigniting conflict" (Designing for Results: Integrating Monitoring and Evaluation in Conflict Transformation Programs p. 82). In addition, monitoring and evaluation are key elements within the PBF-L's accountability plan. Therefore, the peacebuilding impact of this intervention will be the strengthening of a conflict sensitive implementation of the PBF, and ensuring that projects contribute to sustained and durable peace in Liberia.

## **Key outcomes**

Ultimately, this intervention should produce a number of outcomes that will show that projects implemented under the Liberia PBF are contributing toward lasting peace in Liberia, by helping to strengthen critical peacebuilding gaps as stated in the peacebuilding fund priority plan The key outcomes of this project are in two folds: 1) monitoring outcomes and 2) evaluation outcomes.

## Monitoring Outcomes:

- Projects are being implemented in accordance with project's workplan project activities and output indicators validated;
- Projects quarterly narrative reports submitted to the JSC, via the PBF Secretariat, are verified through on-site monitoring;
- Projects implemented with a conflict sensitive lens, and have in place mechanisms to mitigate unintended negative results;

#### **Evaluation Outcomes:**

- Lessons from the implementation of the PBF-L are identified and shared, and recommendations made to realign projects objectives and/or design where appropriate, to inform the crafting and implementation of future peacebuilding projects;
- Better understanding of the quality and effectiveness of projects are provided, and intervention(s) that produced the highest peacebuilding impact and peace dividends for the people of Liberia pointed out;
- Contribute toward continuous updating and refinement of conflict assessment.

# Contribute (where necessary) to the project's re-conceptualization and/or redesign;

#### Outputs and Key Activities:

The main output of the project will be to foster proper implementation of the PBF-L thereby contributing toward mitigating root causes of conflict mentioned in the Government of Liberia Poverty Reduction Strategy (PRS page 21) and priorities areas highlighted in the PBF – Liberia Priority Plan (page 2). The Secretariat will conduct quarterly on site monitoring of PBF project to verify progress reports against project outputs reported in quarterly reports

The CDA Collaborative Learning Project based in Boston, MA, USA, (with the requisite expertise in peacebuilding impact evaluation) will be engaged to conduct training in monitoring and evaluation, and helped develop the TOR for midterm evaluation of the PBF Portfolio. The midterm evaluation will seek to ascertain the following:

## **Effectiveness:**

- What are the cumulative results of the PBFL to date; both positive and negative?
- How much progress has been made towards the three priorities in the Priority Plan? Which areas are on track and which areas are behind?
- What have been the principle challenges to achieving results?
- Within clusters of programming e.g. rule of law programming or youth focused programming, which were more effective and why?



- Has the PBFL affected government policy?
- Is the PBFL meeting the Government of Liberia Peacebuilding targets as established in the PRS?
- How well has the PBFL implemented a communication and visibility strategy?

## Relevance:

- Are the funded interventions relevant to the Priority Plan?
- Are the funded interventions relevant to the conflict context?
- What are the gaps in programming? What is the PBFL not doing that needs to be done in order to prevent future violent conflict?
- Will there be additional needs after 18 months?

## **Implementation Process Appraisal:**

- Please assess the quality and level of support the PBF Secretariat has provided to the implementing partners.
- Please assess the quality and level of support provided to the PBF Secretariat by the PBSO
- What could the PBF Secretariat and PBSO do better? Where should attention be given to making improvements in quality, form and amount of support to implementing partners? What lessons learned are there for future Secretariats?
- How effective have the partnerships between Recipient UN Organisations and their implementing partners been? What is the quality and durability of the relationship?

<u>Sustainability</u>: (the limitations of answering this question in a mid-term evaluation is recognized and the evaluator should endeavor to provide their best-sense)

- what indications are there that the changes catalyzed from this work will be sustainable?
- Will the recipient agencies and partners attempt to continue the peacebuilding work after the PBFL monies are finished?

A formal report on findings from the evaluations, with recommendations, will be made and presented to the PBF – JSC and the PBF Secretariat, and the United Nations Peacebuilding Support Office (PBSO) in New York. This report will include lesson learned from the PBF activities in Liberia and point out whether the PBF is contributing toward increased stability in Liberia. The report will include recommendations to devise new strategies for the implementation of the PBF in Liberia.

Technical Advisory Panel Revi	iew Date:	20 April 2009	
PBF Secretariat Review Date			
Joint Steering Committee Appr	oval Date:	30 April 2009	

Recipient UN Organization Co-Chair PBF SC Co-Chair PBF SC

1. Jonnal 9-15-09

Dominic Sam, Country Director Ambulai Johnson, Minister Moustapha Soumaré DSRSG

## ANNEX 2.1

THE LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Results	Measurable indicators	Means of verification	Important assumptions
PEACEBUILDING IMPACT The impact of this intervention will be a sustainable, catalytic peacebuilding programme in LBR, which contributes to mitigating root causes of conflict, as identified in the Government of Liberia Poverty Reduction Strategy (PRS page 21) and priorities areas highlighted in the PBF – Liberia Priority Plan (page 2).	Areas for strengthening conflict sensitive PBF implementation pointed out.	Monitoring report	Projects implemented in accordance with projects work plans and Monitoring and evaluation conducted
OUTCOMES  Monitoring Outcomes  1. Enhanced conflict sensitive implementation of the PBF to ensure that projects contribute to sustained and durable peace in Liberia and have in place mechanisms to mitigate unintended negative results	Actual project activities and output indicators validated  Review of narrative reports and three on-site monitoring of projects conducted	Project proposals and monitoring reports  Monitoring reports	Monitoring and evaluation of projects conducted  As above
2. Project progress and successes identified and shared, link to mitigating conflict factors in PP made as well as contribution toward continuous updating and	Project(s) activities redefined based on context analysis / reality on the ground	Updated projects reflecting findings available	
refinement of conflict assessment.	Conflict dynamics of geographical areas considered in project's implementation	As above	
Evaluation Outcomes 3. Lessons of the PBF-L are identified and shared, and recommendations made to better understand quality and effectiveness of PBF projects and intervention(s) that will	New and emerging conflict trends captured – projects implementation informs early warning mechanism	Early warning mechanism in place	Setting up of conflict early warning mechanism receives political support
generate best peacebuilding impact and peace dividends for the people of Liberia	Assessment of project activities to decipher relevance to the conflict	Evaluation report	Midterm and end of project evaluation are implemented

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	context is conducted		
4. Increased catalytic effect of the PBF project portfolio, both in terms of financial sustainability as well as strategic PB planning and	Projects achievements and overall peacebuilding impact determined	Evaluation report	
follow-up, identified,	Projects with highest PB impact and peace dividends pointed out	Evaluation report	
5. Half yearly assessments of PBF-L Priority Plan objectives provides overall insight in PBF progress, relevance, efficiency etc. and	Individual projects contributions to the broader peace established	Evaluation report	
facilitates independent end review of PBF-L	Lessons learned and added value of the fund toward durable peace established	Evaluation report	
OUTPUTS 1. Projects implemented in accordance with project's workplan with transparent narrative and financial reporting	Projects quarterly narrative reports submitted to MDTF/Office and JSC, via the PBF Secretariat	Monitoring and evaluation reports	Project activities remain focus in addressing conflict issues / factors
2. Projects are redesigned or adjusted where necessary/ appropriate, also informing drafting of future peacebuilding projects	Conflicts and other disputes with potential for violent conflict are being amicably resolved	Number of violent conflict related cases significantly reduced	
3. Enhanced M&E skills of JSC, RO and IA staff, through trainings and manuals	Evaluation framework in place and midterm and end of project evaluation of selected projects conducted		
4. Tools developed for baseline research and monitoring of PBF portfolio to distil cumulative impact of PBF projects			
5. Project incorporate conflict sensitive lens			
ACTIVITIES Develop the ToR for partnership with the CDA Collaborative Learning Projects	This is a summary of the project budget (sub-budgets and total as in Annex 2.4)	Financial report	(Activity to output) Factors out of project control which, if present, could restrict

At least sfive (5) on-site monitoring of projects implemented under the PBF-L in various project geographical areas will be undertaking.	ToR developed, Consultancy engaged (proj, budget category 2: Contracts)	Quarterly financial report – prepared and submitted by UNDP	progress from activities to achieving outputs
Conduct training in country - and facilitate training abroad for two PBO/PBF-L staffs	Four-days in-country conducted for PBO staff,	As above	
Tot two I Bo/I BI -L statis	2 PBO staffs attend 2 training aboard (proj. budget category 3: Training)	As above	
Host bi-annual (2x a year) JSC meetings to monitor PBF Liberia project portfolio against PP objectives	Monitoring of projects conducted (associated cost - proj. budget Contract / Training)	As above	
Assist UN Recipient agencies with internal project evaluations	Evaluation framework in place, midterm evaluation conducted (associated cost - proj. budget Contract / Training)	As above	
		As above	
Write and submit evaluation	Evaluation report, notes from de-brief with the		
report and hold de-brief with the JSC	JSC available (associated		
the 35C	cost - proj. budget		
	Contract / Training)		

Full Project Document - Outline (max. 14 pages)

Background and problem statement

The Liberia Priority Plan sets the basis for monitoring and evaluation of the Liberia Peacebuilding Fund. This is in line with specific frameworks for monitoring and evaluating the implementation of deliverables under the PRS, the United Nations Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF) and PBF-L Priority Plan (see PP page 6). It also envisages that drawing on these mechanisms and frameworks, assessment tools will be developed to monitor and evaluate approved projects to allow for deeper analysis of peacebuilding issues/areas, as well as efforts to help address conflict factors highlighted in the three documents, and the effectiveness of the projects in contributing toward the sustainability of peace in the longer-term.

However, following the First Call for Concept Notes by the PBF-L Joint Steering Committee (JSC) in February 2008, which were later developed into full project proposals by Project Teams (UN Recipient Agency Focal Persons, and Implementing Partners), it was observed that projects submitted had little or no emphasis on monitoring and evaluation. This was due in part, to lack of capacity in developing M&E frameworks relevant to peacebuilding projects, and also, no funds were allocated for baseline surveys and for future monitoring and evaluation of individual projects in the majority of the projects. Even within some projects where funds were allocated for M&E, the methodology that would be employed to conduct M&E is not stated.

Forward-looking, the JSC decided to engage the CDA Collaborative Learning Projects to help build the capacities of Project Teams to develop M&E framework in each project. Bringing in experts from CDA Collaborative Learning Project was also a deliberate attempt by the JSC to ensure baseline surveys and context analysis will be built into projects *ex ante*, to help facilitate future monitoring and evaluation of the PBF. Following a week of working with Project Teams, and from review of proposals and an informal assessment of PBF process, the following actions were recommended by the Consultant:

- Evaluation of the Peacebuilding Fund be conducted to enable the Joint Steering Committee and the Government make decision on future peacebuiling programmes – perhaps leading to applying for additional funding from the UN PBF / identification of strong projects.
- 2) A realistic and robust workplan, for baseline and evaluation be planned and fund allocated for its implementation; and
- 3) A benchmarking exercise with other 'macro-level' evaluation processes such as DFID or PBF-Burundi and Sierra Leone be conducted to assist in the decision making about the evaluation.

In general, two main approaches were proposed:

"Evaluate individually a selection of projects and attempt to 'add up' their significance to Liberia;"

"Develop a framework for peacebuilding impact and associated project logic for the entire fund and evaluate against that framework. (Ref. CDA Collaborative Learning Project Consultant Progress Report – Cheyanne Church ...)"

In addition, two professors, Dr. Chris Blattman, from Yale University in the United States, and Dr. Jeannie Annan from the New York University, also stressed the need for rigorous impact approach to evaluation of projects with emphasis on focused groups in order to monitor and evaluate changes in individuals or projects beneficiaries. These two professors are presently

helping to develop baseline surveys for the UNHCR/JPC "Community Peace Human Rights and Civic Education" project in three hundred (300) communities in Lofa, Nimba and Grand Gedeh Counties, and for the Landmine Action "Tumutu Agriculture Programme" project for the evaluation of these projects. This approach is critical to determining the larger effects on group/communities where projects are implemented and where they were not implemented.

Further, the PBSO has been providing strategic advice to the Liberia Peacebuilding Office and the PBF-L Secretariat and are being engaged to help provide technical support to the development of an M&E framework consistent with the framework the PBSO is putting in place to be used by countries with funding from the UN PBF. Presently, the PBSO is facilitating the process, whereby Liberia, Burundi and Sierra Leone can have a standardized (yet context specific) monitoring and evaluation framework.

## 2. Project Rationale and Expected Results

#### Rationale

Therefore, the rationale of this project is that through improving the monitoring and evaluating capacity of the PBO and the implementing agencies, the PBF JSC can strengthen the delivery and peacebuilding impact of the existing PBF-L portfolio and create a rationale and framework for future peacebuilding funding mechanisms.

In addition, conducted mid-way in the overall implementation timeframe, this evaluation seeks to shed light on the contribution to peace consolidation of the PBF portfolio and the ways in which this contribution can be further improved. There are three specific objectives that this evaluation is intended to explore:

 The evaluation should provide information to the PBO-L and JSC on results to date and, where possible actions to be taken in the remaining portion of the current PBF programming to improve or maintain effectiveness.

2.) The evaluation should inform the development of a new Priority Plan as the basis of a second submission to the Peacebuilding Fund in New York.

3.) The evaluation should provide feedback to the PBSO to inform their work in structuring and advising new countries to the PBF.

#### Expected Results

In addition to the overall goal stated in the project description and overall peacebuilding impact, the expected results of this intervention will be to:

- Enhance understanding as to whether the peacebuilding efforts are making contribution to durable peace by addressing the key driving factors and constituencies in the context;
- Improved peacebuilding impact of existing PBF-L portfolio.
- Identification of PBF-L projects and approaches with the most potential to have peacebuilding impact in the Liberia context.
- Where there are "mix efforts" i.e., projects that may have both peacebuilding and development objectives, help explore whether the effort employed has dealt with key structural causes of conflict and engaged social tensions that have been identified as key drivers of past, current or potential violent conflicts (captured from the CDA's Consultant's Progress Report mentioned above).
- Identification of core components for a revised Priory Plan for a future Peacebuilding funding mechanism.

## 3. Partnerships and Management Arrangement

For successful implementation of this project, several partners are very crucial. These include United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the CDA Collaborative for Learning Projects – based in Boston, USA, the Kofi Annan Institute for Conflict Transformation (KAICT), the

Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution at the Cuttington University College, (CUC) and a representative group of civil society organizations, and two research partners from Yale and NYU, Chris Blattman and Jeannie Annan, and/or their representative Gwendolyn Taylor, who in September 2008, successfully evaluated the Interpeace Emergency Window project in Nimba County.

**UNDP** will be the recipient agency and the project fund manager, and will be responsible for procurement and making financial reports to the Multi-Donor Trust Fund (MDTF.) The UNDP Focal Point for this project will also help provide technical support for the implementation of the project.

The Peacebuilding Office (PBO) and PBF Secretariat will be the key implementer of the project – and will conduct periodic (five) on-site monitoring of projects and facilitate the process leading to project evaluation. While in country training in M&E will be conducted, two PBO/PBF Secretariat staffs will undergo training abroad in peacebuilding impact monitoring and evaluation. This will further strengthen the capacity of the PBO to conduct future M&E.

The CDA Collaborative for Learning Projects – will help provide projects with the full spectrum of evaluation approaches and guide the selection and development of the appropriate methodology (M&E) framework in line with that of the PBSO which can be matched to the learning/research area. This could include "participatory evaluation, appreciative inquiry, and theory-based, goal-free, utilization-focused evaluation, outcome-mapping and deliberative democratic evaluation." (Ref. Consultant Progress Report). The methodology to be used for evaluation of the PBF will also consider the Liberian context. In addition, the CDA Collaborative for Learning Projects will also conduct training of the PBO staff as well as M&E focal points from UN Recipient Agencies and Implementing partners. The institution will also be contracted to design the framework for the mid-term evaluation of the peacebuilding impact of the PBF.

The KAICT and IPCR – The PBO will be helping to train few students from the KAICT and IPCR who will then be used as interns in the PBO impact monitoring and evaluation. This is essential for building national capacity at the University level in M&E and other peacebuilding related techniques. Terms of reference (ToR) for the participation of these institutions with the PBO in this process would be developed.

#### 4. Monitoring & Evaluation

While this project is intended to monitor and evaluate other PBF projects and the overall implementation of the Liberia PBF, the project itself needs to be monitored and evaluated to ensure it achieves its objectives. The project has therefore, set in place specific indicators by which it can be evaluated. For instance, training in M&E conducted, baseline surveys conducted, M&E framework developed, and midterm and end of project M&E reports produced. The M&E framework for this project will also provide support to the Project Teams to develop simple yet useful monitoring plans that inform Project Team decision making and align to PBF-L reporting requirements. It is envisaged that funds allocated in the PBF projects for M&E will be used to conduct baseline surveys, in addition to funds allocated in this project budget.

#### 5. Sustainability of the project

This intervention as a project has a limited duration of fourteen (12) months. However, the partnership created with the KAICT, IPCP and CSOs is intended to build capacity at the national level to conduct peacebuilding related projects over a longer period. In addition, the PBO – Liberia is intended to continue after the 18 months project cycle ends, for which training of the its staff cannot be overstated. The proposal also envisages that with the training of local peacebulding actors, future peacebuilding related projects will have imbedded in it, a M&E

framework that will ensure peacebuilding impact M&E are conducted. The sustainability of this project, therefore, is in the project's attempt to ensure local expertise in peacebuilding impact monitoring and evaluation.

6. Project Implementation with timeline

The project will be implemented in the below stages over a period of fourteen (14) months:

1) Developing the ToR for partnership with the CDA Collaborative Learning Projects

2) Training of PBO staff and other partners in impact monitoring and evaluation

- 34) Developing tools for, and conducting periodic monitoring of peacebuilding project implementation
- 5) Developing evaluation framework / TOR and conducting midterm evaluation of PBF-L activities

and implementation

6) Delivery of midterm evaluation report and holding a de-brief with the JSC

## ANNEX 2.4

## Project Budget

PBF PROJECT BUDGET		
CATEGORIES	AMOUNT	
Supplies, commodities, equipment and transport	3,108	
Personnel (staff, consultants and travel)	19,360	
3. Training of counterparts		
4. Contracts	50,000	
5. Other direct costs	20,989.5	
Sub-Total Project Costs	93,457.5	
Indirect Support Costs**	6,502.025	
TOTAL	100,000	

# Detailed Work Plan for 12 Months 2008-2009

Outcome/Output	Activities	Inputs	Budget	Delivery Date
The main output of the project will be to ensure proper implementation of the PBF-L thereby contributing	PBF JSC engages consultancy agency with requisite expertise in peacebuilding impact evaluation to conduct M&E training for PBO Staff and other partners, and to help develop a M&E Framework for mid-term evaluation	Consultancy contracted / Contract agreement / Terms of Reference	See annex 2.4	July 2009
toward mitigating conflict issues/areas as articulated in the Government of Liberia Poverty	Four days training (in-county) in peacebuilding impact monitoring and evaluation for PBO staff and collaborating institutions / partners conducted - 2 PBO staff attend advance M&E training abroad.	Stationery / feeding / transportation for M&E	See annex 2.4	July - November 2009
Reduction Strategy (PRS page 21) and priorities areas highlighted in the PBF – Liberia Priority Plan (page 2)	PBO/PBF Secretariat conduct three (4) on-site monitoring of projects implemented under the PBF-L in various project geographical areas.	Fuel, Lubricants, DSA (see financial inputs as in annex 2.4)	Financial report	July 2009 – May 2010
and by extension, the UNDAF.	Conduct midterm project evaluation of the activities of the Liberia PBF.	As above	See related budget item annex 2.4	Jan. – Feb. 2010
	Prepare formal reports on findings from the evaluations, with recommendations, and presented to the PBF – JSC, and the Peacebuilding Support Office (PBSO) in New York.  Grand Total	As above		Feb. 2010

Dates	Periodic Benchmarks	Indicators of Progress
	1) Develop the ToR for partnership with the CDA Collaborative Learning Projects (Time ?)	ToR developed, Consultancy engaged, and working in line with ToR
First 4 Months	2) Conduct training in country - and facilitate training abroad for two PBO/PBF-L staffs (Time?)	Four-days in-country conducted for PBO staff, agencies, CSOs representatives by Consultant
First 4	two rbo/rbr b states (rand t)	2 PBO staffs attend 2 training aboard – training report available
	4) Develop tools for, and conduct first on-site monitoring of PBF projects implementation (Time?)	First monitoring of projects conducted, monitoring reports available
	4) Conduct second on-site monitoring of PBF projects implementation (Time ?)	Second monitoring of projects conducted, monitoring reports available
Second 4 Months	5) Develop evaluation framework and conduct midterm evaluation of selected projects (Time ?)	Evaluation framework in place, midterm evaluation conducted, report available
Sec	6) Work through consultant to complete evaluation report and hold de-brief with the JSC (Time ?)	Midterm evaluation report, notes from de-brief with the JSC available
ıths	4) Conduct third on-site monitoring of PBF projects implementation(Time?)	Third monitoring of projects conducted, monitoring reports available
Third 4 months	7) Develop evaluation framework to conduct end of project evaluation of selected projects (Time ?)	Evaluation framework / TOR in place

# Liberia Peacebuilding Fund Project Summary

Recipient UN Organization:	UNDP		PBF Priority Area:	Allocation m area three (3) encompasses	) but
Implementing Partner(s):	Liberia Peacebuilding Office / Peacebuilding Fund Secretariat				
Project Number:	PBF/PP/R5/	/A3/02			
Project Title:			oring and Evaluatiliding Fund (PBF		mentation
Total Approved Project Budget:	USD 100,00	00			
Location:	Monrovia, and a few project selected areas				
JSC Approval Date:	30 April 2009				
Project Duration:		Starting Date:	June 2009	Completion Date:	June 2010
Project Description:	This intervention is intended to monitor and evaluate the implementation of Liberia Peacebuilding Fund (PBF) and help determine whether PBF projects are being implemented in line with project's activities and are achieving the desired change that would lead to durable peace in Liberia. This evaluation seeks to shed light on the contribution to peace consolidation of the PBF portfolio and the ways in which this contribution can be further improved.				

Peacebuilding Impact:	As stated in the Liberia Priority Plan, "success in peacebuilding will be illustrated by the ways in which <u>Liberians develop skills and mechanisms to manage and prevent future conflicts, and acquire new attitudes that build a culture of peace"</u> (Liberia Priority Plan, p.8).
Outcomo(o)	Monitoring Outcomes  1. Enhanced conflict sensitive implementation of the PBF to ensure that projects contribute to sustained and durable peace in Liberia and have in place mechanisms to mitigate unintended negative results  2. Project progress and successes identified and shared, link to mitigating conflict factors in PP made as well as contribution toward continuous updating and refinement of conflict assessment.
Outcome(s):	Evaluation Outcomes  3. Lessons of the PBF-L are identified and shared, and recommendations made to better understand quality and effectiveness of PBF projects and intervention(s) that will generate best peacebuilding impact and peace dividends for the people of Liberia  4. Increased catalytic effect of the PBF project portfolio, both in terms

	of financial sustainability as well as strategic PB planning and follow- up, identified,  5. Half yearly assessments of PBF-L Priority Plan objectives provides overall insight in PBF progress, relevance, efficiency etc. and facilitates independent end review of PBF-L
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Outputs and Key Activities:	OUTPUTS  1. Projects implemented in accordance with project's workplan with transparent narrative and financial reporting  2. Projects are redesigned or adjusted where necessary/ appropriate, also informing drafting of future peacebuilding projects  3. Enhanced M&E skills of JSC, RO and IA staff, through trainings and manuals  4. Tools developed for baseline research and monitoring of PBF portfolio to distil cumulative impact of PBF projects  5. Project incorporate conflict sensitive lens
Indicator and Benchmarks:	A number of project indicators are reflected in the project logical framework (see page 4).
Procurement:	Project budget will be executed in line with UNDP procurement procedures

	C: Technical Review be completed by the PBF Secretariat on behalf of the Technical Advisory	Panel)		
CDA	position of Technical Advisory Panel: Comprised of technical review fro Collaborative Project in Boston, Yale University, and the members of the mittee	m the PBSO, the e Joint Steering		
Elisal Chey Chris	de names, titles and organizational affiliation of Panel members beth Scheper, Senior Technical Advisor, PBSO anne Church, CDA Collaborative Learning Project topher Blatmann, Yale University Members			
	nical Advisory Panel Review Date: de date(s) of review 20 April 2009			
3. Evaluation of Proposal by the Technical Advisory Panel  Provide concise summary evaluation of proposal against:  Proposal budget needs revision  Some of the project outputs not practical – i.e. measuring cumulative impact need to be adjusted Project should not include end of project evaluation – summative evaluation  Not realistic to include baseline surveys				
	General principles and selection criteria			
(a) (b)	Is the Project explicitly based on Liberia PBF Priority Plan?  Does the project build capacity within national institutions?	Yes No Yes No		
(c) (d)	Does the project promote and ensure national and local ownership?  Does the organization have the appropriate system to deliver expected results (also looking at earlier performance and project delivery)?	Yes ⊠ No ☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐		
(e)	Does the project avoid duplication of and significant overlap with the activities of other actors?	Yes ⊠ No □		
(f)	Does the project use strategic entry points that respond to immediate needs and yet facilitate longer-term improvements?	Yes ⊠ No □		
(g)	Does the project build on existing resources, capacities, strengths and experience?	Yes ⊠ No □		
(h)	Can the Project be completed within 18 months?  ii) Relevance to peacebuilding criteria	Yes No 🗌		
(a)	Are peacebuilding and reconciliation aspects adequately addressed by the proposal?	Yes ⊠ No □		
(b)	Are related gender dimensions taken into account and adequately addressed by the proposal?	Yes ⊠ No □		
(c)	Are the theory of change and strategy for the project appropriate for, and relevant to the particular conflict situation?	Yes⊠ No□		
(a)	iii) Project design criteria  Are the activities appropriate, practical, and consistent with the expected results?	Yes ⊠ No □		
(b)	Are risks taken into account and is this analysis reflected in the structure and design of the logframe?	Yes ⊠ No □		
(c)	Has the role of partners been identified and is their level of	Yes No 🗌		

Part D: Administrative Review  To be completed by the Liberia PBF Secretariat				
4. Review by PBF Secretariat				
Date of review: productoped long the secretariant and incorporated The secretariant				
Check on Project Proposal Format Contents				
Cover sheet (first page)  Logical Framework  Project Justification  Project Management Arrangements  Risks and Assumptions  Budget  Progress Report (for supplementary funding only)  Support Cost  Yes No D  Yes No D				
Provide concise summary assessment against:  12 Months Implementation Elaborate  Agency indirect support cost Elaborate  General evaluation criteria				
Elaborate				
Part E General criteria for prioritising Projects/projects				
(a) Must be in line with Liberia PBF Priority Plan	Yes 🛛 No 🗌			
(b) Recipient Organisation is unable to meet high or urgent priority needs with existing level of funding	Yes No 🗌			
Addresses high priority activities that have significant impact, and by nature must address seasonal or timing imperatives and considerations.	Yes No 🗌			
Supports activities that are likely to improve the overall peacebuilding situation at national and local levels.	Yes 🛛 No 🗌			

5. Recommendation of the PBF Secretariat Secretariat developed the proposal in line with the Liberia peacebuilding fund. Requires JSC Elaborate	ISC instructions for monitoring and evaluation of funding.			
Part F: Decision of Steering Committee				
(To be completed by the Steering Committee)				
5. Decision of the Liberia PBF Joint Steering C	Committee			
Approved for a total budget of \$100,000 Approved with modification/condition Deferred/returned with comments for further consideration Rejected				
Comments/Justification The proposal has incorporated JSC concerns an	d comments.			
Ambulai Johnson Minister of Internal Affairs Co-Chair, PBF Joint Steering Committee	Moustapha Soumaré Deputy Special Representative of the Secretary-General Co-Chair, PBF Joint Steering Committee			

Signature

Signature

Part G: Administrative Agent Review To be completed by the Administrative Agent				
7. Action taken by the Administrative Agent: MD  Project consistent with provisions of the I Standard Administrative Arrangements with donor.	iberia PBF Memorandum of Understanding and			
Bisrat Aklilu, Executive Coordinator, MDTF Office, UNDP				
Signature	Date			