# 2012 CHF Standard Allocation Project Proposa South Sudan

### SECTION I:

### CAP CI

### Nutrition

CHF Cluster Priorities for 2012 Second Round Standard Allocation
This section should be filled by the cluster Coordinators/Co-coordinators before sending to cluster partners. Provide a brief articulation of Cluster priority activities and geographic priorities that the cluster will recommend for funding from the CHF.

5 years, P&LW and other vulnerable groups, through SCs, OTPs and TSFPs - including training of Cluster objectives and activities as outlined in CAP

Treatment services for Severe Acute Mainutrition and Moderate Acute Mainutrition in children under

& P&LW, community screening (MUAC) and referral of U5, blanket supplementary feeding in hunger gap and in acute emergency 3-36mths, promotion and support of IYCF; includes training health workers, MSGs and CBOs Prevention services for children under 5 years and P&LW through - micronutrient supplementation U5

Strengthen Nutrition emergency preparedness and response capacity - Cluster coordination, Management and analysis of nutrition information, Rapid assessments and SMART surveys in line with cluster standards, Capacity building of CBOs, MSGs, NNGOs and CHD & SMOH on emergency preparedness and response

high priority states Hot spot areas in

will be prioritized

### Project details

The sections from this point onwards are to be filled by the organization requesting for CHF

### UNICEF

SSD-12/H/46207/R/124

Nutrition Needs in Underserved Counties Expanding Partnership for Addressing Emergency

Lakes, Unity, Upper Nile, Jonglei, WBEG, WES, CES and EES

otal Project Budget in South Sudan CAP

US\$ 9,572,794

US\$ 567,491 Amount Requested from CHF USS

Women:

201,700

Total: Boys Girls:

1,600 57000 57000 317,300

Catchment Population (if applicable)

Indicate number of months: 12

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A. Administrati Context Analysis

is) the our and key data. ation in the spi ing the num ations where CHF supported activities ber and type of the affected population.

state, and in Cueibet County in Lakes state. in Akobo East, Akobo West and Nyirol counties in Jonglei state, in Tonj North and Gogrial East and Twic counties in Warrap morfallty rates in children were found in Lopa Lafon, Kapoeta North and Kapoeta South counties in Eastern Equatoria states, remained fragile, with a hike in food and fuel prices in the post-independence period, whilst the overall performance of the 2011 agricultural season has been affected by late and erratic rainfall (South Sudan Food Security Outlook, July-August respectively; only 25% of the population has access to health services; 34% have access to improved water sources minutes round trip), and only 15.4% of the population use improved sanitation facilities. The food security situation has a Malnutrition rates in children under five years respectively, with no significant difference between girls and boys. Excessive partners in the high risk counties in March and April 2011, found an average of 17.4% and 3.4% Global- and Severe Acute showing high mainutrition rates in children. Twenty five (25) Pre-harvest nutrition surveys conducted by Nutrition Cluster inter-communal conflicts especially in Jonglei, Unity, Upper Nile, Lakes, Warrap and Eastern Equatoria states, areas already 2011). Over 300,000 people have returned from the north, and about 300,000 have been displaced from the Abyei crisis and Acute malnutrition levels in South Sudan are unacceptably high and continue to be a challenge to the survival of infants and young children. According to the 2010 SHHS, the infant and under-five mortality rates are 84/1,000 and 106/1,000 and under-five mortality The food security situation has also 8

functional. Identified partners for capacity enhancement include AAA, ARC, BRAC, CECDAG, COSV, CRADA, DoR, DoW, JDF, MC, UNKEA, WR, SMOH CES, SMOH EES, SMOH WES, SMOH Jonglei, SMOH Unity, SMOH Upper Nile, SMOH WBeG, other FBOs and CBOs. UNICEF will work with the above mentioned partners in underserved counties. The Nutrition emergency response is not optimal - due to multiple factors - including size of states, inaccessibility, poor networks, commitment of NGO focal points vis a vis other organizational responsibility, capacity of state MOH Cluster was established in 2010 at National level and State clusters were established in 8 priority states in March 2011 - with appointment of SMOH and NGO focal persons. The capacity of the state clusters to provide support and direction for emergency response is not optimal - due to multiple factors - including size of states, inaccessibility, poor communication spots from 9 in 2009 to 25 in 2010 and 36 in 2011 through a Capacity Enhancement Initiative targeting health cluster NGOs in many counties, where limited or no nutrition services are available - although health facilities may be partially or fully so they can integrate the services into the primary health care system. Never the less there are still significant capacity gaps The Nutrition Cluster has succeeded in increasing the number of partners providing emergency nutrition services in the hot

			Children U5 Yrs					Men												Women	penencially or
Micronutrient supplementation & deworming	BSFP	MAM	SAM	Other - vulnerable	Beneficiaries of IYCF promotion	volunteers etc	h/workers and	Trainees	Other - vulnerable	IYCF promotion	Beneficiaries of	volunteers, etc	h/workers,	Trainees	deworming	supplémentation &	Micronutrient-	P&LW	P&LW MAM	ACCUSATOR DATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSONS ASSESSMENT OF THE PERSON	penendary predatown marcate where applicable
			114,000		1000			600	2000	10000	1000			700				200,000		- CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	and appropriate

To the extent possible reference needs assessment findings and include key data such as mortality and morbidity rates and nutritional status, and how the data differs among specific groups and/or geographic regions. Refer situation/data/indicators to national and/or global standards.

support coordination of emergency nutrition response at central level, in 10 states and with particular focus on underserved there is still gap in responding to nutrition emergencies due to technical capacity. This project will allow training of emergency counties, through emergency assessment and response teams. The cluster has identified focal point in all the 10 states, but The Government policy is integrating nutrition services into the primary health care system is taking shape through advocacy and monitoring the Nutrition Cluster has succeeded in increasing and expanding partnership from 9 in 2009 to 42 in 2012. More health teams that will be able to respond to nutrition emergencies within 24 hours on the onset of the emergency. Refuges, IDPS, flooding that will directly affect nutrition. Another cluster priority that this project will support is build capacity and efforts are needed to be put in place to address the increasing nutrition emergencies taking into consideration the current returnees. health problems are nutrition related. Based on the increasing malnutrition rates as indicated by the recent SMART nutrition surveys. partners have realized that health service delivery is not proper without looking into nutrition issues as the underlying causes of

i) Purpose of the grant Briefly describe now CHF funding will be used to support core cluster priorities

expertise to enhance their capacity and be able to respond to nutrition emergencies. Partner capacity enhancement is one of the core cluster priorities, and this project will support partners with limited nutrition

State the objective's of the project. Objective's should be specific, measurable, achievable, relevant and time-bound (SMART)

Enhance the capacity of SMoH, Health partners and Mother Support Groups to assess and respond to the nutrition needs of boys, girls, pregnant and lactating women in 60% of health facilities in Counties affected by humanitarian crisis (acute mainutrition rates above 15%), and provide technical support for Emergency Assessment and Response

# iii) Proposed Activities

corresponding number of direct beneficiaries. List the main activities to be implemented with CHF funding. As much as possible link activities to the exact location of the operation and the

- 1. Recruit nutritionists to support State and County Health Departments mentoring the new cluster partners in underserved counties with weak capacity
- 2. Build capacity and support partner agencies to conduct initial rapid assessments and SMART surveys in the underserved countles affected by humanitarian crisis Develop and monitor implementation of Programme Cooperation Agreements with new partners (national and health
- 4. Build capacity and support community based MUAC screening and referral of children with acute mainutrition for NGOs, CBOs, FBOs and Mother Support Groups)
- appropriate treatment at SCs, OTPs and SFPs. Train staff of new NGO partners and SMOH staff (600) and provide technical and logistic support for establishment of
- management of complicated and non-complicated severe acute mainutrition in girls, boys and pregnant and lactating women Stabilisation Centres and Outpatient Treatment Programmes in health facilities and communities in need for effective screening and promotion of appropriate infant and young child feeding especially in emergencies Train and support Community Nutrition Promoters and Mother Support Groups (1,700) in community based MUAC
- Support de-worming and micronutrient supplementation in all children 6 59 months and pregnant and lactating women
- underserved counties, as well as community based nutrition screening and referral, and health and nutrition education Provide supportive supervision and monitor performance of new stabilisation centres and OTPs established in the
- 9. Build capacity and support coordination of emergency nutrition response at central level, in 10 states and with particular focus on underserved counties, through emergency assessment and response teams.
- state, county and community levels Compile/analyse monthly reports from all partners, prepare monthly updates and disseminate to stakeholders at central,
- 11. Support the Nutrition Cluster at state and national level in adapting nutrition guidelines and training cluster partners in implementation of those guidelines and tools
- information processes and reporting, information sharing and support to partners 12 Support National and state level coordination activities through Cluster meetings, Technical Working Groups, Streamlining
- 13 Provision of surge capacity for cluster to support above activities

# Cross Cutting Issues

Briefly describe how cross-cutting issues are taken into consideration (i.e. gender, environment, HIV/AIDS)

and weaking SMoH capacity to respond to nutrition emergencies Both males and females will attend the training, and specifically in Unity, WBEG, Lakes, and Warrap where there are limited INGOs

## V) Expected Result/s

Briefly describe (in no more than 300 words) the results you expect to have at the end of the CHF grant period

national and state level with particular focus on 8 high risk states. Strengthened emergency nutrition reporting in states. nutritional need and to promote optimal IYCF. Strengthened and well-functioning nutrition cluster coordination mechanisms a number response in line with national guidelines, increased capacity of CBO and MSG to identify and refer children with increased capacity of SMOH and health partners (NGO and FBO) in assessment, planning and implementation of emergency

especially in the 8 high risk states

This project will contribute to increased coverage of emergency nutrition services and will enable the nutrition cluster to reach its target 70% (114,000) of children with severe acute malnutrition treated in South Sudan

List below no more than five indicators you will use to measure the extent to which those results will have been achieved. At least three of the indicators should be out of the cluster defined Standard Output Indicators (annexed).

	Indicator
-4	Number of Health & Nutrition workers trained on IMSAM/CMAM
22	Number of Health & Nutrition workers trained on SMART
3	Number of Health & Nutrition workers/MSG trained on Rapid assessment
4	Number of Technical assistant for surge capacity(Emergency Nutrition Consultants)
Ch	Number of PCAs developed with implementing partners

# vi) Implementation Mechanism

Describe planned mechanisms for implementation of the project. Explain if it is implemented through implementing partners such as NGOs, government actors, or other outside contractors.

This project will be implanted through UNICEF Emergency Nutrition consultants where the consultants will be recruited and placed in the SMoH in the states where there are limited partners and the SMoH capacity is weak. The consultants will work with the SMOH/CBOs/FBOs and other health partners to build their capacity to assess, refer and manage children with Severe Acute malnutrition and also to conduct rapid nutrition assessment and SMART surveys. Also PCAs/SSFAs will be signed with potential nutrition partners to build capacity of other weak partners.

## vii) Monitoring Plan

Describe how you will monitor progress and achievements of the project.

The progress and achievement will be monitored through training reports where number of people and cadres trained are recorded and improvement in admission numbers to reached the indicated target of 114,000 children with SAM. Monitoring missions will be conducted to the project sites to ensure correct guidelines are followed and children recovering well from the program and the cluster indicators for cure, defaulter and death rates are met.

Source/donor and date (month, year)

### SECTION III:

This section is NOT required at the first submission of a proposal to the cluster coordinator/co-coordinator. However it is required to be filled for proposals recommended for funding by the Advisory Board.

CHF ref./CAP Code: SSD-12/H/46207	Project title:	Expanding Partnership for Addressing is in Underserved Counties	Organization: UN	ICEE					
	INGIDION INCCO	s in Orderserved Counties	Organisation: UNICEF						
Overall Objective: What is the overall broader objective, to which the pointribute? Describe the expected long-term chang. • Enhance the capacity of SMoH, Health partners Support Groups to assess and respond to the nutriboys, girls, pregnant and lactating women in 60% of facilities in Counties affected by humanitarian crisi malnutrition rates above 15%), and provide technic Emergency Assessment and Response.	e. and Mother ition needs of of health s (acute	Indicators of progress:  What are the key indicators related to the overall objective?  Number of health partners (NGO and FBO) including SMOH increased capacity in assessment, planning and implementation of emergency nutrition response in line with national guidelines		oorts					
Specific Project Objectivels: What are the specific objectives, which the project s These relate to the immediate effect of the intervent the end of the project.	ion measured at	Indicators of progress:  What are the quantitative and qualitative indicators showing whether and to what extent the project's specific objectives are achieved?  •	What are the so that exist and o	s will be measured; ources of information an be collected? ethods required to get ?	Assumptions & risks: What are the factors and conditions not under the direct control of the project, which are necessary to achieve these objectives? What risks have to be considered?  Security remains stable to allow activity implementation				
Results - Outputs (tangible) and Outcomes (inta  Please provide the first of concrete DELIVERABL  outputs/outcomes, leading to the specific objective  noreased capacity of SMOH and health partners (N  passessment, planning and implementation of emerg  response in line with national guidelines, increased  and MSG to identify and refer children with nutritions  promote optimal IYCF.  Strengthened and well-functioning nutrition cluster of  mechanisms at national and state level with particul  igh risk states. Strengthened emergency nutrition is  states, especially in the 8 high risk states  increased coverage of emergency nutrition service  enable the nutrition cluster to reach its target 70%  children with severe acute malnutrition treated in S	ES - As: GO and FBO) in ency nutrition capacity of CBO al need and to coordination ar focus on 8 eporting in tes and will (114,000) of	Indicators of progress: What are the indicators to measure whether and to what extent the project achieves the envisaged results and effects? Number of health pairtners (NGO and FBO) including SMOH increased capacity in assessment, planning and implementation of emergency nutrition response in line with national guidelines Number nutrition cluster coordination meeting at national level Number of partners send reports regularly to cluster Number of children reached by nutrition Cluster		orts	Assumptions & risks: What external factors and conditions must be realized to obtain the expected outcomes and results on schedule?  Security remains stable to allow activity implementation				

Activities:	Inputs:		Assumptions, risks and pre-
order to produce the expected results?	What inputs are required to implement these activities, e.g. staff time, equipment, mobilities, publications etc.?  • Presence of Nutrition Specialists in UNICEF Country Office and Nutrition Officers at UNICEF Zonal offices  • Partners conduct SMART surveys in the underserved counties affected by humanitarian crisis  • Signed Programme Cooperation Agreements with new NGO partners  • Training ( basic, refresher and on-site training) NGO partners and SMOH staff (600)  • Recording and reporting tools on CMAM available in intervention areas  • Monitoring and supervision nutrition programme of NGO partners and SMoH	Partners reports     Field visit reports	conditions:  What pre-conditions are required before the project starts? What conditions outside the project's direct control have to be present for the implementation of the planned activities?  Security remains stable to allow activity implementation
10. Compile/analyse monthly reports from all partners, prepare monthly updates and disseminate to stakeholders at central, state, county and community levels.  11. Support the Nutrition Cluster at state and national level in adapting nutrition guidelines and training cluster partners in mplementation of those guidelines and tools.  12. Support National and state level coordination activities through Cluster meetings, Technical Working Groups, Streamlining information processes and reporting, Information sharing and support to partners.  13. Provision of surge capacity for cluster to support above activities.			

Activities	Q3/2012		Q4/2012			Q1/201				Q2/2013		Q3/2013		10000
		Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Se
Activity 1: Recruit nutritionists to support State and County Health Departments mentoring the new cluster partners in underserved counties with weak capacity				×	×	x								Г
Activity 2: Build capacity and support partner agencies to conduct initial rapid assessments and SMART surveys in the underserved counties affected by humanitarian crisis				x	x				×	×	x			
Activity 3: Develop and monitor implementation of Programme Cooperation Agreements with new partners (national and health NGOs, CBOs, FBOs and Mother Support Groups)		T		×	x	×	x	x	×	x	×	x	×	×
Activity 4. Build capacity and support community based MUAC screening and referral of children with acute malnutrition for appropriate treatment at SCs, OTPs and SFPs.		T		х	x	×	x	х	×	×	x	х	×	×
Activity 5. Train staff of new NGO partners and SMOH staff (600) and provide technical and logistic support for establishment of Stabilization Centers and Outpatient Treatment Programmes in health facilities and communities in need for effective management of				×	×	×	×	×	×					

complicated and non-complicated severe acute malnutrition in girls, boys and pregnant

Activity 6. Train and support Community Nutrition Promoters and Mother Support Groups (1,700) in community based MUAC screening and promotion of appropriate infant and

Activity 7. Support de-worming and micronutrient supplementation in all children 6-59

Activity 8. Provide supportive supervision and monitor performance of new stabilisation centres and OTPs established in the underserved counties, as well as community based

Activity 9. Build capacity and support coordination of emergency nutrition response at central level, in 10 states and with particular focus on underserved counties, through

nutrition screening and referral, and health and nutrition education sessions

and lactating women

young child feeding especially in emergencies

months and pregnant and lactating women

emergency assessment and response teams,

×

x x x x

x x x x

x

x

x x

X

X

×

X

x x x x

<sup>\*:</sup> TIMELINE FOR EACH SPECIFIC ACTIVITY MUST BE MARKED WITH AN X AND SHADED GREY 15%

CHF reference code: Project title:

SSD 12/H/45207/R/124
Expanding Partnership for Addressing Emergency Nutrition Needs in Underserved Counties
UNICEF

Total Estimated Budget USD Organization: