

Peacebuilding Fund Project Progress Report (Updated template October 2022)



**PEACEBUILDING
FUND** 

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Thank you for taking the time to complete the PBF Progress report. For projects with more than one recipient, please consult among co-recipients prior to filling out the form to ensure collaboration on the responses. You can generate a print out of the blank form by clicking on the *print* icon on the top right corner of the page. If you have any questions or require technical assistance in filling out the form, please send an email to keshni.makoond@un.org

Click Next below to start

» Report Submission

Type of report *

- Semi-annual
- Annual
- Final
- Other

Date of submission of report *

2022-11-14

Name and Title of Person submitting the report *

Eyingbeni Ngullie- Global Programme Development and Funding Manager Christian Aid

Name and Title of Person who approved the report *

Paul Quinn - Head of From Violence to Peace Christian Aid ; Eyingbeni Ngullie - Global Programme Development and Funding Manager

Have all fund recipients for this project contributed to the report? *

- yes
 no

Did PBF Secretariat or the PBF Focal point in the resident coordinator office review the report? *

If there is no PBF secretariat in country, please select "Not applicable". If there is a PBF secretariat, you should normally ensure that they have an opportunity to review.

- yes
 no
 Not Applicable

Any additional comment from the PBF Secretariat/ RCO Focal point on this report

No

» Project Information and Geographical Scope

Is this a cross-border or regional project? *

- yes no

Please select the geographical region in which the project is implemented

- Asia and the Pacific Central & Southern Africa East Africa
 Europe and Central Asia Global Latin America and the Caribbean
 Middle East and North Africa West Africa

Country of project implementation *

- Bolivia Colombia Dominican Republic
 Ecuador El Salvador Guatemala
 Haiti Honduras Other, Specify

Project Title

*

- 00125908: "Allanando el camino": Women and LGBT people paving a path from justice and memory toward sustaining peace in Colombia
- 00118801: Apoyar a la Comisión para el Esclarecimiento de la Verdad, la Convivencia y la No Repetición en el fortalecimiento de los diálogos nación-territorio para una verdad amplia e incluyente hacia un horizonte de convivencia y No Repetición
- 00130079: Cocreando la paz: participación de mujeres jóvenes diversas en el espacio cívico urbano-rural en Nariño y Cauca.
- 00108373: Commission of Truth
- 00108371: Confianza & Paz - Stabilization in 3 territories affected by the armed conflict
- 00130501: Construyendo Paz a través de alianzas productivas de Mujeres para la Vida en la Tierra.
- 00114098: De la financiación a la inversión para una paz sostenida/ Financing for Peace
- 00119341: Empowering women through local information as a tool for peacebuilding
- 00130080: Espacios cívicos juveniles para la resiliencia y la reconciliación en el Pacífico colombiano
- 00114100: Estrategia de reincorporación socioeconómica de excombatientes de las FARC con enfoque comunitario, de género, étnico y poblacional
- 00129657: Natural Paz – Naturaleza por la paz
- 00119521: ParticipAcción: Mujeres jóvenes construyendo paz en Urabá
- 00108370: Support to Children and Youth
- 00113215: Territorial model for non-repetition guarantees and citizen empowerment of youth and women victims of sexual violence and forced disappearance within the armed conflict, for their effective access to the "Comprehensive System for Truth, Justice, Reparations and Non-Recurrence" (SIVJRNR)
- 00125569: Transformación territorial para el ejercicio libre y seguro de los liderazgos, la defensa de los derechos humanos y los procesos de reincorporación
- 00125909: Young and female peacebuilders in northern Cauca. Tradition meets innovation in community-led approaches to protection and conflict transformation
- 00113454: Young women territorial peace builders in Colombia
- 00131879: Proyecto de Apoyo para la finalización, ambientación, entrega, difusión y sostenibilidad del Informe Final y el Legado de la Comisión de la Verdad
- 00132747: Modelo de cuidado integral en el proceso de reincorporación en 10 AETCR priorizados, para la consolidación de las Paz en territorios PDET
- Other, Specify

Project Start Date

*

2022-02-11

Project end Date

*

2022-11-09

Has this project received an extension? *

- YES, Cost Extension
- YES, No Cost Extension
- YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions
- NO, No Extensions

Will this project be requesting an extension? *

- YES, Cost Extension
- YES, No Cost Extension
- YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions
- NO, No Extensions

Is funding disbursed either into a national or regional trust fund *

- yes
- no

Recipients

Is the lead recipient a UN agency or a non UN entity? *

- UN entity
- Non-UN Entity

Please select the lead recipient *

- Action Aid The African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD)
- Agence de Coopération et de Recherche pour le Développement (ACORD)
- American Friends Service Committee (AFSC) Avocats Sans Frontières
- Avocats Sans Frontières Belgium Avocats sans frontières Canada Christian Aid Ireland
- CARE International UK The Carter Center, Inc.
- Centre d'étude et de coopération internationale (CECI) - BF COIPRODEN
- Concern Worldwide CORDAID CORD Burundi
- DanChurchAid Fundacion Estudios Superior (FESU) Fund for Congolese Women
- Fundación Mi Sangre (FMS) Fundación Nacional para el Desarrollo de Honduras (FUNADEH)
- Fundación para la Libertad de Prensa (FLIP) HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation
- Humanity & Inclusion (HI) Instituto Holandes para Democracia Multipartidaria (NIMD)
- International Alert Interpeace Kvinna till Kvinna Foundation
- Life and Peace Institute (LPI)
- (MDG-EISA) Institut Electoral pour une Démocratie Durable en Afrique (EISA), bureau de Madagascar
- Mercy Corps MSIS-TATAO Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC)
- ONG AZHAR OXFAM Peace Direct
- PNG UN Country Fund Red de Instituciones por los Derechos de la Niñez
- Sampan'Asa Momba ny Fampandrosoana (SAF/FJKM) Saferworld
- Search for Common Ground (SFCG) SismaMujer Tearfund
- Trocaire World Vision International World Vision Myanmar
- ZOA Other, Please specify

Are there other recipients for this project? *

- No other recipients
- Yes, other UN recipients only
- Yes, other non-UN recipients only
- Yes, both UN and non-UN recipients

Implementing Partners

To how many implementing partners has the project transferred money to date?

-2

Does the project have an active steering committee? *

yes

no

If yes, please indicate how many times the Project Steering Committee has met over the last 6 months? *

2

Please provide a brief description of any engagement that the project has had with the government over the last 6 months? Please indicate what level of government the project has been engaging with? *

Please limit your response to 275 words

At the local level, 84% of the people who lead advocacy actions in their territories stated that they had carried out advocacy actions engaging Mayors, Municipal Councils, Community Action Boards, and at the departmental level with governorates and departmental secretariats. 60% of considered their demands are being heard.

The project engaged the integral system.

Truth commission: Advocacy on the final report of the Commission (CEV) and its legacy, with recommendations on the central chapter of the commission's report; the rural sector; the technical gender group of the commission and offered suggestions on the final content of the gender volume. The team participated in CSO roundtables, with meetings and dialogues with commissioners and the president of the CEV.

JEP: Advocacy meetings were conducted with the JEP. Engagement with the office of Judge Belkis Izquierdo on macro-case No. 2 stands out, the project engaged on strategies for improvement of investigation methodologies for violence based on gender, for discoveries of truth for accredited victims. As part of the Cinco Claves alliance, the project used a range of advocacy strategies in support of Macro-case 11 with the JEP.

UBPD: engagement on the prioritization of the National Search Plan, emphasizing discrimination in disappearances. The LGBT Expert group has supported leadership actions of 3 lesbian women and a trans woman in 4 regions of the country: Amazonia, Eastern Plains, Caribbean Coast and Valle del Cauca and Cauca.

Colombia Diversa's 'High Gender Instance', reviewing implementation of the gender provisions of the FPA was presented, compiling challenges in the functioning of the JEP, CEV and UBPD affecting LGBT women, with proposals to address them (shorturl.at/rstuF).

Financial Reporting

» Delivery by Recipient

Please enter the total amounts in US dollars allocated to each recipient organization

Please enter the original budget amount, amount transferred to date and estimated expenditure by recipient.

*Please make sure you enter the correct amount. All values should be entered in **US Dollars***

Recipients	Total Project Budget (in US \$) <i>Please enter the total budget as is in the project document in US Dollars</i>	Transfers to date (in US \$) <i>Please enter the total amount transferred to each recipient to date in US Dollars</i>	Expenditure to date (in US \$) <i>Please enter the approximate amount spent to date in US dollars</i>	Implementation rate as a percentage of total budget <i>(calculated automatically)</i>
Christian Aid Ireland	1100000 *	1100000 *	1099998.16 *	100 %
TOTAL	1100000	1100000	1099998.16	100 %

The approximate implementation rate as percentage of total project budget based on the values entered in the above matrix is **100%**. Can you confirm that this is correct? *

Correct Incorrect

If it is incorrect, please enter the approximate implementation rate as a % *

99

» Gender-responsive Budgeting

Indicate what **percentage (%)** of the budget contributes to gender equality or women's empowerment (GEWE)? *

82.27

The dollar amount of the budget contributing to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE) based on percentage entered above and total project budget is **US \$ 904970**. Can you confirm that this is correct? *

Correct Incorrect

If it is incorrect, please enter the *budget amount* allocated to GEWE in US Dollars *

905007.7

Amount expended to date on efforts contributing to gender equality or women's empowerment is **US \$ 904968.49**. Is this correct? *

Correct Incorrect

If it is incorrect, please enter the *expenditure to date* on GEWE in US dollars *

776627.72

ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET SHOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE.
The templates for the budget are available [here](#) *

Budget_Christian Aid Ireland _NCE_revised220722_ budget correction version_AR-15_11_8.xlsx



Project Markers

Please select the Gender Marker Associated with this project *

- Score 1 for projects that contribute in some way to gender equality, but not significantly (less than 30% of the total budget for GEWE)
- Score 2 for projects that have gender equality as a significant objective and allocate between 30 and 79% of the total project budget to GEWE
- Score 3 for projects that have gender equality as a principal objective and allocate at least 80% of the total project budget to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE)

Please select the Risk Marker Associated with this project *

- Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes
- Risk marker 1 = medium risk to achieving outcomes
- Risk marker 2 = high risk to achieving outcomes

Please select the PBF Focus Area associated with this project *

- (1.1) Security Sector Reform
- (1.2) Rule of Law
- (1.3) Demobilisation, Disarmament and Reintegration
- (1.4) Political Dialogue
- (2.1) National reconciliation
- (2.2) Democratic Governance
- (2.3) Conflict prevention/management
- (3.1) Employment
- (3.2) Equitable access to social services
- (4.1) Strengthening of essential national state capacity
- (4.2) Extension of state authority/Local Administration
- (4.3) Governance of peacebuilding resources (including PBF Secretariats)

Is the project part of one or more PBF priority windows? *

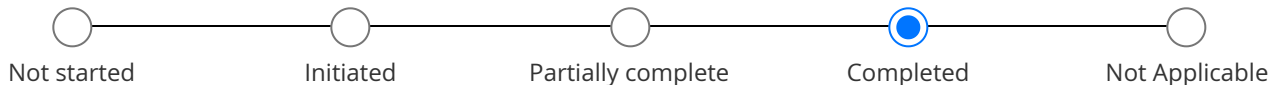
Select all that apply

- Gender promotion initiative
- Youth promotion initiative
- Transition from UN or regional peacekeeping or special political missions
- Cross-border or regional project
- None

PART I: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS

Please rate the implementation status of the following preliminary/preparatory activities

Contracting of Partners *

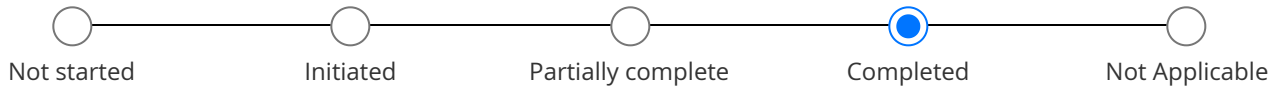


Staff Recruitment *



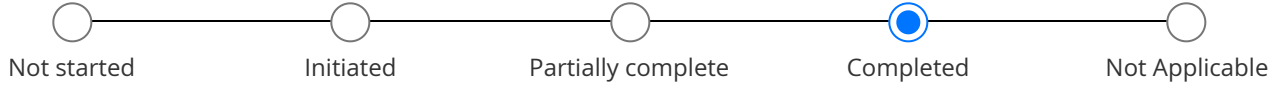
Collection of baselines

*



Identification of beneficiaries

*



Provide any additional descriptive information relating to the *status of the project* Briefly outline the *status of the project* in terms of implementation cycle, including whether preliminary/preparatory activities have been completed (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment, etc.)

Please limit your response to 250 words

Project activities has successfully completed. Provisional analysis shows the project exceeded support to survivors through strategic litigation activities before JEP, including through macro-cases, by 142%; public activities promoting a culture of non-repetition reached 127% of targets and engaged 206% of the targeted women in the territories; psychosocial support for women and LGBT people reached 203% of targeted survivors enhancing impact. Project closure is underway, including closing events, data collection and analysis of impact, and final report preparations. The announcement of the opening of macro-case 11 in Auto SRVR 103 of 2022 indicates the success of advocacy actions by the Cinco Claves Alliance, with partners the National Network of Women and Colombia Diversa. This is specifically cited in the rationale of the JEP to open a macro case investigating macro-criminality of gender-based violence in the armed conflict.

The devaluation of the Colombian peso between July and August, resulted in exchange rate gains during the final months of implementation. Based on analysis, these funds were invested to bolster project activities without altering the budget in dollars. This facilitated additional training of 25 diploma students from the 4 departments, held in Bogotá, additional publications, printed materials and events for the dissemination of reports. A greater allocation of funds has been executed with a gender focus than forecast, as a result of financial commitments made to enhance the effective participation of women in the Diploma. Financial closure with partner organizations has begun and the financial audit has been initiated

Summarize the main structural, institutional or societal level change the project has contributed to. This is not anecdotal evidence or a list of individual outputs, but a description of progress made toward the main purpose of the project

Please limit your response to 550 words

The Project contributed to institutional and community recognition of the existence and experience of LGBT people during the conflict especially in indigenous communities, with enhanced local and national feminist and human rights activism to support non-repetition. “We have failed to target the LGBT population. Therefore, we want to invite the LGBT population of the department so that we can improve... We hope to nurture them jointly to have this inclusion approach, not only in the identification of people but truly in participation, in the formulation of policies... and in projects”, Arnold Yesis Paz, delegate from the Secretary of Agriculture and Rural Development in Cauca.

At the institutional level, civil society strengthening and engagement with the JEP, UBPD and CEV leveraged the institutions as pioneers (national and international) in taking an LGBT approach. The Truth Commission is the first in the world to commission a study with specialized recognition of the differential violence experienced by LGBT people during armed conflict; LGBT search experts in alliance with Colombia Diversa and the UBPD are offering the first specialized parameters for searching for LGBT people; and the JEP is the first to include the study and sanction of violence motivated by discrimination or prejudice against LGBT people as punishable violence in transitional justice process, through the grouping and concentration stage of macro-case 11.

The project strengthened the relationship between LGBT and feminist organizations in targeted departments, enhancing the documentation of gender-based violence and driving local advocacy for women and LGBT people. At the national level, this partnership advocated with the JEP to open macro-case 11 and develop a chapter on gender in the Final Report of the Truth Commission, specifically addressing the experience of women and LGBT people during the conflict. Recognition of violence due to prejudice against indigenous LGBT people, led to advocacy with local government, supporting indigenous LGBT to incorporate LGBT public policy in the department and engaged the Departmental Assembly of Cauca in a political control table on LGBT issues, in which 8 secretaries of the local government participated, along with deputies and organizations of women and LGBT people. ‘These spaces are important because they allow us to make visible the advances made by the Departmental government or in the articulation with the community, but they also generate agreements and much more expeditious strategies can be built in the territory and will give us better results’. Jorge Octavio Guzmán, Education Secretariat in Cauca.

At the community level, the project supported the reconstruction of social fabric in regions impacted by long-term impacts of conflict and violence. Through the project it was possible to develop a change in the way in which memory is understood for the construction of a stable and lasting peace. ‘It [memory festival] was something necessary that has been urgent for a long time for a diverse community that has long worked on recognition, on the generation of their own spaces and where they feel safe... to contribute to the construction of peace and justice in the context of the conflict’, Memory festival participant in Buenaventura. This established an innovative path in targeted territories, using the catalytic potential of arts in the construction of memory, exclusively from a gender perspective.

PART II: RESULT PROGRESS BY PROJECT OUTCOME



NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE REPORT:

- Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language.
- Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do.
- Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse.
- Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive.
- In the results table, please be concise, you will have 3000 characters, including blank spaces to provide your responses

Describe overall progress under each Outcome made during the reporting period (for June reports: January-June; for November reports: January-November; for final reports: full project duration). Do not list individual activities. If the project is starting to make/has made a difference at the outcome level, provide specific evidence for the progress (quantitative and qualitative) and explain how it impacts the broader political and peacebuilding context.

- "On track" refers to the timely completion of outputs as indicated in the workplan.
- "On track with peacebuilding results" refers to higher-level changes in the conflict or peace factors that the project is meant to contribute to. These effects are more likely in mature projects than in newer ones.

How many OUTCOMES does this project have *

0 1 2 3 4 5 more than 5

Please write out the project outcomes as they are in the project results framework found in the project document

Outcome 1: *

Outcome 1: Women, LGBT people and communities promote a culture of non-repetition, trust and acknowledgement of gender-based violence

Outcome 2: *

Outcome 2: Women, LGBT people and youth have greater influence on decision-making over PDETs

Outcome 3: *

Outcome 3: Increased visibility and engagement of women and LGBT people as advocates for the implementation of the FPA gender provisions

Outcome 1: Outcome 1: Women, LGBT people and communities promote a culture of non-repetition, trust and acknowledgement of gender-based violence

Rate the current status of the outcome progress

*

1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 350 words

Significant progress was made with women and LGBT people leading initiatives to promote a culture of peace and non-repetition. The micro-fund had greater scope than anticipated empowering 21 organizations (90% women-led) to engage more than 2,100 people, through community-based initiatives (art, music, sports, theatre, research). Each project generated a product, disseminated in public-community spheres and traveling exhibitions outside their communities. "The project allowed us to support the development of collective awareness based on reflective dialogues regarding peacebuilding with women and youth, and the territory was impacted with communication products that expressed messages that encourage resilience, equity and respect. for diversity", woman from North Cauca. All 21 organizations noted the micro-fund contributed to their sustainability through training on fund management, visibility as organizations in the territories, and the provision of capital.

Memory festivals were led by women and LGBT people from the 4 departments. 97% of participants strongly recommend replicating this in other municipalities and 88% voiced support for the efforts of women and LGBT people after the memory festivals. It catalyzed inter-generational, inter-ethnic ties, to create memory construction spaces. "[Festivals reflect] historical memory that the elderly has, to strengthen the new generations with knowledge that shields and protects the territory and the community of [the past]", gay male participant in Chocó memory laboratory.

Political and social practices in each territory were leveraged to narrate and claim memory (pilgrimage in Popayán, a balsada in Buenaventura, play in Quibdó). Through the visibility of sensitive issues as violence against women and the LGBT population, through forms of cultural expression, peace is built, minds are changed' participant, memory festival in Chocó.

Collecting and systematizing on-line memory repositories linked to the process of emotional recovery allowed the victims to heal collectively, be empowered as political agents engaging communities and institutions, to reconstruct the notion of non-discrimination as a desirable social value in the Colombian transition. This also constructed a depository reflecting the experiences and resistance of survivors, that exists beyond the life cycle of the project to reinforce acknowledgement of gender-based violence.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 350 words

This outcome was exclusively focused on GEWE, and integrated specific supports and accompaniments to foster women and LGBT people's active and meaningful participation. The project prioritized access to resources and capacity strengthening for women-led organizations, making visible the challenges and needs of women's and LGBT people's organizations, providing space to engage with the wider community and municipal policy makers highlighting, their survival through memory festival and travelling exhibitions. 90% microgrants recipients were women-led (16 CBOs) or LGBT-led (3 CBOs), with 66% citing medium - high levels of empowerment as a result of organisational strengthening supports and investment through the micro-grant to promote memory, reconciliation and non-repetition, and all recognizing the funds contribution to their sustainability. For example, fund management capabilities were enhanced, in accordance with international standards, through the process of accompaniment and accountability for the micro-donations, supporting not only the action but the strengthening of CBOs beyond the lifecycle of the project. Care networks were also strengthened through self-managed groups, within the framework of the project, women were encouraged to express and access their support needs, building stronger and more supportive networks together.

Virtual depositories such as Celeste worked to capture and promote the experience of LGBT people and women through the conflict, to humanize victims and draw commonalities with the wider citizenship to support non-repetition of violence and drive gender equality. This creates a long-term record of memory and truth for women and LGBT people to influence discussions, providing dignity and voice to survivors beyond the transitional justice process within society. The process of collecting stories for the web platform "A Journey of Peace" through artistic methodologies, gave strength to the activism of women survivors of violence. The documentation of their experience and stories resistance had further empowered them to work for gender equity and the guarantee of their rights.

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments- provide an update on the achievement of key outcome indicators for **Outcome 1** in the table below

- If the outcome has more than 3 indicators , select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (3000 characters max per entry)

» Outcome 1: Outcome 1: Women, LGBT people and communities promote a culture of non-repetition, trust and acknowledgement of gender-based violence

Outcome 1	Performance Indicators <i>Describe the indicator</i>	Indicator Baseline <i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i>	End of Project Indicator Target <i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i>	Indicator progress to date <i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i>	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i>

1.1	<p>Indicator 1.1 Percentage of self-reported empowerment of women and LGBT people to promote recognition, reconciliation and non-repetition</p>	<p>78% of the interviewed people don't know the level of empowerment of Afro-descendant women to promote recognition, reconciliation, and non-repetition</p>	<p>At the end of the project the percentage of people that don't know the level of empowerment of Afro-descendant women, indigenous women, women in general and LGBT people to promote recognition, reconciliation, and non-repetition has decrease by, at least, 20 points.</p>	<p>Women in general Very Low 7% Low 33% Medium 47% High 13%</p> <p>LGBT People Very Low 7% Low 47% Medium 33% High 13%</p>	<p>In the baseline, it was identified that disaggregating the category of women by ethnicity was confusing for the people interviewed. For the baseline, the group of women in general was taken. For the final report, it will be possible to disaggregate the group into Afro and other classifications / identifier groups of women due to the fact that in the departments of Chocó and Valle del Cauca, 100% of the women who participated in the project are Afro and in the other departments, mestizo. Preliminary Data, to be completed for the final report.</p>
		<p>83% of the interviewed people don't know the level of empowerment of indigenous women to promote recognition, reconciliation, and non-repetition</p>			
		<p>100% of the interviewed people don't know the level of empowerment of women to promote recognition, reconciliation, and non-repetition</p>			
		<p>83% of the interviewed people don't know the level of empowerment of LGBT people to promote recognition, reconciliation, and non-repetition</p>			

1.2	Indicator 1.2 Proportion of community members who are aware of women and LGBT people's experiences of violence and approve of their resistance against targeted violence.	None of the participants who are aware of women and LGBT people's experiences of violence and approve of their resistance against targeted violence.	At least 80% of community members are aware of women and LGBT people's experiences of violence and approve their resistance	People aware of experiences of violence against LGBT people Yes 77% No 22% Doesn't Know 2%	At the beginning of the process, people had some idea of the existence of violence against women and LGBT people, but they did not consider it targeted violence due to their gender or sexual orientation. This result evidence the recognition of a targeted violence	
				People aware of experiences of violence against women Yes 91% No 8% Doesn't Know 1%		
				Approval of their resistance: Yes 94% No 5% Doesn't Know 1%		

1.3					
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How many outputs does outcome 1 have?

0 1 2 3 4 5 more than 5

Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 1

Output 1.1

Communities engage in reconstruction of memory and truth about violence and discrimination against women and LGBT people

Output 1.2

Communities develop a collective conscience of women's and LGBT people's resistance against targeted violence

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

» Output 1.1

<p>Output 1.1: Communities engage in reconstruction of memory and truth about violence and discrimination against women and LGBT people</p> <p>.....</p>	<p>Performance Indicators</p> <p><i>Describe the indicator</i></p> <p>.....</p>	<p>Indicator Baseline</p> <p><i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i></p> <p>.....</p>	<p>End of Project Indicator Target</p> <p><i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i></p> <p>.....</p>	<p>Indicator progress to date</p> <p><i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i></p> <p>.....</p>	<p>Reasons for Variance/Delay (if any)</p> <p><i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i></p> <p>.....</p>
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1.1.1	<p>Indicator 1.1.1 Women and LGBT people's average levels of satisfaction with emotional recovery activities, memory festivals and travelling exhibitions Further disaggregation by ethnicity (indigenous and Afro- Colombian), and age</p>	0	<p>In general, at least 80% of the Participants rate at least 5 of the 6 proposed evaluation indicators as "Very good".</p>	<p>Analyzing the data, to be documented in the final report</p> <p>EMOTIONAL RECOVERY 92% of the participants rated the 5 proposed indicators as "Very Good"</p> <p>Distribution participants rated the 5 proposed indicators as "Very Good"</p> <p>GENDER number % Cisgender woman 43 75% Cisgender man 5 9% Trans woman 7 12% Trans men 1 2% Non binary 1 2% 57</p> <p>By AGE Edad number % 17-30 18 29% 31-40 13 21% 41-50 11 18% 51-60 12 19% 61-70 2 3% .+70 1 2% 57</p> <p>MEMORY FESTIVALS Data is being analyzed, to be reported in the final report.</p>	<p>Analyzing the data, to be detailed in the final report</p>
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1.1.2	<p>Indicator 1.1.2 a) Number of memory festivals, travelling exhibitions and emotional recovery activities held b) Number of women, LGBT people and wider community, public officials and other duty bearers participating in these events (including perpetrators).</p>	0	<p>a) 4 memory festivals, 4 travelling exhibitions and b) Target: 600 people* overall including at least 290 women, 150 LGBT people, 160 youth & men; at least 40% of these are youth. Numeric targets will not be set for duty bearers or perpetrators, although these will be reported on.</p>	<p>) 4 Memory Festivals 4 Travelling exhibitions 1 National Exhibition b) Memory Festivals 762 people reached By Sex number % Male 265 35% Female 494 65% Other 3 0% 762 By Sexual Orientation number % Heterosexual 650 85% LGBT 112 15% 762 Public Officers number % Yes 94 12% No 666 87% Doesn't Know 2 0% 762 Emotional recovery 32 cisgender women were reached 29 LGBT people were reached</p>	<p>We are in the process of disaggregating the information on emotional recovery activities.</p>
1.1.3					

» Output 1.2

Output 1.2: Communities develop a collective conscience of women's and LGBT people's resistance against targeted violence	Performance Indicators <i>Describe the indicator</i>	Indicator Baseline <i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i>	End of Project Indicator Target <i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i>	Indicator progress to date <i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i>	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i>
1.2.1	Indicator 1.2.1 Number of memories (related to cases of victims) that have been shared by/ are related to women and LGBT people that are preserved on virtual repositories	0	40 new memories (10 per department) Reporting will indicate number of memories associated with women, LGBT people and Indigenous and Afro-Colombian	31	Work is being done on the organization and disaggregation of information.
1.2.2	Indicator 1.2.2 Number (%) of grassroots organizations / groups with, strengthened capacity to implement memory initiatives	0	20/20 (100%) of LGBT and women-led grassroots organizations/ groups.	22 supported organizations	The last supported organization resulted from one of the groups of the diplomat. We are supporting their formal conformation and further functioning.
1.2.3					

Outcome 2: Outcome 2: Women, LGBT people and youth have greater influence on decision-making over PDETs

Rate the current status of the outcome progress

*

1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 350 words

In the reporting period, the majority of diploma students are already leading peace initiatives in their neighborhoods, communities, educational institutions and greater involvement of young people has been achieved in monitoring the gender proposals of the PDETs. It also responded to addressing the lack of training to support leadership for community leaders.

Capacity strengthening workshops, empowered participants with awareness of the institutional architecture created for the Peace Agreement, addressing gaps in knowledge - a key barrier to women and LGBT people's meaningful participation. Training was scaled-up through advocacy plans that identified strategic pathways to engage policy makers and support full implementation of the gender provisions of the Peace Agreement at the territorial level (PDETs and PATRs). Empirically, this included interviews and petitions with 9 peace entities, including: The National Protection Unit; Reintegration and Normalization Agency; Territorial Renewal Agency; the Ombudsman; the JEP; the Victims Unit; the Unit of Land Restitution; the Search Unit for Missing Persons, and the Department of Social Prosperity. Political transitions in the post-election period resulted in numerous unfavorable responses, highlighting implementation obstacles at the local level, compounded by a reduction in civic space observed since the 2018 elections. However, political training, empowered the participants to lead actions within their municipalities, evidencing women, youth and LGBT leadership and positive outcomes. "We realized that there was no sexual diversity table in the municipality, so we began to insist on the Mayor's Office to open it, until we managed to do so." Peasant lesbian woman, participant in capacity building workshops in Cauca. "The [diploma] gave us a push to feel more confident in our leadership, so much so that we managed to convene and sit down to talk with the municipal administration, which does not pay attention to anyone. We got them to sit down and listen to our requests and proposals. A formal request was made to advance public policy for women in the municipality and it was accepted. Now we have to follow up on that commitment, but we have already taken the first step." Peasant woman, participant in the workshops in Cauca.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 350 words

In each of the 4 territories, forums were held with local authorities and women's organizations, making known the 5 priority axes for women in public policy. More than 80 people attended these, engaging key actors: Deputies, councilors, Ombudsman, Police, Secretary for Women, local Mayors, and Personerías. Similarly, the 8 Plans for prevention, protection, and non-repetition of attacks against women leaders and human rights defenders continue to be implemented, creating an enabling environment for women and LGBT leadership. Although the perception of security has not changed, leaders have highlighted that protection plans and tools make them less vulnerable. In addition, the very construction of the plans implied new knowledge for the participating women to bolster their advocacy with local actors related to the field of protection: "This process allowed us to have more tools compared to the update with the territorial CERREM (Committee for the Evaluation of Risk and Recommendation of Measures)", Cisgender woman leader, Putumayo.

Political advocacy at the national and international level was focused mostly on the national government, including space created by elections for Congress and the presidency. This empowered women and LGBT people to position their demands and visions of peace before the new national government, for the first time in a joint process between government. "One of the main achievements to highlight in the connection was active participation during this process. As a Caucana leader, engaging with various organizational processes in the territory, it is very important to be able to reach spaces like this, which had been unimagined for us", Woman leader in Cauca, participant in capacity building workshops and national advocacy.

Given the long-term commitment that the diploma, a series of internal discussions were held within the implementing consortium on how to address domestic / care responsibilities of women participating, without generating harm or reinforcing stigma of women's leadership. While very few people expressed the needed this support, an important campaign was carried out to destigmatize the visibility of care work.

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments- provide an update on the achievement of key outcome indicators for **Outcome 2** in the table below

- If the outcome has more than 3 indicators , select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (300 characters max per entry)

» Outcome 2: Outcome 2: Women, LGBT people and youth have greater influence on decision-making over PDETs

Outcome 2	Performance Indicators <i>Describe the indicator</i>	Indicator Baseline <i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i>	End of Project Indicator Target <i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i>	Indicator progress to date <i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i>	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i>
2.1	Indicator 2.1 Evidence of decision makers acting (e.g. making statements, attending events, formulating directives/ policy, allocating budget) in line with the demands of women, LGBT people and youth, across targeted municipalities	69% of the interviewed people think that authorities don't act in line with the demands of women, LGBT people and youth, across targeted municipalities.	In each of the 4 departments, decision makers incorporate statements on peace and reconciliation, directives, rules, budget allocation and participate in events, related to peace in their municipalities, as advocated for by women, LGBT people or youth (at least 2 actions per department).	60% of people who have carried out some advocacy activity consider that they are listened to by the authorities. 68% of people who have carried out some kind of advocacy activity consider that thanks to advocacy actions they have had positive achievements.	Data collection and analysis of information is ongoing in preparation for the final report. To be completed in the final report.
2.2	Indicator 2.2 Proportion of students plan to initiate and/or lead specific peace initiatives in their community/	74% of the admitted students plan to lead and/or initiate specific peace initiatives. 16% of the	80 % of the graduated students plan to lead and/or initiate specific peace initiatives.	80% of the students who graduated the diploma plan to lead and/or initiate specific peace initiatives.	

municipality and
Proportion of
students who
feel adequately
or very equipped
to take on this
role

student qualified
between 9-10 /10
their
qualification to
take this role.

Disaggregation
by Gender of the
students who
plan to lead
and/or initiate
specific peace
initiatives

Gender
Number %
Cisgender men 8
9%
Cisgender
woman 67 79%
Trans men 3 4%
Non Binary 7 8%
85

Disaggregation
by Age of the
students who
plan to lead
and/or initiate
specific peace
initiatives.

Number %
16-20 6 7%
21-25 24 28%
26-30 37 44%
31-35 5 6%
35 + 13 15%
85

45% of the
students
qualified
between 9-10
their
qualification to
take this role.
Being 10 the
value for best
prepared and 0
worst prepared.

Disaggregation
by gender of the
students who
qualified
between 9-10
their
qualification to
take this role. 10
being the value
for best prepared

and 0 worst prepared.

Cisgender

Women 38 81%

Trans Men

3 6%

Non Binary 3 6%

Trans Women 1

2%

47

Disaggregation

by age of the

students who

qualified

between 9-10

their

qualification to

take this role. 10

being the value

for best prepared

and 0 worst

prepared.

AGE

number %

16-20 1 2%

21-25 14 30%

26-30 20 43%

31-35 3 6%

35 + 9 19%

47

2.3					
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How many outputs does outcome 2 have?

0 1 **2** 3 4 5 more than 5

Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 2

Output 2.1

Output 2.1: Women, LGBT people and youth trained as local leaders and agents of change

Output 2.2

Output 2.2: Women and LGBT people equipped with tools to safely engage with local authorities and promote their visions of peace and territorial co-existence

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

» **Output 2.1**

Output 2.1: Output 2.1: Women, LGBT people and youth trained as local leaders and agents of change	Performance Indicators <i>Describe the indicator</i>	Indicator Baseline <i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i>	End of Project Indicator Target <i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i>	Indicator progress to date <i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i>	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i>
2.1.1	Indicator 2.1.1 Number (%) of enrolled students who manage to complete the University of Peace diploma Disaggregated by women, LGBT people, ethnicity and age	Age Enrolled F % 16-20 17 11% 21-25 54 36% 26-30 48 32% 31-35 11 7% 35 + 22 14% 152 Gender Enrolled. Hombre cisgénero 17 11% Mujer cisgénero 116 76% No binario 13 9% Hombre Trans 1 1% Mujer Trans 1 1% Blanco 3 2% Femenino 1 1% TOTAL 152	Of 150 enrolled youth (70%)	202 students requested for admission 152 were enrolled, 78% completed the diploma Age Graduated Number % 16-20 11 9% 21-25 43 36% 26-30 41 35% 31-35 6 5% 35 + 17 14% 118 Gender Graduated Cis Men 13 76% Cis Women 94	

Sexual Orientation Baseline
 Heterosexual 111 73%
 Homosexual 27 18%
 Pansexual 1 1%
 Bisexual 10 7%
 Blanco 3 2%
TOTAL 152

Ethnicity Baseline
 Afro 73 48%
 Campesino 6 4%
 Desplazado 1 1%
 Indígena 13 9%
 Mestiza 5 3%
 Negra 2 1%
 Ninguna 49 32%
 Blanco 3 2%
TOTAL 152

81%
Non Binary 8 62%
Trans Men 1 100%
Trans Women 1 100%
Blanco 0 0%
Femenino 1 100%
TOTAL 118 78%

Sexual Orientation Endline
 Heterosexual 85 77%
 Homosexual 25 93%
 Pansexual 1 100%
 Bisexual 7 70%
 Blanco 0 0%
TOTAL 118 78%

Ethnicity Endline
 Afro 61 84%
 Campesino 3 50%
 Desplazado 1 100%
 Indígena 10 77%
 Mestiza 5 100%
 Negra 2 100%
 Ninguna 36 73%
 Blanco 0 0%
TOTAL 118

2.1.2					
2.1.3					

» **Output 2.2**

<p>Output 2.2: Output 2.2: Women and LGBT people equipped with tools to safely engage with local authorities and promote their visions of peace and territorial co-existence</p>	<p>Performance Indicators <i>Describe the indicator</i></p>	<p>Indicator Baseline <i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i></p>	<p>End of Project Indicator Target <i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i></p>	<p>Indicator progress to date <i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i></p>	<p>Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i></p>
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<p>2.2.1</p>	<p>Indicator 2.2.1 Average level of confidence of students (scale of 1 - 10) to promote peace and security in their communities</p>	<p>Baseline (0= No confidence, 10, Highly confident 8 5% 1 1% 5 3% 4 3% 7 5% 21 14% 15 10% 30 20% 22 14% 23 15% 16 11% 152</p>	<p>Target: To be established following baseline, with increased scores sought for women, LGBT people, Indigenous and Afro-Colombian and youth</p>	<p>Endline 0 0 0% 1 0 0% 2 1 1% 3 3 3% 4 4 4% 5 9 8% 6 6 6% 7 16 15% 8 18 17% 9 19 18% 10 30 28% 106</p>	<p>Disaggregation is being analyzed for final report</p>
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2.2.2	Indicator 2.2.2 Perception of safety as an activist, on a scale of 1 - 10,	87% of the interviewed people declared that the territories where they work are not safe	At least 80% of the participants of the workshops of activity A.2.2.2 state that they have tools that will allow them to reduce their vulnerability to risks in their territories and that they will replicate these tools in their organizations.		The perception of security remains the same or even worst. What has decreased is the perception of vulnerability associated with the protection work that was carried out during the project. Data is still being collected for the final report.
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1.2.3					
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Outcome 3: Outcome 3: Increased visibility and engagement of women and LGBT people as advocates for the implementation of the FPA gender provisions

Rate the current status of the outcome progress

*

1. Off Track
 2. On Track
 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 350 words

The opening of macro-case 11 represents the only opportunity for victims of GBV and violence due to prejudice in the framework of the Colombian armed conflict to access the transitional justice system. Before 2023 there will be three crucial decisions for the victims represented before the JEP linked to the project: protection measures for victims from Tumaque with a focus on self-protection and risk prevention; the Order of Determination of Facts and Conduct of the macro-case 02 in which violence due to prejudice and persecution against LGBT people on the Pacific coast is recognized; and the opening of macro-case 11 with a specific investigation subline on LGBT victims of the armed conflict. The final report of the Truth Commission also includes a chapter in which the facts against women and LGBT people are specifically studied and made visible, aligned with the reports developed and disseminated under the project. Under the UBPD, cases of LGBT people considered missing who are being sought have increased. At the end of 2019, there was only one case searching for an LGBT person, by September 2022 there are 60 cases. Under the project there has been an increase in accredited cases (117% of target), with all litigated processes in macro case 01 and 07 progressing through the procedural phase of the JEP.

Demands for implementation of the gender provisions of the FPA were made visible through 4 communication campaigns, including the participation of Gustavo Petro in the "Feminist Debate" that reached more than a million people through national and international media, analyzing presidential candidates' commitments to women's rights. The "Gossiping about politics and gender" campaign reached 17,559 social media accounts and countered more than 50% of the hate messages identified from 140 local and national media sources. "Paddling Together for Peace" reached 130,000 accounts, profiling 12 peace stories and highlighted territorial advocacy of women's organizations in support of the FPA. The "Other Futures Are Possible" campaign linked with Memory festivals to make other forms of memory visible, reaching more than 25,000 accounts.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 350 words

The "Paddling Together for Peace" campaign, particularly profiled the work of small organizations of black and indigenous women. In the execution of the project, it became evident that those who receive more violence and suffer more violence due to political participation are black and indigenous women, and to respond to this situation, their work in the communication campaign was prioritized. The communications work of Colombia Diversa on what happened to LGBT people in the armed conflict has been relevant to position the issue of equality for LGBT communities and the violations of their rights, as a collective responsibility of Colombian society linked to non-repetition. Visual pieces and reels were published through networks specifically targeted urban youth, who were often unaware of the existence of LGBT people in rural areas or of the differential impact they suffered. This has aimed to expand the social and institutional appropriation of historical memory with a gender perspective, supporting implementation of the provisions that the FPA. Strategic litigation has placed a strong lens on harmful gender-motivated practices towards women and LGBT people, empowering victims to access justice. Similarly, advocacy work and reports presented to the SIVJNR highlighted gender-based violence and violence due to prejudice as essential concepts to understand the dynamics of the conflict, stimulating an intersectional institutional response to understand the diversity and complexity of women's experiences, including those of LGBT women, in all dimensions of justice, reparation and memory building, and reflected in macro-case 11 and the final report of the truth commission.

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments- provide an update on the achievement of key outcome indicators for **Outcome 3** in the table below

- If the outcome has more than 3 indicators , select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (300 characters max per entry)

» Outcome 3: Outcome 3: Increased visibility and engagement of women and LGBT people as advocates for the implementation of the FPA gender provisions

Outcome 3	Performance Indicators <i>Describe the indicator</i>	Indicator Baseline <i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i>	End of Project Indicator Target <i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i>	Indicator progress to date <i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i>	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i>
3.1	Indicator 3.1: Number and description of resolutions (“Resoluciones”) issued by SIVJNIR related to the cases followed up by the programme	0	<p>At least one minor resolution a week during the project.</p> <p>At least 4 major resolutions during the project</p>		Data is still being analysed in preparation for the final report
3.2	Indicator 3.2 Proportion of wider community in targeted departments, who can identify ‘women’ and ‘LGBT people’ as groups that face particular prejudices in daily life and the proportion that disapprove of this discrimination.	<p>83% of the people interviewed do not know if their communities can identify the stigmatization that women and LGBT People face in the department of Chocó</p> <p>96% of the people interviewed do not know if their</p>	At the end of the project, the percentage of people that don’t know if their communities can identify the stigmatization that Afro-descendant women, indigenous women, women in general and LGBT people has decreased by at least, 20 points		Data collection is still on track in preparation for the final report

communities can identify the stigmatization that women and LGBT People face in the department of Valle del Cauca

81% of the people interviewed do not know if their communities can identify the stigmatization that women and LGBT People face in the department of Cauca

86% of the people interviewed do not know if their communities can identify the stigmatization that women and LGBT People face in the department of Putumayo

83% of the people interviewed stated that they do not know what the capacity of the communities in Chocó is to act and express their disapproval in the face of the stigmatization that women and LGBT people face in their daily lives

94% of the

people interviewed stated that they do not know what the capacity of the communities in Valle del Cauca is to act and express their disapproval in the face of the stigmatization that women and LGBT people face in their daily lives

86% of the people interviewed stated that they do not know what the capacity of the communities in Cauca is to act and express their disapproval in the face of the stigmatization that women and LGBT people face in their daily lives

86% of the people interviewed stated that they do not know what the capacity of the communities in Putumayo is to act and express their disapproval in the face of the stigmatization that women and LGBT people face in their daily lives

3.3					
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How many outputs does outcome 3 have?

0 1 **2** 3 4 5 more than 5

Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 3

Output 3.1
Women and LGBT people benefit from transitional justice to resolve cases of gender- based violence and discrimination

Output 3.2
Women and LGBT people challenge discrimination and demand compliance with the gender provisions.

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

» **Output 3.1**

Output 3.1: Women and LGBT people benefit from transitional justice to resolve cases of gender-based violence and discrimination	Performance Indicators <i>Describe the indicator</i>	Indicator Baseline <i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i>	End of Project Indicator Target <i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i>	Indicator progress to date <i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i>	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i>

3.1.1	<p>Indicator 3.1.1 Number of cases referring to women, LGBT victims that are presented to SIVJRRR and followed up by the programme.</p>		<p>11 cases (including 3 related to trans women)</p>	<p>38 Cases that are framed in 4 macro cases before the JEP</p> <p>Macro case 11:</p> <p>3 Cisgender women 5 Cisgender men 5 Trans women 2 Trans men</p> <p>Macro case 07</p> <p>1 Cisgender Woman 1 Trans woman</p> <p>Macro case 11</p> <p>2 Cisgender women 5 Cisgender men 3 trans women</p> <p>Macro case 02</p> <p>6 Cisgender men 5 Trans Women</p>	<p>Work on the systematization of the status of each case is ongoing.</p>
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3.1.2	<p>Indicator 3.1.2 Number and type of reports produced that analyze pending cases and are used to influence SIVJNR to progress cases (plus a description of how they are used)</p>		<p>Three reports, plus accessible IEC summaries and graphics will be produced, which analyse backlog of cases, highlighting cases relating to women, LGBT people and Afro Colombian and Indigenous people. Reports will be presented to SIVJNR and more accessible IEC materials will be published in mainstream newspapers.</p>	<p>1. Lessons from the litigation before the JEP: what has happened to sexual violence, reproductive violence and other crimes motivated by the sexuality of the victim. 2. report on the status of implementation of the 39 measures that the peace agreement allocated to LGBT people 3. Gender dynamics in Lower Putumayo (1978-2016) Armed conflict, sexual violence and black and Afro-descendant women</p>	<p>Information about publication and presentation will be presented in the final report</p>
3.1.3					

» Output 3.2

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<p>Output 3.2: Women and LGBT people challenge discrimination and demand compliance with the gender provisions.</p>	<p>Performance Indicators <i>Describe the indicator</i></p>	<p>Indicator Baseline <i>State the baseline value of the indicator</i></p>	<p>End of Project Indicator Target <i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i></p>	<p>Indicator progress to date <i>State the current cumulative value of the indicator since the start of the project</i></p>	<p>Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i></p>
<p>3.2.1</p>	<p>Indicator 3.2.1 Number and type of educational campaigns and counter actions (against hate speech)</p>	<p>0</p>	<p>2 educational campaigns (using radio, social media, free press) reaching an estimated 20,000 people Counter actions responding to 30% of identified incidents of interventions against gender provisions</p>	<p>4 Educational campaigns were developed.</p> <p>Feminist presidential debate. An alliance of more than 30 women's organizations facilitated a feminist debate with the largest audience in the electoral framework. With a campaign that lasted 2 months through different communication channels (national and territorial media), 1,105,605 people from all regions of the country were reached.</p> <p>Gossiping about politics and gender. Taking the results of media monitoring as a main input and contributing to the feminist</p>	

public debate in the electoral context, this campaign was focused on activating the political conversation about the positioning of the gender and differential approach in electoral politics. For this, conversations and different political analyses were carried out. With automated monitoring in 140 local and national media and with manual monitoring in social networks (450 hate messages identified), the hate messages that were most relevant in the media were identified. To support Digital conversation a response strategy was built, using forum, discussion, content creation, publications, among others. Detailed analysis was also carried out of the proposals that the candidates had aimed especially at women, and pieces were prepared to disseminate this

disseminate this

analysis and
expand the
information.

Paddling

**Together for
Peace. After 5**

**months of
journalistic
investigation in
the 4 territories,**

**12 peace stories
were identified
to make visible**

**the territorial
incidence that
women's**

**organizations in
support of the
implementation**

**of the gender
provisions of the
FPA. This**

included 3

objectives: 1.

**Disseminate the
work of the
organizations, 2.**

**Educate on the
gender approach
in the Peace**

Agreement, and

**3. Exert pressure
to guarantee the
implementation**

**of the gender
approach in the
Peace**

Agreement. For

this, different

audiovisual

products were

made for each of

the 16 selected

organizations

(narrative videos,

illustrations,

texts).

Dissemination of

the territorial

work of the

organizations

was

accompanied by

precise

information on the gender approach of the Peace Agreement and its level of implementation. To broaden the dissemination of the campaign at the territorial level, several local activities were carried out, among which the following stand out: 1. "Paddling Together for Peace" talks, which were a space for dialogue between the delegates and officials of the State instances that affect the implementation of the gender approach in each territory. 2. Visibility murals: using the illustrations created by the organizations, murals were made in the municipalities as a piece of memory that represents feminist art in public space. This mural will make visible women and LGBT people in each territory

3.2.2					
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3.2.3

PART III: Cross-Cutting Issues

Is the project planning any significant events in the next 6 months (eg. national dialogues, youth congresses, film screenings, etc.)

yes

no

If yes, please state how many, and for each, provide the approximate date of the event and a brief description, including its key objectives, target audience and location (if known)

5

Event Title:

Presentation of the web site "Un viaje de Paz"

Date (can be tentative)

2022-11

Location (if known)

Bogota

Target Audience *

Select as many as applicable

- Senior Government officials
- Other Government officials
- Civil Society
- Youth
- Women
- Military or Police Personnel
- Traditional Leaders
- Donors
- Businesses/ Private Sector
- Former Combattants
- Journalists
- Artists
- Other

Objectives *

Please limit your response to 150 words

Presentation of the platform Un viaje de Paz) A1.2.1m with protagonists, authorities and the general public

Any other information on the event

This event will be covered under the committed budget , post project closure on 9th November 2022

Event Title: *

National Meeting of the National Network of Women Closure of activities

Date (can be tentative) *

2022-11

Location (if known)

Bogota

Target Audience *

Select as many as applicable

- Senior Government officials
- Other Government officials
- Civil Society
- Youth
- Women
- Military or Police Personnel
- Traditional Leaders
- Donors
- Businesses/ Private Sector
- Former Combattants
- Journalists
- Artists
- Other

Other, please specify *

All members from the National Women's Network

Objectives *

Please limit your response to 150 words

Closing of RNM activities including an evaluation space of the advocacy actions throughout the year

Any other information on the event

This event will be covered under the committed budget , post project closure on 9th November 2022

Event Title: *

Presentation of a report to JEP

Date (can be tentative) *

2022-12

Location (if known)

Guapi, Cauca

Target Audience *

Select as many as applicable

- Senior Government officials
- Other Government officials
- Civil Society
- Youth
- Women
- Military or Police Personnel
- Traditional Leaders
- Donors
- Businesses/ Private Sector
- Former Combattants
- Journalists
- Artists
- Other

Other, please specify *

JEP, CSO, International Community. Christian Aid´s participation to be confirmed due to security issues.

Objectives *

Please limit your response to 150 words

One of the organizations supported by the micro-grants program will deliver a report to the JEP containing the 30 stories financed by the micro-grants program.

Any other information on the event

This event will be covered under the committed budget , post project closure on 9th November 2022

Event Title: *

Evaluation meeting

Date (can be tentative) *

2022-12

Location (if known)

Bogota

Target Audience *

Select as many as applicable

- Senior Government officials
- Other Government officials
- Civil Society
- Youth
- Women
- Military or Police Personnel
- Traditional Leaders
- Donors
- Businesses/ Private Sector
- Former Combattants
- Journalists
- Artists
- Other

Other, please specify *

Implementing Partners

Objectives *

Please limit your response to 150 words

Meeting between the implementing partners to carry out a general evaluation of the implementation in consortium. Identify lessons learned from joint work and improvements to be implemented in future partnerships

Any other information on the event

This event will be covered under the committed budget , post project closure on 9th November 2022

Event Title: *

Presentation of the microgrants and results of the project

Date (can be tentative) *

2023-01

Location (if known)

Popayan, Buenaventura, Mocoa/Puerto Asís and Quibdó. Bogotá (To be confirmed)

Target Audience

*

Select as many as applicable

- Senior Government officials
- Other Government officials
- Civil Society
- Youth
- Women
- Military or Police Personnel
- Traditional Leaders
- Donors
- Businesses/ Private Sector
- Former Combattants
- Journalists
- Artists
- Other

Other, please specify

*

Local Authorities, students, general public. In Bogota, International Community, Authorities, students

Objectives

*

Please limit your response to 150 words

A documentary systematizing the micro-donations was made, from which 4 capsules and a documentary emerged. Additionally, we are preparing a socialization space for documentation generated by the project (materials, interviews, photographs, infographics) to reflect back to the communities o what they have worked on for 18 months.

Any other information on the event

This event will be covered under the committed budget , post project closure on 9th November 2022

Human Impact

This section is about the human impact of the project. Please state the number of key stakeholders of the project, and for each, please briefly describe:

- i. The challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation
- ii. The impact of the project on their lives
- iii. Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group

How many key stakeholders does this project have? *

3

Key Stakeholder : *

Young afro, indigenous and other women who participated in the Diploma

What were the challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation? *

Participation in activities offered through the project is a challenge due to the care work commitments. Mental health problems associated with confinement, were identified in the 4 venues of the course.

Another important challenge is the precarious conditions in which many participants live. In the case of Chocó, many women stated that attending project activities allowed them to access quality food at least once a week.

What has been the impact of the project on their lives? *

Please limit your response to 350 words

The diploma provided full scholarships to all participants, addressing barriers. Positive impact was identified in terms of mental health. Meeting other people in territories with the same experiences and aspirations has been key, and because the project provided them with the basic conditions to actively participate this had a positive impact fostering meaningful participation.

Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group *

Please limit your response to 350 words

A few months ago I was diagnosed with depression, coming to the diploma every Saturday has meant a respite from that sadness I feel. Meeting other people who grew up in my same context and who are also doing things in their territories has been encouraging and healing" Young, female participant of the Mocoa diploma course.

"No other program, no one, addresses the needs of access to education in a comprehensive way like Pave the Road did." Young woman. Participant of the diploma course in Buenaventura

"The workshops gave us a push to feel more confident in our leadership, so much so that we managed to convene and sit down to talk with the municipal administration, which does not pay attention to anyone. We got them to sit down and listen to our requests and proposals. A formal request was made to advance public policy for women in the municipality and it was accepted. Now we have to follow up on that commitment, but we have already taken the first step." Peasant woman, participant in the workshops in Cauca.

1

2

Key Stakeholder :

Afro, indigenous and other women and LGBT people who participated in advocacy activities.

*

What were the challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation?

In addition to the double workload that care implies, the political violence they face in their daily advocacy work often exceeds the actions that can be implemented from a project

*

What has been the impact of the project on their lives

Please limit your response to 350 words

Having a space to heal together, women and LGBT people, promote advocacy work together, has meant a motivating boost. The challenge is always the financial sustainability of the actions, since the advocacy never ends. By not feeling alone, by working together on their risks, the impact on the perception of vulnerability has changed to the extent that they have obtained tools that allow them to identify the risks that they can mitigate and those that cannot.

*

Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group

Please limit your response to 350 words

"These spaces are important because they allow us to make visible the advances made by the Departmental government or in the articulation with the community, but they also generate agreements and much more expeditious strategies can be built in the territory and will give us better results". Jorge Octavio Guzmán, from the Education Secretariat of the department of Cauca.

*

3

Key Stakeholder :

LGBT people visibility and engagement in decision making

*

What were the challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation?

Non-heteronormative and non- cisgender individuals experienced high levels of structural and direct violence throughout the conflict, and the post-conflict period. Violence and discrimination has been more concentrated for Indigenous and Afro-Colombian LGBT people as the intersectionality of identities compounds vulnerability, and make the prosecution of crimes against specific groups difficult to attribute. Patterns of exclusion and discrimination remain a prevalent barrier to LGBT people's participation.

*

What has been the impact of the project on their lives

*

Please limit your response to 350 words

The project has supported and enhanced the engagement of LGBT people at the micro, meso and macro level in Colombia. Supporting psycho-social support and creating safe spaces to capture memory and stories of resistance and survival. Through capacity strengthening the project facilitated LGBT leadership and engagement with policy makers through dialogue and community arts and engagement methodologies the project has bolstered the capacity of LGBT people to safely and constructively engage power-holders, while providing an enabling environment with power holders. At the national level strategic litigation and advocacy has directly address the justice-gap evidenced for LGBT people through the institutions of the transitional justice process.

Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group

*

Please limit your response to 350 words

As a result of... the implementation of protection actions, I am organizing an action for the reactivation of the LGBTI observatory in Quibdó, which consists of integrating the institutions that have to do with defence, protection and guarantees of non-repetition of victimizing acts against leaders in the municipality” Afro, trans woman in Choco.

“we want to invite the LGBT population of the department so that we can improve... We hope to nurture them jointly to have this inclusion approach, not only in the identification of people but truly in participation, in the formulation of policies... and in projects’, Arnold Yesis Paz, delegate from the Secretary of Agriculture and Rural Development in Cauca.

In addition to the stakeholder specific impact described above, please use this space to describe any additional human impact that the project has had

Please limit your response to 650 words

The community arts methodologies included in two large activities, micro-donations and memory festivals, has had an impact at the community level. In general, cultural activities for leisure purposes can hardly be found in these territories, much less for the purpose of building memory and rebuilding the social fabric. The component has drawn attention of young people to lead creative community initiatives in support of peace and non-repetition of violence. We have received requests for support from different groups of young people to lead community initiatives based on art. As a strategy to provide voice, remember and share women and LGBT people's experiences of violence has had great impact at a personal and community level.

At the community level, cultural activities represent contextually innovative activities that mobilised diverse groups, especially young people, with art viewed an effective tool for memory that does not revictimize, but looks towards the construction of the shared future, supporting the transition from victim to political actor. This had supported survivors and target groups to address the process of pain and healing in alternative, structured and safe ways. The diminishing presence of artistic and cultural practices, due to the conflict, the use of art and community-based activities represented an act of recognition and recovery, providing voice to the knowledge that was being lost in new generations and to support the reconstruction of social fabric. "...participation in peace must leave the conventional spaces of the participation of the dialogue tables and has to go out into the streets" Participant of Memory Festival, Putumayo. In community terms, art made the participants reflect on what the community should do to ensure non-repetition of violence: "These scenarios of being able to listen to life stories make one recognize oneself within the framework of those violence that are not made so widely visible and that can generate thinking about mechanisms of non-repetition", participants of the Memory Festival, Cauca.

The social cohesion dividends were evidenced, bringing together entire communities through innovative methodologies (urban interventions, plays, murals), engaging people of all ages, creating constructive spaces to reflect together on the future they want. "It meant very significant and great progress and evolution, because there are entire families watching the event and the only thing that is breathing is freedom, the peace of social inclusion and that a future with reconciliation is possible", participant of Memory Festival, Chocó. "This shows a contribution from the cultural commitment to forms of violence in which vulnerable populations identify with feminist movements. As members of the LGBT+ population, I frequently find spaces where women are seeking recognition and visibility and in that search, we find ourselves benefited", Participant of Memory Festival, Putumayo.

In individual terms, art contributed to the healing process of people, women who, used singing, dance, painting, and acquired communication skills that they had never practiced before such as public speaking and singing in front of an audience, gradually lost their fear and realized that they are capable of giving their opinion and telling their story. "Art is healing, it is history, it is our life, from art we can remove everything that hurts us in the soul and externalize it in a healthier way in which over time it ends up eliminating body and heart pain." participant of microgrant project, Valle del Cauca. "it was possible to empower oneself and recognize new talents, as a way of being able to make known everything that we often want to express, say but fear does not allow us to give. We know our stories, but it was through art, leadership, cameras, scripts, the creation of scenarios that reflected places in the region that it was possible to make known culture, history, colour, the LGBT+ population will continue to contribute to business growth, that after a great struggle comes a great reward." participant of microgrant project, Putumayo.

You can also upload upto 3 files in various formats (picture files, powerpoint, pdf, video, etc..) to illustrate the human impact of the project

OPTIONAL

File 1

For photos, please use high resolution JPEG format

Click here to upload file. (< 5MB)

File 2

For photos, please use high resolution JPEG format

Click here to upload file. (< 5MB)

File 3

For photos, please use high resolution JPEG format

Click here to upload file. (< 5MB)

You can also add upto 3 links to online resources which illustrate the human impact of the project

OPTIONAL

Link 1

The struggle of women in Chocó that hopes to reach the Museum of Memory Las mujeres chocoanas que quieren llevar memorias sobre violencia de género al Museo de la Memoria | EL ESPECTADOR

Link 2

With a raft, a gathering of women and people from the LGTBIQ community <https://buenaventuraenlinea.com/con-una-balsada-se-realizo-juntanza-de-mujeres-y-personas-de-la-comunidad-lgtbiq/>

Link 3

Monitoring

Please list monitoring activities undertaken in the reporting period *

Please limit your response to 350 words

The data collection was carried out with the instruments described below. Mainly through google forms and face-to-face surveys. Based on them, databases were built in excel for further analysis. The questions were mainly closed for quantitative analysis associated with an open question that allowed us to perform qualitative analysis and obtain people's perceptions.

Do outcome indicators have baselines? *

If only some of the outcome indicators have baselines, select 'yes'

yes

no

Please provide a brief description

Please limit your response to 350 words

Baseline indicators are detailed and established within the project results framework

*

Has the project launched perception surveys or other community-based data collection?

yes

no

*

Please provide a brief description

Please limit your response to 350 words

Different instruments were implemented according to the different activities, designed to measure the results obtained:

1. Perception of satisfaction in the Memory Festivals. Random sampling was performed with a confidence level of 90%, to monitor OC 1b; OP 1.1.a, OP indicator 1.1.b, OC 3b. Implementation progress is 100%
2. Satisfaction Survey of Psychological accompaniment with 100% of the participants to monitor OP 1.1.a
3. Perception at the community level applied to 17 of the 20 organizations benefiting from micro-fund, to monitor: OC.1.a; OC.1.b, OP 1.2.b;
4. Entry and endline survey of people who were accepted to the Diploma (100%), to monitor: OC.2.b; OP 2.1.a., OP 2.2.a; OP 2.2.b

Internal financial controls and monthly partner workplans facilitate monitoring and effective delivery. The project implementation team has met monthly, since inception of the project to discuss operational issues, monitor implementation and reflect on activities, budget, achievement, challenges and situational updates and results of the activities carried out.

The steering committee meets on a quarterly basis, supporting monitoring of the Diploma, micro-fund initiatives and cases of strategic litigation.

*

Evaluation

Has an evaluation been conducted during the reporting period?

yes

no

*

Evaluation budget (in USD):

0

*

If project will end in next six months, describe the evaluation preparations

Please limit your response to 350 words

At the March 2nd 2022 monitoring meeting with the UNPBF and MPTF, Christian Aid was informed there is no longer a need / requirement to conduct an external evaluation of the project. As a result, the funds provided for the external evaluation were re-allocated.

*

Catalytic Effect

Catalytic Effect (financial): Has the project led to additional funding from other sources? *

- yes
- no

Catalytic Effect (non-financial): Has the project enabled or created a larger or longer-term peacebuilding change to occur (Ways in which the project has supported the expansion or creation of programs and policies supporting peace, both within and outside the UN system)? *

- No catalytic effect
- Some catalytic effect
- Significant catalytic effect
- Very Significant catalytic effect
- Don't Know
- Too early to tell

Please describe how the project has had a (non-financial) catalytic effect, i.e. ways in which the project has supported the expansion or creation of programs and policies supporting peace, both within and outside the UN system *

Please limit your response to 350 words

CD's work generating reports and producing information on access to justice for LGBT people, investigation of violence due to prejudice, has led them to be part of the gender and diversity commission of the truth commission and has a knock-on effect in the litigation of cases and the transitional justice process. Representation of cases before the JEP and the work carried out with the UBPD and the CEV have supported rights of LGBT people in the transitional system. Catalytic impact is evidenced through this, as LGBT people were not originally contemplated within case 007, however litigation and accompaniment of CD within the framework of this project has resulted in key outcomes. Important judicial decisions have been made through calls by the JEP for a trans woman to participate, highlighting the integration of LGBT people. CD was consulted by CEV staff on how to make gender recommendations with an intersectional perspective and strategies that would allow progress in destructing heteronormativity and cis normativity in Colombian society. This demonstrates direct catalytic impact shaping the approach of national institutional to the representation of LGBT communities and their rights to justice through the transitional justice process. At the beginning of transitional justice proceedings (December 2019), only Colombia Diversa and two other feminist organizations asked questions about gender roles and behaviors that would challenge acts motivated by discrimination by armed actors. This dynamic has changed significantly, and public officials continue this line of questioning. It is established within macro-case 02 that the FARC-EP stereotyped and pursued harmful gender-motivated practices towards women and LGBT people both within armed structures and in civil society. It has also been accepted that the sexual and reproductive life of guerrilla women was heavily policed by combatants, including practices such as forced sterilization, forced abortion, and the approval of their sexual partners. Finally, it has been possible to demonstrate that there was a strongly homophobic and transphobic prejudice that explain acts of violence that Colombia Diversa. This was crucial to shape the understanding of conflict-related sexual violence and to inform the institutional responses.

Does the project have an explicit exit strategy. *

yes

no

Please describe any steps that have been taken to ensure the sustainability of peacebuilding gains beyond the duration of the project *

Please limit your response to 350 words

Financial sustainability will always be a challenge in all initiatives. Nevertheless, the project left installed capabilities and roadmaps with specific financing cuts that will allow the implementation by parts of each of the developed plans. In terms of sustainability of grassroots organizations, the project supported capital investment that contributes to this sustainability.

Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations?

As advised by the in-country MPTFO focal , we have projected the committed expenditure for the next three months for which we received an approval for the budget lines to be kept open post project official closure date of 9th November 2022 . These committed expenditure will enable the support of HR cost for few project staffs who will continue to support and work on project closure and final reporting . Additionally as advised we have highlighted five activities that will be carried out as part of project closure between November 2022 and January 2023 , using the committed funds as projected on the budget report .

Annex: Please use this space to upload any additional document you may want to the report (ex. Additional detail on indicator reporting)

[Click here to upload file. \(< 5MB\)](#)

Thank You. You have finished the report. Please Click on the SUBMIT button below. When the report is submitted, a confirmation note will appear on a yellow banner on top of the page. This can take a few seconds.