

Peacebuilding Fund Project Progress Report (Update May 2023)



PEACEBUILDING
FUND



PROJECT OVERVIEW

Thank you for taking the time to complete the PBF Progress report. For projects with more than one recipient, please consult among co-recipients prior to filling out the form to ensure collaboration on the responses. You can generate a print out of the blank form by clicking on the *print* icon on the top right corner of the page. If you have any questions or require technical assistance in filling out the form, please send an email to alejandro.bonilvaca@un.org

Click Next below to start

» Report Submission

Type of report *

- ☒ Semi-annual
- ☐ Annual
- ☐ Final
- ☐ Other

Date of submission of report *

2023-06-28

Name and Title of Person submitting the report Eva Mutenga Partnerships Development Manager	*
Name and Title of Person who approved the report Ali Hersi Country Director	*
Have all fund recipients for this project contributed to the report? <input checked="" type="radio"/> yes <input type="radio"/> no	*
Did PBF Secretariat review the report? <i>If there is no PBF secretariat in country, please select "Not applicable". If there is a PBF secretariat, you should normally ensure that they have an opportunity to review.</i> <input checked="" type="radio"/> yes <input type="radio"/> no <input type="radio"/> Not Applicable	*

» Project Information and Geographical Scope

Is this a cross-border project? <input type="radio"/> yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> no	*
Please select the geographical region in which the project is implemented <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Asia and the Pacific</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Central & Southern Africa</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input checked="" type="radio"/> East Africa</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Europe and Central Asia</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Global</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Latin America and the Caribbean</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Middle East and North Africa</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> West Africa</div> </div>	
Country of project implementation <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Ethiopia</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Kenya</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Madagascar</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input checked="" type="radio"/> Somalia</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> South Sudan</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Sudan</div> <div style="width: 33%;"><input type="radio"/> Other, Specify</div> </div>	

Project Title	*
<input type="radio"/> 00130612: Bridging the "Youth Gap" – Strengthening Community-Based Reintegration Mechanisms – A IOM/UNICEF Partnership for Community Youth and Youth Formerly Associated with Al-Shabaab	
<input type="radio"/> 00114230: Dhulka Nabaada (The Land of Peace): Supporting Land Reform in Somalia	
<input type="radio"/> 00118835: Improving psychosocial support and mental health care for conflict affected youth in Somalia: a socially-inclusive integrated approach for peace building	
<input type="radio"/> 00113082: Leveraging the Strength of Women in Peace Building and Promoting Gender Sensitivity in the National Programme on Disengaged Combatants	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 00130704: Making Space for Peacebuilding: Strengthening Participation and Safety of Women Activists and Journalists in South West state and Jubaland, Somalia	
<input type="radio"/> 00113980: Midnimo II (Unity) - Support for the attainment of durable solutions in areas impacted by displacement and returns in Galmudug and Hirshabelle States	
<input type="radio"/> 00113011: PBF Secretariat	
<input type="radio"/> 00118131: Prevention of child recruitment and community-based reintegration of children formerly associated with armed forces and groups	
<input type="radio"/> 00129735: Promoting Inclusive Action in Peacebuilding (PIAP Initiative)	
<input type="radio"/> 00096601: Support for Somalia Reconciliation Conferences	
<input type="radio"/> 00129368: Support Political Transition in Somalia	
<input type="radio"/> 00119246: Support to mechanisms to prevent and manage conflict during elections	
<input type="radio"/> 00118635: Support to National Independent Electoral Commission (NIEC) Electoral Dispute Resolution Mechanisms	
<input type="radio"/> 00113565: Support to stabilization phase 2 (2S2II)	
<input type="radio"/> 00113621: Supporting reconciliation and state-building processes	
<input type="radio"/> 00129369: Women, Peace and Protection Programme	
<input type="radio"/> 00119317: Youth Building Peace in Somalia	
<input type="radio"/> Other, Specify	
Project Start Date (Date of first transfer)	*
2022-03-02	
Project end Date	*
2023-08-31	

Has this project received an extension?	*
<input type="radio"/> YES, Cost Extension	
<input type="radio"/> YES, No Cost Extension	
<input type="radio"/> YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> NO, No Extensions	
Will this project be requesting an extension?	*
<input type="radio"/> YES, Cost Extension	
<input type="radio"/> YES, No Cost Extension	
<input type="radio"/> YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> NO, No Extensions	
Is funding disbursed either into a national or regional trust fund	*
<input type="radio"/> yes	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> no	

Recipients

Is the convening agency a UN agency or a non UN entity? *

- ☐ UN entity
- ☒ Non-UN Entity

Please select the convening agency recipient *

- ☐ Action Aid ☐ The African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD)
- ☐ Agence de Coopération et de Recherche pour le Développement (ACORD)
- ☐ American Friends Service Committee (AFSC) ☐ Avocats Sans Frontières
- ☐ Avocats Sans Frontières Belgium ☐ Avocats sans frontières Canada ☐ Christian Aid Ireland
- ☐ CARE International UK ☐ The Carter Center, Inc.
- ☐ Centre d'étude et de coopération internationale (CECI) - BF ☐ COIPRODEN
- ☐ Concern Worldwide ☐ CORDAID ☐ CORD Burundi
- ☐ DanChurchAid ☐ Fundacion Estudios Superior (FESU) ☐ Fund for Congolese Women
- ☐ Fundación Mi Sangre (FMS) ☐ Fundación Nacional para el Desarrollo de Honduras (FUNADEH)
- ☐ Fundación para la Libertad de Prensa (FLIP) ☐ HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation
- ☐ Humanity & Inclusion (HI) ☐ Instituto Holandes para Democracia Multipartidaria (NIMD)
- ☐ International Alert ☐ Interpeace ☐ Kvinna till Kvinna Foundation
- ☐ Life and Peace Institute (LPI)
- ☐ (MDG-EISA) Institut Electoral pour une Démocratie Durable en Afrique (EISA), bureau de Madagascar
- ☐ Mercy Corps ☐ MSIS-TATAO ☐ Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC)
- ☐ ONG AZHAR ☐ OXFAM ☐ Peace Direct
- ☐ PNG UN Country Fund ☐ Red de Instituciones por los Derechos de la Niñez
- ☐ Sampan'Asa Momba ny Fampandrosoana (SAF/FJKM) ☒ Saferworld
- ☐ Search for Common Ground (SFCG) ☐ SismaMujer ☐ Tearfund
- ☐ Trocaire ☐ World Vision International ☐ World Vision Myanmar
- ☐ ZOA ☐ Other, Please specify

Are there other recipients for this project? *

- ☐ No other recipients
- ☐ Yes, other UN recipients only
- ☒ Yes, other non-UN recipients only
- ☐ Yes, both UN and non-UN recipients

Please select other non-UN recipients *

- ☐ Action Aid ☐ The African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD)
- ☐ Agence de Coopération et de Recherche pour le Développement (ACORD)
- ☐ American Friends Service Committee (AFSC) ☐ Avocats Sans Frontières
- ☐ Avocats Sans Frontières Belgium ☐ Avocats sans frontières Canada ☐ Christian Aid Ireland
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- ☐ Trocaire ☐ World Vision International ☐ World Vision Myanmar
- ☐ ZOA ☒ Other, Please specify

Other, Please specify *

Somali Women Development Centre (SWDC); Somali Women Studies Centre (SWCS)

Financial Reporting

» Delivery by Recipient

Please enter the total amounts in US dollars allocated to each recipient organization

Please enter the original budget amount, amount transferred to date and estimated expenditure by recipient.

Please make sure you enter the correct amount. All values should be entered in **US Dollars**

Recipients	Total Project Budget (in US \$) <i>Please enter the total budget as is in the project document in US Dollars</i>	Transfers to date (in US \$) <i>Please enter the total amount transferred to each recipient to date in US Dollars</i>	Expenditure to date (in US \$) <i>Please enter the approximate amount spent to date in US dollars</i>	Implementati on rate as a percentage of total budget (calculated automatically)
Saferworld	784948	549464	477557.93	60.84 %
TOTAL	784948	549464	477557.93	60.84%

The approximate implementation rate as percentage of total project budget based on the values entered in the above matrix is **60.84%**. Can you confirm that this is correct?

☐ Correct ☒ Incorrect

If it is incorrect, please enter the approximate implementation rate as a %

65

» Gender-responsive Budgeting

Indicate what **percentage (%)** of the budget contributes to gender equality or women's empowerment (GEWE)?

92.11

The dollar amount of the budget contributing to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE) based on percentage entered above and total project budget is **US \$ 723015.6**. Can you confirm that this is correct?

☐ Correct ☒ Incorrect

If it is incorrect, please enter the *budget amount* allocated to GEWE in US Dollars

723024.15

Amount expended to date on efforts contributing to gender equality or women's empowerment is **US \$ 439878.61**. Is this correct?

☐ Correct ☒ Incorrect

If it is incorrect, please enter the *expenditure to date* on GEWE in US dollars

477557.93

ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET SHOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE.

The templates for the budget are available [here](#)

Saferworld PBF_project_semi-annual financial report- Somalia_00130704-16_41_42.xlsx



Project Markers

Please select the Gender Marker Associated with this project *

- ☐ Score 1 for projects that contribute in some way to gender equality, but not significantly (less than 30% of the total budget for GEWE)
- ☐ Score 2 for projects that have gender equality as a significant objective and allocate between 30 and 79% of the total project budget to GEWE
- ☒ Score 3 for projects that have gender equality as a principal objective and allocate at least 80% of the total project budget to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE)

Please select the Risk Marker Associated with this project *

- ☒ Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes
- ☐ Risk marker 1 = medium risk to achieving outcomes
- ☐ Risk marker 2 = high risk to achieving outcomes

Please select the PBF Focus Area associated with this project *

- ☐ (1.1) Security Sector Reform
- ☐ (1.2) Rule of Law
- ☐ (1.3) Demobilisation, Disarmament and Reintegration
- ☐ (1.4) Political Dialogue
- ☐ (2.1) National reconciliation
- ☒ (2.2) Democratic Governance
- ☐ (2.3) Conflict prevention/management
- ☐ (3.1) Employment
- ☐ (3.2) Equitable access to social services
- ☐ (4.1) Strengthening of essential national state capacity
- ☐ (4.2) Extension of state authority/Local Administration
- ☐ (4.3) Governance of peacebuilding resources (including PBF Secretariats)

Is the project part of one or more PBF priority windows? *

Select all that apply

- ☒ Gender promotion initiative
- ☐ Youth promotion initiative
- ☐ Transition from UN or regional peacekeeping or special political missions
- ☐ Cross-border or regional project
- ☐ None

Steering Committee and Government engagement

Does the project have an active steering committee? *

☐ yes

☒ no

Please provide a brief description of any engagement that the project has had with the government over the last 6 months. Please indicate what level of government the project has been engaging with. *

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Over the past six months, the project has actively engaged with government entities at the Federal Member State and national levels, collaborating with institutions such as the Ministry of Women and Human Rights Development, Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs, Ministry of Religious Affairs, and Ministry of Communication. The aim was to raise awareness about women's participation in politics, peacebuilding, human rights, justice, religion, and media, while promoting their inclusion in decision-making processes. This resulted in increased government support, including the establishment of a gender office at the Ministry of Justice in Jubaland.

At the FMS level, the project facilitated meetings and round table discussions with government representatives, focusing on enhancing women's safety, participation, and protection. Discussions addressed obstacles such as safety threats, limited resources, discrimination, and cultural barriers. Information sharing involved exchanging data, research findings, and case studies to improve government understanding. Joint planning focused on strategies like policy reforms, capacity-building programs, and protective measures, aiming for coordinated actions, policy reforms, and resource allocation.

The women activists successfully advocated for and established a gender office within the Ministry of Justice in Jubaland, ensuring access to justice and support for victims of gender-based violence. Led by a remarkable woman, the gender office plays a crucial role in addressing the needs of survivors. Close collaboration is maintained to ensure its effectiveness and responsiveness. Efforts discussed with the Ministry of Justice include institutional integration, capacity building for office staff, fostering partnerships with civil society organisations, and advocating for the office's importance among key stakeholders. These measures aim to secure the sustainability of the gender office and its vital services for survivors in the long term.

PART I: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS

NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE REPORT:

- Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language.
- Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do.
- Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse.
- Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive.

Please rate the implementation status of the following preliminary/preparatory activities

Contracting of partners *

- ☐ Not Started
 ☐ Initiated
 ☐ Partially Completed
 ☒ Completed
 ☐ Not Applicable

Staff Recruitment *

- ☐ Not Started
 ☐ Initiated
 ☐ Partially Completed
 ☒ Completed
 ☐ Not Applicable

Collection of baselines *

- ☐ Not Started
 ☐ Initiated
 ☐ Partially Completed
 ☒ Completed
 ☐ Not Applicable

Identification of beneficiaries *

- ☐ Not Started
 ☐ Initiated
 ☐ Partially Completed
 ☒ Completed
 ☐ Not Applicable

Provide any additional descriptive information relating to the status of the project, including whether preliminary/preparatory activities have been completed (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment, etc.)

Please limit your response to 350 words.

During this reporting period, the project achieved several milestones. Six Violence Observatory Systems (VOS) were established across Jubaland, Mogadishu, and South West state, with a macro data analysis report produced. A briefing paper advocating for policy changes and legal reforms addressing gender-based violence (GBV) is under development. Fifty women journalists documented their security experiences through media initiatives. Protection mechanisms, GBV service mapping, and referral pathways were updated and shared with local women's organisations. Over 3,000 women received information about available protection mechanisms and GBV services. More than 100 women activists and journalists were referred to GBV care services, receiving legal aid and psychosocial support. Needs assessments for technical training on security and protection mechanisms were conducted among 20 local women's organisations and activists. One hundred and seventy women received technical training on psychosocial support, self-care, and safety. The capacity of over 50 GBV frontline workers were strengthened. Ne hundred and fifty women activists and 30 duty-bearers participated in forums, campaigns, and awareness-raising events. Three advocacy strategies were developed and implemented in different regions, contributing to increased awareness among communities and duty-bearers at the Federal Member States (FMS) level regarding violence against women and their role in conflict prevention. Three briefings on violence against women were produced and shared with police gender desks. Twelve male and female champions were identified at the FMS level and supported women activists in conducting internal advocacy. Additionally, 4 small grants were provided to 50 women, six women-led organisations, and six media networks in Jubaland, Mogadishu, and Southwest.

Summarize *the main structural, institutional or societal level change* the project has contributed to. This is not anecdotal evidence or a list of individual outputs, but a description of progress made toward the main purpose of the project where evidence of contribution to outcomes is available if requested

FOR PROJECTS WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF COMPLETION ONLY (550 word limit)

The Making Space for Peacebuilding program has made significant strides in addressing gender-based violence (GBV) and empowering women activists and journalists. The establishment of Violence Observatory Systems (VOS) in Jubaland, Mogadishu, and Southwest state has provided a robust framework for documenting and collecting evidence of GBV cases. Over a six-month period, 115 cases of violence against women (VAW) were recorded, revealing the prevalence of various types of threats. Physical assault and rape were the most frequently reported forms of violence, followed by psychological and emotional abuse. Denial of resources and access to basic needs, online sexual harassment, personal attacks on social media, and domestic violence were also reported.

Building on the evidence from the VOS, targeted awareness campaigns have been implemented to address the root causes of GBV and promote behaviour change. Capacity-building initiatives have strengthened the response to GBV, advocated for policy reform, and improved support mechanisms such as helplines and support centres. This has led to improved law enforcement responses and the establishment of specialised units to handle GBV cases.

Collaboration between women activists and local authorities has resulted in the establishment of a case documentation and referral system. Through this system, women activists work closely with local authorities to report cases, advocate for survivors' rights, and provide immediate support. The collected information, including survivors' testimonies and medical records, is carefully documented and shared with authorities to ensure legal action against perpetrators. This collaborative approach strengthens advocacy efforts and contributes to a safer society for women.

The transformations facilitated by the VOS have enhanced accountability, informed policies and programs, and improved support for survivors. The documentation and evidence system holds perpetrators accountable, strengthens advocacy, and enables targeted interventions to address the root causes of violence against women. The data generated contributes to a gender-inclusive understanding of GBV and supports evidence-based policymaking.

The locally-led and sustainable nature of the VOS has empowered women and held duty bearers accountable by providing reliable data on GBV incidents. This evidence-based approach strengthens advocacy efforts, raises awareness among duty bearers, and fosters campaigns targeting the root causes of GBV. These campaigns challenge harmful gender norms, educate communities about women's rights, and foster important dialogues on social attitudes. Community perceptions have shifted, leading to increased rejection of violence against women and the emergence of individuals as agents of change.

PART II: RESULT PROGRESS BY PROJECT OUTCOME

Describe overall progress under each Outcome made during the reporting period (for June reports: January-June; for November reports: January-November; for final reports: full project duration). Do not list individual activities. If the project is starting to make/has made a difference at the outcome level, provide specific evidence for the progress (quantitative and qualitative) and explain how it impacts the broader political and peacebuilding context.

- "On track" refers to the timely completion of outputs as indicated in the workplan.
- "On track with peacebuilding results" refers to higher-level changes in the conflict or peace factors that the project is meant to contribute to. These effects are more likely in mature projects than in newer ones.

How many OUTCOMES does this project have *

1 2 3 **4** 5 6 7 8 more than 8.

Please write out the project outcomes as they are in the project results framework found in the project document

Outcome 1: *

Women-rights organizations have skills to gather and analyse data on incidences and types of gendered violence women activists face, and develop evidence on violence against activists to inform programming and advocacy with duty-bearers.

Outcome 2: *

Women civil society activists in South West and Jubaland and their respective organisations implement new security protocols and practices to reduce the number and severity of security threats.

Outcome 3: *

Duty bearers and communities acknowledge the insecurity women activists face and take steps to support for operational and policy responses to VAW and women's political and peacebuilding participation at community and FMS levels.

Outcome 4: *

Local women activists use new and strengthened movement building and networks to increase the impact of advocacy initiatives at national level.

Outcome 1: Women-rights organizations have skills to gather and analyse data on incidences and types of gendered violence women activists face, and develop evidence on violence against activists to inform programming and advocacy with duty-bearers.

Rate the current status of the outcome progress

*

- ☐ 1. Off Track ☐ 2. On Track ☒ 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary *

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

Women activists and journalists have benefited from training initiatives focused on data management and analysis of GBV incidents. These programs have equipped them with the necessary skills to collect, analyse, and report data accurately, enabling evidence-based advocacy and policymaking. The training has also increased awareness of GBV trends, allowing activists to identify areas of concern and develop targeted interventions. Measures have been implemented to prevent violence, including improved law enforcement responses and specialised units to handle GBV cases. Collaboration with local authorities has resulted in concrete actions based on the data and evidence provided by women activists, ensuring the protection and rights of survivors.

“We work closely with the local authorities to report cases of violence and urge them to take appropriate actions. By providing them with data and evidence, we strengthen our advocacy efforts. We are committed to amplifying the voices of survivors and advocating for their rights and safety. By documenting cases, supporting survivors and collaborating with relevant authorities and organisations, we strive to create a safer and more equitable society for women in Somalia.” Hibo Ahmed women activist in Kismayu

The use of visual materials, such as videos and photos, has been effective in raising awareness and providing evidence of the challenges faced by women activists and journalists. Sharing these materials with authorities has led to increased attentiveness and proactive responses to security concerns. Authorities have taken necessary actions, including investigations, enhanced security measures, and increased support for women journalists operating in challenging environments. Visual documentation holds authorities accountable and influences positive changes in their approach to security issues.

Peer-to-peer learning sessions among women activists have facilitated knowledge sharing and informed advocacy on various issues, such as workplace violence, community-based violence, and online violence. Successful strategies and practices learned from peers have led to more targeted and effective interventions. Activists have influenced policy reforms prioritising the protection and support of women facing violence. Networking and alliances formed during the sessions have strengthened collective impact, enabling resource mobilisation and collaboration on advocacy initiatives. Empowered activists engage in evidence-based advocacy, becoming more effective in addressing GBV and advocating for policy reforms.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 1500 characters including spaces.

At the grassroots level, the data has helped raise awareness and engage key stakeholders in local communities. This has led to increased commitment from stakeholders such as police, clan leaders, and religious leaders to address gendered violence against women activists. Community-level support mechanisms (helplines, safe shelters, counselling services, and legal aid) have been established in all regions to provide assistance and resources to women activists facing gendered violence. This has increased the number of women who have access to the support they need to seek justice and recover from the violence.

The involvement of women activists and youth in data collection and analysis activities has led to the empowerment of young women, fostering intergenerational dialogue and promoting their leadership in addressing violence against activists. This empowerment is evident through increased participation, confidence, and knowledge among young women activists. They are equipped with data-driven insights that enable them to advocate effectively, propose targeted interventions, and influence decision-making processes.

Outcome 2: Women civil society activists in South West and Jubaland and their respective organisations implement new security protocols and practices to reduce the number and severity of security threats.

Rate the current status of the outcome progress

*

☐ 1. Off Track ☐ 2. On Track ☒ 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary *

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The project successfully empowered women activists and increased awareness of gender-based violence (GBV) services. Through training, resources, and communication channels, women activists and journalists were equipped to address GBV challenges and promote support services. As a result, the understanding and utilisation of GBV services increased, with 80% of referred women now receiving the necessary support. The project's efforts created a more inclusive and supportive society, reducing the impact of GBV. A specific example is Aisha, who became an influential figure in addressing GBV through training and networking opportunities. Her advocacy led to more individuals seeking help through GBV hotlines and reduced stigma.

Mapping exercises and strengthened referral pathways, leading to a significant increase in the utilisation of GBV services and protection mechanisms by women activists and journalists. Specifically, the percentage of women activists and journalists using/referring to available GBV services and protection mechanisms rose from 27.5% to 50% in Jubaland, Southwest, and Mogadishu. This positive change empowered women activists like Fatima, who previously faced difficulties accessing services in her rural community. contributed to a significant increase in the utilisation of GBV services by women activists and journalists, empowering individuals like Fatima to access support and refer others. The project addressed security concerns through specialised training programs, collaboration with local organisations, and access to resources. This resulted in a shift in perception among women activists, allowing 40% to focus better on their work due to reduced security concerns. Sarah, an activist, experienced personal growth and confidence through the training, enabling her to navigate risks and advocate for women's rights. The collaboration with experienced activists during training design enhanced program effectiveness. Overall, the project empowered women activists, increased utilisation of GBV services, and promoted gender equality in the community.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 1500 characters including spaces.

The project has implemented specific changes in protection mechanisms and referral pathways, leading to tangible improvements in gender equality and women's empowerment. Through mapping exercises, existing protection mechanisms have been updated and strengthened to ensure safe and accessible services for women activists from diverse backgrounds, including those in rural areas. As a result, there has been a notable increase in the utilisation of GBV services and protection mechanisms by women activists and journalists, with the percentage rising from 27.5% to 50% in Jubaland, Southwest, and Mogadishu. This demonstrates the enhanced awareness and utilisation of available support services.

Furthermore, the project conducted a needs assessment among local women's organisations and activists to identify their specific requirements and challenges related to security and protection. In response to these findings, targeted training programs were developed. These programs have equipped women activists with practical knowledge and skills in safety measures, risk management, and self-defence, empowering them to effectively address GBV challenges. For example, women activists like Sarah, who previously felt vulnerable and lacked awareness of effective protection strategies, have experienced transformational change after completing the training. Sarah shared her story, stating that she now feels empowered and confident in advocating for women's rights.

Outcome 3: Duty bearers and communities acknowledge the insecurity women activists face and take steps to support for operational and policy responses to VAW and women's political and peacebuilding participation at community and FMS levels.

Rate the current status of the outcome progress *

- ☐ 1. Off Track ☐ 2. On Track ☒ 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary *

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The engagement of women activists and women journalists in dialogues and forums with duty bearers is a significant breakthrough for gender equality and addressing gender-based violence (GBV). Notably, women activists from Jubaland participated in the GBV Cluster Meeting, a crucial platform where stakeholders, including government officials, civil society organisations, and international partners, come together to address GBV issues comprehensively. By securing a seat at this meeting, This achievement signifies the recognition of women activists' expertise and contributions, leading to a shift in power dynamics and more inclusive decision-making. Their presence reflects meaningful participation in shaping policies and programs related to GBV. Additionally, the engagement of duty bearers has deepened their understanding of the challenges faced by women activists and journalists. Through dialogue, duty bearers have gained insights into the specific needs of women, fostering more informed decision-making and the implementation of targeted measures to prevent and address GBV.

The collaboration between women activists and Police Gender Desks has led to the development of protocols such as monthly meetings, which have been instrumental in addressing violence against women activists and journalists. The monthly meetings provide a platform for ongoing communication and coordination, allowing stakeholders to discuss progress, share information, and address challenges. These protocols streamline the response process, ensuring a more effective and efficient approach to addressing violence. The production of briefings has also increased awareness among stakeholders, equipping them with the knowledge and understanding to respond effectively to the unique challenges faced by women activists and journalists. The engagement with the Ministry of Gender has further resulted in promised improvements in programs and initiatives related to SGBV, survivor protection, and justice. These protocols and engagements signify a significant shift towards comprehensive approaches, improving support systems and fostering accountability in addressing violence against women activists and journalists, ultimately creating a safer environment and empowering survivors to seek help.

The project's interventions aimed to influence policies and practices related to gender equality and inclusive decision-making. Through bimonthly meetings with champions from key ministries, the project empowered the women with skills, knowledge, and strategies to advocate for gender equality.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 1500 characters including spaces.

Conducting three forums allowed 150 women activists to actively participate and engage in dialogue with duty bearers responsible for violence response, prevention, and protection. By involving government officials, police officers, clan leaders, and other stakeholders, the project promoted the inclusion of diverse voices and perspectives.

Through the six bimonthly meetings with identified female and male champions in government sectors, advocacy skills were provided to promote women's meaningful participation. This enhanced the champions' ability to advocate for women's inclusion and influence decision-making processes, empowering them to be effective change agents.

The project produced three briefings addressing violence against women activists, fostering a collaborative approach between project stakeholders and police gender desks. This engagement facilitated policy advocacy, ensuring that operational and policy responses to violence against women and women's political and peacebuilding participation received greater support at community and Federal Member State (FMS) levels.

Outcome 4: Local women activists use new and strengthened movement building and networks to increase the impact of advocacy initiatives at national level.

Rate the current status of the outcome progress *

☐ 1. Off Track ☒ 2. On Track ☐ 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary *

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The quarterly national-level movement-building events for women activists and journalists, and their organisations and networks, to strengthen cross-sector movement-building and knowledge sharing. The first and second quarter brought together 80 women activists and journalists who shared knowledge and were provided with a platform for exchanging of ideas, experiences, and best practices. This has resulted in increased knowledge and learning within the women's movement. The ongoing series will contribute to deepening movement-building efforts, fostering momentum, and expanding the network of women activists and organisations. The change resulting from this will be reported in the final report.

Provision of small grants for leaders of local women's organisations and media networks to travel and participate with national-level partners at advocacy opportunities. 20 directors and leaders of women's organisations and media networks have been identified at the local level and will soon participate in national-level advocacy opportunities in Mogadishu. The arrangement is in process and soon women leaders will be participating in national level advocacy and influencing on the Sexual Offence Bill, adding women's quota in the national election law. The change resulting from this will be reported in the final report.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 1500 characters including spaces.

Partners involved in the project are in the process of organising quarterly national-level movement-building events for women activists and journalists, as well as their organisations and networks. These events will serve as platforms for cross-sector collaboration, knowledge sharing, and collective action. By bringing together activists from different regions and sectors, the project promotes inclusivity and amplifies the voices of women activists at the national level.

INDICATOR BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments- provide an update on the achievement of key indicators at the **outcome** level in the table below

- If an outcome has more than 3 indicators , select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (300 characters max per entry)

» **Outcome 1: Women-rights organizations have skills to gather and analyse data on incidences and types of gendered violence women activists face, and develop evidence on violence against activists to inform programming and advocacy with duty-bearers.**

Outcome 1	Performance Indicator s	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)
1.1	% of trained women activists that report having increased skills and knowledge to gather and analyse incidents of gender-based violence	0	80%	50%	50%	

1.2	Number of advocacy action plans developed that respond to issues raised through the data analysis	0	12	3	3	Due to the constraints of regional variations and limited timeline, the project developed three localised advocacy strategies. This approach maximised impact and ensured effective implementation within the project's timeframe, considering the diverse contexts and urgent issues in each region. While developing more action plans would have been ideal, the decision to focus on three strategies was a well-considered approach to deliver targeted and impactful advocacy actions.
1.3						

» **Outcome 2: Women civil society activists in South West and Jubaland and their respective organisations implement new security protocols and practices to reduce the number and severity of security threats.**

Outcome 2	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)
2.1	% of women activists and journalists who report they have increased knowledge of available GBV services and protection mechanisms	0	80%	100%	100%	
2.2	# and % of women activists and journalists who report they are using/referring others to the available GBV service and protection mechanism	27.5	50%	50%	50%	

2.3	% of women activists who state that they can better focus on their activist work because they are less concerned with security threats	0	50% from baseline	40%	40%	
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» Outcome 3: Duty bearers and communities acknowledge the insecurity women activists face and take steps to support for operational and policy responses to VAW and women's political and peacebuilding participation at community and FMS levels.

Outcome 3	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)

3.1	# and % of Duty bearers and CSO networks targeted by the program who report that they have greater support for operational and policy responses to VAW and women's political and peacebuilding participation at community and FMS levels.	25%	50% increase on baseline level	# 30 50%	# 30 50%	
3.2	# of duty bearers and CSOs who meaningfully participate discussions addressing VAW	0	30 (15 duty bearer and 15 CSOs)	30 (15 duty bearer and 15 CSOs)	30 (15 duty bearer and 15 CSOs)	
3.3						

» Outcome 4: Local women activists use new and strengthened movement building and networks to increase the impact of advocacy initiatives at national level.

Outcome 4	Performance Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Indicator Milestone	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)

4.1	Number of politicians/parliamentarians/public officials targeted that express support	0	1	0	0	To be reported in the final report
4.2	% of women activists who report that they have had meaningful opportunities to be involved in discussion or consultation related to the national policies/laws addressing VAW.	0	60%	0	0	To be reported in the final report
4.3						

PART III: Cross-Cutting Issues

Is the project planning any significant events in the next six months? (eg. national dialogues, youth congresses, film screenings, etc.)

If yes, please state how many, and for each, provide the approximate date of the event and a brief description, including its key objectives, target audience and location (if known)	Event Description	Tentative Date	Location	Target Audience	Event Objectives

Event 1	Publication of VOS briefing paper	June 2023	Globally	Women, men, youth government, CBOs, CSOs, WROs, NGOs, INGO, Donors, UN Agencies	Generate more backing for the VOS and assist with future fundraising efforts for the program. Communicate important insights acquired from the project so far to key stakeholders. Highlight significant findings from the data and underscore the necessity of supporting female activists and journalists. Improve the accuracy of information about violence and threats towards women activists. Strengthen protective measures and defence mechanisms for women activists at both the individual and organizational level. Increase public awareness, and engagement of duty bearers by women activists, on the insecurities they face and the negative
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					<p>perceptions/practices that limit their political and peacebuilding participation. Foster greater collaboration and sharing of evidence between women activists at the national and FMS levels regarding obstacles to women activists' involvement in public life.</p>
Event 2	<p>National level advocacy event to promote women's meaningful participation across different decision-making levels and support them to do conduct internal advocacy and influencing.</p>	July 2023	Mogadishu	<p>Women activists, women leaders' women, journalist Office of the President, Speaker, Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Women's Empowerment, and Ministry of Justice CBOs, CSOs, WROs, NGOs, INGO, Donors</p>	<p>The event aims to highlight the importance of women's involvement at different decision-making levels and provide tools and resources for effective advocacy. The objective is to influence decision-making processes, foster collaboration, and drive policy changes that prioritize gender equality and women's voices.</p>
Event 3					

Event 4					

Human Impact

This section is about the human impact of the project. Please state the number of key stakeholders (including but not limited to: Civil Society Organiziations, Beneficiaries, etc.) of the project, and for each, please briefly describe:

i. The challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implemantation

ii. The impact of the project in their lives

iii. Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group

This is an optional question. You may leave it unanswered if not relevant

Human Impact	Key Stakeholder	What were the challenges they faced prior to project implementati on? (350 words)	What has been the impact of the project on their lives? (350 words)	Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representativ e of each stakeholder group (350 words)

1	<p>Women activists and Traditional leaders, Authorities and Government Officials, Women's Centres</p>	<p>Women Activists: Lack of safety and security, inability to engage in activism due to danger, limited participation in political and peacebuilding activities, inability to speak out against violence and discrimination.</p> <p>Traditional Leaders: Cultural and societal norms limiting women's participation in public spaces, targeting of women activists by extremist groups.</p> <p>Women's Centers: Limited resources hindering change, lack of collaboration between women's organizations and community leaders for safe engagement in activism.</p> <p>Authorities and Government Officials: Cultural norms, lack of educational opportunities for women, gender inequality in the workplace, inadequate legal protections, poor medical care, lack of political representation.</p>	<p>Women activist- Collaboration with local authorities and community leaders, establishment of women's peace platforms, creation of a safer space for advocacy and rights, increased participation in decision-making processes, empowerment to resolve conflicts and promote peacebuilding.</p> <p>Traditional leaders- Promotion of women's rights, challenge to gender stereotypes, increased women's participation in conflict resolution and peacebuilding, empowerment of women to contribute to the peacebuilding process.</p> <p>Women center- Creation of safe spaces for women, access to support services such as counseling, legal aid, and healthcare, skills training and income-generating activities, improved access to justice for survivors of violence, increased responsiveness of the justice system, increased women's confidence in seeking justice.</p>	<p>"We were facing a lot of challenges as women activists... But by working with traditional leaders and establishing these peace platforms, we have been able to create a safer space for women to come together and advocate for our rights." - Dhubo Mohamed Abdi</p> <p>Traditional leaders can be important allies in this work... Peacebuilding needs the involvement of women." - Omar Abdi</p> <p>"The inclusion of women in peace processes is critical... They bring a unique perspective to the table and ensure that the needs and concerns of women are taken into account." - Omar Abdi</p>
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<div>----- Government authorities- Advocacy for women's rights, promotion of equal rights in all areas of life, including education, employment, and political participation, addressing challenges through awareness campaigns and gender equality promotion. -----</div>	
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2	Saferworld Somalia, Women Development Centre, Somali Women's Study Centre, Women activists and volunteers, Survivors of violence against women, Local authorities and security agencies.	Lack of comprehensive data: Prior to the implementation of the Violence Observatory System, there was a lack of accurate and reliable data on violence against women in Somalia. This made it difficult to assess the extent of the problem and develop effective strategies to address it. Limited support for survivors: Survivors of violence often faced challenges in accessing necessary support services, such as medical assistance, legal aid, and counseling. The lack of a coordinated response system made it difficult for survivors to receive comprehensive assistance. Limited awareness and understanding: There was a need to raise community awareness about the prevalence and impact of gender-based violence. Many people in Somalia had limited understanding of the issue and its consequences, which hindered efforts to prevent and respond to violence against women.	Survivors of violence against women: The Violence Observatory System has had a significant impact on the lives of survivors by providing them with a platform to share their experiences and access necessary support services. It has helped survivors connect with medical, legal, and counseling resources, enabling them to heal and recover. Women activists and volunteers: The project has empowered women activists and volunteers by providing them with the tools and resources to document cases of violence against women. It has elevated their voices and enabled them to play a crucial role in advocating for the rights and safety of survivors. Local authorities and security agencies: The data and evidence collected through the Violence Observatory System have strengthened advocacy efforts and provided local authorities with valuable information to take appropriate	Hani Ahmed Ibrahim (Women activist): "We collect information by actively listening to women activists and observing their daily activities. It allows us to gather first-hand accounts, capturing the true experiences of survivors. Our primary goal is to provide survivors with the support they need to heal and recover. We connect them with relevant resources, such as medical, legal aid, or counseling services, to ensure they receive comprehensive assistance." Hani Ahmed Ibrahim Hibo Hassan Sulub (Volunteer activist): "We work with relevant authorities, engaging in discussions and networking platforms that focus on women activists. By strengthening these partnerships, we created a collective front against violence." Hibo Hassan Sulub
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					<p>actions against perpetrators of violence. It has facilitated collaboration between activists and authorities in addressing the issue effectively. Saferworld, Somalia Women Development Centre, and Somali Women's Study Centre: These organizations have played a key role in establishing and supporting the Violence Observatory System. The project has allowed them to document and analyze cases of violence against women, contributing to their efforts to promote gender equality and create a sustainable, women-led response to gender-based violence.</p>	
3						
4						

In addition to the stakeholder specific impact described above, please use this space to describe any additional human impact that the project has had (650 words)

See online links below

<https://www.saferworld.org.uk/long-reads/spotlighting-women-activists-and-journalists-in-somalia>

<https://www.saferworld.org.uk/resources/publications/1419-defining-the-endgame-civil-society-voices-on-how-to-build-a-just-stable-somalia>

<https://www.saferworld.org.uk/multimedia/supporting-somali-journalists-and-amplifying-womens-voices>

You can also upload upto 3 files in various formats (picture files, powerpoint, pdf, video, etc..) to illustrate the human impact of the project

OPTIONAL

File 1

OPTIONAL

Somalia Duty Bearers - Dhubo and Mohamad.-17_23_34.pdf



File 2

OPTIONAL

Somalia VOS - How a new data platform is helping activists tackle gender-based violence in Somalia.-17_23_41.pdf



File 3

OPTIONAL

[Click here to upload file. \(< 5MB\)](#)

You can also add upto 3 links to online resources which illustrate the human impact of the project

OPTIONAL

Link 1

OPTIONAL

<https://www.saferworld.org.uk/en-stories-of-change/how-a-new-data-platform-is-helping-activists-tackle-gender-based-violence-in-somalia>

Link 2

OPTIONAL

<https://www.saferworld.org.uk/en-stories-of-change/how-women-as-rights-activists-are-paving-the-way-for-a-more-equal-somalia>

Link 3

OPTIONAL

<https://www.saferworld.org.uk/resources/news-and-analysis/post/992-ano-justice-for-women-no-peace-activists-highlight-the-barriers-women-are-facing-in-somalia>

Please tick the applicable change based on above narrative.

How we worked:

*

Please select up to 3.

- ☐ Enhanced digitization
- ☐ Innovative ways of working
- ☐ Mobilized additional resources
- ☒ Improved or initiated policy frameworks
- ☐ Strengthened capacities
- ☐ Partnered with Civil Society Organizations
- ☐ Expanding coalitions & galvanizing political will
- ☐ Strengthened partnerships with IFIs
- ☐ Strengthened partnerships with UN Agencies

Please explain

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Conducting gender-based violence against women activists analysis using Violence observatory system, it identified the specific needs, priorities, and challenges faced by women activists and journalists in the target regions. This analysis has informed the development of gender-responsive policies such as the National action plan and initiatives that address the unique barriers faced by women in these roles such as raising awareness among decision-makers, and working with duty bearers, to push for legal and policy reforms, legal counselling, access to justice initiatives, and establishing and strengthening hotlines, Conducting research and data collection on the experiences and challenges faced by women activists and journalists, this evidence has been used to inform policy advocacy.

Please explain

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Please explain

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Who are we working with (in addition to the implementing partners)

*

- ☐ Strengthened partnerships with IFIs
- ☐ Strengthened partnerships within UN Agencies
- ☒ Partnered with local civil society organizations
- ☐ Partnered with local academia
- ☒ Partnered with sub-national entities
- ☒ Partnered with national entities
- ☐ Partnered with local volunteers

Please explain (If IFIs)

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Please explain (If UN Agencies)

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Leave No one Behind

Select all beneficiaries targeted with the PBF resources as evidenced by the narrative *

Mandatory

- ☐ Unemployed persons
- ☒ Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)
- ☒ Indigenous communities
- ☒ Persons with Disabilities
- ☒ Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)
- ☒ Women
- ☒ Youth
- ☐ Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression
- ☐ People living in and around border areas
- ☐ Persons affected by natural disasters
- ☐ Persons affected by armed conflicts
- ☒ Internally displaced persons, refugees or migrants

PART IV: Monitoring, Evaluation and Compliance

» Monitoring

Please list monitoring activities undertaken in the reporting period *

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The program continued Performance monitoring through activity and output tracking sheets in which the partners used administrative data from project implementation, such as participant lists and distribution lists. Additionally, during the reporting period, the project held a perception assessment survey, in the three locations, where women representatives were supported to discuss the outcome level changes and additional themes selected by the participants. Participants have come up with both positive and negative indicators of change in these areas to rank any changes that may happen during the first part of the project, similar exercise will be conducted at the end of the project to measure the level of change of these specific outcome indicators.

During the reporting period, Saferworld and the partners conducted an Outcome Harvesting (OH) workshop, the aim of the workshop was to attain a richer understanding of the project's impact and its significance with respect to the wider conflict context. OH does not start with predetermined changes and measure progress towards them, but rather collects evidence of what has been achieved in the programme or project area, and works backwards to determine whether and how the project or intervention contributed to the change. The outcomes harvested this period shows program is approaching its final implementation stages and the outcomes of this quarter have shown a massive institutional change which is in line with the goals set initially. The women activists in Baidoa, Kismayo and Mogadishu are now systematically monitoring and managing furthermore the women activists have shown improved trust in the formal systems and are now seeking support from the formal system rather than the traditional system. Finally, the Authority in Kismayo accepted to work closely with the women activists to strengthen women's meaningful participation in decision-making. For example, during this reporting period, the higher offices of Jubaland State including the office of the president, deputy president, speaker, and ministries, accepted to engage on bimonthly bases with the women activists and will have a focal point who will serve as male and female champions. This will ease women's access to decision-makers.

Do outcome indicators have baselines? *

If only some of the outcome indicators have baselines, select 'yes'

☒ yes

☐ no

Please provide a brief description *

Please limit your response to 350 words.

All the indicators have baseline data.

Elaborate on what sources of evidence have been used to report on indicators (and are available upon request) *

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The evidence of the data at activity and output level is from the indicator tracking sheet and activity report while the outcome level data is from the outcome harvesting and perception assessment reports.

Has the project launched outcome level data collection initiatives? e.g. perception surveys	*
<input checked="" type="radio"/> yes <input type="radio"/> no	
Please provide a brief description <i>Please limit your response to 350 words.</i> Yes, the project has actively utilized community feedback mechanisms, recognizing the importance of engaging with the communities it serves, which primarily include women activists, women journalists, and peacebuilders. These mechanisms have provided a platform for community members to contribute their opinions and experiences, ensuring that the project is responsive to their specific needs and preferences. Regular feedback collection and analysis have allowed the project to adapt and improve its interventions, making them more effective and relevant. Through transparent and inclusive processes, the project has fostered collaboration, ownership, and accountability, ensuring that community voices are heard and considered in decision-making. Community consultations, meetings, and structured feedback processes have provided opportunities for community members to voice their opinions, offer suggestions, and shape the direction of the project.	*
Has the project used or established community feedback mechanisms?	*
<input checked="" type="radio"/> yes <input type="radio"/> no	
Please provide a brief description <i>Please limit your response to 350 words.</i> Through the outcome harvesting and perception surveys explained in the monitoring section. See above.	*

» Evaluation

Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation?	*
<input type="radio"/> yes <input type="radio"/> no <input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Applicable	
Evaluation budget (in USD): <i>Response required</i> 15000	*

If project will end in next six months, and the overall project budget is above 1.5 million, is your upcoming evaluation on track? (Preparations)

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The project budget is less than 1.5 million, no evaluation will be done, however, the project has done outcome harvesting and will do another at the end of the project.

Please mention the focal person accountable for sharing the final evaluation report with the PBF, name and email.

Ali Hersi ahersi@saferworld.org.uk

» Catalytic Effect

Catalytic Effect (financial): Indicate funding agent and amount of additional non-PBF funding support that has been leveraged by the project since it started. (y/n) *

☐ yes

☒ no

Catalytic Effect (non-financial): Has the project enabled or created a larger or longer-term peacebuilding change to occur? *

☒ No catalytic effect

☐ Some catalytic effect

☐ Significant catalytic effect

☐ Very Significant catalytic effect

☐ Don't Know

☐ Too early to tell

Sustainability

Does the project have an explicit exit strategy?

Please describe any steps that have been taken to ensure sustainability of peacebuilding gains beyond the duration of the project. *

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The exit strategy is the interventions such as the observatories focusing on voluntarism (while providing small grants to practically enable work) to encourage ownership and reduce aid dependency. SWDC and SWSC have well-established relations with national and local authorities in the target locations including security actors, the judiciary, and relevant Ministries. These strong relations with the various government institutions are being leveraged to achieve the project activities and gain buy-in to sustain them beyond the life of the project e.g. relations between police authorities and women activists. The long-term involvement in human rights and activism of the Executive Directors of SWDC and SWSC is being leveraged to bring together women activists and government actors to forge a common goal of not only reducing violence against women but also building platforms for them to thrive.

The sustainability of activities is also anchored on the formation of strong coalitions and coordination mechanisms among women activists. The importance of movement building and increasing the opportunities for women activists and journalists to engage in national level forums and networks e.g. Somali Media Forums and build trusted relations with authorities, will enhance the possibility for them to continue engagement and influence in these spaces.

Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations?

Please limit your response to 350 words.

N/A

Monitoring and Oversight Activities

Please describe any key event related to monitoring and oversight. Please click next if no activities have yet taken place.

Monitoring and oversight activities	Name of the Event	Summary	Key Findings

Event 1	<p>Cross Violence Observatories learning event: During the reporting period, Cross VOS learning event is conducted, in each state the women activists/VOMs representative come to gather preparing themselves to be able to present their successes and challenges in front of the other women activists/VOMs, their experience of the Violence observatory system implementations, lessons learned, considering the questions and perspectives from the other VOMs and anticipating what the other side might want to say or expect from the meeting. The Violence Observatory Monitors (VOMs) also discussed the progress they have made against the outcome of VOMs and identify key changes they have influenced, developed a Case study, and shared their Success story at the state level. Finally, this event was also preparation of an upcoming Joint cross-regional VOM learning meeting which will be organized in early June</p>	<p>In each location women activists showed the impact that they are making and during these events each team prepared power point presentations, info-graphics and videos showcasing the impact that they are making.</p>	
Event 2			

Event 3			
Event 4			
Event 5			
Event 6			
Event 7			
Event 8			
Final Steps <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please save a pdf copy of the form by clicking on the <i>Printer</i> icon on the top right corner of the page. • A dialogue box will appear: Please select the A4 size and portrait orientation. • Click "prepare" and save the document as a PDF (if on first attempt, the generated page is not readable, close the pop up page and try again. If the problem persists, you can contact technical support at the email address below) • Please upload the pdf version of the report as well as your financial report in excel format on the MPTF-O gateway. <p><i>If you encounter any difficulty in filling the form or generating the print-out for MPTFO gateway, please contact Alejandro Bonil Vaca alejandro.bonilvaca@un.org</i></p>			
<p>Thank You. You have finished the report. Please Click on the SUBMIT button below. When the report is submitted, a confirmation note will appear on a yellow banner on top of the page. This can take a few seconds.</p>			