## Peacebuilding Fund Project Progress Report (Update May\_2023)



### **PROJECT OVERVIEW**

Thank you for taking the time to complete the PBF Progress report. For projects with more than one recipient, please consult among co-recipients prior to filling out the form to ensure collaboration on the responses. You can generate a print out of the blank form by clicking on the *print* icon on the top right corner of the page. If you have any questions or require technical assistance in filling out the form, please send an email to <u>gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org</u>

Click Next below to start

#### » Report Submission

Type of report	*
Semi-annual	
Annual	
Final	
Other	
Date of submission of report	*
2023-11-14	
2023-11-14	
Name and Title of Person submitting the report	*
Sukai B. Cham, National Programme Officer, Migration Management	
Name and Title of Person who approved the report	*
Stephen Matete, Programme Coordinator, Migration Management	]

Have all fund recipients for this project contributed to the report?	*
🔘 yes	
no	
Did PBF Secretariat review the report?	*
<i>If there is no PBF secretariat in country, please select "Not applicable". If there is a PBF secretariat, you should normally ensure that they have an opportunity to review.</i>	,
yes	
no	
Not Applicable	

### » Project Information and Geographical Scope

Is this a cross-border project?		*
🔘 yes 🔵 no		
Please select the geographical region	on in which the project is implemen	ted
Asia and the Pacific	Central & Southern Africa	East Africa
Europe and Central Asia	Global	Latin America and the Caribean
Middle East and North Africa	O West Africa	
Country of project implementation		*
Other, please specify		*
Project Title		*
Write the 8 digit MPTFO number ar EXAMPLE: 00118938: Community-based prev host communities		* in the Project Document innovation for young people in displaced and

* Please select the geographical region(s) in which the project is implemented
<i>If the project you are looking for does not appear in the following question, please make sure that you have selected the correct regions. A limited number of cross border projects span multiple geographic regions. For example, a cross border project between Niger and Chad spans both West Africa and Central &amp; Southern Africa</i>
Asia and the Pacific     Central & Southern Africa     East Africa
Europe and Central Asia       Global       Latin America and the Caribean
Middle East and North Africa Vest Africa
Please select the title of the project for which you are submitting the report *
00130614/5/6: AILP : Appui aux Initiatives Locales de promotion de la Paix
O0114134/5: Appui aux initiatives transfrontalieres de dialogue communautaire avec les acteurs de la securite et de la justice pour la consolidation de la paix au Mali et au Niger
00129231/2: Building cross border peace and strengthening sustainable livelihoods of cattle herders and crop farmers in Sierra Leone and Guinea
00106947/8/9: Burkina Faso/Niger/Mali: contribution to the United Nations Strategy for the Sahel
00128878/9: Consolider la Cohésion Sociale transfrontalière entre la Côte d'Ivoire et la Guinée pour une meilleure compréhension et anticipation des risques et le renforcement de la confiance et de la collaboration entre les acteurs locaux
00119702/3: Cross border engagement between Cote d'Ivoire and Liberia to reinforce social cohesion and border security – Phase II
00125153/4: Gestion des conflits et renforcement de la résilience agro-pastorale à la frontière Mauritano-Malienne
00113700/1: Jeunes et paix: "Une approche transfrontalière entre le Mali et le Burkina-Faso"
O0120376/7/8: Programme d'appui à la prévention des conflits et de l'extrémisme violent dans les zones frontalières du Bénin, du Burkina et du Togo
00120162/4/5: Promotion d'une transhumance pacifique dans la région du Liptako-Gourma
00129587/8: Renforcer la gouvernance des zones frontalières pour consolider la cohésion sociale et prévenir les conflits
00129699/700: Supporting Cross-Border Cooperation for Increased Community Resilience and Social Cohesion in The Gambia and Senegal
00140260_1_2: Programme d'appui à la prévention des conflits et de l'extrémisme violent dans les zones frontalières du Bénin du Burkina Faso et du Togo Phase 2
00119957_8: Femmes et gestion des conflits lies aux resources naturelles
00133730_1: Projet transfrontalier d'appui au renforcement de la sécurité communautaire à la gestion et la prévention des conflits liés à la transhumance et la gestion des ressources naturelles
O0140187_8: Projet relatif à la promotion de la gouvernance transfrontalière inclusive et au renforcement de la résilience des populations en vue d'atténuer les risques sécuritaires dans les espaces frontalie
Other, Specify
* Write the 8 digit MPTFO numbers and Project Title exactly as it appears in the Project Document EXAMPLE: 00129699/700: Supporting Cross-Border Cooperation for Increased Community Resilience and Social Cohesion in The Gambia and Senegal

Please select the countries where this project is being implemented *
Benin
Burkina Faso
Cote D'Ivoire
Gambia
Guinea
Guinea-Bissau
Liberia
Mali
Mauritania
Niger
Nigeria
Senegal
Sierra Leone
Тодо
Other, Specify
* Other, Please specify
* Project Start Date (Date of first transfer)
2021-11-14
2021-11-14
*
Project end Date
2023-12-14
2023-12-14
Has this project received an extension?
YES, Cost Extension
YES, No Cost Extension
YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions
NO, No Extensions

Will this project be requesting an extension?	*
YES, Cost Extension	
YES, No Cost Extension	
YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions	
NO, No Extensions	
Is funding disburged either into a patienal or regional trust fund?	*
Is funding disbursed either into a national or regional trust fund?	
yes	
yes	*
<ul> <li>yes</li> <li>no</li> </ul>	*

## Recipients

Is the convening agency a UN agency or a non UN entity?
UN entity
Non-UN Entity
Please select the convening agency recipient
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme OIOM: International Organization for Migration
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme
UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization ITC: International Trade Centre
UNDPO Other, Specify

* Other, Please specify
Are there other recipients for this project?       *         No other recipients       *         Yes, other UN recipients only       Yes, other non-UN recipients only         Yes, other non-UN recipients only       Yes, both UN and non-UN recipients
Please select other UN recipients         Select all that apply         UNDP: United Nations Development Programme       IOM: International Organization for Migration         UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund       OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights         UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women       UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees         UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees       UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund         FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization       WFP: World Food Programme         UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme       UNHESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization         UNESCO: United Nations Environment Programme       ILO: International Labour Organization         WHO: World Health Organization       PAHO/WHO         UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund       UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime         UNOPS: United Nations Industrial Development Organization       ITC: International Trade Centre         UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization       ITC: International Trade Centre         UN Department of Peace Operations       Other, Specify
* Other, Please specify

Please select other non-UN recipie	nts *
Action Aid	The African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD)
Agence de Coopération et de Rech	erche pour le Développement (ACORD)
American Friends Service Commit	ee (AFSC) Avocats Sans Frontières
Avocats Sans Frontières Belgium	Avocats sans frontières Canada Christian Aid Ireland
CARE International UK	The Carter Center, Inc.
Centre d'étude et de coopération	nternationale (CECI) - BF COIPRODEN
Concern Worldwide	CORDAID CORD Burundi
DanChurchAid	Fundacion Estudios Superior (FESU) Fund for Congolese Women
Fundación Mi Sangre (FMS)	Fundación Nacional para el Desarrollo de Honduras (FUNADEH)
Fundación para la Libertad de Pre	nsa (FLIP) HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation
Humanity & Inclusion (HI)	Instituto Holandes para Democracia Multipartidaria (NIMD)
International Alert	Interpeace Kvinna till Kvinna Foundation
Life and Peace Institute (LPI)	
(MDG-EISA) Institut Electoral pour	une Démocratie Durable en Afrique (EISA), bureau de Madagascar
Mercy Corps	MSIS-TATAO Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC)
ONG AZHAR	OXFAM Peace Direct
PNG UN Country Fund	Red de Instituciones por los Derechos de la Niñez
Sampan'Asa Momba ny Fampand	osoana (SAF/FJKM) Saferworld
Search for Common Ground (SFC	5) SismaMujer Tearfund
Trocaire	World Vision International World Vision Myanmar
ZOA	Other, Please specify
	*
Other, Please specify	

## Implementing Partners

To how many implementing partners has the project transferred money to date?	
5	

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner *
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner <b>Department of Forestry</b>
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date

18565

Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner

Please limit your response to 175 words

The Department of Forestry has conducted a series of activities including- the sensitization of communities on transboundary fire protection approaches in which a manual was produced: Community-level sensitization and training on participatory forest management approaches; these addressed matters related to participatory forest management including community forests management aspects; and the development of three (3) Management Plans on: Natural Forest Resources Management, Forest Fire Management & Range Land Management Plan. Additionally, three (3) Training Manuals have been developed to cover Range Land Management, Forest Fire Management and Joint Forest Park & Community Forest Management.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner *
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
<ul> <li>International NGO</li> </ul>
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner
Department of Livestock Services
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
15000
* Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner <i>Please limit your response to 175 words</i>
The Department of Livestock Services conducted consultative processes to facilitate the mapping of transhumance corridors and re-demarcation/marking of livestock tracks and grazing areas. Establish local conventions on sustainable grazing and natural resources management. The Department of Livestock, partnering with Plant Protection Services has collaborated to conduct a joint sensitization and training for the staff on plant and animal pest surveillance cross-border regulatory frameworks. The training aimed to update the training manuals in use as well as develop visibility materials for the border points.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner *
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner Department of Water, Forests, Hunting and Soil Conservation (DEFCcs)
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
<ul> <li>Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner</li> <li>Please limit your response to 175 words</li> <li>The Department of Water, Forests, Hunting, and Soil Conservation (DEFCcs). has carried out the related activities in the 4 target areas of the project, relying on its decentralized services. The following activities were carried out, in conjunction with sub-prefects, mayors, village chiefs, and community leaders:         <ul> <li>Training of 8 municipal border fire management committees and 4 natural resources management committees.</li> <li>Raising awareness among border communities about the protection and cross-border management of forest fires through information/training sessions.</li> <li>Development of 4 fire management plans and 4 natural resource management plans.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

- Organization with communities of tree planting campaigns of 1,250 plants per area (shade, fruit, and ornamental) at the village level, along roads and tracks, and in community spaces and public squares.

- Identification and mapping of border forest fire hotspots.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner       *         National youth CSO       National women's CSO         Other National CSO       Subnational youth CSO         Subnational youth CSO       Subnational women's CSO         Other subnational CSO       Subnational women's CSO         Regional CSO       Regional CSO         International NGO       International NGO
Governmental entity         Other         Other, Please specify
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
<ul> <li>*</li> <li>Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner</li> <li>Please limit your response to 175 words</li> <li>The NGO Afrique Enjeux is the FAO implementation partner for the target area of Kolda, particularly in the commune of Bounkiling. Its activities are as follows:         <ul> <li>Creation in each of the 2 target villages of 4 Dimitra clubs of around twenty members each bringing together adult women and men, young girls and young boys/ Training of teams of project CD facilitators and 16 club leaders participatory communication, gender and management of Dimitra clubs;</li> <li>Development and dissemination of awareness messages on forest policy, and the regulations of The Gambia and Senegal and other priority themes linked to the project (forum and community radio, use of traditional communicators);</li> <li>Capacity building of livestock personnel in cross-border animal pest control practices and cross-border regulatory frameworks for livestock and raising awareness among border communities.</li> <li>Development of local conventions on sustainable grazing and management of pastoral resources within the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

community.

Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner	*
National youth CSO	
National women's CSO	
Other National CSO	
Subnational youth CSO	
Subnational women's CSO	
Other subnational CSO	
Regional CSO	
Regional Organisation	
International NGO	
Governmental entity	
Other	
Other, Please specify	
	*

What is the name of the Implementing Partner

NGO Forum for Endogenous Sustainable Development (FODDE)

What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date

14528

Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner *Please limit your response to 175 words* 

The NGO FODDE is the FAO implementation partner for the target area of Kolda, particularly in the commune of Bounkiling. Its activities are as follows:

- Creation in each of the 2 target villages of 4 Dimitra clubs of around twenty members each bringing together adult women and men, young girls and young boys/ Training of teams of project CD facilitators and 16 club leaders participatory communication, gender and management of Dimitra clubs;

- Development and dissemination of awareness messages on forest policy, and the regulations of The Gambia and Senegal and other priority themes linked to the project (forum and community radio, use of traditional communicators);

- Capacity building of livestock personnel in cross-border animal pest control practices and cross-border regulatory frameworks for livestock and raising awareness among border communities;

- Development of local conventions on sustainable grazing and management of pastoral resources.

#### » Delivery by Recipient

Please enter the total amounts in US dollars allocated to each recipient organization

Please enter the original budget amount, amount transferred to date and estimated expenditure by recipient.

Please make sure you enter the correct amount. All values should be entered in **US Dollars** 

For cross-border projects, group the amounts by agency, even if different country offices are involved. You will have the opportunity to share a more detailed budget in the next section.

Recipients	Total Project Budget	Transfers to date	Expenditure to date	Implementati on rate as a
	(in US \$) Please enter the total budget as is in the project document in US Dollars	(in US \$) Please enter the total amount transferred to each recipient to date in US Dollars	(in US \$) Please enter the approximate amount spent to date in US dollars	percentage of total budget (calculated automatically,
IOM: Internation al Organizatio n for Migration	2150000	*	* 1352320.84	62.9%
	*	*	*	%
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organizatio n	* 1650000	* 1150000	\$	56.58%
	*	*	*	%

	.1.		1
 *	*	*	%
*	*	*	
			%
*	*	*	
			%
*	*	*	A/
			%
*	*	*	06
			%
*	*	*	%
			70
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	
**	45		%
*	*	*	
			%
*	*	*	0/
			%
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
 *	*		
 *	*	*	%
 *	*	*	

TOTAL	3800000	2655000	2285842.82	60.1 5%
				5%
	-	e as percentage of tota <b>%</b> . Can you confirm th	al project budget based nat this is correct?	d on the values
	olease enter the appropriate of the second sec	roximate implementati	ion rate as a %	
Indicate what <b>pe</b> empowerment (0 30.42	•	the budget contributes	s to gender equality or	women's
	tage entered above	•	uality and Women's En et is <b>US \$ 1155960</b> . (	•
lf it is incorrect, p	please enter the <i>bud</i>	<i>get amount</i> allocated t	o GEWE in US Dollars	
Amount expende	ed to date on efforts	contributiong to gend	er equality or women's	empowerment is

US \$ 695353.39. Is this correct?

● Correct ○ Incorrect

If it is incorrect, please enter the *expenditure to date* on GEWE in US dollars

ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET SHOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE. The templates for the budget are available <u>here</u>

Final- PBF Cross-border Annual Financial Report- November 2023-10\_28\_49.xlsx

## Project Markers

Plea	se select the Gender Marker Associated with this project	*
$\bigcirc$	Score 1 for projects that contribute in some way to gender equality, but not significantly (less than 30% of the total budget for GEWE)	
	Score 2 for projects that have gender equality as a significant objective and allocate between 30 and 79% of the total project budget to GEWE	
$\bigcirc$	Score 3 for projects that have gender equality as a principal objective and allocate at least 80% of the total project budget to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE)	
Plea	se select the Risk Marker Associated with this project	*
$\bigcirc$	Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes	
	Risk marker 1 = medium risk to achieving outcomes	
$\bigcirc$	Risk marker 2 = high risk to achieving outcomes	

Please select the PBF Focus Area associated with this project	*
(1.1) Security Sector Reform	
(1.2) Rule of Law	
(1.3) Demobilisation, Disarmament and Reintegration	
(1.4) Political Dialogue	
(2.1) National reconciliation	
(2.2) Democratic Governance	
(2.3) Conflict prevention/management	
(3.1) Employment	
(3.2) Equitable access to social services	
(4.1) Strengthening of essential national state capacity	
(4.2) Extension of state authority/Local Administration	
(4.3) Governance of peacebuilding resources (including PBF Secretariats)	
Is the project part of one or more PBF priority windows?	*
Select all that apply	
Gender promotion initiative	
Youth promotion initiative	
Transition from UN or regional peacekeeping or special political missions	
Cross-border or regional project	
None	

## Steering Committee and Government engagement

respectively.

Does the project have an active steering committee?	*
yes	
no	
If yes, please indicate how many times the Project Steering Committee has met over the last 6 months?	
Yes, the project has two steering committee structures; the National Project Steering Committees for each country and a Cross-Border Steering Committee established for both countries. Over the last six months, two national steering committee meetings have been held in The Gambia on 05th September and Senegal on 17th October 2023	

Please provide a brief description of any engagement that the project has had with the government over the last 6 months. Please indicate what level of government the project has been engaging with.

Two national steering committee meetings were held in both The Gambia and Senegal (September and October) to provide project progress updates to members of the Project Steering Committee. The meetings also created a platform for members to raise concerns about the project implementation and provide technical guidance for durable solutions. Annexes 1: (a) Minutes of NPSC meeting – The Gambia (b) Minutes of NPSC meeting - Senegal

On the 6th and 31st of October 2023, IOM supported The Gambia Immigration Department (GID) in inaugurating the Darsilami and Tabanding border crossing points respectively. The inauguration was organized to kickstart the full operationalization of the newly renovated and constructed border posts fitted with the Migration Information and Data Analysis System [MIDAS] equipment which is used to electronically register travelers. The event also prompted the official handing over of the installed MIDAS system, along with furniture and border security equipment.

IOM and FAO in Senegal held consultations with the Commission National de Gestion des Frontières which represents the government in the implementation of all activities. A partnership protocol between a program of the Senegalese government (Programme d'urgence de modernization des axes et territories frontaliers) and IOM was made to allow the construction of the Seleti police station and the equipment of the Joint Customs and Pata Police station.

IOM The Gambia and IOM Senegal in coordination with the local border authorities of the two countries had dialogue sessions to establish the cross-border inter-agency coordination committee (CBIACC) at three located land border posts of Giboro-Seleti, Misera-Senoba, and Tabanding-Pata. The cross-border inter-agency border coordination committee will strengthen the institutional, technical, and operational capacities of border agencies, and increase their cooperation, coordination, and regular information exchange for effective cross-border security. Annex 2: Report of the cross-border inter-agency coordination committee meetings.

### **PART I: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS**

NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE REPORT:

- Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language.
- Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do.
- Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse.
- Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive.

Please rate the implementation status of the following preliminary/preparatory activities
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Contracting of partners <ul> <li>Not Started</li> <li>Completed</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Initiated</li><li>Not Applicable</li></ul>	۲	* Partially Completed
Staff Recruitment <ul> <li>Not Started</li> <li>Completed</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Initiated</li><li>Not Applicable</li></ul>	$\bigcirc$	* Partially Completed

Collection of baselines			*
Not Started	lnitiated	Partially Completed	
Completed	Not Applicable		
			*
Identification of beneficiaries			
Not Started	lnitiated	Partially Completed	
Completed	Not Applicable		

Provide any additional descriptive information relating to the status of the project, including whether preliminary/preparatory activities have been completed (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment, etc.)

Regarding outcome 3, the support grants for youth and women-led green livelihood initiatives were validated in October 2023. The validation was conducted in close coordination with the Department of Community Development (DCD) and rural extension workers from; Departments of Livestock and Agriculture. The validation provided IOM Gambia an opportunity to report the findings of the alternative green livelihood assessment to the targeted border communities (Giboro, Dasilami, Misera and Tabanding), finalize their green livelihood priorities, and identify final beneficiaries. IOM is currently working with the implementing partners to commence the implementation of the green livelihood activities.

The NGOs under contract sent IOM Senegal their grant applications. In order to validate the beneficiaries, IOM Senegal carried out a field mission in October and November to meet with them and check that the desired activity fell within the scope of the project. The identified NGOs are; ASAPAID for the region of Ziguinchor, Enfance et Paix for the region of Sedhiou, Pencum Bambuk for the region of Kaffrine, FODDE for the region of Kolda.

For FAO Senegal, the late start of activities does not yet make it possible to perceive all the expected changes. However, the project has promoted progress, particularly in natural resource management, including: the official establishment a Local Consultation Committee in each of the 4 target areas of the project, chaired by the Sub-Prefect, representative of the State and Mayors, village chiefs and various community leaders. This committee meets regularly to ensure inclusive governance and coordination of natural resource management. Summarize *the main structural, institutional or societal level change* the project has contributed to. This is not anecdotal evidence or a list of individual outputs, but a description of progress made toward the main purpose of the project where evidence of contribution to outcomes is available if requested

#### FOR PROJECTS WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF COMPLETION ONLY (550 word limit)

The joint training of border communities has enhanced their capacity and willingness to engage with border authorities in addressing concerns of crime within their communities. During the training, communal cross-border WhatsApp groups were created by border officials and representatives of community members where collectively border security concerns are raised and addressed. This platform is currently very active and helps members to discuss and exchange information about community security concerns, find solutions, and increase mutual.

In The Gambia, construction and renovation works at the two project sites in Tabanding and Darsilami border posts, have been completed and are operational. This has helped officials deal with day-to-day border challenges; office congestion, poor and inadequate furniture, lack of IT equipment, and inadequate air conditioning and fans. The installation and operation of the Migration Data Analysis System (MIDAS) in these two border posts has led to improved data collection and enabled GID to easily analyze migration data and provide informed and accurate policy decisions in the prevention of cross-border crimes.

The findings of the alternative green livelihood assessment report have helped project stakeholders to develop an in-depth understanding of the green livelihood activities carried out by the targeted communities in both Senegal and The Gambia which evolve mainly around crop production (gardening, and farming), raring of animals (cattle, poultry, and small ruminants) and to a lesser extent, beekeeping, agroforestry, and salt production. The assessment also revealed that all the targeted border communities heavily depend on crop production as a source of livelihood and as a result, engage in gardening during the dry season and farming (on a larger scale) during the rainy season.

The Department of Forestry supported targeted border communities with tree planting to halt deforestation and restore their degraded landscapes. The same targeted communities benefitted from support in forming ten fire management committees with each committee led by an executive. Annex 3: Department of Forestry Monitoring Report.

Trainings on community forestry, Joint Forest Park Management, and range management were conducted by the Department of Forestry. A total of 300 (M-136 F- 164) participants improved their understanding of the following concepts: community forestry, integrating forest park and rangeland management, and preserving tranquillity in border settlements - Annex 4 (a) Community forestry, Joint Forest Park Management & Rangeland Management report (b) Range land Training Manual. In addition, awareness-raising activities were led by traditional communicators through songs and dramas. Annex 5: Training Manual on forest fire.

## PART II: RESULT PROGRESS BY PROJECT OUTCOME

Describe overall progress under each Outcome made during the reporting period (for June reports: January-June; for November reports: January-November; for final reports: full project duration). Do not list individual activities. If the project is starting to make/has made a difference at the outcome level, provide specific evidence for the progress (quantitative and qualitative) and explain how it impacts the broader political and peacebuilding context.

- "On track" refers to the timely completion of outputs as indicated in the workplan.
- "On track with peacebuilding results" refers to higher-level changes in the conflict or peace factors that the project is meant to contribute to. These effects are more likely in mature projects than in newer ones.

How many OUTCOMES does this project have *
1 2 <mark>3</mark> 4 5 more than 5.
Please write out the project outcomes as they are in the project results framework found in the project document
* Outcome 1: Enhanced cross-border engagement amongst communities and border authorities for improved border management
* Outcome 2: Enhanced cross-border natural resource management through a community-based participatory approach
* Outcome 3: Improved community resilience through the promotion of inclusive dialogue processes and support for alternative green livelihoods
Outcome 4:
Outcome 5:
Outcome 6:

Outcome 7:

Outcome 8:

Additional Outcomes

If the project has more than 8 outcomes, please enumerate the remaining outcomes here

**Outcome 1:** Enhanced cross-border engagement amongst communities and border authorities for improved border management

Rate the current status of the outcome progress

( ) 1. Off Track ( ) 2. On Track

3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary

*Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.* **Project Consultation & Coordination** 

In August, IOM Senegal brought together the project's local consultation committees in Senoba, Pata, and Saly Escale to submit a community involvement policy to the committee members. The members approved the creation of welfare and citizenship committees, and the mayor's office drew up a municipal decree establishing these committees. These committees made up of volunteer members, will have three main objectives: (i) to monitor and warn of any threats; (ii) to act as a link between the FDS and the communities; and (iii) to maintain peace and social cohesion with the neighboring country, Gambia. Annex 6: Presentation to the communities for the establishment of the Citizenship and Welfare Committee

Three community forums were held by IOM Senegal in June in Pata, Bogal and Seleti. These forums brought together the communities and the border authorities, with the aim of strengthening the bonds of trust between these two actors. At the end of these meetings, the border communities were able to gain a better understanding of the mission of the defence and security forces and to be made aware of the difficulties these forces have in carrying out their mission. The border authorities, for their part, were also able to gain a better understanding of the situations experienced by their communities on the borders. Annex 7: Mission report

In the region of Kaffrine, a local project consultation committee has been set up, chaired by the administrative authority (i.e., the sub-prefect) who brings together the defence, security forces, the community (i.e., the mayor) and all the associations representing the different community groups for coordination meetings.

**Construction Work** 

Darsilami and Tabanding border posts were inaugurated on 6th and 31st October 2023. The project supported the construction of the border post in Tabanding and renovated the Dasilami border post. Furthermore, both border posts are fully equipped with MIDAS, furniture, and border security gadgets.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The construction of the Tabanding border post also included the construction of staff quarters. The staff quarters have apartments specifically built for female officers and another designated for male officers. Each apartment has its own toilet.

<b>Outcome 2:</b> Enhanced cross-border natural resource management through a community-based participatory approach	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress         1. Off Track       2. On Track         3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	*

#### Progress summary

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

• A total of 30,000 seedlings were planted in two planting cycles at the 10 border intervention communities of Dassilami, Dimbaya, Giboro, Jenuh Kunda, Kafuta Tumbung, Misira, Seno Bajonkeh, Munkutalla, Wassu & Mbayen Wollof in two phases. Thirteen species of trees; Khaya senegalensis, Ceiba pentandra, Gmalina aboria, Parkia biglobosa, Anacardium occidentale, Bombax costatum, Accia albida, Pterocarpus erinaceous, Adansonia digitata, Detarium senegalenesis, Cassia siemea, Cola Cordifolia and Cordyla Africana. Annex 8: tree planting report • 74km of cattle tracks identified Procurement of 15,000 cattle tags & 35 applicators completed.

• The Department of Forestry supported and trained the intervention communities and villagers on good environmental governance this entailed the development of community charters and manuals of good environmental governance. Annex x training manual on good environmental governance, Annex 9: Training manual for forest fire, Annex 10: Training manual on Forestry Response to Conflict and Disaster, Annex 11: Community charter for Junung Kunda (samples)

• Training for 40 law enforcement personnel stationed at or within border posts and communities were held from the 18- 19 October on the forest legislative frameworks and sensitization for timber and forest products dealers (16- 17 October) of The Gambia. Annex 12(a): Report on Sensitization (Senegal); 12 (b): Law Enforcements Training Report (The Gambia); 12(c): Sensitization Training of Timber Dealers

200 community leaders (50 per target area) were made aware of the protection and cross-border management of forest fires through full-day information/awareness sessions. Annex 13: Awareness Raising Report on Forest Fires
8 municipal committees for fighting forest fires (2 per target zone) have been revitalized or set up. Annex 14: Fire Fighting Committees

• 4 municipal natural resource management committees were created in the target areas (with 15 members each).

• 4 natural resource management plans were developed (1 per target area);

• 4 missions to identify cross-border fire hot spots and collect information from surrounding communities were organized, which enabled the development of 4 digital maps identifying cross-border forest fire hot spots. Annex 15: Mapping of Forest Fire Hotspots

• Communities were mobilized to plant 1,250 plants per area (5,000 plants in total), with technical support from the decentralized services of the Department of Water and Forests and collaboration at border posts with the Gambia forestry services. Annex 16: Reforestation Campaign

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

In all the meetings held the communities are requested to have a 50% minimum representation of women at all gatherings. The female participants were encouraged and given a special period in the meeting for them to speak and amplify their needs, observations, and voices. This has encouraged honest and open dialogue with the implementing partners as well as with the men within their communities.

The site for the borehole in Sanda is located next to a farm that is used during the farming season. The owner was engaged in the possibility of women using the land in the dry season to plant vegetables. The community was very receptive as the lack of water would not be an issue once the water system was working.

Women make up 53% of the community cross-border fire management committees, and men 47%. Reasons cited include the fact that women are more engaged and concerned with managing and protecting forests. Women are recognized to be more engaged in sustainable forest management than males, and they take part in activities like tree planting in greater numbers.

<b>Outcome 3:</b> Improved community resilience through the promotion of inclusive dialogue processes and support for alternative green livelihoods
Rate the current status of the outcome progress *
1. Off Track   2. On Track   3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

#### Progress summary

#### Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

In The Gambia, local consultation committees have been established in Giboro, Dasilami, Misera and Tabanding. The committees comprise of the village Alkalos, Village Development Committee (VDC) chairpersons, religious leaders, women groups (kafos) and youth groups. Members of these committees have already validated the green livelihood initiatives in their respective communities and have identified groups receiving livelihood grant support. The alternative green livelihoods assessments were carried out in the three targeted regions in The Gambia (West Coast Region, Lower River Region and Central River Region). 144 people were interviewed (M= 65, F=79). Annex 17(a): Alternative Green Livelihood Assessment report

In Senegal, as part of the support for alternative green livelihoods for border communities for their adaptation and increased social cohesion targeting women and young people, based on the Alternative green livelihoods assessments that were carried out, the NGO in each locality has identified 20 beneficiaries in border communities with a green business plan to improve their resilience. These beneficiaries are mainly women and young people.

In the Gambia, the targeted community of Missera is being supported to re-establish a disused garden. The project has thus far supported facilitating the transfer of land ownership to the Missira Women's Garden. The site for the garden was digitally mapped and designs for the construction with access for disabled persons have been completed. The civil works have commenced on site.

A capacity needs assessment was conducted by the Department of Agriculture which informed the training to be delivered to the women in June. In anticipation of the construction work to be done, the women in the community with the support of the men cleared the entire site for the garden of shrubs. 145 women have been identified in the village that will directly benefit from the trainings to be delivered in June and also to support in food preservation techniques and value addition to the garden produce. All the farm inputs for the garden have been procured and await the completion of the garden and storage shed for them to be formally handed over to the community.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The alternative green livelihood assessments in Senegal and The Gambia adopted an inclusive approach for data collection. The data collecting teams made sure views from a representative sample of community members, maintaining a gender balance for each Focus Group Discussion (FGD) to the extent possible. The focused groups comprised of; women engaging in green livelihood activities, community leaders, Village Development Committee (VDC), women group and youth representatives who are effectively contributing to social and community development. As such, in The Gambia, a good representation of about 55% were women as they form a huge percentage of those involved in these sectors in the targeted border communities. The remaining 45% constituted male community leaders, youths. This created a huge balance and women were free to participate and share their experiences, likewise, their male counterparts. Annex 18: Alkalo Land Transfer for Women and Youth In addition, the Community of Missira were guided on constituting an executive for the vegetable scheme, with recommendations that the key positions are held by women as they are the primary producers (however men can support the executive as mobilizers). All financial collection is to be done by the women. The women executive consists of:

1. Lady President; 2. Vice President; 3. Secretary; 4. Assistant Secretary; 5. Auditor, and 6. Cashier.

2. The transfer and ownership documents are in the custody of the Lady President.

3. Trainings for 40 women in the community will also be trained on horticultural production and 30 in food preservation & processing.

A training was held for 150 women in the community to "Capacity Building on Cooperative Education & Establishment of Formal Cooperative Structure" to abridge the organizational management gaps within the unregistered cooperative society of the intervention community of Misera and recognizes the importance of the formation of organizing farmer groups (cooperatives) to boost production in both quality and quantity.

Outcome 4:	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress      1. Off Track    2. On Track      3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	*
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	*
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome <i>Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.</i>	

Outcome 5:	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress	*
1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	*
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome <i>Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.</i>	
Outcome 6:	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress	*
1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	*
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome <i>Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.</i>	

Outcome 7:
Rate the current status of the outcome progress       *         1. Off Track       2. On Track       3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results
* Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome <i>Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.</i>
Outcome 8:
Rate the current status of the outcome progress       *         1. Off Track       2. On Track       3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results
* Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome <i>Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.</i>
* (on track with evidence of peacebuilding outcomes, on track or off track), as well as briefly describe the progress and any analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

### INDICATOR BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendmentsprovide an update on the achievement of key indicators at the **outcome** level in the table below

- If an outcome has more than 3 indicators , select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (300 characters max per entry)

# » Outcome 1: Enhanced cross-border engagement amongst communities and border authorities for improved border management

Outcome 1	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
1.1	% of cross border authority officials (including inter- agency border coordination committee members) demonstrating improved capacities in handling transnational organized crimes, conflict resolution and mediation practices by being able to identify triggers of conflict and jointly address the conflicts for peaceful co- existence within border communities (Senegal & The Gambia)	20%	Increase by 50%	Baseline data collection and activities under this outcome indicator completed. The pre-test survey shows that the highest score for participants before the mediation and conflict resolution training was 9, estimating 45 in percent (45%). From the post- training results, the highest score was 15, estimated to 75 in percent (75%). This demonstrated there has been improvement in knowledge among the participants.	ΝΑ

		1				
1.2	% Targeted community members who have crossed the border in the last 6 months (disaggregated by sex) and reporting experience conflict/tension with border authorities. (Senegal & The Gambia)	80% Female 60% Male	Decrease by 50%	Baseline data collection and report completed. Activities under this outcome indicator completed: Psychosocial baseline assessments, trainings of border communities to report concerns and crime.	NA	
1.3						
How many outputs does outcome 1 have?						
1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.						
Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 1						
Output 1.1 Strengthening communication and capacity building of border officials in communicating, mediating, building trust, conflict resolution, developing effective approaches to addressing community concerns, and conveying the public's concerns to law enforcement management and other stakeholder						
Output 1.2						

Enhance border operational capacities through improved infrastructure, equipment and trainings of border officials on organized cross-border crime, document security, and protection of vulnerable migrants to improve effectiveness of service delivery and community

#### Output 1.3

Enhance community cross-border partnerships through rebuilding trust between the law enforcement and the community and encouraging communities to work collaboratively with border authorities in setting priorities and developing and implementing local anti-cross-border crime strategies/plans

#### Output 1.4

Community engagement and mobilization events to promote a collaborative relationship between communities and law enforcement agencies to improve social cohesion and peaceful coexistence in cross-border communities

#### Output 1.5

Strengthen inter-agency and cross-border cooperation and exchanges among border authorities in both countries national and local levels for improved border coordination mechanisms to address cross border crime

Other Outputs

If Outcome 1 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Strength	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
ening	s	<i>baseline value of the indicator</i>	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
commun	Describe the		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	<i>cummulative value of the</i>	(if any)
ication	indicator		indicator at the	State the current	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	<i>Explain why the indicator is off</i>
and			<i>end of the project</i>	<i>value of the indicator for the</i>	project	track or has
capacity			, ,	reporting period		changed, where relevant
building						
of						
border						
officials						
in						
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1.1.1	% of border officials reporting improved knowledge, skills, and awareness on the right approaches to address community concerns about cross- border crime (Senegal & The Gambia)	20%	Increase by 25%	92% reporting improved knowledge on the right approaches to address community concerns about cross- border crime, representing a 72% increase.	Trainings completed.	
1.1.2	Number of targeted community members reporting improved knowledge on how to engage with border authorities to report concerns about crime (Senegal & The Gambia)	10%	Increase by 50%	100% reporting improved knowledge representing a 90% increase.	Trainings completed.	
1.1.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Enhance	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
border	S	<i>baseline value of the indicator</i>	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
operatio	Describe the		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	<i>cummulative value of the</i>	(if any)
nal	indicator		<i>indicator at the</i>	State the current	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	<i>Explain why the indicator is off</i>
capacitie			end of the project	<i>value of the indicator for the</i>	project	track or has
s				reporting period		changed, where relevant
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1.2.1	Border post established to support effective service delivery and address cross- border crime (The Gambia)	0	1	Construction of one new border post in Tabanding (Central River REgion, The Gambia) completed	Activity completed.	
1.2.2	Number of border posts equipped (e.g., furniture, IT equipment) (Senegal & The Gambia)	0	8	Refurbishment of the Darsilami border post completed. Construction of the Tabanding post completed and both borders equipped with furniture and border security equipment (The Gambia). The equipment of 9 border post were delivered, only remaining the border post of Seleti which is still under construction (Senegal)	Activity near completion pending the completion of construction work in Seleti, Senegal.	

1.2.3	MIDAS installed for improved migration data collection at border crossing point to inform risk analysis for policy decision making & to avoid cross- border crime	0	1	MIDAS installed in Tabanding and Darsilami in May 2023.	Activity completed	
	(The Gambia)				<u></u>	

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Enhance	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
commun	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	<i>State the current cummulative</i>	/ Delay
ity cross-	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	value of the	(if any)
border	marcator		indicator at the end of the	<i>State the current value of the</i>	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	<i>Explain why the indicator is off</i>
partners			project	indicator for the	project	track or has
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border						
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nting						
local						
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cross-						
border						
crime						
strategie						
s/plans						
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1.3.1	Number of cross-border community engagement/pa plans created to rebuild trust between authorities and community members (Senegal & The Gambia)	0 rtnerships	4	Psychosocial assessments in Senegal and The Gambia completed and Department of Community Development are finalizing consultations in The Gambia to inform community engagement plan.	Psychosocial assessments in Senegal and The Gambia completed 6 welfare and citizenship committee were established in the 3 localities.	
1.3.2	Number of cross border engagement/pa plans with at least 50% implementation rate (Senegal & The Gambia)		2 over a 1-year period	Ongoing. With the community engagement plans being finalized, this will inform this cross- border partnership. Committees have been set up in both countries with an accelerated workplan put in place to roll out activities.	Activity in progress	Activity expected to be completed between November and December 2023.
1.3.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Commu	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
nity	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	<i>State the current cummulative</i>	/ Delay
engage	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	value of the	(if any)
ment	mulcator		indicator at the	<i>State the current value of the</i>	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	<i>Explain why the indicator is off</i>
and			<i>end of the project</i>	indicator for the	project	track or has
mobilizat				reporting period		changed, where relevant
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1.4.1	Number of cross border social mobilization events / awareness raising conducted to build trust and promote dialogue between border and cross border authorities and communities for peacebuilding (Senegal & The Gambia)	0	16	Ongoing Community engagement for creation of Community Protection and Safety Committees (CPSCs) to proceed with the implementation of Community Engagement Forum and social mobilization and awareness events	Activity in progress	In order to respond to the real needs of the committees, the themes addressed during the awareness- raising campaigns will be derived from the results of the psychosocial baseline assessment.
1.4.2						
1.4.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Strength	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
en inter-	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	<i>State the current cummulative</i>	/ Delay
agency	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	value of the	(if any)
and	Παιζατοι		indicator at the end of the	<i>State the current value of the</i>	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	<i>Explain why the indicator is off</i>
cross-			project	indicator for the	project	track or has
border				reporting period		changed, where relevant
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and local						
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address						
cross						
border						
crime						

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1.5.1	Number of border coordination mechanisms, established by inter-agency and cross- border cooperation committee (to reduce organized immigration cross border crimes). (Senegal & The Gambia)	0	4	6 - Darsilami, Giboro, Misera and Tabanding, in The Gambia; and Ziguinchor, Kolda and Sédhiou in Senegal have formed inter- agency committees.	Activity completed.	
1.5.2	Number of cross-border inter-agency coordination committees functional to support the exchange information and address immigration crimes (linked to the national structures). (Senegal & The Gambia)	0	3	3 cross- border- coordination committee meetings were held in Giboro, Misera and Tabanding in October 2023	In progress	
1.5.3						
				<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	

# » Outcome 2: Enhanced cross-border natural resource management through a community-based participatory approach

Outcome 2	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
2.1	% of conflict/tension report over illegal cross- border transportation of timber, charcoal, and transhumance activities for the past one year (Gambia & Senegal)	0	80% reduction of conflicts due to illegal production and transportation of timber and charcoal in The Gambia and Senegal.	Baseline data collection - Currently nonavailability and/or weak data and statistics on illegal cross- border transportation of timber, charcoal, and transhumance activities.	
2.2	% Community members in targeted border communities reporting reduced Conflicts over the origin and spread of transboundary forest fires among border communities in Gambia and Senegal	NA	75% reduction on transboundary forest fires in the project intervention sites.	Baseline data collection completed. Activities completed contributing to this outcome: Gambia has formed 4 cross border committees in each region comprising 20 men and 20 women.	Progress indicator will be available after the bush fire season aprox in April

2.3	Cooperation among border communities (Gambia & Senegal) through forest and landscape restoration promoted.	NA	Annual tree planting exercises by border communities (Gambia & Senegal) conducted with the involvement of 300 stakeholders (150 men and 150 women) in Gambia and Senegal.	Baseline data collection completed. Activities completed contributing to this outcome: 1 tree planting exercise conducted by Gambia with the involvement of 300 stakeholders (150 men and 150 women) in Gambia and Senegal.					
How many outputs does outcome 2 have?									
1 2	3 4 5	more than 5.							
Please list up to 5	of most relevant o	outputs for outcon	ne 2						
Output 2.1 Joint border comm implemented	unities' solutions to	address continued	deforestation and fo	prest degradation de	eveloped and				
actors (border com and Regulations of	Output 2.2 Increased awareness and capacity of law enforcement agents including forestry officers at border posts, and other actors (border communities and timber and forest products associations/dealers) on the Forest Policy, Forest Act and Regulations of The Gambia and Senegal to improve compliance mechanism to address illegal logging and charcoal production and trade across the border								
Output 2.3 Technical capacity of staff of the Department of Livestock Services (DLS) and Plant Protection Services (PPS) on IPM and cross-border livestock disease surveillance enhanced									
Output 2.4 Livestock monitoring and management systems to mitigate theft and cattle rustling by both the authorities and local border communities strengthened/introduced									

Output 2.5

Other Outputs

If Outcome 2 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.1: Joint	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
border	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
commun	s	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
ities'	Describe the		State the target	g period	<i>cummulative</i> <i>value of the</i>	(if any)
solutions to address continue d deforest ation and forest degradat ion	indicator		<i>value of the</i> <i>indicator at the</i> <i>end of the</i> <i>project</i>	<i>State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period</i>	<i>indicator since the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
develope						
d and						
impleme						
nted						
2.1.1	Number of cross-border forest and sylvo-pastoral fire management plans established for the border areas (Gambia & Senegal) where the project intervenes	0	12	Ongoing - Consultation in 10 communities. Draft manual of fire prevention management ready for validation.	Rangeland Management plan & Natural Resource Management Plans developed for the 4 cluster communities	

2.1.2	Number of communities sensitized on project implementation strategies	0	10	10	Activity completed - FAO project partners jointly conducted community consultations and introduction of the project to the three local authorities and ten direct beneficiary communities from the 19-27 of September 2022.	
2.1.3	% of incidents of fires in identified hotspots	5	50% decrease	Ongoing - Training completed (136 M 168F trained) covering Forest Management Approaches.	Baseline data collection completed.	Fire out breaks are seasonal, proper assessment of the impact ongoing.

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
lncrease d		baseline value of			State the current	/ Delay
	S Describe the	the indicator	Target	reportin	cummulative	2
awarene	indicator		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	<i>value of the indicator since</i>	(if any)
ss and			<i>indicator at the end of the</i>	<i>State the current value of the</i>	<i>the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off
capacity			project	<i>indicator for the reporting period</i>		<i>track or has changed, where relevant</i>
of law						relevant
enforce						
ment						
agents						
including						
forestry						
officers						
at						
border						
posts,						
and						
other						
actors						
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Forest						
Policy,						
Forest						
Act and						
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ons of						
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Gambia						
and						
Senegal						
to						
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mechani						

sm to address illegal logging and charcoal producti on and trade across the border									
2.2.1	Number of sensitization sessions held timber and charcoal dea on forest legislative frameworks The Gambia Senegal	l for lers of	0		4		sens train held enfo auth bord and timb prod and affili asso the f legis fram The Sene part Lowo Regin	icipant from er River on, Central r Region & t Coast	Two, 2 day training sessions held 27. 40 law enforcement officers 27m 13f - (67%/33%), 40 timber & forest product dealers 24m 16f - (60%/40%)6 manuals developed and total 90 printed for the trainings
2.2.2	Number of awareness- raising radio discussions aired at community radios in Senegal and The Gambia	0		20		300 men a women sensitized		Activity completed	

2.2.2						
2.2.3	Number of	0	8 letters of	Ongoing -	Activity in	
	border villages		Interest	Consultations	progress	
	who have			in 10 project	10	
	expressed			intervention	consultations	
	interest in in			areas. Interest	held	
	community			also shown by		
	forest and/or			the		
	Joint Forest			community of		
	Park			Pata in		
	Management			<b>Central River</b>		
	for			<b>Region South</b>		
	sustainable			U U		
	forest					
	management					
	in The Gambia					
	and Senegal					

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Technical	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
capacity	s	the indicator	Target	reportin	<i>State the current cummulative</i>	/ Delay
of staff	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	value of the	(if any)
of the	mulcator		indicator at the end of the	<i>State the current value of the</i>	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	<i>Explain why the indicator is off</i>
Departm			project	indicator for the	project	track or has
ent of				reporting period		<i>changed, where relevant</i>
Livestock						
Services						
(DLS)						
and						
Plant						
Protectio						
n						
Services						
(PPS) on						
IPM and						
cross-						
border						
livestock						
disease						
surveilla						
nce						
enhance						
d						
2.3.1						
2.3.1	Number of livestock and	0	40 (20 men and 20			
	plant		women)			
	protection		womeny			
	staff reporting					
	improved					
	knowledge					
	and skills in					
	cross-border					
	pest and livestock					
	disease					
	surveillance					
	and cross-					
	border					
	regulatory					
	frameworks					

2.3.2	Provision of the equipment to the Department of Livestock Services and the Plant Protection Services in The Gambia	0	Yes	Provision of Computers, GPS, to the Department of Livestock Services and the Plant Protection Services in The Gambia	Activity Completed.	
2.3.3						

Output 2.4: Livestock monitori ng and manage ment systems to mitigate theft and cattle rustling by both the authoriti es and local border commun ities strength ened/int roduced	Perform ance Indicator S Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the</i> <i>indicator is off</i> <i>track or has</i> <i>changed, where</i> <i>relevant</i>
2.4.1	Number of cattle tagged in the project intervention areas in The Gambia	500	1000	Ongoing - 15000 Tags received - 5000 tags per region.	Activity in progress. 15000 Tags received - 5000 tags per region	
2.4.2	A watering point (borehole and drinking troughs) provided at a border areas of the project in The Gambia	2	3	Construction and development of the watering points are underway.	Activity in progress. The borehole site and watering points (2) mapped & designs completed procurement process, site work is on going.	

2.4.3	Number of	0	8	Ongoing -	Activity in	WCR
	local grazing			<b>Corridors</b> and	progress.	community
	conventions			cattle tracks		consultations
	developed and			in Lower River		ongoing as
	adopted by			Region &		there is severe
	local			<b>Central River</b>		encroachment
	authorities in			<b>Region North</b>		on existing
	the			identified and		routes.
	intervention			digitally		
	areas			mapped.		

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	<i>cummulative</i> <i>value of the</i>	(if any)
	indicator		value of the indicator at the end of the project	<i>State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period</i>	indicator since the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.5.1						
2.5.2						
	·····	· · ····	······			
2.5.3						

# » Outcome 3: Improved community resilience through the promotion of inclusive dialogue processes and support for alternative green livelihoods

Outcome 3	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
3.1	% border community members who have received direct livelihood's assistance, demonstrating resilience through increased household income generation.	10%	Increase by 25%	Related Activities started: Assessment for Alternative Green Livelihoods completed in Senegal and Gambia.	
3.2	% of border community members (disaggregated by sex) reporting improved cross- border relations as a result of joint community livelihoods activities	0	60%	Data collection to be conducted immediately after the livelihood support grants are given in both countries.	
3.3	% of livelihoods of those who benefited from livelihoods supported mini grants not considering taking part in cross-border criminal activities (M/f)	0	100	Data collection to be conducted immediately after the livelihood support	

How many outputs does outcome 3 have?
1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.
Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 3
Output 3.1 Support for alternative green livelihoods for border communities for their adaptation and increased social cohesion targeting women and youth
Output 3.2 Support for alternative green livelihoods for border communities for their adaptation and increased social cohesion targeting women and youth
Output 3.3
Output 3.4
Output 3.5
Other Outputs If Outcome 3 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Support	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
for	s	the indicator	Target	reportin	<i>State the current cummulative</i>	/ Delay
alternati	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	value of the	(if any)
ve green	Παιζατοι		indicator at the	<i>State the current value of the</i>	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	<i>Explain why the indicator is off</i>
livelihoo			<i>end of the project</i>	indicator for the	project	track or has
ds for				reporting period		changed, where relevant
border						
commun						
ities for						
their						
adaptati						
on and						
increase						
d social						
cohesion						
targeting						
women						
and						
youth						
3.1.1	Number of cross-border communities receiving livelihood support as a peace dividend	0	3	Activity Ongoing.		

3.1.2	Number of cross border youths (under 35 years) and women receiving support grants for green livelihoods initiatives	0	120 ( youths; 60 and women;60)	Mapping out of potential beneficiaries ongoing.	The completion of the livelihood activities at national level to be carried out first before the cross-border. National support grants are to be completed by the end of November.	
3.1.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Support	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
for	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	<i>State the current cummulative</i>	/ Delay
alternati	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
ve green	mulcator		indicator at the	<i>State the current value of the</i>	the start of the	<i>Explain why the indicator is off</i>
livelihoo			<i>end of the project</i>	indicator for the	project	track or has
ds for				reporting period		<i>changed, where relevant</i>
border						
commun						
ities for						
their						
adaptati						
on and						
increase						
d social						
cohesion						
targeting						
women						
and						
youth						
3.2.1	Number of	0	1	1st Training	Activity in	Clearance of
	community	•	-	for 150	progress.	site designs
	gardens			women held	Ongoing -	from HQ to
	established			5th June 2023.	Procurement	ensure
	and or			Construction	process	designs were
	rehabilitated			work in	commenced. 2	to a high
				progress	consultations	standard
					held with	caused delays. As well as
					beneficiary community.	procuring the
					Site identified	services of a
					and legally	contractor.
					transferred.	
					Procurement	
					completed.	
					Construction work in	
					progress.	
					F. 69. 635.	

producers (disaggregated by gender) trained in value addition in progress in	3.2.2	Number of women provided with vegetable seeds on refund mechanism	0	80	Ongoing – all items procured	Activity ongoing.	Once the garden is completed all equipment and tools will be handed over.
jointly.	3.2.3	honey producers (disaggregated by gender) trained in	0		Procurement of equipment	-	extractors not available locally. Items will be sourced from Senegal. Additionally, this is a key joint activity where training will be done

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	<i>State the current cummulative</i>	/ Delay
	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
	marcator		indicator at the end of the project	<i>State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period</i>	the start of the project	<i>Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant</i>
3.3.1						
3.3.2						
3.3.3						

Output 3.4:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period <i>State the current</i> <i>value of the</i> <i>indicator for the</i> <i>reporting period</i>	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.4.1						
3.4.2						
3.4.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
Output						
3.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	<i>State the current cummulative</i>	/ Delay
	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
	mucator		indicator at the end of the project	<i>State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period</i>	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.5.1						
3.5.2						
3.5.3						

#### » Outcome 4:

Outcome 4	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)			
4.1								
4.2								
4.3								
How many outpu	its does outcome 4	have?	'	'				
1 2	3 4 5	more than 5.						
Please list up to 5	of most relevant o	outputs for outcon	ne 4					
Output 4.1								
Output 4.2								
Output 4.3								
Output 4.4								
Output 4.5								
Other Outputs If Outcome 4 has mor	Other Outputs If Outcome 4 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here							

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		<i>State the target value of the</i>	g period	<i>cummulative value of the</i>	(if any)
	indicator		<i>value of the indicator at the end of the project</i>	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.1.1						
4.1.2						
4.1.3						

Output 4.2:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.2.1						
4.2.2						
4.2.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
Output 4.3:	ance	Baseline	Project			for
4.5.	Indicator	State the baseline value of the indicator	Indicator Target	progress for reportin	progress to date <i>State the current</i>	Variance / Delay
	<i>Describe the</i>		_	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		<i>State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project</i>	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.3.1						
	·······					
4.3.2						
4.3.3						
### » Output 4.4

Output 4.4:	Perform ance Indicator s <i>Describe the</i> <i>indicator</i>	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period <i>State the current</i> <i>value of the</i> <i>indicator for the</i> <i>reporting period</i>	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) <i>Explain why the</i> <i>indicator is off</i> <i>track or has</i> <i>changed, where</i> <i>relevant</i>
4.4.1						
4.4.2						
4.4.3	·····					

## » Output 4.5

Reasons
for
Variance rent / Delay
(if any)
<i>e</i> Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant

If the project has more than 4 outcomes, use this space to describe progress on progress on indicators for the remaining outcomes

# PART III: Cross-Cutting Issues

Is the project planning any significant events in the next six months? (eg. national dialogues, youth congresses, film screenings, etc.)

lf yes,	Event	Tentative	Location	Target	Event
please state how many, and for each, provide the approxima te date of the event and a brief descriptio n, including its key objectives, target audience and location (if known)	Descriptio	Date		Audience	Objectives
Event 1	Identification and mapping of transboundary forest fire hot spots	13th November 2023	Gambia	All border communities in the intervention areas. Trained community members especially fire management committees	Map existing and identify new hotpot areas especially fire- prone areas on the Gambia- Senegal border. The mapping exercise will determine the areas for controlled early burning

r				1	1
Event 2	Exchange visit of Gambia forestry official and border communities	27th November 2023	Senegal	7 regional staff from the intervention communities, project focal point, 3 technical staff, 4 community members	Opportunity for both departments to build on collaborations to address cross- border forest fires, and learn of best practices for community forest management, enforcement regulations, policies etc technical staff will also finalize cross-border monitoring protocols for forest resources
Event 3	Controlled Early Burning	November through December 2023	Central River Region (CRR) North (November) Lower River Region (LRR) & West Coast River (WCR) (December)	All border communities in the intervention areas. Trained community members especially fire management communities	Reduce the spread of cross- border forest fires
Event 4	Cross-border Project Steering Committee Meeting	December 2023	The Gambia	Government Institutions GM and SN, CSOs, PBF Secretariat Project Implementation Team (UN Agencies)	Jointly analyze the level of project implementation to provide technical guidance and address country- specific bottlenecks to fast-track implementation of project activities

## **Human Impact**

This section is about the human impact of the project. Please state the number of key stakeholders (including but not limited to: Civil Society Organziations, Beneficiaries, etc.) of the project, and for each, please briefly describe:

i. The challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implemantation

ii. The impact of the project in their lives

iii. Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group *This is an optional question. You may leave it unanswered if not relevant* 

Human Impact	Key Stakeholder	What were the challenges they faced prior to project implementati on? (350 words)	What has been the impact of the project on their lives? (350 words)	Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representativ e of each stakeholder group (350 words)
1	Border Officials in The Gambia (Gambia Immigration Department)	Border officials at the point of entry's had low capacity, knowledge, and skills in advanced border management operations (i.e., using MIDAS system) and had inadequate border facilities to carry out duties effectively.	Border officials improved their capacities in using MIDAS. MIDAS has reduced processing time of traveller information as well as waiting times, leading to increased efficiency in border management operations overall.	Capturing of traveller's information and functions of secondary inspectors' topic were addressed thoroughly. There were no topics that were not addressed." - GID official Giboro "I would want to recommend that more and frequent trainings be conducted to continue improving the capacities and skills of the officials operating the MIDAS" - GID official Darsalami

1				
2	Border authorities in The Gambia and Senegal	Border authorities have encountered cases of conflict/crimes within communities and across borders in the past and have been part of some conflict resolution among border communities. Authorities also expressed that some members of the community report the incidence of the crimes to them. However, there knowledge and capacities on addressing community concerns appropriately, and initiating conflict resolution practises was low.	After attending trainings, authorities expressed that their level of knowledge on mediation conflict resolution, trust building and the approaches to address community concerns about cross-border crime has improved.	"I wish to thank the initiator of this program and wish continuation for the beneficiary of our two nations, specifically officers working along the borders" - Civil servant. "This training and development are one of the most meaningful ways to build employee resilience and higher productivity and quality" - GID. "The training was really good, and it has absolutely improved my capacity in the areas covered, more in the area of mediation and fraud. The knowledge, skills and behaviours attained will enable me to function effectively and efficiently in my area of responsibility" - Gambia Police Force

				<b>1</b>
3	Community members in The Gambia and Senegal (Village Development Community and Chiefs)	Community members have faced conflict in their communities (including cross- border conflicts) and usually report to border authorities. They strongly believe that border authorities have a role to play in reducing cross- border crime, but their knowledge on how to properly communicate with border officials to report concerns about crime and their trust towards them was low.	After attending trainings, community expressed that their knowledge has improved on how to properly engage with border authorities and report concerns about crime. All expressed that they could identify the triggers and beginnings of crime, are comfortable speaking to border officials and expressing their concerns freely, and lastly, have the confidence, knowledge, and skills to effectively report crimes.	"The training will help build peace and trust among the border communities and that will lead to them living in peace and harmony and will fasten unity amongst them, and borders will be secured as the communities will have trust and security and will report any threats to the security" – Chairperson, Village Development Committee

In addition to the stakeholder specific impact described above, please use this space to describe any additional human impact that the project has had (650 words)

IOM and FAO have recruited 9 United Nations volunteers for this project. These young people from the targeted communities were unemployed. This project allowed them to have a monthly salary for the duration of the project. Moreover, they had access to all the training required for the United Nations agents and are registered in the UNV platform which would allow them to be recruited by any United Nations agency that implements an activity in their locality. In addition, community members have built their capacities on how to report crime or concerns to border officials, as well as identify triggers of conflict and crime. Some community members trained hold leadership positions under Village Development Committee's - which are local groups recognized by the authorities to lead and provide local development initiatives in each community. They expressed that they have experienced or encountered crime or conflict within and across the border in past, confirmed that their understanding of conflict resolution improved, and stated that they are comfortable to speak to border officials and express their concerns.

You can also upload upto 3 files in various formats (picture files, powerpoint, pdf, video, etc.) to illustrate the human impact of the project *optional* 

File 1

OPTIONAL

Click here to upload file. (< 10MB)

File 2 OPTIONAL
Click here to upload file. (< 10MB)
File 3 OPTIONAL
Click here to upload file. (< 10MB)
You can also add upto 3 links to online resources which illustrate the human impact of the project <i>OPTIONAL</i>
Link 1 OPTIONAL
Link 2 OPTIONAL
Link 3 OPTIONAL
Please tick the applicable change based on above narrative.
How we worked: Please select up to 3. Enhanced digitization Innovative ways of working

\*

Mobilized additional resources

Improved or initiated policy frameworks

Strengthened capacities

Partnered with Civil Society Organizations

Expanding coalitions & galvanizing political will

Strengthened partnerships with IFIs

Strengthened partnerships with UN Agencies

Please	exp	lain

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The project has offered a host of capacity-building initiatives to community members, border officials, government officials, and project partners on key concepts of border security and natural resource management to enhance social cohesion and increase knowledge on how to handle these issues.

#### Please explain

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The project has enhanced coordination and partnership among the UN agencies through the various consultation dialogues held during the course of project implementation.]

#### Please explain

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Who are we working with (in addition to the implementing partners)

Strengthened partnerships with IFIs

Strengthened partnerships within UN Agencies

Partnered with local civil society organizations

Partnered with local academia

Partnered with sub-national entities

Partnered with national entities

Partnered with local volunteers

Please explain (If IFIs)

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Please explain (If UN Agencies)

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Leav	e No one Behind
Sele	ct all beneficiaries targeted with the PBF resources as evidenced by the narrative
Mano	latory
$\checkmark$	Unemployed persons
$\checkmark$	Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)
	Indigenous communities
$\checkmark$	Persons with Disabilities
	Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)
$\checkmark$	Women
$\checkmark$	Youth
	Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression
$\checkmark$	People living in and around border areas
	Persons affected by natural disasters
$\checkmark$	Persons affected by armed conflicts
<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	Internally displaced persons, refugees or migrants

L

#### » Monitoring

Please list monitoring activities undertaken in the reporting period *Please limit your response to 350 words.* 

• Pre and post training surveys to assess the knowledge increase of border authorities and communities on Mediation, Conflict Resolution, Document Security and ECOWAS Free Movement Protocols.

• Psychosocial qualitative assessments (through Focus Group Discussions) to solicit in-depth insights from community members and officials on safety and security at the borders to inform activities.

• Alternative Livelihoods Assessment in Senegal (through Focus Group Discussions) to solicit in-depth insights from community members on the current and desired livelihood activities to inform activities under Outcome 3.

• Surveys with officials trained in MIDAS to assess their knowledge retention of MIDAS after receiving training and after MIDAS installation to assess improvement in processing times.

• Observation monitoring of border post activities by project implementation teams.

• Desk review of activity documents (e.g., training reports, meeting minutes, M&E Joint Visit report)

• Joint M&E visit led by project staff and the NPSC members of The Gambia (led by the Office of the President) to assess the progress made in achieving expected results.

• Department of Forestry Monitoring Report on activities carried out with the first disbursement of LOA finds.

Do outcome indicators have baselines?

If only some of the outcome indicators have baselines, select 'yes'

🔵 yes

) no

Please provide a brief description

Please limit your response to 350 words.

A consultant was commissioned to carry out a baseline assessment. The consultancy required the collection of current quantitative and qualitative data to provide information that would serve as the base for monitoring the progress of the project and compare what happens before and after the project has been implemented. The baseline included conclusions and recommendations to inform programming.

Elaborate on what sources of evidence have been used to report on indicators (and are available upon request)

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The following sources of evidence have been used: • Baseline Assessment • Pre and post training surveys • Psychosocial qualitative assessments • Alternative Livelihoods Assessment (Senegal) • Surveys with officials trained in MIDAS. • Observation monitoring of border post activities. • Desk review of activity documents ( • Joint M&E visit findings.

Has the project launched outcome level data collection initiatives? e.g. perception surveys

) yes

) no

Please provide a brief description

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The baseline data collection included perception surveys with project beneficiaries and stakeholders across the ten borders communities – The Gambia and Senegal. In addition, the perception surveys completed as part of the psychosocial assessment will be used to inform output level activities related to community engagement, which feed into achieving outcome indicators.

Has the project used or established community feedback mechanisms?

) yes

🔵 no

Please provide a brief description *Please limit your response to 350 words.* 

### » Evaluation

Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation?	*
) yes	
o no	
Not Applicable	
Evaluation budget (in USD):	*
Response required	
21499	
If project will end in next six months, and the overall project budget is above 1.5 million, is your upcoming evaluation on track? (Preparations) <i>Please limit your response to 350 words.</i> <b>No - the evaluation is off track from original planned date. A No Cost Extension (additional 6 months) has been</b>	
requested for by the project team after approval was given to proceed t by the Cross Border Steering Committee noting the delay in implementation and some activities still pending completion. However, if the NCE is approved, the independent final evaluation of the project will be conducted during this period.	
Please mention the focal person accountable for sharing the final evaluation report with the PBF, name and email. <b>Tijan Njie- tnjie@iom.int</b>	

## » Catalytic Effect

Catalytic Effect (financial): Indicate funding agent and amount of additional non-PBF funding support that has been leveraged by the project since it started. (y/n) yes no
If yes, how many additional grants or donors has the project leveraged?
Catalytic Effect (non-financial): Has the project enabled or created a larger or longer-term * peacebuilding change to occur?
No catalytic effect
Some catalytic effect
Significant catalytic effect
Very Significant catalytic effect
O Don't Know
O Too early to tell
* If relevant, please describe how the project has had a (non-financial) catalytic effect i.e. ways in which the project has supported the expansion or creation of programs and policies supporting peace, both within and outside the UN system Please limit your response to 350 words. The project has created the platform to further discuss the land demarcation and boundary issues that exist in most border communities in The Gambia and Senegal. These formed part of discussions during both the national and cross-border project steering committee meetings highlighting the need for the leadership in both countries to have first-hand information and devise ways to address these issues to be able to mitigate potential increased conflicts

# Sustainability

Does the project have an explicit exit strategy?

Please describe any steps that have been taken to ensure sustainability of peacebuilding gains beyond the duration of the project.

*Please limit your response to 350 words.* 

Project addresses a need identified by the communities and authorities

The project's activities and outputs addresses the needs that have been identified by the target communities and authorities themselves. This helps to demonstrate community ownership over the project and indicates that the community will place a high value on the project's activities and outputs. An essential element in demonstrating sustainability. So far, the project has followed a bottom-up approach in the series of consultations done. Consultations were conducted both at the national and regional levels in both countries targeting direct beneficiaries of the project involving both governments at the office of the presidents for political buy-in and at technical level with respective Ministries and Departments. A steering committee has been proposed in the project both at the national and the cross-border who provide technical and advisory support to the project including linkages with ongoing government programmes to sustain proposed activities. For example, inter-agency border coordination committees are Government led coordination platforms that will continue to exist way beyond the project life for continued inter-agency cooperation among law enforcement officials at the borders.

Local project governance group.

The project engages with Village Development Committees (VDCs) to establish a local community governance group to oversee some of the project's activities, and this committee will continue after the project. Establishing and/or working through existing community institutions is an effective way to encourage sustainability. If new institutions are created, to the extent possible, they should build on or be connected to existing community committees, or institutions.

The citizenship and welfare committees set up in Senegal are under the supervision of the Mayor's office. This will enable the committees to be included in the local authority's budget at the end of the project, enabling its members to continue their peace-building activities and maintain social cohesion whilst ensuring sustainability.

Target Implementing Partner with Ongoing Activities in the Target Area

The project has been implemented by partners that have ongoing activities in the project's target communities, and so the project's interventions are incorporated into the regular and ongoing work of the implementing partner. The implementing partner will continue to be present in the community even after the project has closed.

**Operations and Maintenance Plan** 

For all the equipment and infrastructure donated, elaborate capacity building for beneficiaries for its use and maintenance will be completed to ensure its sustainable use way beyond the project period.

Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations? *Please limit your response to 350 words.* 

# **Monitoring and Oversight Activities**

Please describe any key event related to monitoring and oversight. Please click next if no activities have yet taken place.

Monitoring and oversight activities	Name of the Event	Summary	Key Findings
Event 1	Joint M&E visit (observation monitoring, Focus Group discussions (FGDs), interviews with project beneficiaries and local stakeholders)	The joint monitoring team comprised of members from the project steering committee visited the project intervention sites to assess the level of project implementation.	The joint monitoring team comprised of members from the project steering committee visited the project intervention sites to assess the level of project implementation. Key Findings: - The GID officers at MIDAS Training Lab highlighted some of the challenges they face in maintaining and scaling up the system, particularly the issue of inadequate budget allocation from the Government for MIDAS roll-out across the ports of entry The local authorities in the region and the community leaders of the village expressed delight in the construction of the official border post in Tabanding, indicating that the post will help in managing the movement of people at the border and improve security.

Event 2	<b>Psychosocial Assessments</b>	The M&E teams used Focus	Similar challenges and
	(FGDs)	Group Discussions to	threats faced by
		collect responses from 250	communities at the borde
		border community	were evidenced across the
		members and border	four sites: lack of
		officials who understand	international demarcation
		the border context and	boundaries, porosity of
		have knowledge of border	borders (leading to land
		management across the	encroachment), issues wit
		two countries	understanding and
			compliance to ECOWAS
			Free movement protocol
			The communities that are
			practicing elements of
			community policing
			strategies are doing better
			in border conflict
			management than those
			without any strategies in
			place - The relationship
			between authorities and
			the communities across
			the four sites is overall
			positive and cordial (some
			hesitancy from the Giboro
			community on sharing
			information) - There is
			evidence of conflict
			resolution and mediation
			practices being
			implemented by the
			community members, wit
			traditional leaders acting
			as key facilitators and
			responsible for settling
			cases before involving the
			local authorities. Senegal
			Key Findings: - Porosity of
			borders, inadequate
			control, lack of electricity,
			land disputes due to non-
			demarcation of borders,
			and timber and drug
			trafficking are the main
			threats at the border
			Defence and security
			forces generally resolve
			conflicts through weak
			community involvement
			through mediation by
			local, customary, and
			religious authorities
			Communities and
			authorities must play the

	role of monitoring and
	warning of threats There
	is a low level of
	communication between
	communities and
	authorities. This fosters
	misunderstanding and
	distancing between
	communities and
	authorities on border
	issues The level of
	knowledge of communities
	on the functioning of
	borders is very
	satisfactory Ongoing
	communication between
	communities, authorities
	and defense and security
	forces can promote good
	border security
	management.
	Recommendations are
	provided based on findings
	to inform community
	engagement plans.

Event 3	Border Officials MIDAS and	IOM The Gambia M&E team	IOM The Gambia M&E team
	document security surveys	conducted phone surveys	conducted phone surveys
		with 17 officials	with 17 officials. Key
			Findings: - 77% with MIDAS
			at their station reported
			that the average waiting
			time shortened after the
			installation of MIDAS 88%
			stated the training was
			adequate to effectively
			execute their functions at
			the border 76% rate their
			expertise / experience
			/knowledge of MIDAS after
			the training as 'High' or
			'Very High' and 100%
			stated their performance
			has improved in MIDAS and
			document security &
			protection of Vulnerable
			Migrants (VM) 100%
			agreed that MIDAS has
			contributed to improving
			wider immigration and
			border security challenges
			in the country and that
			they have a better
			understanding of their role
			in ensuring reliable
			reporting and data on
			migration flows.

Event 4	Conflict Resolution and	Pre and post training	Pretest (officials) - 56%
	trust building training	surveys for First and	stated their level of
		second Joint training on	expertise/experience/knowledg
		mediation conflict	on mediation conflict
		resolution and trust	resolution and trust
		building	building is
			'neutral/average',18%
			stated 'high', 14% 'very
			high', 8% stated 'very low'
			and 4% 'very low' 54%
			stated their level of
			expertise/experience/knowledg
			of the right approaches to
			address community
			concerns about cross-
			border crime is
			'neutral/average', 20%
			stated 'high', 12% 'very
			high', 12% 'low' and 2%
			'very low' 64% have
			encountered cases of
			conflict/crimes within
			communities and or across
			borders; 42% have been
			part of conflict resolution
			among border
			communities in the past;
			34% stated that
			community members
			usually report the
			incidence of the crime to
			them. Post test (officials) -
			92% stated their level of
			expertise/experience/knowledg
			on mediation conflict
			resolution and trust
			building is 'high' or 'very
			high' after training 92%
			states their level of
			expertise/experience/knowledg
			of the right approaches to
			address community
			concerns about cross-
			border crime is 'high' or
			'very high' after training
			100% stated their
			knowledge improved on
			the approaches to address
			community concerns about
			cross border crime; 100%
			-
			stated the training was
			relevant/useful; 100%
			stated they are more
		I	motivated to work on

mediation, conflict resolution and trust building initiatives and will use knowledge and skills gained from the training in your daily work with border communities. Pretest (community members) - 57% community members stated that they have faced conflict or crime in their community. - 86% community members stated they have encountered cross-border conflicts/crimes specifically. - 71% stated crimes are usually reported by community members to border authorities. - All think border authorities have a role to play in reducing cross-border crime. - 57% stated their experience or knowledge on how to properly communicate with border officials to report concerns about crime is "neutral/average", 29% 'low' or 'very low' and 14% 'high'. Post test (community members) -89% stated their knowledge on how to properly work with border officials to report crime concerns after training is 'high' or 'very high'. - As a result of training, all stated they are more motivated to use the knowledge gained on conflict resolution with border authorities to report crimes. - All agreed to the following statements: "I can identify the triggers and beginnings of crime/conflict in my community and in crossborder areas/communities/ I am comfortable speaking to ··· · · .

1		border officials and
		expressing my concerns
		freely/ I believe that the
		resolution of conflicts and
		crimes should be carried
		out jointly with the
		authorities/ I have the
		confidence, knowledge and
		skills to effectively report
		crimes in my community' l
		have a good understanding
		of my role in the
		community in conflict
	 	mediation processes"

Event 5	Department of Forestry	Interviews with members	There is a balance
	Monitoring Report	of the Cross-border fire	representation of the
		management committees -	people constituting the
		president, vice president,	Cross-border fire
		treasurer, secretary,	management committee
		auditor, adviser	(that is between male and
			female) Fire crosses both
			the Gambia and Senegal
			and fifty percent of the
			respondents are said that
			fire coming from Gambia
			to Senegal is the most
			frequent Members state
			the committee formulated
			in their clusters would
			improve the surveillance o
			forest fire occurrences
			within their clusters. It wil
			also facilitate the
			mobilization of communit
			members in case of a
			forest fires outbreak.
			Participants who attended
			sensitization of border
			communities on
			participatory forest
			management approaches:
			All were able to identify
			some of the key areas
			discussed during the
			sensitization: forest fires
			management and
			prevention, deforestation
			illegal charcoal burning,
			wild honey collection,
			forest management and
			protection, etc They felt
			the sensitization they
			received would earn them
			knowledge on how to
			sustainably manage their
			forest cover and
			rangelands They felt the
			sensitization is very
			important to the effective
			management of their
			environment particularly
			the forest cover.
			Traditional communicator
			who attended training: - A
			the respondents stated
			that the training of
			traditional communicator
			is very important when it

### **Final Steps**

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