# Peacebuilding Fund Project Progress Report (Update May\_2023)



#### **PROJECT OVERVIEW**

Thank you for taking the time to complete the PBF Progress report. For projects with more than one recipient, please consult among co-recipients prior to filling out the form to ensure collaboration on the responses. You can generate a print out of the blank form by clicking on the *print* icon on the top right corner of the page. If you have any questions or require technical assistance in filling out the form, please send an email to <a href="mailto:gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org">gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org</a>

Click Next below to start

#### » Report Submission

Type of report
Semi-annual
Annual
Final
Other
Date of submission of report
2023-11-14
2023-11-14
Name and Title of Person submitting the report
Inês Bastos (UNDP) and Isis Semedo (WFP)

Name and Title of Person who ap  José Malam Jassi (UNDP) and Momad		*
Have all fund recipients for this p  yes  no	roject contributed to the report?	*
Did PBF Secretariat review the rep  If there is no PBF secretariat in country, pla have an opportunity to review.  yes  no  Not Applicable		* BF secretariat, you should normally ensure that they
» Project Information and Geo	graphical Scope	
Is this a cross-border project?  yes no		*
Please select the geographical reg  Asia and the Pacific  Europe and Central Asia  Middle East and North Africa	Central & Southern Africa Global West Africa	mented  East Africa  Latin America and the Caribean
Country of project implementation Benin Gambia Liberia Niger Sierra Leone	Burkina Faso Guinea Mali Nigeria Togo	Cote D'Ivoire Guinea-Bissau Mauritania Senegal Other, Specify

Proje	ect Title	*
	00130107: Creating safe and empowering public spaces with women to mitigate climate-security risks and sustain peace in Guinea-Bissau	
$\bigcirc$	00129698: Enhancing the human rights protection system in Guinea-Bissau	
$\bigcirc$	00129743: Inclusive Peaceful Land Management in OIO, CACHEU and BIOMBO regions	
$\bigcirc$	00125914: No landa Djuntu- Drawing the pathway together: new leadership for meaningful participation, peace and stability in Guinea Bissau	
$\bigcirc$	00119912: Political Stabilization and Reform through Confidence Building and Inclusive Dialogue	
$\bigcirc$	00119443: Secretariat Project: Support to project coordination and monitoring of the United Nations Peacebuilding Fund (PBF) Projects in Guinea-Bissau	
$\bigcirc$	00119444: Strengthening the justice and security sector response to drug trafficking and transnational organized crime to reduce insecurity in Guinea-Bissau	
$\bigcirc$	00134097: Prevention of Natural Resources Conflicts related to Pastoralism and Transhumance in Bafata and Gabu Regions	
$\bigcirc$	00140008: Strengthening social cohesion through promoting inclusive and effective public health sector governance, management, and administration	
$\bigcirc$	00140108: Inclusive policies and institutions for a peaceful society: strengthening the social fabric and fostering youth meaningful participation in decision-making in Guinea Bissau	
$\bigcirc$	Other, Specify	
Proje	ect Start Date (Date of first transfer)	*
2022-	-01-13	
2022-	01-13	
Proje	ect end Date	*
2024-	-01-12	
2024-	01-12	
Has	this project received an extension?	*
	YES, Cost Extension	
	YES, No Cost Extension	
$\bigcirc$	YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions	
$\bigcirc$	NO, No Extensions	

Will this project be requesting an extension?
YES, Cost Extension
YES, No Cost Extension
YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions
NO, No Extensions
Is funding disbursed either into a national or regional trust fund?
yes
ono no
Recipients
Is the convening agency a UN agency or a non UN entity?
UN entity
Non-UN Entity
* Please select the convening agency recipient
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme
UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization ITC: International Trade Centre
UNDPO Other, Specify

Are there other recipients for this project?
No other recipients
Yes, other UN recipients only
Yes, other non-UN recipients only
Yes, both UN and non-UN recipients
Please select other UN recipients
Select all that apply
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme IOM: International Organization for Migration
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme
UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization ITC: International Trade Centre
UN Department of Peace Operations Other, Specify
Implementing Partners
To how many implementing partners has the project transferred money to date?
8

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date	
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner	*
National youth CSO	
National women's CSO	
Other National CSO	
Subnational youth CSO	
Subnational women's CSO	
Other subnational CSO	
Regional CSO	
Regional Organisation	
International NGO	
Governmental entity	
Other	
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  Tiniguena	*
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date	*
119530.16	
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 175 words  The Implementing Partner supported technically and logistically the Mapping Intervention mission, and the presentation of the mission results in the first steering committee of the project held in November 2022 with national counterparts. Additionally, the IP developed the methodological approach, training materials and log	

The Implementing Partner supported technically and logistically the Mapping Intervention mission, and the presentation of the mission results in the first steering committee of the project held in November 2022 with all national counterparts. Additionally, the IP developed the methodological approach, training materials and logistics to the 4 training sessions on the topics of i) climate change and resilience; ii) mediation/conflict resolution; iii) the importance of civic and political participation, particularly of women; iv) women's participation in decision-making spaces; v) women's empowerment, implemented in the regions of Quinara and Gabú for WCSOs and Local Authorities and traditional leaders, reaching 94 beneficiaries. The IP supported the development of the methodological approach for the community-based monitoring structures, in collaboration with other UNDP initiatives to enhance the sustainability of such structures.

In partnership with the other implementing partners and WCSOs, Tiniguena is currently dynamizing community and sectoral/regional concertation spaces in the Gabú and Quinara Regions and will have a key-role in the facilitation of the National concertation space planned to be held in Bissau in December 2023.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner  AOFASS - Associação Onenoral dos Filhos e Amigos da Secção de Susana
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
61109.98
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  **Please limit your response to 175 words  The IP implemented 3 training sessions for WCSOs, Local Authorities and Community Radios in the region of Cacheu, covering the topics of i) climate change and resilience; ii) mediation/conflict resolution; iii) the importance of civic and political participation, particularly of women; iv) women's participation in decision-making spaces; v) women's empowerment. These trainings reached 78 beneficiaries.  The IP supported the development of the methodological approach for the community-based monitoring structures, in collaboration with other UNDP initiatives to enhance the sustainability of such structures.  In partnership with the other implementing partners and WCSOs, Tiniguena is currently dynamizing community and sectoral/regional concertation spaces in the Cacheu Region and will have a key-role in the facilitation of the National concertation space planned to be held in Bissau in December.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  PELE
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
38939
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  **Please limit your response to 175 words  The IP designed the methodological framework for the development of the gender-sensitive communication products. The branding was developed in a participatory manner with WCSOs, named "Mindjer Polón – storias di balentia" (Women Poilão – stories of bravery), and a recollection of community inspiring stories of female participation, leadership and climate resilience is ongoing. PELE launched a call for proposals to identify national talents, having selected two female artists to develop the visual concept and narratives of the community inspiring stories. The IP created the jingle for the community radio programmes that tackle gender equality and women civic participation, products that are being used in the radio magazines.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  RENARC - National Network of Community Radios
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
22840
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other .
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner PPM - Plataforma Política das Mulheres (Women's Polical Platform)
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
105411
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **

organisations.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner
AD
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
146139.66
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other .
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner
ANCOPF-GB
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
146682.62
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 175 words
After identifying priority activities in the community, 2,526 ml of belt dykes were rehabilitated. 7,700 tons of rice seedlings were distributed. Four training sessions were also held, covering rice production techniques, organic horticulture, climate change and mitigation measures, and post-harvest techniques. The partner carried out the construction of 5 water holes with corresponding horticultural perimeters of 1 hectare each.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  GUIARROZ
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
146974.31
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 175 words  3 training sessions (rice production techniques, organic horticulture and post-harvest techniques) were delivered.  They also carried out the distribution of 300 horticultural tools (watering cans, buckets and watering cans), and the construction of 5 boreholes with the corresponding horticultural perimeters of 1 hectare each. 6,952 ml of belt dykes were rehabilitated.

## **Financial Reporting**

### » Delivery by Recipient

Please enter the to Please enter the or recipient.  Please make sure you en				
Recipients	Total Project Budget (in US \$)  Please enter the total budget as is in the project document in US Dollars	Transfers to date (in US \$) Please enter the total amount transferred to each recipient to date in US Dollars	Expenditure to date (in US \$) Please enter the approximate amount spent to date in US dollars	Implementati on rate as a percentage of total budget (calculated automatically)
UNDP: United Nations Developmen t Programme	* 766615.41	* 766615.41 	556258	72.56 %
WFP: World Food Programme	* 640078.28	<b>*</b> 640078.28	548093	85.63 %
TOTAL	1406693.69	1406693.69	1104351	78.5 1%

The approximate implementation rate as percentage of total project budget based on the values entered in the above matrix is <b>78.51%</b> . Can you confirm that this is correct?  Correct Incorrect	*
» Gender-responsive Budgeting	
Indicate what <b>percentage (%)</b> of the budget contributes to gender equality or women's empowerment (GEWE)?  89.13	*
The dollar amount of the budget contributing to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE) based on percentage entered above and total project budget is <b>US \$ 1253786.09</b> . Can you confirm that this is correct?  Correct Incorrect	
If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>budget amount</i> allocated to GEWE in US Dollars 1253854.89	*
Amount expended to date on efforts contributiong to gender equality or women's empowerment is <b>US \$ 984308.05</b> . Is this correct?  Correct Incorrect	*
If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>expenditure to date</i> on GEWE in US dollars 983688.55	*
ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET SHOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE.  The templates for the budget are available <a href="https://example.com/here">here</a> PBF Civic Spaces_2023.11.14_vf-16_23_42.xlsx	*

### **Project Markers**

Pleas	se select the Gender Marker Associated with this project
$\bigcirc$	Score 1 for projects that contribute in some way to gender equality, but not significantly (less than 30% of the total budget for GEWE)
$\bigcirc$	Score 2 for projects that have gender equality as a significant objective and allocate between 30 and 79% of the total project budget to GEWE
	Score 3 for projects that have gender equality as a principal objective and allocate at least 80% of the total project budget to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE)
Pleas	se select the Risk Marker Associated with this project
	Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes
	Risk marker 1 = medium risk to achieving outcomes
$\bigcirc$	Risk marker 2 = high risk to achieving outcomes
Pleas	se select the PBF Focus Area associated with this project
$\bigcirc$	(1.1) Security Sector Reform
	(1.2) Rule of Law
	(1.3) Demobilisation, Disarmament and Reintegration
	(1.4) Political Dialogue
$\bigcirc$	(2.1) National reconciliation
$\bigcirc$	(2.2) Democratic Governance
	(2.3) Conflict prevention/management
	(3.1) Employment
	(3.2) Equitable access to social services
	(4.1) Strengthening of essential national state capacity
$\bigcirc$	(4.2) Extension of state authority/Local Administration
$\bigcirc$	(4.3) Governance of peacebuilding resources (including PBF Secretariats)
	* tall that apply
<b>✓</b>	Gender promotion initiative
	Youth promotion initiative
	Transition from UN or regional peacekeeping or special political missions
	Cross-border or regional project
	None

#### **Steering Committee and Government engagement**

Does the project have an active steering committee?	4
yes	
no	
If yes, please indicate how many times the Project Steering Committee has met over the last 6	
months?	
2	

Please provide a brief description of any engagement that the project has had with the government over the last 6 months. Please indicate what level of government the project has been engaging with.

- Governmental authorities have been involved since the project' kick-off, particularly the Ministry of Territorial Administration (MTALD), including in project's monthly monitoring meetings.
- A 3-day training was delivered to 79 Regional and Sectoral Local Authorities and traditional leaders to enhance their capacities for the sectoral/regional dialogue forums.
- Several national governmental agencies such as the MTALD, the National Land Commission, and IBAP have participated in the series of radio debates held in the scope of the radio awareness campaigns dynamized by RENARC.
- In CBPP sessions in each region participated local administrations (Buba, São Domingos, Pitche), regional agriculture and livestock directors, regional planning directors, regional fisheries directors, and the Lagoons of Cufada Natural Park Directorate.
- The Director of the Cufada Lagoons Natural Park collaborated with the IPs and the community throughout the process of measuring the 10 hectares (1 hectare per community) and drilling 10 boreholes in Buba and Pitche for horticultural activities, as well as the 2 boreholes in São Domingos.
- During this reporting period, the partner agencies met the newly elected General Directors of the MTALD to present them the project and reinforce the Ministry's engagement.
- Also, several governmental (and IP/CSO) stakeholders were involved in the definition of the methodology for the community, regional and national dialogue forums. It has been jointly determined the MTALD is responsible for summoning all governmental counterparts, granting their active engagement and appropriation of the recommendations resulting from it.
- The MTALD has endorsed a concept note jointly developed and submitted by UNDP and WFP (and other UN partner Agencies) to the AfDB that aims at scaling-up this project's intervention to other rural areas of the country.

## PART I: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS

NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE REPORT:							
<ul> <li>Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language.</li> <li>Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do.</li> <li>Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse.</li> <li>Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive.</li> </ul> Please rate the implementation status of the following preliminary/preparatory activities							
Contracting of partners		,					
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed					
Completed Not Applicable							
Staff Recruitment		¥					
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed					
Completed	Not Applicable						
Collection of baselines		,					
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed					
Completed	Not Applicable						
Identification of beneficiaries							
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed					
Completed	Not Applicable						

\*

Provide any additional descriptive information relating to the status of the project, including whether preliminary/preparatory activities have been completed (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment, etc.)

The contracting of the project team is complete.

The contracting of IPs is accomplished:

For the outcome 1, UNDP has signed several agreements with implementing partners:

- 2 Agreements with CSOs to coordinate most of the activities of outputs 1.1 e 1.2 Tiniguena covering the regions of Gabú and Quinara, and AOFASS covering Cacheu.
- An agreement with the Women's Political Platform (PPM) was signed to support the implementation of activities under the outputs 1.1 and 1.2 in 3 target-regions, while granting the female representation at all levels of the decision-making.
- An agreement was signed with PELE for facilitating the participatory development of the gender-sensitive communication products (A1.1.1).
- For the awareness-raising campaigns foreseen under the output 1.3, an agreement was signed with RENARC (National Network of Community Radios), composed by 34 Community Radios and 4 Community TVs, widespread throughout the country.

For outcome 2, WFP selected 3 IPs to support the implementation in the three target-regions. The agreement was signed with Non-Governmental Organization AD, ANCOPF-GB and GUIARROZ to implement the project's activities in São Domingos, Buba and Pitche, respectively. Activities are already ongoing in the project's different communities, where the partners have carried out:

- Construction of boreholes with distinct perimeters for horticultural activities for women (A.2.1.2).
- Drawing up an implementation plan and a follow-up plan and encouraging income-generating activities, ensuring that female-headed households take the lead in supervising the project (A.2.1.3).
- Distribution of inputs and tools for cultivating the repaired land and for working in the horticultural perimeters (A.2.1.4).

\*

Summarize *the main structural, institutional or societal level change* the project has contributed to. This is not anecdotal evidence or a list of individual outputs, but a description of progress made toward the main purpose of the project where evidence of contribution to outcomes is available if requested

FOR PROJECTS WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF COMPLETION ONLY (550 word limit)

Specific knowledge and competences have been developed by key-target groups - rural women, women communitybased organizations (CBOs) and sectoral/regional women CSOs, Religious and Traditional Leaders and Sectoral and Regional Authorities - on the topics of i) climate change and resilience; ii) mediation/conflict resolution; iii) the importance of civic and political participation, particularly of women; iv) women's participation in decision-making spaces; v) women's empowerment. All stakeholders, particularly the rural women and regional and sectoral WCSOs are now more aware of the relation between the climate-change effects and its unbalanced repercussion on women's lives, not only through the increased burden within the households but also the amplified financial dependence. Additionally, the connection between the grass-roots women's organizations and the sectoral and regional Women CSOs has been reinforced, strengthening their advocacy capacity with Local Authorities. The recommendations of the community dialogue forums (A1.1.4) hosted in the 17 tabancas will feed the sectoral/regional dialogue forums in the 3 target-regions, and the national dialogue to be hosted in Bissau with the national stakeholders (A1.2.1). The agendas and recommendations resulting from the dialogue spaces are also expected to feed the National Citizen's Convention (planned for March 2024), where the main recommendations from rural communities will be delivered to the new government and monitored throughout its mandate. After the analysis of their means of subsistence, the shocks suffered in the community and the training sessions promoted, the community understands the importance of the assets put in place and intends to extend some assets, such as water boreholes, so that they are not only for irrigation but also for consumption. Also, the cash from the work on the tasks was helpful to rent machinery to cultivate a larger area, facilitating the expansion of assets where desired.

Community radios have increased their capacity to cover the specific issues addressed by the project, both in terms of knowledge and technical and material capacity. The ongoing awareness raising campaigns are also expected to develop the broad communities' awareness on these topics.

The dialogue forums are bringing together the communities to discuss the most pressing climate-security issues and to develop a risk-management plan to jointly discuss with the local authorities of the region and national governmental agencies. Women are expected to actively participate in the discussions and effectively contribute to the determination of action plans (assessment of this effect will only be possible through the endline study).

#### PART II: RESULT PROGRESS BY PROJECT OUTCOME

Rate the current status of the outcome progress

1. Off Track

-
Describe overall progress under each Outcome made during the reporting period (for June reports: January-June; for November reports: January-November; for final reports: full project duration).  Do not list individual activities. If the project is starting to make/has made a difference at the outcome level, provide specific evidence for the progress (quantitative and qualitative) and explain how it impacts the broader political and peacebuilding context.  • "On track" refers to the timely completion of outputs as indicated in the workplan.  • "On track with peacebuilding results" refers to higher-level changes in the conflict or peace factors that the project is meant to contribute to. These effects are more likely in mature projects than in newer ones.
How many OUTCOMES does this project have
1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.
Please write out the project outcomes as they are in the project results framework found in the project document
Outcome 1:  Women's participation in inclusive civic spaces is enhanced and protected to address climate-security risks
Outcome 2:  The resilience of rural communities is strengthened through land rehabilitation activities and by raising awareness on climate-sensitive agriculture.
<b>Outcome 1:</b> Women's participation in inclusive civic spaces is enhanced and protected to address climate-security risks

2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The training package about i) climate-change and resilience; ii) conflict mediation; iii) civic/political participation; iv) women's participation in decision-making spaces, was delivered to 4 target-groups in 3 regions: (75 women from) WCSOs, 93% (28 out of 30 women) of which have reported to have acquired/renewed knowledge on the topics, (79) Traditional leaders and Local Authorities (A1.1.2), 48 journalists (A1.3.1) and (680 people from) Women Grassroots-Organizations in 17 target-communities (A1.1.3). These trainings laid the foundations to women's informed and empowered participation in decision-making, increased community leaders and local authorities' recognition of women's participation, crucial for the community/sectoral/regional (A1.1.4 and A1.2.1).

The branding of the gender-sensitive communication products/campaign (A1.1.1), named "Mindjer Polón – storias di balentia", was determined jointly with WCSOs and a call-for-proposals launched to identify national talents to illustrate a recollection of inspiring stories of rural women (ongoing). Women Poilão – stories of bravery. A Poilão is a sacred tree from Guinea-Bissau, around which communities normally settle their houses and communities. Typically, these enormous trees have gigantic roots, and are very resilient to the adverse weather conditions of the rainy season. These characteristics were identified by the communities as similar to those of rural women, due to their fundamental role in community life, constituting the cornerstone of most families, deeply rooted in local traditions and immensely resistant to adversities.

The civic awareness campaigns (output 1.3) are ongoing, having the community radios been delivered goods and services up to 550 USD/radio to build their capacity, based on needs diagnose. Microphones, voice recorders, mast dipoles, frequency antennas, solar panels regulators to increase power capacity, electricity battery, fans and motorcycles reparation were delivered to the community radios.

The script and keynote speakers for radio magazines and debates were determined to each thematic and the broadcast of the first set of programmes deployed in October with the participation of governmental agencies, WCSOs and CSOs. The magazines talk about the key-themes in an informative manner, while the debate programmes bring together the main relevant regional stakeholders from communities, civil society and local and regional governmental authorities.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The whole project design and activities are aimed at enhancing women's awareness, capacities and knowledge to an active participation in decision making and community, sectoral and regional level: i) gender-sensitive communication products designed through participatory methodologies; ii) trainings 100% dedicated at enhancing women's awareness, capacities and knowledge to rural women and women CSOs as well as iii) trainings directed to other target groups with the aim to enhance the awareness for the importance of women empowerment and active-participation in decision making and conflict mediation. Similarly, the project is undertaking iv) awareness campaigns to raise the general public's awareness for the same topics, and the overall goal of all activities under this outcome is making sure that iv) rural women are well represented (50% rate as target) at the community-level and sectoral/regional discussions and Dialogue Forums on climate security issues. In the awareness raising radio-debates held in the scope of the project, Women CSOs were part of all keynote speakers, both at national and regional levels.

**Outcome 2:** The resilience of rural communities is strengthened through land rehabilitation activities and by raising awareness on climate-sensitive agriculture.

Rate the current status of the outcome progress



1. Off Track

2. On Track

3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

Following the November 2022 training for facilitators in Buba, which brought together about 55 participants (30 from the local community), including WFP Guinea-Bissau staff and UNDP representatives, project implementing partners, (NGOs AD, GUIARROZ, ANCOPF-GB and Tiniguena) and national and local government representatives, the IPs carried out CBPP sessions in all other project regions. 15 CBPP have been carried out, with 5 in each area of implementation.

The CBPP sessions brought together communities, partners and local administration to jointly analyse local livelihoods, vulnerability profiles, land use and landscapes, exposure to specific shocks, and key issues affecting people, including gender inequality. Based on the information gathered, the IP developed action plans and practical monitoring systems to address the underlying causes of food insecurity and malnutrition and to strengthen livelihood resilience in the medium-term, based around community priorities.

WFP has used this methodology in each of the targeted communities to identify, together with the communities, the resilience projects implemented in the context of Outcome 2. In the same way, the training sessions promoted in outcome 1 have impacted on the way the communities' women priorities and defend their needs in the community during the CBPP sessions.

Horticultural inputs and materials identified during the CBPP were purchased and distributed in the community. To address the water shortage, 13 boreholes were drilled. Buba and Pitche each received 5 wells, while São Domingos received 3. This activity was carried out to guarantee the availability of water throughout the year and allow women to carry out horticulture in the dry season.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The contracts with the implementing partners clearly underlined the project's focus on Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and bound the NGOs to achieving the project's GEWE outcomes. Furthermore, the CBPP sessions were organised in a gender sensitive manner, as was the selection of project beneficiaries. The project team ensured that the participants in the sessions are at least 50% women, and this was rigorously applied in the field . Similarly, the team ensured that women were well represented at the community level in the different project activities. The selection of the beneficiaries was made according to the degree of vulnerability of the households, with priority given to: i) women-headed households with many members of younger age, ii) that depend on agriculture as the only means of subsistence, iii) with a disabled person and, iv) with a person living with a prolonged illness. This is to allow each vulnerable person to benefit from assets and work that will be remunerative, as well as from training sessions.

#### INDICATOR BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments-provide an update on the achievement of key indicators at the **outcome** level in the table below

- If an outcome has more than 3 indicators, select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (300 characters max per entry)

## » Outcome 1: Women's participation in inclusive civic spaces is enhanced and protected to address climate-security risks

Outcome 1	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)	
1.1	Percentage (%) of women included in decision making structures/dialogu fora for climate security	15% e	50%	Not available yet	Not available yet, since the community and sectoral/regional dialogue forums are currently being held during the month of November 2023, and indicators are still being assessed.	
1.2	Percentage (%) of women who participate in decisions / deliberations about the resolution of climate change conflicts.	5%	30%	Not available yet	Not available yet, since the community and sectoral/regional dialogue forums are currently being held during the month of November 2023, and indicators are still being assessed.	
1.3						
How many outputs does outcome 1 have?  1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.  Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 1						

#### Output 1.1

Effective mechanisms to gather affected communities for participation, free expression, and deliberation on climate-security issues are created and enhanced

#### Output 1.2

Dialogue fora for women and citizens at large to voice their concerns and design their own solutions that can inform national/local governments' strategies and interventions are facilitated

#### Output 1.3

The capacities and knowledge of right holders and media are enhanced to analyze the impact of climate change, understand existing laws and regulations, and explore possible adaptation measures.

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

#### » Output 1.1

are created and enhance	Output 1.1: Effective mechani sms to gather affected commun ities for participa tion, free expressi on, and deliberat ion on climate- security issues	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)  Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
issues are created and enhance	climate-						
created and enhance	1						
and enhance							
	and						
	enhance d						
		<del>-</del>					

1.1.1	Percentage (%) of trained people reporting improved understanding and skills on civic engagement and climate security.	0 (19% women have ever received some type of training on climate change)	75%	96,5%. 83 out of 85 women from WCSOs and 28 out of 30 traditional leaders and local authorities have reported to have acquired/renew knowledge on	85 women from WCSOs in Cacheu (30) and Quinara (25) and Gabú (30), and 79 traditional leaders and local authorities in Quinara and edabú were trained.
1.1.2	Percentage (%) of trained traditional, religious, and local authorities reporting improved knowledge on women's	0%	75%	 93%. 28 out of 30 traditional leaders and local authorities of Cacheu region have reported improved knowledge on women's	79 (male) traditional leaders and local authorities in Quinara, Gabú and Cacheu were trained (24, 25 and 30, respectively).
	participation in climate- security decision making spaces, disaggregated by sex.			participation in climate- security decision making spaces. Remaining evaluation questionnaires are still being analysed.	

1.1.3 Number (#) of 0 implementing partners and WCSOs reporting improved capacity to support women's participation in climate security

decision-

making

spaces.

5 WCSOs + 6 **CSOs** 

97,6% (83 out of 85 women) from 34 WCSOs of the regions of Cacheu, Gabu and Quinara have reported to have acquired/renewe&abú (30 ppl. knowledge on the topics.

85 women from 34 WCSOs in Cacheu (30 ppl. from 7 WCSOs) and Quinara (25 ppl. from 8 WCSOs) and from 19 WCSOs) were trained.

Despite 5 CSO have been formally involved in the implementation of outcome 1, no formal assessment of their capacity improvement has been made. This assessment is foreseen to be done in the endline study.

#### » Output 1.2

•	
Output	P
1.2:	a
Dialogue	lr
fora for	S
women	D in
and	
citizens	
at large	
to voice	
their	
concerns	
and	
design	
their	
own	
solutions	
that can	
inform	
national/	
local	
governm	
ents'	
strategie	
s and	
intervent	
ions are	
facilitate	
d	

End of Indicator Indicator erform Indicator Reasons Baseline Project for nce progress progress State the baseline value of Indicator Variance ndicator for to date / Delay Target reportin State the current the indicator cummulative State the target value of the indicator at the end of the (if any) g period escribe the value of the indicator since the start of the ndicator Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where State the current value of the indicator for the project project reporting period relevant

1.2.1 Number (#) of 0 (non-17 (1 per TBC dialogue fora existent) tabanca) on climatesecurity issues created between local authorities and community members,

including

dialogues.

gender sensitive The gendersensitive dialogue forums required that all stakeholders had participated in a specific training package foreseen under the activities 1.1.2 and 1.1.3. community dialogue forums are currently being held during the month of November 2023 in all target regions.

1.2.2	Number (#) of pilot community-based monitoring structures created per region.	0 (non-existent)	3 (1 per region)	TBC	The gender- sensitive dialogue forums required that all stakeholders had participated in a specific training package foreseen under the activities 1.1.2 and 1.1.3. The creation of community- based monitoring structures currently being held during the month of November 2023 in all target regions.
1.2.3					
	-				

#### » Output 1.3

Output
1.3: The
capacitie
s and
knowled
ge of
right
holders
and
media
are
enhance
d to
analyze
the
impact
of
climate
change,
understa
nd
existing
laws and
regulatio
ns, and
explore
possible
adaptati
on
measure
S.

End of Indicator Perform Indicator Indicator Reasons Baseline Project for ance progress progress State the baseline value of Indicator Variance Indicator for to date Target / Delay reportin State the current the indicator cummulative State the target value of the indicator at the end of the (if any) g period Describe the value of the indicator since the start of the indicator State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where project project relevant

	1	I	I	1	<u> </u>	
1.3.1	Number (#) of	0	5 (2 in S.		12 radios with	48 journalists
	community		Domingos and		enhanced	from 4 regions
	media (e.g.,		Pitche; 1 in		capacities and	have been
	radios) with		Buba)		knowledge on	trained (18
	enhanced			_	climate	from Cacheu,
	capacities and				security risks.	15 Gabú 10
	knowledge on					Quinara e 5
	climate					from Tombali)
	security risks.					These
						journalists
						belong to 12
						different
						community
						radio stations
						of 4 regions: 5
						radios in
						Cacheu Region
						(Radio
						Kassumai,
						Titidjene,
						Radio Eva and
						Radio Voz do
						Rio Cacheu); 5
						radios in Gabú
						(Community
						radio of
						Pitche, Rádio
						Leste FM,
						Rádio
						Evangélica,
						Rádio Sinchan
						Oco, Rádio
						Gandal) and 1
						in Quinara
						(Radio
						comunitária
						papagaio), 1
						radio in
						Tombali
						(Radio
						educativa voz
						de Tombali).
						Although
						Tombali is not
						among the
						project's
						target regions
						Dadia

Radio

in the

educativa voz de Tombali was included

project's target group in order to increase the radio coverage of the awareness campaigns in the southern part of the country, given that there is only one community radio station in the Quinara region.

1.3.2	Number (#) of community radios' campaigns on civic engagement and climate security.	0 (3 radio stations consulted have already carried out initiatives in the field of environmental issues (e.g., awareness programs, including interviews and debates).	3 (1 radio per region)	6 community radios in three project regions, and 1 national radio are actively being involved in the dynamization of awareness raising campaigns.	The script for the radio programmes and main keynote speakers were determined for each thematic and the broadcast of the first set of radio programmes was launched on the end of October with the participation of several of governmental agencies, WCSOs and CSOs specializing in environmental issues and community conflict management. A television debate hosted in Bissau gathering the main national-level stakeholders is also under preparation.
1.3.3	Percentage of (%) communities using the tools acquired in the project to analyze climate risks and explore adaptation measures.	0 (nonexistent)	75%	TBD	This indicator will be measured through the endline study, already being recruited.

## » Outcome 2: The resilience of rural communities is strengthened through land rehabilitation activities and by raising awareness on climate-sensitive agriculture.

•					
Outcome 2	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
2.1	% of women headed households benefiting from food/cash transfers/commod vouchers/capacity building transfers.		80%	25%	Low rate of women-headed households is because Cash Based Transfer has been targeted in the area of dyke repair labour, in which women do not generally work, although communities identified this as a key need. A monitoring study will determine whether the difficulty of the task is the main reason for the non-participation of 75% of the women. The results of this study will be used for future corrections, adjustments in the implementation of the activity.

2.2	% of women-led households with acceptable food consumption score (FCS).	81,5% (FSNMS- 2022) (83% have 3 meals a day / 16% have 1 meal a day; 11% consider that consumed food is completely sufficient and adequate)	80%	0%	To be measured post-harvest (December 2023)	
2.3	Percentage (%) of women-led households farmers reporting increased agricultural productivity.	0 (Average household annual agricultural production: 442 kg)	80%	0%	To be measured post-harvest (December 2023)	
How many outputs does outcome 2 have?  1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.  Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 2						
Output 2.1  Vulnerable communities, especially women, are supported through income-generating resilience activities, including rehabilitation of land, construction of dykes and wells and distribution of inputs and tools.						
Output 2.2  Rural women are empowered to actively engage and lead in the community-level decision-making process on climate change adaptation through trainings on basic business skills and climate-resilient agricultural practices and techniques						
For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators						

#### » Output 2.1

	_
Output	Perform
2.1:	ance
Vulnerab	Indicator
le	S
commun	Describe the indicator
ities,	maicator
especiall	
У	
women,	
are	
supporte	
d	
through	
income-	
generati	
ng	
resilienc	
е	
activities,	
including	
rehabilit	
ation of	
land,	
construc	
tion of	
dykes	
and	
wells	
and	
distributi	
on of	
inputs	
and	
tools.	

End of Project Indicator for Target reportin g period

State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project

Indicator

Baseline

the indicator

State the baseline value of

Indicator progress

State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period

Indicator progress to date

State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project

Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)

Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant

2.1.1	% of women- led families benefiting from food/cash- based transfers/comm vouchers/capac strengthening transfers.	•	80% ntal	25%	The rehabilitated areas were determined in the CBPP sessions and work is still ongoing.
2.1.2	# of hectares rehabilitated in the targeted areas (mostly arable land for horticulture, agriculture, mangrove, dikes).	0	To be defined when selecting rehabilitation projects in each region.	6952 (Pitche) 2562 (Buba) 1750 (São Domingos)	The rehabilitated areas were determined in the CBPP (Community Base Participatory Plan) sessions and work is still ongoing.
2.1.3				 	

#### » Output 2.2

Output
2.2:
Rural
women
are
empowe
red to
actively
engage
and lead
in the
commun
ity-level
decision-
making
process
on
climate
change
adaptati
on
through
trainings
on basic
business
skills and
climate-
resilient
agricultu
ral
practices
and
techniqu
es
•···

End of Indicator Perform Indicator Indicator Reasons Baseline Project for ance progress progress State the baseline value of Indicator Variance Indicator for to date / Delay Target reportin State the current the indicator cummulative State the target value of the indicator at the end of the (if any) g period Describe the value of the indicator since the start of the indicator State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where project project relevant

2.2.1	% of trained people reporting improved knowledge of climate-resilier practices and/or basic business skills	have ever received some type of training or on climate	ch c c or	omen	Not available yet.	The actual value of this indicator will be estimated during the monitoring survey that will be conducted in December.
2.2.2						
2.2.3						
<u> </u>						<u></u>
How many outp	uts does outcon	ne 3 have?				
1 2	3 4	5 more than 5				
Please list up to	5 of most releva	ant outputs for out	come 3			
How many outp	uts does outcor	ne 4 have?				
		5 more than 5				
_						
Please list up to	5 of most releva	ant outputs for out	come 4			

# **PART III: Cross-Cutting Issues**

If yes, please state how many, and	Event Descriptio n	Tentative Date	Location	Target Audience	Event Objectives
for each, provide the approximate date of the event and a brief description, ncluding ts key objectives, target audience and ocation (if known)					
Event 1	Community Concertation / Dialogue Spaces (A1.1.4)	October - November 2023 - Ongoing	17 target tabancas in the 3 target regions	Communities of the 17 target tabancas, particularly rural women and community leaders	Development of common community agendas in term of mitigation of climatic risks ar women's participation

Event 2	Regional Dialogue Forums for debating climate change issues and common mitigation strategies/action plans and women's participation (A1.2.1, A1.2.2 and A2.2.2)	November 2023	3 target regions: Quinara, Cacheu and Gabú	All relevant stakeholders for each region, including WCSOs	Development of common regional agendas for WCSO regarding women's participation; Development of common regional agendas and commitments (and it's action plans and monitoring strategies) to follow-up action in terms of mitigation of climatic risks.
Event 3	Support women's economic empowerment through cashbased transfers and financial services (A.2.1.5)	November 2023	3 target-regions	Communities of the 17 target tabancas, particularly women headed households	Support led households to deal with food shortages and implement some incomegenerating activities.
Event 4	Support women with inputs and tools to enable communities to cultivate the restored land and use it for horticultural activities (A.2.1.4).	November 2023	3 target-regions	Communities of the 17 target tabancas, particularly women headed households	The support will enable women who practice horticultural activities to have materials and implement some incomegenerating activities.

### **Human Impact**

This section is about the human impact of the project. Please state the number of key stakeholders (including but not limited to: Civil Society Organziations, Beneficiaries, etc.) of the project, and for each, please briefly describe:

- i. The challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation
- ii. The impact of the project in their lives
- iii. Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group *This is an optional question. You may leave it unanswered if not relevant*

Human Impact	Key Stakeholder	What were the challenges they faced prior to project implementati on? (350 words)	What has been the impact of the project on their lives? (350 words)	Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representativ e of each stakeholder group (350 words)
				•

5 target communities in the region of Cacheu, Local Authorities of the region and the Ministry of Territorial Administration and Local Power - The sea level rise makes it impossible for people of Djobel to remain on their territory, and this situation deepened the pre-existent conflict between Diobel, Arame and Elia. - Loss of arable land and salinization of bolanhas was also reported in the remaining communities by all the communities visited. The lack of access to fresh water in the dry season hinders horticultural production and forces communities to travel long distances to find water. - Climate change increases the communities' dependence on cashew on disputed land and increases

conflicts.

**Increased capacity** from several actors, particularly traditional leaders and rural women, to better adapt to climate-security risks. Local authorities more aware of the importance of adaptation of climate-security risks and the specific needs of the affected communities. **Construction of** dykes in the areas of greatest erosion, avoiding the cutting of mangroves in coastal areas.

"In our exercise, we realized that men must open the door to let women in, because we see that in the whole political scenario, men are in the lead. (...) We came to the conclusion that even in the home, which is a small scale, men cannot manage 100% without women. If it's not even possible to manage the house without women, how can the country be managed without women? We realized that it is men who are at the "door" of society, so we have to let women in (...) and women also have to fight for this opportunity." -**Religious leader "This** seminar helped us a lot with how to solve problems in the community. We are the ones who deal with the community, the peace makers ("kumpuduris di paz"). Whatever conflict there is, whether it's with men or women, it's to my house that people go to resolve the conflict, as an advisor to the imams." -**Community religious** leader.

7 target communities in the region of Quinara, Local Authorities of the region and regional IBAP/national reserve structures - The conflicts present in the area regarding the use of the land/resources between the communities and the park/IBAP team; - the salinization of the Bolanhas pushes the population to deforest the area of the park for rice cultivation, which leads to conflict; -There are reports of disrespect of the rules of the national park from the community, and of abuse of power by the park management team against the population. - A participatory management of the park should be in place, but it is not

happening.

Not available yet

**Increased capacity** from several actors, particularly traditional leaders and rural women, to better adapt to climate-security risks. Local authorities more aware of the importance of adaptation of climate-security risks and the specific needs of the affected communities. **Conscientiousness of** the community in requesting authorization and advice from the Park with regard to access to resources and constructions in the community once these are inside the Park. Work has already begun on the zoning of the PNLC, one of the causes of conflict between the community and park authorities. Rehabilitation of abandoned agricultural fields and construction of dykes and drainage channels.

5 target communities in the region of Gabu, Local Authorities of the region and National and Regional Land Commission structures - Conflict between cattle breeders and farmers (intra- and inter-tabancas) -**Crisis of grazing** space (increase and intensity of cashew plantation) -Incapacity of state agents for managing the conflicts between breeders and farmers (abusive use of resources of cattle owners to corrupt the authorities) - Land law not implemented Not available yet

**Increased capacity** from several actors, particularly traditional leaders and rural women, to better adapt to climate-security risks. Local authorities more aware of the importance of adaptation of climate-security risks and the specific needs of the affected communities. Strong indications of a decrease in conflict between cattle breeders and farmers, with the delimitation and sealing of horticultural perimeters protecting crops and avoiding the wandering of animals in the perimeters, one of the causes of this conflict.

	community, sectoral	participation in	and on the topic of
	and regional; - Low	decision making-	climate change to be
	information and	process at	able to find solutions
	knowledge on	community level.	on the ground."
	climate change issues and mitigation		"Many things we learned today that
	strategies;		we didn't see before
	strategies,	_	and that will
		_	strengthen our work
			on the ground day to
			day. What strikes me
			is that people were
			called who never
			participate in these
			kinds of activities
			and they gained that opportunity today. It
			will help improve the
			living situation of
			women and men and
			in mediating small
			conflicts."
In addition to the stakeholder specific imp additional human impact that the project l	nas had (650 words)		
You can also upload upto 3 files in various illustrate the human impact of the project <b>OPTIONAL</b>	formats (picture files,	powerpoint, pdf, video	o, etc.) to
File 1			
OPTIONAL			
C:\fakepath\PPT presentation.pdf			

4

Rural women and

targeted regions

WCSOs in all of the 3

- Lack of

participation of rural

women and women

CSOs in the decision-

making processes at

Increase of

all governance levels: strategies; Increased

information and

knowledge on

climate change

issues and mitigation

"We have learnt a lot

of things. We want to

take part in decision

making, as women,

to be prepared for

conflict mediation

File 2  OPTIONAL
Click here to upload file. (< 5MB)
File 3
OPTIONAL .
Click here to upload file. (< 5MB)
You can also add upto 3 links to online resources which illustrate the human impact of the project <b>OPTIONAL</b>
Link 1  OPTIONAL  https://undp.sharepoint.com/:v:/r/sites/UNDPGuineaBissau/Knowledge%20Management/Programme/Governance%2 %20Creating%20Safe%20Spaces%20and%20Empowering%20Women/3.%20Implementation/A%201.1.2%20Trainings%2 csf=1&web=1&e=mcMHWj
Link 2  OPTIONAL  https://undp.sharepoint.com/:f:/r/sites/UNDPGuineaBissau/Knowledge%20Management/Programme/Governance%20%20Women%20in%20Civic%20Spaces/5.%20Outputs/A1.3.2%20Awareness%20raising%20programmes?  csf=1&web=1&e=3ljBUY
Link 3  OPTIONAL

Please tick the applicable change based on above narrative.
How we worked:
Please select up to 3.
Enhanced digitization
Innovative ways of working
Mobilized additional resources
Improved or initiated policy frameworks
✓ Strengthened capacities
Partnered with Civil Society Organizations
Expanding coalitions & galvanizing political will
Strengthened partnerships with IFIs
Strengthened partnerships with UN Agencies
Please explain
Please limit your response to 350 words.
Please explain
Please limit your response to 350 words.
Please explain
Please limit your response to 350 words.

Who are we working with (in addition to the implementing partners)	*
Strengthened partnerships with IFIs	
Strengthened partnerships within UN Agencies	
Partnered with local civil society organizations	
Partnered with local academia	
Partnered with sub-national entities	
Partnered with national entities	
Partnered with local volunteers	
Please explain (If IFIs)  Please limit your response to 350 words.	
Please explain (If UN Agencies)  Please limit your response to 350 words.	
Leave No one Behind	
Select all beneficiaries targeted with the PBF resources as evidenced by the narrative	*
Mandatory	*
Mandatory Unemployed persons	*
Mandatory  Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)	*
Mandatory  Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)  Indigenous communities	*
Mandatory  Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)  Indigenous communities  Persons with Disabilities	*
Mandatory  Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)  Indigenous communities  Persons with Disabilities  Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)	*
<ul> <li>Mandatory</li> <li>Unemployed persons</li> <li>Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)</li> <li>Indigenous communities</li> <li>Persons with Disabilities</li> <li>Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)</li> <li>✓ Women</li> </ul>	*
Mandatory  Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)  Indigenous communities  Persons with Disabilities  Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)	*
<ul> <li>Mandatory</li> <li>Unemployed persons</li> <li>Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)</li> <li>Indigenous communities</li> <li>Persons with Disabilities</li> <li>Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)</li> <li>✓ Women</li> </ul>	*
<ul> <li>Mandatory</li> <li>Unemployed persons</li> <li>Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)</li> <li>Indigenous communities</li> <li>Persons with Disabilities</li> <li>Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)</li> <li>✓ Women</li> <li>Youth</li> </ul>	*
<ul> <li>Mandatory</li> <li>Unemployed persons</li> <li>Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)</li> <li>Indigenous communities</li> <li>Persons with Disabilities</li> <li>Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)</li> <li>✓ Women</li> <li>Youth</li> <li>Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression</li> </ul>	*
<ul> <li>Mandatory</li> <li>Unemployed persons</li> <li>Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)</li> <li>Indigenous communities</li> <li>Persons with Disabilities</li> <li>Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)</li> <li>✓ Women</li> <li>Youth</li> <li>Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression</li> <li>People living in and around border areas</li> </ul>	*

# PART IV: Monitoring, Evaluation and Compliance

## » Monitoring

Please list monitoring activities undertaken in the reporting period  Please limit your response to 350 words.  Implementation of a Baseline study, counting with the auscultation of all main project stakeholders and their involvement in a joint session for results presentation and discussion. The endline study is under recruitment.  Monthly inter-agency meetings, that have been recently integrated by the several project's Implementing Partners for better coordination and monitoring of the activities in the field.  Preparation of ToRs for each project activity before it's deployment in order to support and technically assist the Implementing Partners in the project planification as well as a means to quality assurance, as well as brief monitoring narrative reports requested to enhance their monitoring, reporting capacities.  Missions to monitor the activities of the CBPP, meetings with local and traditional authorities, monitoring of activities and assets placed in the communities (water boreholes, horticultural perimeters and repair of dykes).
Do outcome indicators have baselines?  If only some of the outcome indicators have baselines, select 'yes'  yes  no
Please provide a brief description  Please limit your response to 350 words.  Outcome indicators baselines were estimated bases in a thorough study bases in qualitative and quantitative data gathered in all 3 target-regions and 17 tabancas.
Elaborate on what sources of evidence have been used to report on indicators (and are available upon request)  Please limit your response to 350 words.  Project activity reports, activity assessment questionaires/perception surveys.
Has the project launched outcome level data collection initiatives? e.g. perception surveys  yes  no

Please provide a brief description  Please limit your response to 350 words.  In order to assess the perception of the target groups on the relevance and the results of the project, an evaluation questionnaire is foreseen in the ToR of each activity and applied after its completion. Endline study is under recruitment.
Has the project used or established community feedback mechanisms?
yes
ono no
» Evaluation
Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation?
yes
O no
Not Applicable
Evaluation budget (in USD):
Response required 85600
If project will end in next six months, and the overall project budget is above 1.5 million, is your upcoming evaluation on track? (Preparations)  Please limit your response to 350 words.  N/A.
No external evaluation should be procured by the project team, considering the instructions included in the PEACEBUILDING FUND Evaluation Policy (2022-2024) and PSBO directions: starting in 2021, the PBF will procure and manage evaluations of projects with budgets under or equal to \$1.5 million. Endline study consultant is being recruited.
Please mention the focal person accountable for sharing the final evaluation report with the PBF, name and email.
N/A.

## » Catalytic Effect

Catalytic Effect (financial): Indicate funding agent and amount of additional non-PBF funding support that has been leveraged by the project since it started. (y/n)
yes
no
If yes, how many additional grants or donors has the project leveraged?
1
Indicate name of funding agent and amount of additional non-PBF funding support that has been leveraged by the project.  Please enter each funding agent and their contributions separately
Name of Funder  NCE Funding Window- Flexible Funding Opportunity
Amount in USD 200000
Catalytic Effect (non-financial): Has the project enabled or created a larger or longer-term peacebuilding change to occur?
No catalytic effect
Some catalytic effect
Significant catalytic effect
Very Significant catalytic effect
On't Know
Too early to tell
If relevant, please describe how the project has had a (non-financial) catalytic effect i.e. ways in which the project has supported the expansion or creation of programs and policies supporting peace, both within and outside the UN system  Please limit your response to 350 words.  UNDP and WFP (and other UN partner Agencies) jointly developed and submitted an over 25M USD concept note to the AfDB that aims at reinforcing and scaling-up this project's intervention to other rural areas of the country.

### **Sustainability**

Does the project have an explicit exit strategy?

Please describe any steps that have been taken to ensure sustainability of peacebuilding gains beyond the duration of the project.

Please limit your response to 350 words.

- 1. Increased capacity, mainly Rural WCSOs, in climate resilience and participation in decision-making, full ownership of the resilience activities by the community, thanks to the participatory nature of the CBPP methodology for defining strategies to tackle communities' challenges and needs, and the installation of committee to monitor the CBPP actions plans, will ensure the sustainable management of communities' assets and enable stakeholders to continuously seek new adaptation solutions. DONE;
- 2. Closer partnerships with WCSOs and Rural Women's Organisations to ensure their voices are considered in future programming, allowing them to be engaged actors in the resilience and planning sphere DONE;
- 3. Increased installed capacity of community radio stations, in terms of skills, knowledge and operational resources, to continue running awareness-raising campaigns on the key issues addressed by the project DONE;
- 4. Dialogue forums at community, sectoral and regional levels, under the leadership of WCSOs, and including all relevant stakeholders in the targeted areas, for the development of common agendas (action plans and monitoring strategies) to tackle climate security risks; ONGOING
- 5. Strategic synergies to capitalize and sustain the project's peacebuilding gains:
- a. Microinsurance/savings initiative (project's catalytic effect by NCE Funding Window) implemented by UNDP in the same target-communities of Cacheu, enabling rural women's financial inclusion and availability of financial means to fund resilience initiatives. ONGOING;
- b. Political Stabilization, convey the common agendas created in the Women in Civic Spaces' dialogue forums, to the Citizen's Convention foreseen in March'24. ONGOING;
- c. Integrated Resilience and Prosperity Initiative (concept note) UNDP and WFP (and other UN partner Agencies) submitted a USD 25M initiative to AfDB aiming at reinforcing and scaling-up this project's intervention to other rural areas of the country, which will also contribute to Establish a National Adaptation Planning Process to Climate Change (in synergy with Green Climate funded project implemented by UNDP and National Authorities) ONGOING;

\*

Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations?

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The 3 regions/17 target-villages are geographically dispersed, face differentiated conflict contexts, stakeholders and climate-change vulnerabilities, and therefore require a tailored approach. The IP CSOs reveal little capacity to simultaneously implement activities in such a dispersed geographical area due to the limited number of qualified staff, logistic and transportation facilities. Both aspects contribute to a slower than expected implementation speed, having the project team, therefore, requested a 6-months project extension. Future projects with similar ambitions and strategies should focus on building the capacity of their implementing partners to guarantee the quality and time-efficiency of the intended results.

The mapping mission concluded that the project should cover 3 more communities in Cufada to mitigate the conflicts that could arise from selective support. Extending the scope of the project negatively affected the ratio of budget per tabanca for resilience activities, so vulnerability criteria were defined to determine the distribution of assets, such as the number of inhabitants, female-headed households, households with people with disabilities. Meetings were held with each community to increase understanding of the criteria that guided the distribution of assets.

Also, the geographical characteristics of some communities have made it difficult to dispose of certain assets, such as boreholes, since there is no transportation to move large drilling machines. An alternative solution to the problem could be rainwater harvesting, but there is no time until the end of the project to implement an alternative solution in a sustainable way.

The project is unanimously considered by its stakeholders as "relevant and necessary, since it not only meets the existing country needs and global priorities, but also presents a strong alignment with the main needs of the regions, sectors, tabancas and households that inhabit them" (Baseline Study). Despite the concerted efforts the team is making into accelerating implementation, the greatest stakeholder concern is sustainability mostly due to time constrains. There is a consensus among the partners that more time would be needed to allow greater capacity to develop alternative strategies for the challenges of implementing activities on the ground and, ultimately, to allow the positive results of the project to mature.

### **Monitoring and Oversight Activities**

Please describe any key event related to monitoring and oversight. Please click next if no activities have yet taken place.				
Monitoring and oversight activities	Name of the Event	Summary	Key Findings	
Event 1				
Event 2				

Event 3				
Event 4				
Event 5				
Event 6				
Event 7				
Event 8				
Final Steps				
<ul> <li>Please save a pdf cor</li> </ul>	py of the form by clicking or	n the <i>Printer</i> icon on the top	right corner of the	

- Please save a pdf copy of the form by clicking on the *Printer* icon on the top right corner of the page.
- A dialogue box will appear: Please select the A4 size and portrait orientation.
- Click "prepare" and save the document as a PDF (if on first attempt, the generated page is not readable, close the pop up page and try again. If the problem persists, you can contact technical support at the email address below)
- Please upload the pdf version of the report as well as your financial report in excel format on the MPTF-O gateway.

If you encounter any difficulty in filling the form or generating the print-out for MPTFO gateway, please contact Gabriel Velastegui gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org

Thank You. You have finished the report. Please Click on the SUBMIT button below. When the report is submitted, a confirmation note will appear on a yellow banner on top of the page. This can take a few seconds.