Peacebuilding Fund Project Progress Report (Update May_2023)



PROJECT OVERVIEW

Thank you for taking the time to complete the PBF Progress report. For projects with more than one recipient, please consult among co-recipients prior to filling out the form to ensure collaboration on the responses. You can generate a print out of the blank form by clicking on the *print* icon on the top right corner of the page. If you have any questions or require technical assistance in filling out the form, please send an email to gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org

Click Next below to start

» Report Submission

Type of report *	
Semi-annual	
Annual	
Final	
Other .	
Date of submission of report	
2023-11-15	
2023-11-15	
Name and Title of Person submitting the report Farah Ismail	
Name and Title of Person who approved the report Benjamin Moore	

Have all fund recipients for this project contributed to the report?
yes
no
B: I DDE C
Did PBF Secretariat review the report?
<i>If there is no PBF secretariat in country, please select "Not applicable". If there is a PBF secretariat, you should normally ensure that they have an opportunity to review.</i>
yes
ono no
Not Applicable
» Project Information and Geographical Scope
Is this a cross-border project?
yes ono

Please sel	ect the geographical regi	ion in which the project is in	mplemented
Asia a	and the Pacific	Central & Southern Afri	ca East Africa
Europ	e and Central Asia	Global	Latin America and the Caribean
Middl	e East and North Africa	West Africa	
Country o	f project implementatior	1	*
Ethio	oia	Kenya	Madagascar
Soma	lia	South Sudan	Sudan
Other	r, Specify		
Other, ple	ase specify		*
Project Tit	le		*
	0006: Building peace through anisms in South Sudan	n promoting inclusive and partic	ipatory transitional justice processes and
		nd patriarchal gender norms for s and communities in the Wunli	better mental health and peace and t Triangle
00129	9661: Community Action for	Peaceful Resolution of Housing,	Land and Property (HLP) Disputes and Conflicts
00113	3057: Enhancing Women's Ad	ccess to Land to Consolidate Pea	ace in South Sudan
00120	0688: Gender mainstreaming	g in Security Sector Reform	
00129	9659: Secretariat support to	the PBF portfolio in South Suda	1
00129 Sudai		iven and gender responsive per	manent constitution making process in South
00118	3940: Youth Action for Reduc	ed Violence and Enhanced Soci	al Cohesion in Wau, South Sudan
		stablishing participatory and in nd Security Agenda in South Suc	clusive local and national mechanisms for dan
00140	0011: Women's Leadership a	nd Political Participation During	South Sudan's Transitional Period
00140	0047: Local Solutions to Build	d Climate Resilience and Advanc	e Peace and Stability in Bor Pibor and Malakal
00140	0050: Resourcing change: inc	lusive peacebuilding from the g	round up
Other	r, Specify		
Write the	8 digit MPTFO number a	nd Project Title exactly as it	* appears in the Project Document
EXAMPLE: 00 host commu		evention of violence and social coh	esion using innovation for young people in displaced and

<i>If the project you are looking for does not appear in the following question, please make sure that you have selected the correct regions. A limited number of cross border projects span multiple geographic regions. For example, a cross border project between Niger and Chad spans both West Africa and Central & Southern Africa</i>
Asia and the Pacific Central & Southern Africa East Africa
Europe and Central Asia Global Latin America and the Caribean
Middle East and North Africa West Africa
Please select the title of the project for which you are submitting the report *
* Write the 8 digit MPTFO numbers and Project Title exactly as it appears in the Project Document EXAMPLE: 00129699/700: Supporting Cross-Border Cooperation for Increased Community Resilience and Social Cohesion in The Gambia
and Senegal
*
Please select the countries where this project is being implemented
Other, Please specify
Project Start Date (Date of first transfer)
2023-02-17
2023-02-17
Project end Date *
Project end Date 2026-02-17
2026-02-17
2026-02-17 2026-02-17
2026-02-17 2026-02-17 Has this project received an extension? *
2026-02-17 2026-02-17 Has this project received an extension? YES, Cost Extension
2026-02-17 2026-02-17 Has this project received an extension? YES, Cost Extension YES, No Cost Extension
2026-02-17 2026-02-17 Has this project received an extension? YES, Cost Extension YES, No Cost Extension YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions
2026-02-17 Has this project received an extension? YES, Cost Extension YES, No Cost Extension YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions NO, No Extensions
2026-02-17 2026-02-17 Has this project received an extension? YES, Cost Extension YES, No Cost Extension YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions NO, No Extensions Will this project be requesting an extension?
2026-02-17 2026-02-17 Has this project received an extension? YES, Cost Extension YES, No Cost Extension YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions NO, No Extensions Will this project be requesting an extension? YES, Cost Extension
2026-02-17 Has this project received an extension? YES, Cost Extension YES, No Cost Extension YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions NO, No Extensions Will this project be requesting an extension? YES, Cost Extension YES, Cost Extension YES, Cost Extension

Is funding disbursed either into a national or regional trust fund?	*
yes	
ono no	
If yes, please select which	*
National Trust Fund	
Regional Trust Fund	
Recipients	
Is the convening agency a UN agency or a non UN entity?	*
UN entity	
Non-UN Entity	
Please select the convening agency recipient	*
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme IOM: International Organization for Migration	
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund	
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights	
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women	
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund	
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme	
UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme	
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization	
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization	
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime	
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development FundUNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and CrimeUNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services	
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization	
UNDPO Other, Specify	
Other Place specific	*
Other, Please specify	
Are there other recipients for this project?	*
No other recipients	
Yes, other UN recipients only	
Yes, other non-UN recipients only	
Yes, both UN and non-UN recipients	

Please select other UN recipients	k
Select all that apply	
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme IOM: International Organization for Migration	
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund	
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights	
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women	
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund	
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme	
UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme	
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization	
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization	
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO	
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime	
UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services	
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization ITC: International Trade Centre	
UN Department of Peace Operations Other, Specify	
Other, Please specify	*
Citien, include Specify	

Plea	se select other non-UN recipio	ts	*
	Action Aid	The African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD))
	Agence de Coopération et de Rec	rche pour le Développement (ACORD)	
	American Friends Service Commit	e (AFSC) Avocats Sans Frontières	
	Avocats Sans Frontières Belgium	Avocats sans frontières Canada Christian Aid Ireland	
	CARE International UK	The Carter Center, Inc.	
	Centre d'étude et de coopération	ternationale (CECI) - BF COIPRODEN	
	Concern Worldwide	CORDAID CORD Burundi	
	DanChurchAid	Fundacion Estudios Superior (FESU) Fund for Congolese Wome	n
	Fundación Mi Sangre (FMS)	Fundación Nacional para el Desarrollo de Honduras (FUNADEH)	
	Fundación para la Libertad de Pre	sa (FLIP) HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation	
	Humanity & Inclusion (HI)	Instituto Holandes para Democracia Multipartidaria (NIMD)	
	International Alert	Interpeace Kvinna till Kvinna Foundation	
	Life and Peace Institute (LPI)		
	(MDG-EISA) Institut Electoral pour	ne Démocratie Durable en Afrique (EISA), bureau de Madagascar	
	Mercy Corps	MSIS-TATAO Norwegian Refugee Council (NR	(C)
	ONG AZHAR	OXFAM Peace Direct	
	PNG UN Country Fund	Red de Instituciones por los Derechos de la Niñez	
	Sampan'Asa Momba ny Fampand	soana (SAF/FJKM) Saferworld	
	Search for Common Ground (SFC	SismaMujer Tearfund	
	Trocaire	World Vision International World Vision Myanmar	
	ZOA	Other, Please specify	
	er, Please specify plementing Partners		*
		s has the project transferred money to date?	

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date	
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner National youth CSO National women's CSO Other National CSO Subnational youth CSO Subnational women's CSO Other subnational CSO	*
Regional CSO Regional Organisation International NGO Governmental entity Other Other, Please specify	
What is the name of the Implementing Partner Community Empowerment for Progress Organization (CEPO) What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date	*
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date 63250 Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner Please limit your response to 175 words Facilitate joint/inter-community and inter-generational climate-informed dialogues designed to address conflict factors and areas of priority as determined by participants (Bor, Pibor)	*
	٦

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date	
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner National youth CSO National women's CSO Other National CSO Subnational youth CSO Subnational women's CSO Other subnational CSO Regional CSO Regional Organisation International NGO Governmental entity Other Other, Please specify	*
What is the name of the Implementing Partner South Sudan Development Agency (SUDA) What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date	*
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner Please limit your response to 175 words Livestock (community-based animal health workers), crop production and vegetable production in Malakal	*

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date	
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner National youth CSO National women's CSO Other National CSO Subnational youth CSO Subnational women's CSO Other subnational CSO Regional CSO Regional Organisation International NGO Governmental entity Other	*
Other, Please specify	
What is the name of the Implementing Partner Veterinaries Sans Frontiers (VSF Germany)	*
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date 23011	*
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner Please limit your response to 175 words Livestock (community-based animal health workers), crop production and vegetable production in Pibor.	*

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date	
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner National youth CSO National women's CSO Other National CSO Subnational youth CSO Subnational women's CSO Other subnational CSO Regional CSO Regional Organisation International NGO Governmental entity Other	*
Other, Please specify	
What is the name of the Implementing Partner Norwegian People Aid (NPA)	*
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date 19941	*
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner Please limit your response to 175 words Livestock (community-based animal health workers), crop production and vegetable production in Bor	*

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner National youth CSO National women's CSO Other National CSO Subnational youth CSO Subnational women's CSO Other subnational CSO Regional CSO Regional Organisation International NGO Governmental entity Other
Other, Please specify
What is the name of the Implementing Partner African Women Empowered (AWE)
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date 37500
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner Please limit your response to 175 words Raising community awareness on peace and climate change issues as well as the importance of women and girls' participation

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date	
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner National youth CSO National women's CSO Other National CSO Subnational youth CSO Subnational women's CSO Other subnational CSO Regional CSO Regional Organisation International NGO Governmental entity Other Other, Please specify	*
What is the name of the Implementing Partner Empower Youth Africa (EYA)	*
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date 37503	*
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner Please limit your response to 175 words Empower conflict-affected communities to build climate resilience and promote peace. EYA's activities will include capacity building and awarness raising for communities in their Jonglei/GPAA	*

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
What is the name of the Implementing Partner
Organization for Peace, Relief and Development (OPRD)
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date
37440
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner *Please limit your response to 175 words Empower conflict-affected communities to build climate resilience and promote peace. EYA's activities will include capacity building and awarness raising for communities in Malakal

Financial Reporting

» Delivery by Recipient

Please enter the total amounts in US dollars allocated to each recipient organization

Please enter the original budget amount, amount transferred to date and estimated expenditure by recipient.

Please make sure you enter the correct amount. All values should be entered in **US Dollars**

For cross-border projects, group the amounts by agency, even if different country offices are involved. You will have the opportunity to share a more detailed budget in the next section.

Recipients	Total Project	Transfers to	Expenditure	Implementati
	Budget	date	to date	on rate as a
	(in US \$)	(in US \$)	(in US \$)	percentage of
	Please enter the total budget as is in the project document in US Dollars	Please enter the total amount transferred to each recipient to date in US Dollars	Please enter the approximate amount spent to date in US dollars	total budget (calculated automatically)
IOM:	*	*	*	13.7%
Internation				
al				
Organizatio	450000	4050000		
n for	1500000	1050000	205519.21	
Migration				
wigi action				
	*	*	*	%
UNWOMEN:	*	*	*	14.83%
United				
Nations				
Entity for				
Gender				
Equality and	1080700	756490	160316.94	
the	1000700	, 50450	100010.04	
Empowerme				
nt of				
Women				

FAO: Food	*	*	*	34.6%
and Agriculture Organizatio	110000	770000	380583	
Organizatio n	1100000	770000	380583	
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
				70
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	
				%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	
				%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	
				%

TOTAL	3680700	2576490	746419.15	20.2 8%	
The approximate im	plementation rate as p	percentage of total pro	ject budget based or	n the values	
entered in the above	e matrix is 20.28% . Co				
If it is incorrect, pleas	se enter the approxim	ate implementation ra	ate as a %		
» Gender-responsiv	ve Budgeting				
-	Indicate what percentage (%) of the budget contributes to gender equality or women's empowerment (GEWE)? 51.83				
based on percentage that this is correct?					
If it is incorrect, pleas	If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>budget amount</i> allocated to GEWE in US Dollars 1907603.03				
US \$ 386869.05.	Amount expended to date on efforts contributiong to gender equality or women's empowerment is US \$ 386869.05. Is this correct? Correct Incorrect				
If it is incorrect, pleas 349058.78	se enter the <i>expenditu</i>	<i>ire to date</i> on GEWE ir	uS dollars	,	
_	ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET SHOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE. The templates for the budget are available here			k	
IOM PBF Project Budge	t_Annex D_PBF (1) (2)-20_;	29_40.xlsx		7	

Project Markers

Pleas	se select the Gender Marker Associated with this project	*
\bigcirc	Score 1 for projects that contribute in some way to gender equality, but not significantly (less than 30% of the total budget for GEWE)	
	Score 2 for projects that have gender equality as a significant objective and allocate between 30 and 79% of the total project budget to GEWE	
	Score 3 for projects that have gender equality as a principal objective and allocate at least 80% of the total project budget to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE)	
Pleas	se select the Risk Marker Associated with this project	*
\bigcirc	Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes	
	Risk marker 1 = medium risk to achieving outcomes	
\bigcirc	Risk marker 2 = high risk to achieving outcomes	
Pleas	se select the PBF Focus Area associated with this project	*
\bigcirc	(1.1) Security Sector Reform	
\bigcirc	(1.2) Rule of Law	
	(1.3) Demobilisation, Disarmament and Reintegration	
\bigcirc	(1.4) Political Dialogue	
	(2.1) National reconciliation	
\bigcirc	(2.2) Democratic Governance	
	(2.3) Conflict prevention/management	
\bigcirc	(3.1) Employment	
	(3.2) Equitable access to social services	
	(4.1) Strengthening of essential national state capacity	
\bigcirc	(4.2) Extension of state authority/Local Administration	
	(4.3) Governance of peacebuilding resources (including PBF Secretariats)	
Is the	e project part of one or more PBF priority windows?	*
Select	t all that apply	
	Gender promotion initiative	
	Youth promotion initiative	
	Transition from UN or regional peacekeeping or special political missions	
	Cross-border or regional project	
✓	None	

Steering Committee and Government engagement

Completed

Does the project have an active steering committee?					
yes yes					
no					
If yes, please indicate how many times the Project Steering Committee has met over the last 6 months?					
Please provide a brief description of any engagement that the project has had with the government over the last 6 months. Please indicate what level of government the project has been engaging with.					
The International Organization for Migration (IOM) and the UN Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women) participated in the South Sudan PBF Steering Committee - established in January 2023 – serving as a coordinating body for strategic oversight and guidance for the planning and implementation of PBF projects in South Sudan.					
In addition, since the project started in February 2023, the convening agency has established a Technical Working Group (TWG) consisting of the recipient United Nations (UN) organizations (RUNOs) and Resident Coordinator Office (RCO), in coordination with the UN Climate Security Advisor in South Sudan and his team for regular technical guidance. UNMISS RoLAS is invited to TWG meetings where it was relevant to highlight interlinkages with the Reconciliation Stabilisation and Resilience Trust Fund (RSRTF)-funded project titled: Partnership for Door – Ganon – Maal. A sub-technical working group: the Monitoring and Evaluation Interagency Team (M&E IT) was formed for monitoring and evaluation planning, with the Terms of References (TORs) agreed on in April 2023. Since the project start date, the TWG held 13 meetings (the outcomes of these meetings are summarized in the Monitoring and Oversight Activities table in p.22).					
PART I: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS					
NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE REPORT:					
Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language.					
 Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do. 					
 Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse. Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive. 					
• Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is genuer and age sensitive.					
Please rate the implementation status of the following preliminary/preparatory activities					
*Contracting of partners					
Not Started					
Completed Not Applicable					
* Staff Recruitment					

Not Applicable

ollection of baselines		
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed
Completed	Not Applicable	
dentification of beneficiarie	2S	
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed
Completed	Not Applicable	

Provide any additional descriptive information relating to the status of the project, including whether preliminary/preparatory activities have been completed (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment, etc.)

With the end of the inception phase as of mid-July 2023 the project team completed the below during this project period:

The project teams established the TWG and the M&E IT and developed the M&E IT ToRs.

IOM completed partnership agreement with CEPO in June 2023, who is now fully operational and has completed a number of activities. Internal recruitment of key project staff was also completed.

FAO has completed signing three letters of Agreement with service providers: SSUDA in Malakal, NPA in Bor, and VSF-G in Pibor. Specific location targeting on thePayam-level under Outcome II is completed after an in-depth analysis process specific selection criteria (IPC1 categorisation) and extensive consultations among project partners, government stakeholders and community members. These are namely the following: Pibor (Kavachoch/Gogolthin Akillo, Lenyris and Manyrang Payams); Bor (Jalle, Baidit, Makuach, Anyidi and Kolnyang Payams); in Malakal (Protection of Civilians site);

UN Women has finalised the selection of implementing partners (IPs) – namely AWE, EYA, OPRD – and has released \$112, 443 for partners to start implementing projects. UN Women will hold an induction training for IPs on 17-18 October 2023, to familiarize them with the standard operating procedures (SOPs) for reporting and expectations. UN Women has also signed partnership agreements with IPs in Bor, Pibor, and Malakal. This means that UN Women will be working with these partners to implement the project. The project is expected to begin in November 2023. A call for proposals for the development of a climate-informed, trauma-informed peacebuilding training manual has been made?. This manual will be used in Bor, Pibor, and Malakal to help people learn how to build peace in a way that takes into account the effects of climate change and trauma.

The M&E IT initiated M&E activities and the development of necessary tools for the baseline collection. In April-June 2023, the M&E developed perception survey questions seeking to capture community views on specific issues, such as the prevalence of conflicts within their communities, the main natural resources available and the extent to which these resources are shared with neighbouring communities. The survey also sought to examine the extent to which communities, particularly women, are –engaged in the envisaged dialogues under Outcome I and the role played by each stakeholder in this peacebuilding process. The baseline assessment was completed in August 2023.

The project team is systematically refining the project's intervention strategy in light of the changes in local dynamics, particularly in Jonglei/Greater Pibor Administration Area (GPAA). This process entailed consistent engagement with the Jonglei/GPAA Area Reference Group (ARG) to discuss the breakout of mobilizations and violence between armed youth in Jonglei and GPAA that erupted in December 2022 and continues through the year albeit intermittently.

Summarize *the main structural, institutional or societal level change* the project has contributed to. This is not anecdotal evidence or a list of individual outputs, but a description of progress made toward the main purpose of the project where evidence of contribution to outcomes is available if requested

FOR PROJECTS WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF COMPLETION ONLY (550 word limit)

NA

PART II: RESULT PROGRESS BY PROJECT OUTCOME

Describe overall progress under each Outcome made during the reporting period (for June reports:
anuary-June; for November reports: January-November; for final reports: full project duration).
Do not list individual activities. If the project is starting to make/has made a difference at the outcome
level, provide specific evidence for the progress (quantitative and qualitative) and explain how it
impacts the broader political and peacebuilding context.

- "On track" refers to the timely completion of outputs as indicated in the workplan.
- "On track with peacebuilding results" refers to higher-level changes in the conflict or peace factors that the project is meant to contribute to. These effects are more likely in mature projects than in newer ones.

How many OUTCOMES does this project have
1 2 <mark>3</mark> 4 5 more than 5.
Please write out the project outcomes as they are in the project results framework found in the project document
Outcome 1: Climate informed, gender-age sensitive peace processes effectively resolve or prevent the escalation of disputes, including disputes due to competition over natural resources
Outcome 2: Inter-communal peace dividends are promoted through the implementation and operationalization of prioritized actions in Peacebuilding Roadmaps and Action Plans
Outcome 3: Enhanced long-term local customary capacities in dispute resolution, including climate-related disputes
Outcome 4:
Outcome 5:
Outcome 6:
Outcome 7:

Outcome 8:	*
Additional Outcomes	*
If the project has more than 8 outcomes, please enumerate the remain	ning outcomes here

Outcome 1: Climate informed, gender-age sensitive peace processes effectively resolve or prevent the escalation of disputes, including disputes due to competition over natural resources				
Rate the current status of the outcome progress				
1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results				

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

During the reporting period, CEPO led the facilitation of two youth-led and climate-informed dialogues in Bor and Pibor in September and October 2023, respectively. These dialogues were designed to address conflict factors and areas of priority when it comes to climate action. The presence of the State Ministry of Peacebuilding and the State Advisor of Peace and Human Rights resulted in fruitful interactions with the youth and government representatives and demonstrated the need for more platforms that bring the two together to deliberate over possible avenues for climate action jointly with the government. Overall, the dialogues were a critical opportunity for Civil Society Organisation (CSO)-led community engagement vis a vis government officials. The dialogues also included interventions from person with disability who were key in the discussions as special measures were taken to facilitate their participation throughout the activities (e.g., inclusion of a sign language specialist to translate for persons with hearing disability). A key outcome of these two dialogues was the identification of Peace and Climate Change (PCC) youth ambassadors who will play a central role in the upcoming implementation period of the project.

Furthermore, the project team leveraged the space created by the UNMISS-led dialogue process in Bor and Pibor. In May 2023, UNMISS organised a dialogue among the Murle community in Pibor. This dialogue was a timely opportunity for community members to articulate their views/concerns and jointly agree on efforts to sustain peace and build community resilience across Jonglei State/GPAA. It was also an avenue to provide assistance to the UNMISS-led process in terms of potential follow-up support, in case communities outline priority areas for action which can be responded to under this project. With education and awareness raising identified as a key priority area, community members indeed highlighted the need for a better understanding of the implications of climate change – particularly flooding – on their community. The South Sudan UN Climate Security Advisor took part in the dialogue and provided a presentation on the implications of climate change on human security in Jonglei/GPAA, which was followed by a presentation by IOM on the desired outcomes of this project for GPAA.

In Malakal, IOM carried out eight pre-dialogues in the August-September period. IOM conducted these pre-dialogues with a two-fold objective: (1) contribute to a reduction of tension between the communities in Malakal PoC and Malakal Town; (2) assess communities' level of readiness and acceptance to address conflict dynamics, tension triggers as well as joint problem solving to the rising flood-related risks in a joint forum to be planned to be conducted early November 2023.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

The outcome ensures Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment as well as Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness by designing the activities conducted during this reporting period to be centred around the participation of women and youth. In particular, the CEPO-led dialogues in Bor and Pibor not only ensured a large participation of youth but also allowed the youth to lead the articulation of resolutions during the dialogue process. In doing so, youth priorities were mainstreamed throughout the resolutions (e.g., The Youth of Jonglei need help to advocate for policymaking on climate change and peacebuilding in Jonglei state). However, a key challenge encountered by CEPO during the implementation of the activities under this outcome was the low turnout of women, which is presumed to be due to cultural values. Learning from that, the project team is supporting CEPO in the implementation of the upcoming activities project to ensure that this component specifically is monitored. This is where the role of UN Women is key.

Indeed, UN Women has engaged AWE, a women-led organization, as one of its IPs for the project in Bor. AWE has a strong track record of working with women and girls in South Sudan, ensuring that the project will be implemented from a woman's perspective and that the needs of women and girls will be prioritized. In addition, the EYA is diverse group of young people who will be implementing activities in Pibor. The EYA will ensure that the project will be implemented from a variety of perspectives and that the needs of all young people will be considered. These IPs will come together to support better gender mainstreaming and youth inclusion moving forward under this output.

The development of a gender/age sensitive peacebuilding training manual is planned under this outcome - with support of a Gender Advisor from UN Women. This training manual will also build on IOM, UN Women and FAO's materials from previous peacebuilding and livelihood interventions, integrating climate concerns (e.g., impact of climate shocks on violence), women and youth's leadership opportunities in addressing climate concerns and their role in the management of natural resources, and emergency preparedness.

Outcome 2: Inter-communal peace dividends are promoted through the implementation and operationalization of prioritized actions in Peacebuilding Roadmaps and Action Plans	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	*

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

Output 2.1. Inter-communal peace dividends are promoted through the implementation and operationalization of prioritized actions in Peacebuilding Roadmaps and Action Plans

Preliminary steps were taken during the inception phase (February-June 2023) to prepare for interventions envisaged under this outcome, particularly through mapping out the existing natural resources and hotspots where climate risks and conflict threats overlap at the county level in Bor, Pibor and Malakal. Key elements mapped out thus far include land cover classes (e.g., types of crop fields and water sources), flooding tendencies over the past rainy seasons, livestock migration due to floods, grazing land points, and livestock conflict hotspots. In this view, FAO and IOM jointly produced five maps that detailed land cover features and different movement triggers in the region, merging both FAO's land cover and natural resource mapping data with IOM Displacement Tracking Matrix's (DTM) mobility and event tracking data.

To inform upcoming project activities, FAO is leading the development of an ongoing conflict analysis/Data in Emergencies (DIEM), which is jointly being conducted with the national Ministry of Peacebuilding and State Ministries of Peacebuilding. This initiative is aimed at identifying complex conflicts related to cattle raiding and cattle migration, land conflict (territorial boundaries and fishing zones), forest and water management. A report will be available in November 2023. The key findings of this assessment will inform project implementation, other resilience, and peacebuilding related interventions. This will pave the way for the implementation of resilience activities, scheduled to start from 15 November 2023 and cover the dry season.

In addition - and in coordination with UNMISS Civil Affairs Division (CAD) - IOM is leading the development of a study on the transhumance corridor from Southern Jonglei into Eastern and Central Equatoria, building on IOM projects in both locations. This research examines the push and pull factors for changing cattle migration routes along the corridor in order to better understand the root causes of cattle migration, including changing patterns of flooding and its impact on peace and stability across this region. The analysis will provide key recommendations for partners across the Humanitarian-Development-Peace Nexus (HDPN) in order inform their planning and interventions along the transhumance corridor.

Further, FAO has engaged three IPs: SSUDA in Malakal, NPA in Bor, and VSF-G in Pibor. Orientation meetings have been conducted with these IPs covering expectations on the implementation of the project activities and outputs in the respective locations. Subsequently, clear work plans have been defined to pave way for the implementation of resilience activities that will start in November 2023 to cover dry and main season responses.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

While activity implementation under this outcome is not yet initiated, the outcome ensures Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment as well as Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness. This is demonstrated by the targeting criteria set for each Output under this outcome which includes; (1) Preference for females owning livestock because of the role they play in livestock production and due to their under representation; (2) A set percentage (9%) of the targeted 50 CAHWs to be female3; (3) Targeting of female headed households, households affected by flooding, households with people living with disability or chronically ill people; (4) Youth groups.

Outcome 3: Enhanced long-term local customary capacities in dispute resolution, including climate-related disputes						
late the current status of the outcome progress						
1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results						

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

IOM completed the onboarding of its Customary Law Expert and activity implementation for this outcome was initiated in mid-June 2023 as planned. This expert played a key role in the customary law review process and methodology that was piloted and has demonstrated significant results in existing programming across multiple locations in South Sudan such as Central Equatoria, Abyei Administrative Area, and Western Bahr-El Ghazal.

In June 2023, IOM – jointly with FAO – kick-started the field assessment of the customary laws' status and conditions of the traditional institutions in Bor and Pibor counties. The process included individual interviews and Focus Group Discussions (FGDs) conducted by the IOM and FAO team with selected government officials and civil society representatives. The main objective of the assessment was to establish the status of the customary laws and traditional justice systems in Bor and Pibor and also examine how climate-related risks fit within the existing architecture of customary laws, traditions and practices in Jonglei/GPAA. Climate-related shocks are risk multipliers that can contribute to reinforcing harmful practices and coping mechanisms, particularly in relation to land tenure. Consequently, these initial assessments will culminate in two customary review workshops scheduled to take place in November 2023.

As IOM is also implementing in Jonglei/GPAA the RSRTF-funded Partnerships for Peace project for the period of April 2023 to April 2025, resource efficiencies and complementarities were found between this outcome under this project and the intervention envisaged by UNMISS Rule of Law section (RoLAS) (key actor under the Stabilisation Pillar). Coordination meetings from June to September 2023 have culminated in a collaboration between the IOM and UNMISS RoLAS during the upcoming customary law review workshops – scheduled to take place in November 2023. This collaboration is key given that the outcomes of these review workshops will help complement UNMISS' activities in Jonglei/GPAA, which includes providing trainings to informal justice stakeholders – and thus the reviewed customary law is a key tool to be used and disseminated. Training and capacity building activities for customary law actors is an important follow-up activity that ensures adequate operationalisation and dissemination of the products produced by the customary law review process. Thus, this coordination between IOM and the Stabilisation pillar will allow for cost efficiencies and overall harmonised intervention process across Jonglei/GPAA.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

A signature intervention area of IOM's Customary Law Review (CLR) process is the review of multiple re-enforcing components that address gender-based inequalities. Customary laws often include laws that contradict the South Sudan national constitution, and international norms and standards on gender equality and human rights. Indeed, IOM's CLR process in other locations, - such as Central Equatoria, Abyei Special Administrative Area (ASAA), Unity, Warrap, and Western Bahr-el Ghazal -has demonstrated significant results related to reducing gender inequalities and women's empowerment (e.g., eliminating laws prohibiting women from inheriting land from their deceased husband). While it is recognized that the proposed CLR process will not resolve all gender inequalities, it does establish a process of community-driven discussion on what are acceptable behaviours, customs, norms and traditions, and establish these as community law, a process that is iterative and includes voices of young people, young women and other groups that are often marginalized and excluded from decision-making processes.

During the customary law review assessment conducted in June 2023 in both Bor and Pibor, the team ensured that the views of women and youth were adequately reflected in the data collection process. This was done by scheduling separate FGDs with women representatives and youth representatives and ensuring that the questions and direction of the discussion were gender and age sensitive. The outcome of this was an in-depth assessment of the challenges faced by women and youth in their community and how customs and traditions in both locations can aggravate gender and age-based discrimination. For example, findings from Pibor showed that the increase of bride wealth rates (dowry) to up to 100 cattle, in comparison to around 42 cattle in the past, partially explains the rise in cattle raiding and violent behaviour due to the lack of economic/employment alternatives. This is then aggravated by climate risks that have caused massive death and diseases to cattle. Therefore, a review process of this provision alone, and a potential reduction in dowry can engender positive effects on violence reduction.

Further, the above-mentioned review of Jonglei/GPAA customary law review process will allow for a community-led deliberation of existing harmful customs and practices contributing to gender-based inequalities. Following that, and at the stage where the customary court is restructured and capacitated to better conduct their assigned role (Activity 3.2.6), court membership will be aligned to the Local Government Act and will ensure that a minimum of 35 per cent of members are women.

Outcome 4:	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	*
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	*
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	

Outcome 5:
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Outcome 6:
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces. **
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Outcome 7:
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

Outcome 8:	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	*
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	*
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	
If the project has more than 8 outcomes, please use this text box to describe the <i>status</i> of progress (on track with evidence of peacebuilding outcomes, on track or off track), as well as briefly describe the progress and any analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome	*

INDICATOR BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments-provide an update on the achievement of key indicators at the **outcome** level in the table below

- If an outcome has more than 3 indicators , select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (300 characters max per entry)

» Outcome 1: Climate informed, gender-age sensitive peace processes effectively resolve or prevent the escalation of disputes, including disputes due to competition over natural resources

Outcome 1	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
1.1	% of targeted community members who report reduced violence in their community	26%	50% (50% women 50% men)	N/A	Outcome indicators will be measured near the end of the project
1.2	% of targeted communities willing to cooperate with other communities and engage in joint natural resource management	41%	30%	N/A	Outcome indicators will be measured near the end of the project
1.3	% of women and youth participants who report being able to hold leading roles during the peace dialogues and the development of Peacebuilding Roadmaps and Actions Plans	TBD	75%	N/A	Outcome indicators will be measured near the end of the project. Baseline will be determined after analysis of feedback surveys from participants of activities under Outcome I.

How many outputs does outcome 1 have?

1 2

4

more than 5.

Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 1

5

Output 1.1

Enhanced local capacities for conflict mitigation and natural resource management for targeted groups including women and youth groups.

Output 1.2 Climate-informed, gender/age sensitive peace and security concerns are articulated in Peacebuilding Roadmaps and Actions Plan
Output 1.3 essons learned and synthesis climate-informed peacebuilding approach
Output 1.4
Output 1.5
Other Outputs f Outcome 1 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

» Output 1.1

	i	Ĭ			1	1
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Enhance	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
d local	S	<i>baseline value of the indicator</i>	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
capacitie	Describe the		State the target	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
s for	indicator		value of the indicator at the	State the current	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	Explain why the indicator is off
conflict			end of the project	<i>value of the indicator for the</i>	project	<i>indicator is off track or has</i>
mitigatio			project	reporting period		changed, where relevant
n and						relevant
natural						
resource						
manage ment for						
targeted						
groups						
including						
women						
and						
youth						
groups.						
1.1.1	% of trained	TBD	75%	0	0	Trainings
						targeting
1	women and					Largelling
	women and youth report					women and
	youth report increased capacity to					women and youth will commence
	youth report increased capacity to participate in					women and youth will commence once the
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision-					women and youth will commence once the training
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision- making					women and youth will commence once the training manual is
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision- making related to					women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised.
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision-making related to conflict					women and youth will commence once the training manual is
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision-making related to conflict resolution,					women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised. Baseline data
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision-making related to conflict					women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised. Baseline data to be collected
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision- making related to conflict resolution, particularly					women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised. Baseline data to be collected and inserted
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision-making related to conflict resolution, particularly climate					women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised. Baseline data to be collected and inserted with the
	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision-making related to conflict resolution, particularly climate induced conflict.					women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised. Baseline data to be collected and inserted with the completion of the activity.
1.1.2	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision-making related to conflict resolution, particularly climate induced conflict.	0	7	4 (2 dialogues	4	women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised. Baseline data to be collected and inserted with the completion of the activity.
1.1.2	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision- making related to conflict resolution, particularly climate induced conflict. Number of dialogues	0	7	in Bor, 2	4	women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised. Baseline data to be collected and inserted with the completion of the activity.
1.1.2	youth report increased capacity to participate in decision-making related to conflict resolution, particularly climate induced conflict.	0	7	_	4	women and youth will commence once the training manual is finalised. Baseline data to be collected and inserted with the completion of the activity.

1.1.3	Percentage of resolutions	0	20-30%	26%	26%	No delays or variance.
	resulting from					
	the peace					
	dialogues that					
	include the					
	joint					
	initiatives,					
	joint climate					
	action or joint					
	management					
	of natural					
	resources.					

	ı	I			I	
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Climate-	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
informe	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
d,	Describe the		State the target	g period	<i>cummulative</i> <i>value of the</i>	(if any)
gender/a	indicator		value of the indicator at the	State the current	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	Explain why the indicator is off
ge			end of the project	<i>value of the indicator for the</i>	project	track or has
sensitive			, ,	reporting period		changed, where relevant
peace						
and						
security						
concerns						
are						
articulat						
ed in						
Peacebui						
lding						
Roadma						
ps and						
Actions						
Plan						
1.2.1	Number of Peacebuilding Roadmaps and Action plans developed	0	3	0	0	Workshops to be conducted after the completion of IOM activities under output 1.1
1.2.2	% of community representative, women and youth who	TBD	75%	0	0	Baseline data to be collected and inserted with the completion of
	perceive that their interests and concerns					the activity.
	are					
	adequately addressed in					
	the					
	Peacebuilding					
	Roadmaps					
	and Actions					
	plans					
<u> </u>	L	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	

1.2.3	Number of	0	3 (per	0	0	0
	agreements to		location)			
	commit made					
	by line					
	ministries to					
	monitor					
	Peacebuilding					
	Roadmaps					
	and Actions					
	Plans					
	implementation					
				-		

	_					
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Lessons	Indicator	State the baseline value of	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
learned	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
and	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
synthesi	indicator		<i>indicator at the</i>	State the current	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	Explain why the indicator is off
s			end of the project	<i>value of the indicator for the</i>	project	track or has
climate-				reporting period		changed, where relevant
informe						
d						
peacebui						
Iding						
_						
approac						
h						
1.3.1	Number of	0	1(minimum)	Climate	0	No delays or
	areas within			security and		variance
	and outside			peacebuilding		
	South Sudan			expert		
	where report's lessons			recruitment in progress		
	learned, and			progress		
	recommendatio	n				
	are applicable					
1.3.2	% of 'Youth	TBD	75%	0	0	No delays or
	Peace					variance
	Ambassadors"					
	who perceive					
	they would be					
	able to influence					
	positive					
	change in					
	their					
	community by					
	advancing					
	peacebuilding					
	and					
	cooperation					
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I	

1.3.3	Number of events, media engagements including social media during the	0	3	1	1	No delays or variance. Youth Peace Ambassadors were engaged during the
	project					delegation from the
						Netherlands
						to Bor.
						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the baseline value of	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		indicator at the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
1.4.1						
1.4.2						
		<u></u>			<u></u>	
1.4.3						

Output 1.5:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
1.5.1						
1.5.2						
1.5.3						

» Outcome 2: Inter-communal peace dividends are promoted through the implementation and operationalization of prioritized actions in Peacebuilding Roadmaps and Action Plans

operacionanzac	ion or prioritized	actions in Peace	bulluling Roauline	aps and Action Fi	alis
Outcome 2	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
2.1	% of targeted community members who report improved ability to adapt to climate threats such as floods without major qualitative change to their lifestyle	5%	75%	N/A	Outcome indicators will be measured near the end of the project
2.2	Number of Peacebuilding Roadmaps and Actions Plans that have started implementation	0	3	N/A	Outcome indicators will be measured near the end of the project
2.3					
How many outpu	its does outcome 2	have?			
		more than 5.			
Please list up to 5	of most relevant o	outputs for outcor	ne 2		
	eace dividends are p iilding Roadmaps an		ne implementation a	and operationalizati	on of prioritized
Output 2.2					

Output 2.3

utput 2.4	
utput 2.5	
ther Outputs	
Outcome 2 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here	

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

	l	l		l		
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Inter-	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
commun	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
al peace	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
dividend	muicator		indicator at the end of the	<i>State the current value of the</i>	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i>	Explain why the indicator is off
s are			project	indicator for the	project	track or has
promote				reporting period		changed, where relevant
d						
through						
the						
impleme						
ntation						
and						
operatio						
nalizatio						
n of						
prioritize						
d actions						
in						
Peacebui						
lding						
Roadma						
ps and						
Action						
Plans						

2.1.1	Number of updated maps of natural resources and hotspots of climate and conflict threat	0	3 maps (Bor, Malakal and Pibor)	5 maps, including 3 FAO land cover maps. 1 conflict analysis (in progress)	5 maps	FAO and IOM merged land cover and natural resource data with IOM Displacement Tracking Matrix's (DTM) mobility and event tracking data and produced 2 additional maps No delay or variance.
2.1.2	Number of trainings provided	0	13	1 training of trainers on conflict and tenure disputes for states government officials (4 participants from Bor, 5 from Pibor and 2 from Malakal) was organized from 20-23 September 2023. All training will be completed by February 2024.	1	No delay or variance.
2.1.3	% of youth representatives who perceive improved knowledge and technical skill in EWEA for conflict and climate threats	TBD	75%	0	0	No delay or variance. Activity implementation will start on 15 November 2023. Indicator progress will be reported in the next project report.

Output 2.2:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.2.1						
2.2.2						
2.2.3						

Output 2.3:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.3.1						
2.3.2						
2.3.3						

Output 2.4:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.4.1						
2.4.2						
2.4.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		value of the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.5.1						
2.5.2						
2.5.3						

» Outcome 3: Enhanced long-term local customary capacities in dispute resolution, including climate-related disputes

Outcome 3	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
3.1	% of community members who perceive they can rely on customary institutions for dispute resolution	35%	75%	N/A	Outcome indicators will be measured near the end of the project
3.2	% of community members who perceive they can rely on customary institutions for resolving dispute arising from competition over scarce natural resources	36%	75%	N/A	Outcome indicators will be measured near the end of the project
3.3	% of women and youth who feel they can rely on customary institutions to defend their rights and needs	31%	75%	N/A	Outcome indicators will be measured near the end of the project

ŀ	How many	outnuts	does	outcome	3	have?
	TOVV IIIGIIV	UULDULS	uocs	OULCOILL		TIUVC:

2

3

4

4 5 more than 5.

Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 3

Output 3.1

Possible pathways for mainstreaming climate considerations customary laws and practices are reviewed and documented in knowledge product

Output 3.2

Strengthened community structures/foundations for gender-responsive and climate-informed dispute resolution

Output 3.3
Output 3.4
Output 5.4
Output 3.5
Other Outputs
If Outcome 3 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made
against 3 most relevant output indicators

Output 3.1: Possible pathway s for mainstre aming climate consider ations customa ry laws and practices are reviewed and docume nted in knowled ge product	Perform ance Indicator S Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.1.1	Number of knowledge products that successfully identify current gaps and opportunities to mainstreaming climate change in customary laws and practices in Pibor and Bor and outlines an implementation methodology for Output 3.2	0	2	0	0	No delays or variance

3.1.2			
3.1.3			

Output 3.2: Strength ened commun ity structure s/founda tions for gender- responsi ve and climate- informe d dispute resolutio	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.2.1	CLR methodology reviewed and endorsed by reference group	0	1	1	1	No delays or variance
3.2.2	Number of assessments that successfully outline the status of customary systems, map stakeholders and outline any mitigation actions required prior CLR process	0	2	2	2	No delays or variance
3.2.3	Number of review workshops conducted	0	2	0	0	No delays or variance

Output 3.3:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.3.1						
3.3.2						
3.3.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		value of the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.4.1						
3.4.2						
3.4.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
	marcator		indicator at the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.5.1						
3.5.2						
3.5.3						

» Outcome 4:

Outcome 4	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
4.1					
4.2					
4.3					

How man	y outpu	ts does	outcor	ne 4	have?		
1	2	3	4	5	more than 5.		
Please list	up to 5	of mos	st releva	ant o	outputs for outcon	ne 4	

Output 4.1
Output 4.2
Output 4.3
Output 4.4
Output 4.5
Other Outputs
If Outcome 4 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here
For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made
against 3 most relevant output indicators

Output 4.1:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the	Indicator progress for reportin g period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)
			indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.1.1						
4.1.2						
4.1.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
	marcator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.2.1						
4.2.2						
		<u></u>				
4.2.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the baseline value of	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
	mulcator		indicator at the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.3.1						
4.3.2						
4.3.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
	mulcator		indicator at the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.4.1						
		<u></u>				
4.4.2						
4.4.3						

» Output 4.5

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		State the target value of the	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
	mucator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.5.1						
4.5.2						
4.5.3						

If the project has more than 4 outcomes, use this space to describe progress on progress on indicators for the remaining outcomes

PART III: Cross-Cutting Issues

Is the project planning any significant events in the next six months? (eg. national dialogues, youth congresses, film screenings, etc.)

If yes, please state how many, and for each, provide the approxima te date of the event and a brief descriptio n, including its key objectives, target audience and location (if known)	Event Descriptio n	Tentative Date	Location	Target Audience	Event Objectives
Event 1	Inception Meeting	November 2023	Juba, South Sudan	IOM, FAO and UNW programme staff as well as focal points from all IPs	As the onboarding of all IPs is complete, this event provides an opportunity to review progress during this reporting period, extract lessons learned and walk the IPs through the implementation guidelines for the remainder of the implementation period.

Event 2	Validation and dissemination of conflict analysis report findings	November 2023	Juba, South Sudan	Government and state government and project partners	FAO will present findings of the conflict analysis and share key messages in terms of climate change and resilient livelihoods and other programmatic recommendations.
Event 3					
Event 4					

Human Impact

This section is about the human impact of the project. Please state the number of key stakeholders (including but not limited to: Civil Society Organziations, Beneficiaries, etc.) of the project, and for each, please briefly describe:

- i. The challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation
- ii. The impact of the project in their lives
- iii. Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group *This is an optional question. You may leave it unanswered if not relevant*

Human	Key	What were	What has	Provide,
Impact	Stakeholder	the challenges they faced prior to project implementati on? (350 words)	been the impact of the project on their lives? (350 words)	where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representativ e of each stakeholder group (350 words)

1	Cattle keepers in Mundri West County- Jonglei	Early September 2023, unknow disease which has killed hundreds of cows in Mundri West County and Jonglei	FAO jointly with the Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries and the relevant state ministry mobilized a disease investigation mission	
2	GPAA Ministry of Peacebuilding/	Capacity to deal with complex and inter/intra-communal conflicts related to land conflict (territorial boundaries, grazing areas and fishing areas), cattle raiding/cattle migration and forest management, etc.	Training of trainers on conflict analysis and tenure disputes was an opportunity for participant share their experience and develop and understand typologies of conflict in the context of South Sudan	"This is my fist time to learn and discuss other states officials how we can manage conflict. This was sharing learning workshop and unique in my life", Chairman Peacebuilding, GPAA
3				
4				

In addition to the stakeholder specific impact described above, please use this space to describe any additional human impact that the project has had (650 words)

Following the implementation of activities under Outcome I (Output 1.1) as reported in subsequent sections, the team from CEPO collected feedback from the participating community members in Bor and Pibor through post-activity feedback surveys as well as through the focus group discussions that took place during a visit conducted by a delegation from the Kingdom of the Netherlands to Bor town on 13 September 2023. In the post-activity survey in Bor, 62.1% of respondents reported that the dialogue successfully addressed grievances and root causes of conflict in Jonglei state. Further, 79.3% of respondents feel that they have a better understanding of how climate change triggers conflict in Jonglei State. In addition, during the visit of the Dutch delegation, some of the participating youth stated that the dialogue on climate change and peace conducted by CEPO with the support of IOM is very important for the community members to help mitigate conflict related to cattle migration due to climate change in Jonglei State. They also stated that the project is unique and innovative due to the involvement of the youth in the discussion of the issues affecting the community of Jonglei State and its neighboring communities, especially through the elements of youth ambassadors who volunteer to work the project team in tackling issues related to climate change and peacebuilding in Jonglei State. The project brings more hope for state and local authorities and the hope it will help to mitigate complex conflicts in their areas. Similar human impact stories for Malakal resulting from the dialogue processes under Output 1.1 is attached as PDF file below.

You can also upload upto 3 files in various formats (picture files, powerpoint, pdf, video, etc.) to illustrate the human impact of the project

OPTIONAL

File 1
OPTIONAL
Aug23NTF-Malakal Peace Mission III Report (August 2023) reviewed (1)-21_52_59.pdf
File 2
OPTIONAL
Click here to upload file. (< 10MB)
File 3
OPTIONAL
Click here to upload file. (< 10MB)
OPTIONAL
Link 1
OPTIONAL
Link 2
OPTIONAL
Link 3
OPTIONAL

Please tick the applicable change based on above narrative.			
How we worked: Please select up to 3. Enhanced digitization Innovative ways of working	*		
Mobilized additional resources Improved or initiated policy frameworks Strengthened capacities			
Partnered with Civil Society Organizations Expanding coalitions & galvanizing political will Strengthened partnerships with IFIs Strengthened partnerships with UN Agencies			
Please explain Please limit your response to 350 words. FAO biometric beneficiaries' registration is planned on November 2023.			

Please explain

Please limit your response to 350 words.

A key outcome of under Outcome I was the identification of Peace and Climate Change (PCC) youth ambassadors who will play a central role in the upcoming implementation period of the project. These ambassadors are key for the joint dissemination of resolutions of the dialogues they have participated in their respective locations to raise awareness – in collaboration with CEPO – on the interlinkages between climate related risks (e.g., floods, drought etc.) and insecurity and the importance of dialogue in creating opportunities to cooperate in the face of these security risks. The engagement of these ambassadors is in and of itself an innovative peacebuilding tool as they will be jointly engaged despite differences and current disputes between their respective communities – particularly for those from GPAA/Jonglei side. This process thus prepares these young ambassadors to become future agents of change who will utilize their gained awareness and understanding of the climate change and peacebuilding to advocate and promote for security as entry points for trust-building and cooperation on a common purpose across other areas affected by climate change in South Sudan.

Please explain

Please limit your response to 350 words.

In line with localisation goals to promote project sustainability and local ownership, the project is engaging a 5 local CSOs out of 7 implementing partners. The project is also engaging other CSO during implementation who are not fund recipients but support the project cause. For instance, the engagement of the local organisation responsible for accommodating people with disabilities during activities under Outcome I was a key achievement.

* Who are we working with (in addition to the implementing partners)
Strengthened partnerships with IFIs
Strengthened partnerships within UN Agencies
Partnered with local civil society organizations
Partnered with local academia
Partnered with sub-national entities
Partnered with national entities
Partnered with local volunteers
Please explain (If IFIs)
Please limit your response to 350 words.
Please limit your response to 350 words.
Please limit your response to 350 words. Please explain (If UN Agencies)
Please explain (If UN Agencies) Please limit your response to 350 words. The project is platform for systematic coordination between FAO, IOM, UNWOMEN, UNMISS as well as other UN agencies operating within the same area and scope (e.g., WFP). Also, as follow-up on the resolutions and
Please explain (If UN Agencies) Please limit your response to 350 words. The project is platform for systematic coordination between FAO, IOM, UNWOMEN, UNMISS as well as other UN agencies operating within the same area and scope (e.g., WFP). Also, as follow-up on the resolutions and recommendations of the National Livestock Conference of September 2023, FAO and UNMISS CAD HQ are working
Please explain (If UN Agencies) Please limit your response to 350 words. The project is platform for systematic coordination between FAO, IOM, UNWOMEN, UNMISS as well as other UN agencies operating within the same area and scope (e.g., WFP). Also, as follow-up on the resolutions and

In addition, and as previously mentioned, the project team leveraged the space created by the UNMISS-led dialogue process in Bor and Pibor. In May 2023, UNMISS organised a dialogue among the Murle community in Pibor. With education and awareness raising identified as a key priority area, community members indeed highlighted the need for a better understanding of the implications of climate change – particularly flooding – on their community. The project team is also leveraging the opportunities created by the(RSRTF)-funded project titled: Partnership for Door – Ganon – Maal, which aligns with this project in terms of area of intervention and timeframe. In partnership with the Jonglei State Ministry of Peacebuilding, the project team plans to build on the convergence of these two peacebuilding initiatives (the RSRTF focusing on violence reduction while the PBF focusing on climate-sensitive peacebuilding) by conducting a climate-informed dialogue at the grassroot level in locations where the RSRTF peace dissemination process has reached (either Ayod, Duk or Twic East) and ensure the inclusion of stakeholders already engaged by the RSRTF.

Leav	Leave No one Behind			
Solo	ect all beneficiaries targeted with the PBF resources as evidenced by the narrative	*		
	ect all beneficialles targeted with the FBF resources as evidenced by the narrative			
✓	Unemployed persons			
✓	Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)			
✓	Indigenous communities			
✓	Persons with Disabilities			
✓	Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)			
✓	Women			
✓	Youth			
	Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression			
✓	People living in and around border areas			
✓	Persons affected by natural disasters			
✓	Persons affected by armed conflicts			
✓	Internally displaced persons, refugees or migrants			
PAF	RT IV: Monitoring, Evaluation and Compliance			

» Monitoring

······································	
Please list monitoring activities undertaken in the reporting period Please limit your response to 350 words.	*
During the reporting period, the M&E IT was established, and its TORs were developed in April 2023. The M&E IT functions as an internal structure responsible for monitoring the progress of the project through data collection, analysis, reporting and feedback.	
From July 2023 to August 2023, the M&E IT completed data collection for the baseline survey in Bor, Pibor and Malakal.	
Do outcome indicators have baselines?	*
If only some of the outcome indicators have baselines, select 'yes'	
yes	
ono no	

Please provide a brief description

Please limit your response to 350 words.

A joint baseline assessment in the three locations was conducted from July 2023 to August 2023. The baseline survey captured baselines for outcome-level indicators. The M&E IT will conduct community feedback interviews to validate the baseline data captured by the survey.

Elaborate on what sources of evidence have been used to report on indicators (and are available upon request) Please limit your response to 350 words. IOM-FAO mapping report (natural resources and hotspots of climate and conflict threats in Bor, Pibor and Malakal) CEPO dialogue reports/resolutions in Bor and Pibor UNMISS dialogue reports in Bor and Pibor IOM Cattle migration study Customary law assessment reports in Bor and Pibor Baseline concept note and baseline findings report
Has the project launched outcome level data collection initiatives? e.g. perception surveys
yes
o no
* Please provide a brief description Please limit your response to 350 words.
Has the project used or established community feedback mechanisms?
(yes
no
* Please provide a brief description Please limit your response to 350 words. FAO has feedback mechanism e.g., the Accountability for Affected Populations (AAP), the Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) and the associated hotlines.
» Evaluation
Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation?
yes
no
Not Applicable
Evaluation budget (in USD): Response required 65000
If project will end in next six months, and the overall project budget is above 1.5 million, is your upcoming evaluation on track? (Preparations) Please limit your response to 350 words. N/A
Please mention the focal person accountable for sharing the final evaluation report with the PBF, name and email. N/A

Catalytic Effect (financial): Indicate funding agent and amount of additional non-PBF funding support that has been leveraged by the project since it started. (y/n) yes no If yes, how many additional grants or donors has the project leveraged?

» Catalytic Effect

Catalytic Effect (non-financial): Has the project enabled or created a larger or longer-term peacebuilding change to occur?	*
No catalytic effect	
Some catalytic effect	
Significant catalytic effect	
Very Significant catalytic effect	
On't Know	
Too early to tell	

If relevant, please describe how the project has had a (non-financial) catalytic effect i.e. ways in which the project has supported the expansion or creation of programs and policies supporting peace, both within and outside the UN system

Please limit your response to 350 words.

As previously mentioned, this project leverages the opportunities created by its alignment with the location and timeframe of the RSRTF-funded project titled: Partnership for Door – Ganon – Maal, which is also at the inception phase and will begin operation in the subregion of Jonglei State and the GPAA starting from April 2023. While it is too early to determine the catalytic effect created by this alignment, the convergence of these two peacebuilding initiatives (one focused on violence reduction while the other focusing on climate-sensitive peacebuilding) can be an entry point to crowd-in resources from other donors to strengthen this multifaceted peacebuilding intervention in Jonglei/GPAA and complement it in areas where financial capacities are not sufficient to provide long-term support (e.g., developmental funding for improving road access).

This potential is indeed demonstrated by an ongoing resource mobilisation effort jointly between IOM, WFP, UNOPS and UNIDO to secure a \$26M funding from the African Development Bank (AfDB) for a three-year developmental project in the area of GPAA and neighbouring Eastern Equatoria. This joint project aims to leverage the peace dividends generated by catalytic nexus peace initiatives such as RSRTF and PBF and crowd-in funding for climate adaptation and road access interventions.

For Jonglei/GPAA, while it is early to claim that the project has created a larger peacebuilding change, it is noteworthy to mention, as above, that the project aligns with RSRTF and UNMISS efforts, thus fitting into the wider system where peacebuilding interventions converge in specific locations throughout the same timeframe and can reinforce one another. This is in alignment with the Ministry of Peacebuilding's 'holistic approach' outlined in the second PBF Joint-Steering Committee (JSC) meeting where the Minister called for better coordination among actors operating in the same areas to truly realize a catalytic effect over the long term. As reported under outcome I, the project leveraged the space created by CAD in both Bor and Pibor through the two dialogues they conducted in both locations which pointed, and a number of resolutions related at devising joint solutions for climate risks. As reported under outcome III, the project also supported the expansion of the RSRTF program efforts under the Stabilisation Pillar by leading a customary law review process and producing a tool that will be leveraged by rule of law partners in the area.

Sustainability

Does the project have an explicit exit strategy?

Please describe any steps that have been taken to ensure sustainability of peacebuilding gains beyond the duration of the project.

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The coordination efforts undertaken by the project team in Jonglei/GPAA with other actors such as UNMISS (CAD, RoLAS) as well as actors under the RSRTF project (i.e., WFP, Peace Canal, VSF-G, UNMISS RoLas, UNHCR, UNDP) set the groundwork for achieving sustainable results in this location in particular as communities as well as local authorities are engaged in a harmonized and multifaceted peacebuilding process that seeks to create the necessary conditions for a reduction of violence in this area. For instance, ensuring that IOM and UNMISS RoLAS (operating under RSRTF) devise a harmonised approach when it comes to engaging informal justice actors in Jonglei/GPAA is a key measure that will contribute to project sustainability. This is mainly because these coordinated efforts will allow for stronger alternative dispute resolution mechanism – particularly for climate-related dispute such as housing/land disputes or marriage and cattle-related disputes. In addition, the rationale behind engaging four PCC ambassadors in Bor, Pibor and Malakal is to create a robust youth-led coordination mechanism that will lead climate-related discussions – mindful of its implications on community cohesion – at the national level. The aim would be to identify ambassadors from across South Sudan that will form a well capacitated coordination body or "youth council" which will lead and continue advocacy efforts beyond the project period.

In addition, the project team is currently coordinating with the UNDP Climate Security team who plans to conduct systematic trainings on climate security for national representatives and CSOs – in collaboration with the UN Climate Security Advisor. This is an essential measure and the project team will ensure that national local partners are engaged in this endeavour. Similarly on localisation, the project team is working closely with selected IPs and provides regular capacity building in terms of drafting, M&E, finance and other essential project implementation skills.

Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations?

Please limit your response to 350 words.

During consultative meetings with the Ministry of Peacebuilding, interest in replicating the project interventions in Eastern Equatoria has been systematically reiterated, particularly in response to the impact of drought, flooding and irregular rainfall on human security in this region. Throughout implementation, the project team will extract lessons learned from the interventions implemented in Bor, Pibor and Malakal in an attempt to assess applicability of the project's intervention strategy in Eastern Equatoria and entry points for interventions in the near future.

In addition, it is noteworthy to mention that Malakal is witnessing violent incidents that started on 28 May 2023 due to dispute between two women from Nuer and Chollo communities at a water point, which led to a breakout of attacks and killings between the two communities in the Malakal PoC as well as the displacement of Nuer communities from Malakal PoC to Malakal Town. As the situation is becoming increasingly volatile and sensitive, IOM and CEPO explored over the period of May-July 2023 avenues for the project to contribute to diffusing tensions and deescalating violence in Malakal PoC/Malakal Town in the upcoming period. This has culminated in the planning of the pre-dialogues conducted in August and the planned dialogue series for November 2023.

In addition, during the customary law assessment (outcome III) and while interacting with the relevant government stakeholders as well as the community, there was a great appetite, particularly in Jonglei to expand the customary law review process beyond the counties of "Greater Bor" area – as agreed to during project development – and conduct a similar process for counties beyond Bor County where different ethnic communities reside (i.e., Nuer). This will allow for a customary law review process that is comprehensive and inclusive of all communities in Jonglei State. Similarly, in Pibor/GPAA, there's also a great demand to expand the review process beyond the county and include ethnicities that are not represented within that area. Consequently, the outcome of this inclusive process can only then be elevated on the national level as a complete customary law reference and will be presented to the state legislature for adoption and processed for a warrant of establishment by the Chief Justice.

In terms of capacity needs of recipient organizations, recruitment within all three agencies is ongoing to close any capacity gaps in terms of project management and implementation. Any additional capacity concerns will be identified as implementation progresses.

Monitoring and Oversight Activities

Please describe any key event related to monitoring and oversight. Please click next if no activities have yet taken place.

Monitoring and oversight activities	Name of the Event	Summary	Key Findings
Event 1	Internal meetings between the project manager, head of field offices and partnership unit	IPs and location of interventions are identified.	IPs and location of interventions are identified.

Event 2	Internal meeting between implementation team and M&E that led to the development of an output and activity tracking dashboard which will track progress monthly	This dashboard will be used for continuous implementation tracking throughout the project life cycle to check if activities are implemented according to the set plan and are leading to the expected outputs so that any slippage or deviations are identified for adaptation and course corrections in good time.	This dashboard will be used for continuous implementation tracking throughout the project life cycle to check if activities are implemented according to the set plan and are leading to the expected outputs so that any slippage or deviations are identified for adaptation and course corrections in good time.
Event 3			
Event 4			
Event 5			
Event 6			
Event 7			
Event 8			

Final Steps

- Please save a pdf copy of the form by clicking on the *Printer* icon on the top right corner of the page.
- A dialogue box will appear: Please select the A4 size and portrait orientation.
- Click "prepare" and save the document as a PDF (if on first attempt, the generated page is not readable, close the pop up page and try again. If the problem persists, you can contact technical support at the email address below)
- Please upload the pdf version of the report as well as your financial report in excel format on the MPTF-O gateway.

If you encounter any difficulty in filling the form or generating the print-out for MPTFO gateway, please contact Gabriel Velastegui <u>gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org</u>

Thank You. You have finished the report. Please Click on the SUBMIT button below. When the report is submitted, a confirmation note will appear on a yellow banner on top of the page. This can take a few seconds.