





INSTRUCTIONS

- Please fill in all sections of the template. If information is not available, note the reason.
- Kindly submit the report along with any photographs or communication products as well as other relevant documents to dcpsf.sd.team@undp.org.

Section 1: Contact and Project Details

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Responsible individual Name and job title	Ahmed Osman Angelo – Program Manager
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Project Title	Community peace-full coexistence & women Empowerment
State	South Darfur
Localities and their Population number	Al-malam, Population: 52000 individual
Specific villages covered	Al-malam town, Keila , Um-dasho & Turba
Project start & end date (as per the signed contract)	March 2021 - March 2023
No Cost Extension (NCE) dates if any	One addition month 30 th of April 2023
Project Budget (as per signed contract)	349,716 USD
Total Expenditure	339,965 USD
Reporting period	End of project – final report









Section 2 – Executive Summary (MAX. 700 words)

Please provide a summary of your project:

- What was your project about? Brief summary on main goals, relevance in the Darfur context and key output results during this DCPSF Phase (2021-2023).
- A brief on budget and delivery rate for the entire project

Executive Summary (650 words maximum)

DCPSF is the type of projects globally designed for Co-existence in the areas potentially attempted by insecurity situation which was the big concern of donors all over the world that controlled by steering committees; so this was the main reason for intervention in Al-malam locality, therefore UNDP-DCPSF as supporting partner through implementing partner ERRADA were signed agreement lasted for 2 years 2021 – 2023; but before the approval of proposal, ERRADA did the success-full assessment which let it(ERRADA)encouraged and intended to be there in-order to provide quantitative and qualitative basic services for targeted communities namely; Al-malam town, Turbo returnees village, Keala returnees village and Um-dasho village. DCPSF mainly has two components proposed which include three (3) out-puts, construction of women centres and reconstruction of classrooms were the activities planned under hard component; then the rest of activities were concentrated under soft components such: strengthen human resources; building capacities of community members through real needs of knowledge which required empowerment of different categories equally either youth/young people both (M/F) or adults (W/M). The aim of targeting those communities is crucial and necessary of including whole operation area in consideration of neighbourhood (residents, sedentary pastoralists & nomadic); also they are actors and representatives of all ethnic groups, DCPSF project intervene in these areas to operate as humanitarian body working in multi-sectorial services which will contribute in a good relationship such peace-full co-existence in hand through provision of water sources, equal education opportunities for both girls and boys, capacity building for established committees those required inclusion of young and adult ages according to the category and criteria of selection; the women empowerment proposed activities are top priority in the project; DCPSF project under UN mandate by giving women opportunity spaces of participation with the percentage of 30% up to the 50% which depending on the type of activity, co-activities are very important particularly CBRMs, which assisted lot in resolving many cases handled by their communities to them/CBRM with respect and a big confidence, at the same time there are some of cases seems to be very sensitive as the women concerns; these type of cases handle and goes directly to the Women CBRM. However some might ask and raised questions about the impact of DCPSF project and how-much it was beneficial for the whole stakeholders and the percentage measured through indicators which gained from the implemented activities, from our side/ERRADA as implementing partner there are good-work done

Project budget and final expenditure (100 words maximum)

339,965 USD: is the total expenditure during 24 months/full 2 years, in which whole planned activities were carried-out successfully within amount mentioned above. **376** was the started rate included in agreement between ERRADA as implementing partner and supporting partner UNDP-DCPSF department, each instalment approved with new rate which was useful and supported particularly at the hand of changeable prices and high procurement cost that might happen periodically from time to else.

Section 3 – Project activities and results (500 words for each section)

Using the output breakdown below, please list **all your activities and significant results achieved made during the project implementation period (2021 -2023).**Highlight any achievements towards gender equality and inclusion.

Output 1: Community-based conflict resolution and reconciliation mechanisms are in use and	
working effectively to resolve conflict	

Output Activity	Result
Baseline survey	A baseline survey was conducted in the targeted villages. ERRADA intervene in Al-malam area in-order to support positive changes in social coexistence among targeted communities in the whole locality, in addition to provide real needs which appears through gaps of basic services.
Assessment, community mobilization, inception workshop for project launch	Introduced the project activities and mapped out the 4 targeted communities with the registration of the GPS coordinates. The team also, succeeded to raise communities' awareness and brought them into joined meetings attended by different ethnic groups.
Establish Community Based Resolution Mechanisms (CBRMs)	The objectives of this project were to promote peaceful co-existence, reduce conflict, improve access to justice and promote reconciliation by establishing community based reconciliation mechanisms (CBRMs), build the capacity of the established mechanisms and provide them with necessary techniques to assist them while carry-out delivered cases to the committees.
Establish Natural Resources Management and early warning systems(NRM,EWS) Committees	4 committees of NRM & 4 committees of EWS have been established in 4 targeted communities.
Conflict Mediation, prevention and reconciliation Training (CBRM)	81 (59 men & 22 women) were trained and capacitate with good skills in- order to be well prepared and organized for resolving any case may delivered to them for reconciliation; The objectives of this project were to promote peaceful co-existence, reduce conflict, improve access to justice and promote mediation by provide trained members with necessary techniques All the (CBRMS) played a very crucial role in resolving conflicts and disputes among their communities and succeeded in creating better environment for peaceful coexistence.
Train Natural Resources Management Committees and early warning systems (NRM&EWS)	55 NRM members (20 women & 35 men), 43 EWS member (14 women & 29 men). These two committees were very important and have had role to play; such raising awareness regarding environment in whole operation area.
Support (CBRM) with Tools and Equipment	CBRM committees in four 4 targeted communities were trained; then each committee received equipment such: chairs, mats, metal desks and stationary. All these tools assisted a lot in-order to keep documentations which recorded per-regular meeting.
Support (NRM&EWS)with Tools and Equipment	NRM & EWS committees were trained and received equipment such: chairs, mats, metal desks and stationery to be used during regular meetings.

Community awareness on the roles and importance of CBRMs, NRM,EWS with women and Youth and how they can Channel their problems through CBRMS and NRM,EWS committees	All designed committees proposed for the capacity building were trained; however, they seek for more sessions of raising awareness to increase their knowledge which will assist them in taking over roles as big responsibilities, so ERRADA DCPSF team through expertise facilitators conducted workshops regarding importance of information they gain or acquired during sessions.	
Community exchange visit and peace building for Community co-existing	Peace-building methodology is important and necessary whenever supported and contributed through exchange visits which rebuild and restore relationship among individuals; as the impact of DCPSF project in four targeted communities; during 2 years they were able to visit each other.	
Local conference and community dialogue for peace building at locality level	Conference on locality level was required as a big event contributed in peace-building under theme: signing agreement for unity; the speeches were delivered by CBRM representative were impact good as witnessed among presence participated in the event, the part of letter was giving back-ground and full history of CBRM and how it was beneficial for whole area particularly assisted in reduction of crimes.	
Perception survey	ERRADA planned to conduct External evaluation in second half of April; however, insecurity in the whole operation area becomes factor and assumption as well.	
Output 2: Peace dividends for commun	ity interdependence and coexistence are delivered	
Output Activity	Result	
Conduct Vocational Skills Training for 4 Groups of youth	36 members of youth have been trained on The use of (SSB) in construction is environmental friendly which preserves environment and natural resources and prevents desertification and soil erosion.	
	construction is environmental friendly which preserves environment	
Groups of youth Support 4 group of youth with start-up kits to	construction is environmental friendly which preserves environment and natural resources and prevents desertification and soil erosion. 4 pcs of Soil block press SBP machines have been distributed to the 4 groups with complete tools & equipment's as follow: Buckets, Oil cans, Watering cans, 6mm sieves, Shovels, Trowels, Jambs, Kara's, Rammers	
Groups of youth Support 4 group of youth with start-up kits to contribute to their community Construct 2 women Centre for women	construction is environmental friendly which preserves environment and natural resources and prevents desertification and soil erosion. 4 pcs of Soil block press SBP machines have been distributed to the 4 groups with complete tools & equipment's as follow: Buckets, Oil cans, Watering cans, 6mm sieves, Shovels, Trowels, Jambs, Kara's, Rammers and Brooms to each trained group. 2 two planned women center were successfully constructed in Almalam and Turbo villages; as it mentioned above these 2 communities were chosen excluding other 2two targeted communities for more than one reason; first: in the previous years before ERRADA intervene there was no initiative took-place from any actor; either public or private sector; second: after inclusion of women at whole program such: trainings/workshops in consideration and acceptances from their societies men in particular; enabled them to participated in any sort/type of	

Rehabilitation of water source 3 hand dug well	Rehabilitation of water sources for water-supply were very important in supporting in peace-building which appears in daily live , water points were the places in-which all who need to collect water for multi-purposes either for domestic-use or for animals consume even; so : before DCPSF intervene in Al malam there was no gathered water users being to-gather anymore because relationship was not available surrounding whole area , however after rehabilitated of water points all users were generally benefit from those sources , that contributed in peace-building which sounds good .
Rehabilitation of 10 Hand pump	12 hand-pumps were repaired with full maintenances; these were huge efforts done in-order to provide water supply for water users and there are many types of water points such: water from deep boreholes/ hand-pumps are more safe than the open-wells as the hand-dug wells according to the global standard; but in both cases they were important for water provision
Training for Hand pump mechanic	32 segregated to (10 F & 22 M) have been trained on techniques which enable technicians to replace broken spare-parts with new ones as the regular repairs and maintenances of water points stayed near-by, also this was a part of peace-building tool .
Formation and Training for 3 groups of water committee	42 segregated to (11 F & 31 M) have been trained on pumps management; even though there are many water points and availability of water supply but also there are break-down of hand-pumps expected at any time which required spare-parts to be replaced immediately for the beneficial of water users; so; WUC are useful for monitoring functioning of hand-pumps in-case they receive report from users that there is certain hand-pump located in certain place needs to be repaired or do some maintenances on-it before break-down that might cost a big amount of buying spare-parts
Pasture improvement (procurement of seeds & broadcasting)	For the seed broadcasting exercise, ERRADA in close coordination with Pasture Departments of both Nyala and Al-malam locality did an assessment in two pasture areas "Sulame & Mateala Baya " the final result of demarcation have been identified with total 3500 X 2500 mtres = 875 Acres according to the technical assessment; then ERRADA bought 2200kg included three types of plant seeds namely: 1000kg of Blepharis linariifolia, 600kg of Vigna-sun-huns and 600kg of Cyamopsis tetragonaloba .these varieties of seeds were broadcasted in two2 small sub-areas of the pasture area North & South of Al-malam locality; which will assist in pasture improvement. That has also been done through community consensus to agree upon which of the pasture areas were preferred by the people and which one would serve them to the best to reduce tensions and prevent conflicts between farmers and pastoralists during the harvest time.
Market analysis	Assessment have been done in all targeted markets including markets surrounding markets in neighbor-hood, findings out of analysis will give vision for practicing IGA and the of improving and encouraging marketing competition especially among markets located at locality level .
Monitoring visit	Monitoring visits were conducted regularly while and after implementations of the planned activities under consideration of follow-up.
Output 3: Women's organisations, including those representing pastoralist women, empowered to meaningfully participate in local and state-level peace building platforms	

Output Activity	Result
Women's organisations, including those representing pastoralist women, empowered to meaningfully participate in local and Statelevel peace-building platforms.	35 member of Women's organisation were formed strongly as women forum from 4 targeted communities participated as followed: from Al-malam 20 member, from keila 5 member, from turba 5 member and from Um-dasho 5 member.
Establish 4 women organization CBRMs	Women CBRMs were established in 4 targeted communities 50 member each per-community; formation of women committees were newly created as modern culture entered in Al-malam area which is good and accepted by communities.
Train Women CBRMs on gender equality, harmful Traditional practices, women rights, their roles and participation in decision making	200 member of women CBRM participated from 4 communities were trained and gained a high skills with good knowledge; because they should take-over huge responsibilities with great role to play a mong their community members especially female issues, however in the previous time before the DCPSF project intervene in Al-malam locality there was no one cares about women concerns. "Therefore stakeholders are thankful to the DCPSF project which implemented by ERRADA
Support women Organization and CBRMs with Tools and Equipment	Women CBRM members were received equipment which will used in the regular meetings
Gender sensitization workshops and training	ERRADA conducted gender sensitization workshops for both women & men in 4 groups (50 each) segregated to (35 women & 15 men) gathered in one venue for 5 days. There were a number of topics covered during these workshops such as: What is gender; General principles and concepts about gender; Men, Women, Boys and Girls Different Roles & Equal Opportunities; Social roles for both man and woman; Woman In Development (WID); Woman and Development (WAD); Food processing and Household (HH) income; Women's roles in education, health, farming, animal breeding and peace building; Women's role in decision making; Opportunities of participation in development between man and woman; Woman's role in Village Development Committees (VDCs) and plans for community awareness raising about gender & gender sensitization issues
4 Groups of women train on food processing and Hand Craft	ERRADA team conducted livelihood and empowerment training for 4 groups of women 40 of them were interested in food processing skills then 58 of them were interested in hand-craft skills with total of 98 participated from 4 communities as followed. 23 members from Al-malam community, 28 members from Um-dasho community, 27 members from Keila community and 20 members from Turba community.
Start-up kits for women groups that trained on food processing and Hand Craft	4 groups were received materials such as sugar, flour, vegetable oil, cooking aluminum containers, sieves, spoons, knivesetc as startup toolkits. They were trained on bakery; pastry; juice making from wild fruits and hibiscus; marmalade; etc. During the monitoring visits, it was observed that the majority of the women have started to take their products to the nearby markets and their households' income have been improved
Train 4 Groups of women and youths on IGAs , feasibility studies ,Value chain Analysis and small business management	42 segregated to (24 FY & 18 MY) youth members have been trained on IGAs, trainees who skilled with good information will get opportunities of start trading business as livelihood projects in which it enable them to increase their income particularly for those heading families .

Support the celebration of International women's day and 16 days of gender activisms	DCPSF project staff have been supported local community during 16 days as the international event which looks through gender activisms as women advocacy globally; the mentioned days above were mainly focused and concentrated on how could women have considered voice as decision makers as much as their rights be proved by international law.	
Perception survey	Not yet been done due to the insecurity reason	
Output 4: Improved networking, coordination and learning between local and state-level peace building institutions		
Output Activity	Result	
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Section 4 – Conflict sensitivity and Inclusion (500-word limit)

Conflict sensitivity and Inclusion: Share a brief summary of how you ensured:

Conflict sensitivity was mainstreamed across all the DCPSF project activities

- Generally as the inclusion of community engagement, ERRADA ensured and proved that all categories of beneficiaries both (women & men) were involved in each single of activity done during 2 years of the DCPSF project; however these implemented activities impacted positively seen and observed through daily live, such CBRM committees; members were played their role of being mediators avoiding bias whenever they received any case submitted by community members either between individuals or two groups representatives of ethnicities nevertheless particular tribe; which resulted better amongst communities those live in one area, if it could compared with previous time before intervention of DCPSF project.
- In the side of youth/gender young people who acquired different opportunities of capacity building; these trainings opened new doors of livelihoods for both male/female youth through IGA skills.

Inclusion of women, youth, pastoralists, and farmers as well as **environmental issues**. Please provide specific examples with numbers of those included.

- In the field of capacity building; all categories of beneficiaries/ stakeholders mentioned above were included in the criteria's of selection acquire skills from trainings; ERRADA DCPCF implementers were able to train 629 member segregated to the (399 Female & 230 Male).
- 81 member of mixed CBRMs segregated to the(22 women & 59 men)
- 200 member of women CBRMs
- 55 member of NRMs segregated to the (20 women & 35 men)
- 43 member of EWSs segregated to the (14 women & 29 men)
- 36 member of youth trained on SSB techniques
- 32 member of pump mechanic(PM) segregated to the (10 women & 22 men)
- 42 member of water user committees(WUC) segregated to (11 women & 31 men)
- 42 member of gender youth trained on IGAs segregated to (24 women & 18 men)
- 98 member of young women trained on food processing & hand-crafts ,

Section 5 – Partnerships (500-word limit)

Partnerships: Share a brief summary of partnerships built during the project implementation. Highlight how these supported peace building.

- In a year 2021 emergency relief rehabilitation and development Agency ERRADA signed implementing partner agreement with supporting partner UNDP this was kick-of partnership
- During 2 years the relationship was extended up- to the social friendly relations between ERRADA & UNDP staff, also in the humanitarian services ERRADA has a good relationship with government bodies on state and locality levels; on state levels HAC is main gate to the field trips controlling whole permissions regarding implementations in the operation areas, also there are line-ministries have direct link with some of proposed activities which needs to be considered through TA or MOU such: ministry of social affairs, ministry of education, ministry of youth &sport and ministry of animal resources, all of them were very supportive with high coordination and collaboration; ERRADA appreciate their efforts.
- At the locality level also ERRADA has a good relationship with local authorities such commissioner,
 HAC representative including Police, Army forces and National security.
- Stakeholders representing by their community leaders and whole targeted society as beneficiaries

Section 6 – Challenges, sustainability and exit strategy, lessons learned and recommendations (500 words)

Share briefly on:

Challenges and risks faced during implementation – how were they addressed

- During implementations of the activities there were some of difficulties such: delay in cash flow which
 impacted directly through a total 24 month of the agreement. Even though all proposed activities were
 implemented successfully excluding end of project external evaluation which was planned to take
 place in second half of April; however insecurity became cross-cutting issue that needs to be put in
 consideration seriously.
- Banks are not functioning due to the insecurity, this took place since 16th of April in half period of addition month given to the DCPSF project; ERRADA were not able to revise and receive the last statement of our account related to the end of project to be included in financial report.

Key lessons learnt during the implementation of the project

• All photos taken while implementation of program and during carried-out activities shows as much as acceptance from stakeholders or beneficiaries among targeted communities.

Sustainability- What measures have you put in place to ensure continuity of initiatives beyond DCPSF funding

• Inclusion of all beneficiaries with consideration of stakeholders engagement was guaranteed of continuity; mostly society members were equipped with full information which will be useful in maintaining their assets/property because they owned for coming generations; such: schools, centers and water sources in addition to IGAs.

Exit strategy: What exit strategy have you employed to ensure that all project components minimise risk. Make mention of how project assets will be transferred to communities or local governments.

• This message of strategy was introduced and spread publicly while ERRADA intervened in Al-malam; it took-place during official opening/lunching the project in the presence of all categories. Adult people and youth as well. In other hand before pulling out from operation area/ Al-malam; ERRADA is planning to hand-over officially each implemented activity to the line-ministries accordingly.

Key recommendations DCPSF and other Development Partners can address in similar projects

From our view of observation as implementing partner still there is a big gap needs to be filled in coming near years for a reason or elsewhere, current situation is seen and known by every one either in Sudan locally or out-side regionally.

Section 7 – Success stories and communication products

From your achievements/results, please highlight key success items that DCPSF can highlight in its public communication. These include; success stories highlighting beneficiaries, photographs (in high resolution), videos, media/news story links related to your project. If available, women and youth success stories are encouraged in this section. (Items can be shared as attachments; your organisation will be credited for items shared).

Success story:

Local conference and community dialogue for peace building at locality level was unique, this was really success story to talk about, because all ethnicities were participated from different villages surrounding Al-malam locality, also government on state level were presence and line-ministries as well. by the end of program all ethnic groups were signed on co-existence agreement which control the behaviours of individuals in each group, and this was community leaders role to play among their community members.