Peacebuilding Fund Project Progress Report (Update May_2023)



PROJECT OVERVIEW

Thank you for taking the time to complete the PBF Progress report. For projects with more than one recipient, please consult among co-recipients prior to filling out the form to ensure collaboration on the responses. You can generate a print out of the blank form by clicking on the *print* icon on the top right corner of the page. If you have any questions or require technical assistance in filling out the form, please send an email to gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org

Click Next below to start

» Report Submission

Type of report
Semi-annual
Annual
Final
Other
Date of submission of report
2024-01-19
2024-01-19
Name and Title of Person submitting the report Mario TEDO Operations Expert FAO
Name and Title of Person who approved the report Mario TEDO Operation Expert FAO
Have all fund recipients for this project contributed to the report?
yes yes
no
no
Did PBF Secretariat review the report? * If there is no PBF secretariat in country, please select "Not applicable". If there is a PBF secretariat, you should normally ensure that they
Did PBF Secretariat review the report? * If there is no PBF secretariat in country, please select "Not applicable". If there is a PBF secretariat, you should normally ensure that they have an opportunity to review.

» Project Information and Geographical Scope

Is this a cross-border project?	*
yes ono	

Please select the geographical re	egion in which the project is imple	emented	
Asia and the Pacific	Central & Southern Africa	East Africa	
Europe and Central Asia	Global	Latin America and the Caribean	
Middle East and North Africa	West Africa		
Country of project implementation	on		*
Benin	Burkina Faso	Cote D'Ivoire	
Gambia	Guinea	Guinea-Bissau	
Liberia	Mali	Mauritania	
Niger	Nigeria	Senegal	
Sierra Leone	Togo	Other, Specify	
Other, please specify			*
I			

Project Title		*
	Creating safe and empowering public spaces with women to mitigate climate-security risks and sustain uinea-Bissau	
00129698:	Enhancing the human rights protection system in Guinea-Bissau	
00129743:	Inclusive Peaceful Land Management in OIO, CACHEU and BIOMBO regions	
	No landa Djuntu- Drawing the pathway together: new leadership for meaningful participation, peace and Guinea Bissau	
00119912:	Political Stabilization and Reform through Confidence Building and Inclusive Dialogue	
	Secretariat Project: Support to project coordination and monitoring of the United Nations Peacebuilding Projects in Guinea-Bissau	
	Strengthening the justice and security sector response to drug trafficking and transnational organized duce insecurity in Guinea-Bissau	
00134097: Regions	Prevention of Natural Resources Conflicts related to Pastoralism and Transhumance in Bafata and Gabu	
\ /	Strengthening social cohesion through promoting inclusive and effective public health sector governance, ent, and administration	
	Inclusive policies and institutions for a peaceful society: strengthening the social fabric and fostering ningful participation in decision-making in Guinea Bissau	
Other, Spe	cify	
Write the 8 dig	it MPTFO number and Project Title exactly as it appears in the Project Document	*
9	38: Community-based prevention of violence and social cohesion using innovation for young people in displaced and	

Please select the geographical regi	on(s) in which the project is im	plemented *
If the project you are looking for does not ap A limited number of cross border projects s Chad spans both West Africa and Central &	opear in the following question, please pan multiple geographic regions. For e: Southern Africa	make sure that you have selected the correct regions. xample, a cross border project between Niger and
Asia and the Pacific	Central & Southern Africa	East Africa
Europe and Central Asia	Global	Latin America and the Caribean
Middle East and North Africa	West Africa	
Please select the title of the project	t for which you are submitting	the report *
Write the 8 digit MPTFO numbers a	and Project Title exactly as it ar	* opears in the Project Document
		nmunity Resilience and Social Cohesion in The Gambia
Please select the countries where t	this project is being implement	red *
Other, Please specify		*
Project Start Date (Date of first tran	nsfer)	*
2021-12-16		
2021-12-16		
Project end Date		*
2023-10-16		
2023-10-16		

Has this project received an extension?
YES, Cost Extension
YES, No Cost Extension
YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions
NO, No Extensions
Will this project be requesting an extension?
YES, Cost Extension
YES, No Cost Extension
YES, Both Cost and No Cost extensions
NO, No Extensions
Is funding disbursed either into a national or regional trust fund?
yes
o no
If yes, please select which
National Trust Fund
Regional Trust Fund

Recipients

Is the convening agency a UN agency or a non UN entity?
UN entity
Non-UN Entity
Please select the convening agency recipient
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme OM: International Organization for Migration
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme
UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization ITC: International Trade Centre
UNDPO Other, Specify
Other, Please specify

Are there other recipients for this project?
No other recipients
Yes, other UN recipients only
Yes, other non-UN recipients only
Yes, both UN and non-UN recipients
* Please select other UN recipients
Select all that apply
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme IOM: International Organization for Migration
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme
✓ UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization ITC: International Trade Centre
UN Department of Peace Operations Other, Specify
Other, Please specify
,,

Action Aid		The African Centre for the Constr	uctive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD)
Agence de C	coopération et de Recherc	he pour le Développement (ACORD)	·
	iends Service Committee		
Avocats San	s Frontières Belgium	Avocats sans frontières Canada	Christian Aid Ireland
CARE Intern	ational UK	The Carter Center, Inc.	
Centre d'étu	de et de coopération inte	rnationale (CECI) - BF COIPF	RODEN
Concern Wo	rldwide	CORDAID	CORD Burundi
DanChurch <i>l</i>	Aid	Fundacion Estudios Superior (FES	SU) Fund for Congolese Women
Fundación N	/li Sangre (FMS)	Fundación Nacional para el Desar	rrollo de Honduras (FUNADEH)
Fundación p	ara la Libertad de Prensa	(FLIP) HELVETAS Swiss Inter	rcooperation
Humanity &	Inclusion (HI)	Instituto Holandes para Democra	cia Multipartidaria (NIMD)
Internationa	ll Alert	Interpeace	Kvinna till Kvinna Foundation
Life and Pea	ce Institute (LPI)		
(MDG-EISA)	Institut Electoral pour une	e Démocratie Durable en Afrique (El	SA), bureau de Madagascar
Mercy Corps	;	MSIS-TATAO	Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC)
ONG AZHAR		OXFAM	Peace Direct
PNG UN Cou	untry Fund	Red de Instituciones por los Dere	chos de la Niñez
Sampan'Asa	Momba ny Fampandroso	ana (SAF/FJKM) Saferworld	
Search for C	ommon Ground (SFCG)	SismaMujer	Tearfund
Trocaire		World Vision International	World Vision Myanmar
ZOA		blank_placeholder	Other, Please specify

Implementing Partners

To how many implementing partners has the project transferred money to date?

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date	
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner National youth CSO	*
National women's CSO	
Other National CSO	
Subnational youth CSO	
Subnational women's CSO	
Other subnational CSO	
Regional CSO	
Regional Organisation	
International NGO	
Governmental entity	
Other	
Other, Please specify	
What is the name of the Implementing Partner INTERPEACE	*

What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date 414910
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner Please limit your response to 175 words Dialogue sessions and production of recommendations (Outcome 1); Trainings on conflict mediation to youth, Sectoral Land Commissions and Traditional Leaders; Technical support and monitoring of the Sectoral Land Commissions work (Outcome 2)
Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify

What is the name of the Implementing Partner KAFO - Farmers Federation	*
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date 50880	*
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner Please limit your response to 175 words Support and training 40 youth listening groups in Oio and Biombo regions (Outcome 3)	*
Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each to date	
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner National youth CSO National women's CSO Other National CSO Subnational youth CSO Subnational women's CSO Other subnational CSO Regional CSO Regional Organisation International NGO Governmental entity Other	*

Other, Please specify

What is the name of the Implementing Partner

AD - Action and Development

What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner to date

26925

Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner

Please limit your response to 175 words

Support and training of 20 youth listening groups in Cacheu region (Outcome 3)

Financial Reporting

» Delivery by Recipient

Please enter the total amounts in US dollars allocated to each recipient organization

Please enter the original budget amount, amount transferred to date and estimated expenditure by recipient.

Please make sure you enter the correct amount. All values should be entered in **US Dollars**

For cross-border projects, group the amounts by agency, even if different country offices are involved. You will have the opportunity to share a more detailed budget in the next section.

Recipients	Total Project	Transfers to	Expenditure	Implementati		
	Budget	date	to date	on rate as a		
	(in US \$)	(in US \$)	(in US \$)	percentage of		
	Please enter the total budget as is in the project document in US Dollars	Please enter the total amount transferred to each recipient to date in US Dollars	Please enter the approximate amount spent to date in US dollars	total budget (calculated automatically)		
FAO: Food and Agriculture	*	*	*	96.46%		
Organizatio	1073926	1073926	1035871			
n						
	*	*	*	0/		
				%		
UNHABITAT:	*	*	*	97.38%		
United						
Nations						
Human						
	426074	426074	414910			
Settlements						
Programme						
	*	*	*	%		
	*	*	*	%		

*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%
*	*	*	%

		*	*	* %
TOTAL	1500000	1500000	1450781	96.7
				2%
	ate implementation rat above matrix is 96.72 Incorrect			ed on the values *
If it is incorrect	, please enter the app	roximate implementa	tion rate as a %	*

» Gender-responsive Budgeting

Indicate what percentage (%) of the budget contributes to gender equality or women's empowerment (GEWE)? 30.22	*
The dollar amount of the budget contributing to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE) based on percentage entered above and total project budget is US \$ 453300 . Can you confirm that this is correct? Correct Incorrect	*

If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>budget amount</i> allocated to GEWE in US Dollars 443341	
Amount expended to date on efforts contributiong to gender equality or women's empowerment is US \$ 438426.02 . Is this correct?	,
If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>expenditure to date</i> on GEWE in US dollars 492689	
ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET SHOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE. The templates for the budget are available here ANNEX Budget Land Mngt FAO -UN HAB Final Report 15012024-9_20_25.xlsx	±

Project Markers

Pleas	se select the Gender Marker Associated with this project	*
\bigcirc	Score 1 for projects that contribute in some way to gender equality, but not significantly (less than 30% of the total budget for GEWE)	
	Score 2 for projects that have gender equality as a significant objective and allocate between 30 and 79% of the total project budget to GEWE	
\bigcirc	Score 3 for projects that have gender equality as a principal objective and allocate at least 80% of the total project budget to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE)	
Plea	se select the Risk Marker Associated with this project	*
Pleas	se select the Risk Marker Associated with this project Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes	*
Pleas		*
Pleas	Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes	*

Please select the PBF Focus Area associated with this project	*
(1.1) Security Sector Reform	
(1.2) Rule of Law	
(1.3) Demobilisation, Disarmament and Reintegration	
(1.4) Political Dialogue	
(2.1) National reconciliation	
(2.2) Democratic Governance	
(2.3) Conflict prevention/management	
(3.1) Employment	
(3.2) Equitable access to social services	
(4.1) Strengthening of essential national state capacity	
(4.2) Extension of state authority/Local Administration	
(4.3) Governance of peacebuilding resources (including PBF Secretariats)	
Is the project part of one or more PBF priority windows? Select all that apply	*
Gender promotion initiative	
✓ Youth promotion initiative	
Transition from UN or regional peacekeeping or special political missions	
Cross-border or regional project	
None	

November).

Steering Committee and Government engagement

Does the project have an active steering committee?	*
yes	
o no	
If yes, please indicate how many times the Project Steering Committee has met o months?	ver the last 6
Please provide a brief description of any engagement that the project has had wi	th the government
over the last 6 months. Please indicate what level of government the project has	been engaging with.
The project has continuously engaged with the Land Commission both at the National leand at the Sectoral level (Local administration) in the three regions. The National Land Commission meetings and participation in events as guests, while the Sectoral Land Commission conflict mediation and reporting, accompanied remotely, and invited to participate in among them, as well as in exchanges with their counterparts in the five sectors not included by the National Land Commission and representatives from the Ministry of Public Infrastrut (General Directorate of Geography and Cadastre), Ministry of Territorial Administration National Youth Institute (under the Ministry of Culture, Youth and Sports), Women and Ministry of Social Action, Family and Women's Promotion). The project has engaged with the Director General of Decentralization (one level below of Administration and Local Power), and the Director General of Territorial Planning, to suppose the Administration and Local Power), and the Director General of Territorial Planning, to suppose the National Planning of Social Action, and the Director General of Territorial Planning, to suppose the National Planning of Social Planning of Socia	Commission was engaged via sions have been capacitated a a 2-day exchange session uded in the project. The 21st , including the President of ucture and Urbanism and Local Development, Children Institute (under the
implement the participatory planning approach. They were also present in the spatial p Biombo and Cacheu, held in October 2023.	lans validation processes in
Also, the Guide for Collaborative Delimitation and Planning of Communities in Guinea-B	issau was validated with
government technicians from the Directory General of Geography and Cadaster and Ter	
Finally, the project liaised with the Director General of Geography and Cadastre (one lev	el below the Ministry of

Public Works, Housing and Urbanism) for the establishment of the GIS (Geographical Information System) cell and

their technicians received a continued training on this matter (3x per week for four months (August until

PART I: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS

NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE RE	EPORT:			
 Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language. Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do. Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse. Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive. Please rate the implementation status of the following preliminary/preparatory activities				
Contracting of partners		*		
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed		
Completed	Not Applicable			
Staff Recruitment		*		
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed		
Completed	Not Applicable			
Collection of baselines		*		
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed		
Completed	Not Applicable			
Identification of beneficiaries		*		
Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed		
Completed	Not Applicable			

Provide any additional descriptive information relating to the status of the project, including whether preliminary/preparatory activities have been completed (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment, etc.)

all preliminary activities completed

Summarize *the main structural, institutional or societal level change* the project has contributed to. This is not anecdotal evidence or a list of individual outputs, but a description of progress made toward the main purpose of the project where evidence of contribution to outcomes is available if requested

FOR PROJECTS WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF COMPLETION ONLY (550 word limit)

For outcome 1, the project is contributing to consolidating the legal framework around land use planning and management in a way that is relevant to the context and the experience of people and sensitive to peace and conflict dynamics. A set of participatory recommendations on how to render land management more peaceful and inclusive in Guinea-Bissau has been developed and disseminated together with the National Land Commission to national and international institutions. The regulation of the Land and Urban Planning Law has been discussed with the government and the academia as a process of being publicised and incorporated into the legal framework. Traditional power of Pelundo and Quicet sections, sector administrators of Prabis and Canchungo and National Land Commission are aware of the importance of the participatory territorial plan and acknowledge it as (1) a guideline for future land development and (2) as a reference for land conflict mitigation in the areas of implementation. 18 communities have been delimited and received by the government a title of recognition of their right to explore that land. The Ministry of Public Works, Housing and Urbanism now has technical capacity and equipment to make, edit and analyse spatial data - a must when dealing with land issues. Finally, a guide on collaborative village/community land delimitation and planning has been developed and validated with government stakeholders.

For outcome 2, the project contributed to reactivating the 15 Land Commission structures at the sectoral level in the three regions and rendering them more effective. Through capacity building in conflict mediation and 7-months of technical and financial support, the project created the conditions for these structures to work on prevention and management of conflict, with at least 43 land-related conflicts solved out of 157 reported, and catalysed a dialogue on how to improve their action in a sustainable and youth-inclusive way. A set of recommendations on how to improve the Land Law implementation at the local level were also developed, detailing ways of improving the Sectoral Land Commissions work. Additionally, the project also engaged members of different Sectoral Land Commissions of the five regions not covered by the project and which face the same difficulties. Also, following planning activities of all communities in the section of Quicet, its Land Commission was officially established. With the goal of improving the management of land-related conflict at the local level, 57 traditional leaders participated in training sessions on conflict mediation.

For outcome 3, the project contributed to the empowerment of youth in 30 communities through 60 listening clubs involved in community conflicts resolution, and agro entrepreneurship activities with a group based rotative loan and credit system.

Finally, following ongoing field evaluation with implementing partners, the project sensitised Clubs members for administrative identity registration, for the clubs to be registered as Community Based Organisations to access the banking system. The project has strengthened the clubs financial capacities by providing them additional capital before the end of the project through the implementing partner (KAFO) in Oio and Biombo regions and through Orange Money in Cacheu region

https://ee.kobotoolbox.org/x/pHAf9RW4

24/101

PART II: RESULT PROGRESS BY PROJECT OUTCOME

Describe overall progress under each Outcome made during the reporting period (for June reports: January-June; for November reports: January-November; for final reports: full project duration). Do not list individual activities. If the project is starting to make/has made a difference at the outcome level, provide specific evidence for the progress (quantitative and qualitative) and explain how it impacts the broader political and peacebuilding context.

- "On track" refers to the timely completion of outputs as indicated in the workplan.
- "On track with peacebuilding results" refers to higher-level changes in the conflict or peace factors that the project is meant to contribute to. These effects are more likely in mature projects than in newer ones.

How many OUTCOMES does this project have

| :



4

more than 5.

Please write out the project outcomes as they are in the project results framework found in the project document

Outcome 1:

Formal, informal institutions and citizens share a common vision of problems linked with land governance and cooperate in the implementation of possible solutions enhancing the implementation of the Land Law

Outcome 2:

Prevention and management of conflict related to land governance is more effective thanks to the collaboration of formal and traditional institutions and communities and actively involved youth in conflict prevention and management

Outcome 3: Underrepresented young men and young women are empowered to act as a cohesive group, agree on common and shared fundamentals, and play an active role in land management in their communities	* d
Outcome 4:	*
Outcome 5:	*
Outcome 6:	*
Outcome 7:	*
Outcome 8:	*
Additional Outcomes If the project has more than 8 outcomes, please enumerate the remaining outcomes here	*

Outcome 1: Formal, informal institutions and citizens share a common vision of problems linked with and governance and cooperate in the implementation of possible solutions enhancing the implementation of the Land Law					
Rate the current status of the outcome progress					
1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results					

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

Between April and May 2022, 8 dialogue sessions were carried out to identify obstacles and possible solutions for a more inclusive land management, and to help select the communities to be targeted in the project activities. In June 2022 internal workshops were held to analyse the material collected during the dialogue sessions and the final participatory recommendations on how to render land governance in Guinea-Bissau more peaceful and inclusive were produced. Radio emissions started to be broadcasted in September 2022 until the end of the project through national and community radios to disseminate key content from the dialogue sessions, raising awareness on issues related to land governance inclusivity. An additional activity was carried out together with the National Land Commission in September 2023 to jointly advocate for the implementation of the participatory recommendations identified with national institutions and international partners. (Output 1.1) As a result of the dialogues and the content dissemination, the general population and key institutions are now more aware of the conflict dynamics around land management and of what would be the possible solutions to increase the peacefulness and inclusiveness of land management in Guinea-Bissau. Key institutions are also more aware of the need to ensure the correct implementation of the Land Law and informed about the actions suggested by different participants to that end.

Guidelines on collaborative settlement profiling and planning at the local level have been developed with the participation of the demarcation brigades and based on the team's field experience, and validated with the Directorates of Geography and Cadastre and Territorial Planning. This guide now can be used for similar demarcation and planning exercises in other communities across the country. At the local level, 18 communities have learned about the importance of collaborative land demarcation and planning, and had their community delimited and registered by the Directorate General of Geography and Cadastre, as advocated by the Land Law. Now these communities have their rights guaranteed and the country has a stronger institutional land governance.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

While participation of youth and of women representatives of institutions at the activity level has been ensured, participation of young women was limited, confirming the marginalisation young women suffered in all what is land-related and the data collected with the baseline. The project team assumes this can be due to multiple factors but is, in particular, a consequence of their roles and responsibilities at the house or in family chores (young women are often the ones responsible for daily market purchases, cleaning, food preparation, etc). Throughout the project implementation, efforts were made to foster young women's participation by adapting the preparation and facilitation of some activities.

During the second collaborative territorial planning, carried out from January to May 2023, a focal point trained in this project liaised with the community to arrange a list of two participants per village (or "tabanca") with youth and women's representation in mind. Youth inclusion was achieved - with the average age of the participants being 30,6 years (median 27) - but gender parity was not, only reached during the workshops in the community of Pantufa, but never in Pelundo and Quicet (an average of 33,2% of women's participation in total). Reiterated requests and sensibilization were made, but women's representation hardly increased. To mitigate the underrepresentation, group activities had all women in one group so that they would be heard, and they were interviewed by female members of the team to avoid any possible constraint during the individual questionnaires.

Outcome 2: Prevention and management of conflict related to land governance is more effective thanks to the collaboration of formal and traditional institutions and communities and actively involved youth in conflict prevention and management

Rate the current status of the outcome progress

1. Off Track

2. On Track



3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

Based on the Sectoral Land Commission (SLC) assessment the team expanded the training, initially youth-centred, also to SLC members. 15 2-day training sessions were organised between September and December 2022 and focused on conflict mediation and awareness raising. Participants highlighted its importance and showed interest and commitment to their role in local communities. In May and September 2023, following a request from them, the team organised three 2-day additional capacity building sessions on conflict prevention and management, targeting 57 traditional leaders active in three regions. In January 2023 the project started accompanying the SLC in their actions, with a "learning by doing" approach. A remote monitoring tool was developed, and a monthly allowance was made available to the 15 SLCs, enabling the organisation of monthly meetings within each Commission. To monitor progress and identify challenges, good practices and lessons learned, an additional activity was organised the 25th and 26th April 2023 in Bissau. The SLC reported solving 43 conflicts during the monitoring period. These experiences, accompanied by a video clip detailing the work undertaken by the project, were the basis of the 5 sessions of experience exchanges organised with other SLC in July 2023 in the regions not covered by the project . In September 2023, 5 radio debates were held between institutional representatives and youth, discussing land management at the local level As a result of the thorough technical and financial support work with SLC, these structures, inactive since their creation 2 years ago, were activated and worked for 7 months. Selected youth and community members are also now more capable of understanding land conflict dynamics and identifying peaceful ways of dealing with them. The land and conflict management at the local level were thus improved, and the seeds for continued work by the Sectoral Land Commission members were planted in the 3 target regions.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

During the training sessions, it was noted that although women members of Sectoral Land Commissions were active participants, young women leaders didn't participate as much in the plenary, expressing their views only in the groups section of the activity. This was taken into consideration in the organisation and configuration of following activities, to allow young women to express themselves and participate more actively.

Outcome 3: Underrepresented young men and young women are empowered to act as a cohesive group, agree on common and shared fundamentals, and play an active role in land management in their communities				
Rate the current status of the outcome progress				
1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results				

Progress summary

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

A total of 60 Youth listening Clubs were established in the regions of Oio, Cacheu and Biombo, among them, 25 clubs of Boys, 26 of Girls and 9 mixed clubs made up of boys and girls. Each club has its own management structure made up of five members: a president, vice-president, secretary and spokesperson whose task is to conduct the clubs weekly meetings. In addition to the board of directors, the clubs have a supervisory board with 3 members and board of general assembly also with 3 members according to their juridic status drafted and approved during their board meetings.

The youth clubs work in identifying the existing land conflicts, gathering information on their history and intervening in their mediation in close collaboration with chiefs of villages and elders.

The clubs have identified more than 250 cases of conflicts linked to the land ownership and cattle breeders and farmers. Among these cases (Oio - 56 cases identified - 37 were mediated by youth clubs and 36 were fully resolved). Biombo - 46 cases identified and only 27 were fully resolved. In the Cacheu region also the youth clubs have been doing their efforts in mediation of many cases of land conflicts and livestock theft.

Regarding the Income-Generating Activities, the club's members make weekly contributions of 1000 XOF per member and take out revolving loans. The clubs manage about 4 800 000 XOF on a monthly basis.

A found of 800 000 XOF has been added to 58 clubs to strengthen their financial systems on the logic that instead of receiving the 20 000 XOF weekly as usual the member can turn to the club found to ask for another 20 000 XOF to be returned within a maximum of 1 month with interest set by club.

The members can borrow up to 50 000 XOF from the club fund based on the presentation of the guarantee accepted by the club.

With this approach, many young people have been able to identify and develop the income-generating activities that helped to completely change their living conditions. The clubs have identified more than 250 cases of conflicts linked to the land ownership and cattle breeders and farmers. Among these cases (Oio - 56 cases identified - 37 were mediated by youth clubs and 36 were fully resolved). Biombo - 46 cases identified and only 27 were fully resolved. The Youth Listening clubs also work in the field of agricultural production where each club has its own field where they grow peanuts, beans, rice, corn, cassava, sweet potatoes etc... The project has contributed also to developing the collective spirit among the members that allows them to provide service to the community members like cleaning farms, cashew plantation etc... and generate income for their clubs.

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome

Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

With this approach, many young people in particular girls have been able to identify and develop the incomegenerating activities that helped to completely change their living conditions, thus develop their social empowerment and recognition in their communities.

https://ee.kobotoolbox.org/x/pHAf9RW4

32/101

33/101

Outcome 4:	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	
Outcome 5:	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	

Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Outcome 7:
Rate the current status of the outcome progress 1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results
Progress summary Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.

Outcome 8:	
Rate the current status of the outcome progress	7
1. Off Track 2. On Track 3. On Track with evidence of peacebuilding results	
Progress summary	7
Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth	
Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome Please limit your response to 3000 characters including spaces.	
	,
If the project has more than 8 outcomes, please use this text box to describe the <i>status</i> of progress (on track with evidence of peacebuilding outcomes, on track or off track), as well as briefly describe the progress and any analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth	
Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured under this Outcome	

INDICATOR BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments-provide an update on the achievement of key indicators at the **outcome** level in the table below

- If an outcome has more than 3 indicators, select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (300 characters max per entry)

» Outcome 1: Formal, informal institutions and citizens share a common vision of problems linked with land governance and cooperate in the implementation of possible solutions enhancing the implementation of the Land Law

Outcome 1	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
1.1	Percentage of institutional participants who develop a better understanding on barriers for youth participation in land governance and possible solutions	52% of institutional participants identify tradition and age stigma as the main barrier for youth participation, followed by youth's lack of interest (21%	50% of the institutions' representatives participating in the activities under outcome 1 affirm they are more aware	0	not measured: target value similar baseline value
1.2	Number of institutions with improved knowledge and capacity to carry out collaborative land use and management processes at the community level	n/a	20 (including 10 community associations + sector and national level government institutions)	26	

How many outputs does outcome 1 have?

2



4

more than 5.

Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 1

Output 1.1

Regional dialogues on obstacle and possible solution for a more inclusive land governance are carried out involving young men and young women leaders and representatives of key government and traditional institutions

Output 1.2

Participatory collaborative territory planning is carried out with the participation of traditional, formal institutions and women and youth leaders

Output 1.3

Policy recommendations to improve land governance and land law implementation are developed and disseminated to relevant regional and national institutions and stakeholders responsible for land governance

Output 1.4
Output 1.5
Other Outputs
If Outcome 1 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

F						<u> </u>
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Regional	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
dialogue	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
s on	Describe the		State the target	g period	<i>cummulative</i> <i>value of the</i>	(if any)
obstacle	indicator		value of the indicator at the	State the current	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	Explain why the indicator is off
and			end of the project	value of the indicator for the	project	track or has
possible				reporting period		changed, where relevant
solution						
for a						
more						
inclusive						
land						
governa						
nce are						
carried						
out						
involving						
young						
men and						
young						
women						
leaders						
and						
represen						
tatives of						
key						
governm						
ent and						
tradition						
al						
institutio						
ns						

			ĺ	1	1
1.1.1	Number of participants in the dialogue sessions (disaggregated by gender, age, locality and institutional belonging)	N/A	100 youth (of those 35% with less than 30 years and 50% women) and 100 representatives of institutions (35% women)	Total of 257 participants. 127 youth (of those 59% under 30 years old and 41% women) and 130 institutional representatives (33% women)	Despite being invited, young women participation is lower and less meaningful than young men's mainly due to social and cultural obstacles. The team debriefed along the activities and a change was included in the facilitation, to encourage young girls to speak and participate more actively in the sessions.
1.1.2	Existence of a programmatic document for youth inclusion in land governance	N/A	1 public document	 1 public document available in portuguese with 8 recommendation	ns

1.1.3	Number of	N/A	8 radio	8 radio	
	radio		programs	programs	
	programmes		broadcasted	broadcasted	
	resuming the		in national	in 2 national	
	content of the		and	radios and 30	
	dialogue		community	community	
	sessions		radios	radios	
				 	

Output 1.2: Participa tory collabora tive territory planning is carried out with the participa tion of tradition al, formal institutio ns and women and	Perform ance Indicator S Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
youth leaders						

1.2.1	Number of communities with collaboratively established land use plans	N/A	10	19 14 in Biombo and 5 in Cacheu	It made sense to include more communities in certain contexts to plan a group of communities as a whole

F					
1.2.2	Number of	N/A	10 per	Average of 43	Where there
	participants in		community,	participants	were a lot of
	land use		with at least	per land use	communities
	planning		50% youth	planning	which got
	workshops		and women	workshop.	along well,
				Average of 8	workshops
				per	concentrated
				community	a group of
					them, but we
				58% of youth	made sure all
				attend during	communities
				the second	had focal
				participatory	points
				process. No	representing
				age tracking	them. Where
				during the	communities
				first process.	could not be
				-	in the
				Women were	presence of
				inadequately	others, they
				represented in	had exclusive
				the two	workshops,
				planning	being
				processes:	overrepresente
				46% in	in those
				Pelundo and	activities.
				only 13% in	
				Quicet	During the
					process of the
					first plan in
					Pelundo
					section, ages
					of the
					participants
					were not
					tracked.
					The activities
					in Pelundo
					happened in
					two places

		 	.,	(
				rwo hiaces
				and one of
				them,
				Pantufa,
				women
				reached an
				average of
				56%
				representation.
				The other,
				27%.
				In Quicet
				there was
				never a high
				number of
				female
				participants,
				despite the
				team's effort
				and
				intermediation
				from our focal
				points to the
				community.
1.2.3				
1.2.5				
	 	 		

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Policy	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
recomm	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
endation	Describe the		_	g period	<i>cummulative</i> <i>value of the</i>	(if any)
s to	indicator		State the target value of the indicator at the	State the current	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i>	Explain why the
improve			end of the project	value of the indicator for the	project	<i>indicator is off track or has</i>
land			, ,	reporting period		changed, where relevant
governa						
nce and						
land law						
impleme						
ntation						
are						
develope						
d and						
dissemin						
ated to						
relevant						
regional						
and						
national						
institutio						
ns and						
stakehol						
ders						
responsi						
ble for						
land						
governa						
nce						
		1		1	1	

1.3.1	Existence of evidence-based guidelines on collaborative settlement profiling and planning at the local level			 	
1.3.2	Number of session of the Land National Commission where are discussed inputs provided by the project	N/A	3	 3	

1.3.3	Number and	N/A	5	8	
	quality of		representatives	representatives:	
	government		of government	on Feb 6th	
	representatives		(political level)	2023 (Prime	
	who		for each	minister	
	participate in		Meeting	cabinet	
	the National			representative;	
	Land			Primatura	
	Commission			counsellor,	
	meetings			National Land	
				Commission	
				President,	
				communication	
				focal point	
				and 3	
				assistants,	
				director	
				general of	
				geography	
				and cadastre);	
				6	
				representatives	
				on Dec 13th	
				2022 (Ministry	
				of foreign	
				business,	
				international	
				cooperation	
				and	
				communities	
				jurist,	
				National	
				Commission	
				for Refugees	
				and Displaced	
				people focal	
				point,	
				National Land	
				Commission	
				president and	
				accietant	

			assistailt,	
			director	
			general of	
			geography	
			and cadastre);	
	 	 		

Output 1.4:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
1.4.1						
1.4.2						
1.4.3						

	1 1: /	F 1 6	1 12 4	1 12 4	Б
			Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
nce	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
ndicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
escribe the		State the target	g period	value of the	(if any)
indicator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
r	dicator	dicator State the baseline value of the indicator escribe the	dicator State the baseline value of the indicator escribe the dicator State the baseline value of the indicator State the target value of the indicator at the end of the	dicator State the baseline value of the indicator escribe the dicator State the indicator State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project Project progress Indicator Target reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the indicator for the	dicator State the baseline value of the indicator escribe the dicator Escribe the dicator State the indicator at the end of the project Baseline Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator at the end of the project State the target value of the indicator for the indica

» Outcome 2: Prevention and management of conflict related to land governance is more effective thanks to the collaboration of formal and traditional institutions and communities and actively involved youth in conflict prevention and management

Outcome 2	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
2.1	Percentage of youth trained in by the project that carry out and participate in conflict prevention and management activities at the community, sector and regional level	43% of youth participants affirm they "never" participated in conflict prevention in management in the past year, 16% did it "rarely" and 32% "sometimes"	At least 50% disaggregated by age, gender and region	0	End of project data not collected by implementing partner Qualitative data from the Sectoral Land Commissions monitoring show that they work with youth 43% of the times and that these Commissions qualify youth participation in conflict management as "very high" in 79% of the occasions.

2.2	Percentage of members of sectoral land commissions who think the commission is capable to respond to people needs in terms of land related conflict management and resolution	62% of land commission members think their Land Commission is functional	An increase of 30%	0	End of the project data not collected by implementing partener The folow up carried out shows that Sectoral Land Commission members recognize their capacity of conflict management consistently improved through the process.
2.3	Percentage of youth who think that land commission mechanism significantly improved at the end of the project	18% of youth who had land problems had the Land Commission intervene, the majority of those classified the Commission's usefulness as "Average"	An increase of 30%	0	End of project data not collected by implementing partner. Monitoring at the activity level shows that all Sectoral Land Commissions met regularly and contributed to prevent and management conflicts in their area.

How many outputs does outcome 2 have?										
1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.										
Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 2										
Output 2.1 Young leaders, men and women, are capacitated and their role in prevention and management of land related conflict is strengthened										
Output 2.2 Land commissions in the area of intervention are more effective, and actively integrate traditional, formal institutions, and youth men and women leaders										
Output 2.3										
Output 2.4										
Output 2.5										
Other Outputs If Outcome 2 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here										

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

» Output 2.1

2.1.1	Number of land commissions members disaggregated by gender, age and institution	N/A	100 youth (40% women and 70% with less than 35 years)	288 participants, of which 120 (42%) youth under 35 years old (of which 51% women)	Due to the identified needs of the Sectoral Land Commissions, there was an increase in the number of training sessions and in the scope of the training participants, including SLC members. Expected number of youth was achieved.
2.1.2	Number of radio debates involving youth and representatives from traditional and local authorities on the role of youth in conflict management and resolution.	N/A	At least 5 debates	5 radio debates held in Cacheu, São Domingos, Mansôa, Djalicunda and Ondame	

2.1.3	Number of youth participating in the training who feel more confident in participating in conflict management and resolution disaggregated by age, gender and locality	62 youth (46% women) feel "very confident" in participation, 42 feel "reasonably confident", 13 feel "little" confidence and 2 feel "not at all confident"	70 youth (40% women and 70% with less than 35 years)	0	End of the project data not still collected by implementing partner
	and locality	Community		 	

Output 2.2: Land commiss ions in the area of intervent ion are more effective, and actively integrate tradition al, formal institutio ns, and youth men and women leaders	Perform ance Indicator S Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
---	---	--	---	--	---	--

2.2.1	Number of la commissions members disaggregated gender, age a institution	d by	N/A		(15% yo with les years, 1	6	in the mee yout unde		
	Number of video clip resuming the land commission experience	N/A		At least	: 10				To allow capturing all the different experiences from the different sectors, the team decided to produce one 15min video clip compiling the whole experience and work undertaken, instead of 10 mini-videos.
2.2.3								1	

	5 6		- I C			_
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	<i>cummulative</i> <i>value of the</i>	(if any)
	indicator		indicator at the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	indicator since the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.3.1						
2.3.2						
2.3.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	<i>cummulative</i> <i>value of the</i>	(if any)
	indicator		value of the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	indicator since the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.4.1						
2.4.2						
2.4.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	baseline value of the indicator	Target		State the current cummulative	/ Delay	
	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
	mucator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.5.1						
2.5.2						
2.5.3						

» Outcome 3: Underrepresented young men and young women are empowered to act as a cohesive group, agree on common and shared fundamentals, and play an active role in land management in their communities

Outcome 3	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)		
3.1	Number of young men and young women organised	N/A	600	1160			
3.2	Number of groups active in land management in their community	N/A	60	59	2 groups merged		
3.3							
How many outputs does outcome 3 have?							



4

5 more than 5.

Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 3

Output 3.
youth and

youth and women are supported and connected in their efforts to improve inclusive land governance at the community level and communities are aware of their role and activities in this field.

Output 3.2

access to information and mass media for youth and women listening groups developed

Output 3.3

Access to sustainable market oriented agro entrepreneurship opportunities developed for group members

Output 3.4

Output 3.5

Other Outputs

If Outcome 3 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

	1			i	i	,
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
youth	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
and	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
women	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
are	muicator		indicator at the end of the	State the current value of the	the start of the	Explain why the indicator is off
supporte			project	indicator for the	project	track or has changed, where
d and				reporting period		relevant
connecte						
d in their						
efforts to						
improve						
inclusive						
land						
governa						
nce at						
the						
commun						
ity level						
and						
commun						
ities are						
aware of						
their role						
and						
activities						
in this						
field.						

3.1.1	Number of targeted communities with women and youth groups	N/A	30 communities by the end of the project	 31 communities	
3.1.2	Number of listening groups (youth and women) with self defined rules, objectives and action plans on land management adopted by their communities and land committees	N/A	20 youth and 30 women groups by the end of the project	24 youth, 25 women and 9 mixed groups made by both	For some specific reason in some villages there are a mixed clubs made up by 12 girls and 8 boys
3.1.3	Number of youth / women reporters using solar radio set to be informed	30 young and 30 women members by the end of the project	28 young and 30 women members by the end of the project	A total of 58 members, 28 young and 30 women received and used the solar radio during their meetings to follow the different radio programs as well as recorded their debates.	

Output 3.2:	Perform ance	Indicator Baseline	End of Project	Indicator progress	Indicator progress	Reasons for
access to informati on and mass media for youth and women listening groups develope d	Indicator S Describe the indicator	State the baseline value of the indicator	Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.2.1	Number of youth / women reporters using solar radio set to be informed	N/A	30 young and 30 women members by the end of the project		28 young and 30 women	The boy's club of the village of Mbassine has given up. The club of the village of Mon has been transformed into a mixed.

3.2.2	Number of debates registered and broadcasted	N/A	30	60 debates with different subjects	The implementings partners namely NGO's KAFO and AD have their own radios and during the visits in field they collected the debates among the clubs members and broadcasted.
3.2.3	Number of active reporters (youth and women) nominated by listening groups	N/A	60	 58	All 58 clubs established appointed their own reporter who were part of the club management structures made up by 5 persons

	1	1	I	1	1	,
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Access	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
to	S	<i>baseline value of the indicator</i>	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
sustaina	Describe the indicator		State the target	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
ble	Mulcator		value of the indicator at the	State the current value of the	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i>	Explain why the indicator is off
market			end of the project	indicator for the	project	track or has
oriented				reporting period		changed, where relevant
agro						
entrepre						
neurship						
opportu						
nities						
develope						
d for						
group						
member						
S						

			,	1	,	
3.3.1	Number of listening group members (youth and women) trained for marked oriented agro entrepreneursh initiatives	N/A	150		240	6 meetings of training of 2 days were conducted gathering the Clubs by Administratives Sectors (Farim, Bissorã, Ingoré, Bigene, Cacheu, Prabis and Quinhamel). Each club had 4 representatives from both boys and girls.
•					<u> </u>	

3.3.2	Number of functional community saving & loan systems (CSLS) servicing agroentrepreneurs in their communities	N/A	45	58	After a monitoring and evaluation conducted to all clubs before receiving the support of 800 000 XOF each, we realised that a separate club of the village of MON should be transformed into a mixed club to ensure its dynamic. The clubs of boys of Mbassine have given up.
3.3.3	Community resilience index				indicator cancelled

Output 3.4:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off
3.4.1			project	indicator for the reporting period		track or has changed, where relevant
3.4.2						
3.4.3						

	D. C.	L. diameter	E. J. C	1 - 1 - 1	L. P. de	D
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		indicator at the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	indicator since the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.5.1						
3.5.2						
3.5.3						

» Outcome 4:

Outcome 4	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)			
4.1								
4.2								
4.3								
How many outpu	ts does outcome 4	have? more than 5.						
Please list up to 5	Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 4							
Output 4.1								
Output 4.2								

https://ee.kobotoolbox.org/x/pHAf9RW4

77/101

tput 4.3
tput 4.4
tput 4.5
ner Outnuts
ner Outputs
utcome 4 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

Output 4.1:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.1.1						
4.1.2						
4.1.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	<i>cummulative</i> <i>value of the</i>	(if any)
	indicator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.2.1						
7.2.1						
4.2.2						
4.2.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Descens
Output	Periorii					Reasons
4.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	<i>State the baseline value of</i>	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		State the target value of the	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
	mucator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.3.1						
4.3.2						
4.3.3						

Output 4.4:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the	Indicator progress for reportin g period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)
			indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.4.1						
4.4.2						
4.4.3						

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the baseline value of	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	<i>Describe the indicator</i>		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
	mucator		indicator at the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.5.1						
4.5.2						
		<u>-</u>				
4.5.3						

If the project has more than 4 outcomes, use this space to describe progress on progress on indicators for the remaining outcomes

PART III: Cross-Cutting Issues

Is the project planning any significant events in the next six months? (eg. national dialogues, youth congresses, film screenings, etc.)

If yes,	Event	Tentative	Location	Target	Event
please	Descriptio	Date		Audience	Objectives
state how	n				
many, and					
for each,					
provide					
the					
approxima					
te date of					
the event					
and a brief					
descriptio					
n,					
including					
its key					
objectives,					
target					
audience					
and					
location (if					
known)					
Event 1					
F					
Event 2					
Event 3					
					

E	vent 4			

Human Impact

This section is about the human impact of the project. Please state the number of key stakeholders (including but not limited to: Civil Society Organziations, Beneficiaries, etc.) of the project, and for each, please briefly describe:

- i. The challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation
- ii. The impact of the project in their lives
- iii. Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group *This is an optional question. You may leave it unanswered if not relevant*

Human Key Stakeholder	What were the challenges they faced prior to project implementati on? (350 words)	What has been the impact of the project on their lives? (350 words)	Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representativ e of each stakeholder group (350 words)
-----------------------	---	--	--

1

National and Sectoral Land Commission member

Although the country counts with a Land Law published in 1998 and then integrated in 2018, its implementation is not homogeneous on the national territory. Land Commissions that should be established to cooperatively manage land and land related issues at the national, regional, sector and section level are not yet a fully functioning reality at the sector and section level, contributing to poor land management at the community level. The project identified many unmet needs at the institutional and organisational level. These gaps in the legal framework and in its implementation, combined with weak local governance capacity contribute to perpetrate a series of conflict dynamics and exclusion

nattorne

At the sectoral level, some of the participants were initially slightly confused as to what their role was in the Commissions. The work by the project has helped not only to bring orientation in that regard, but also to bring a sense of responsibility and more personal (and organisational) capacity to actually carry out the land management and conflict resolution work.

Mr. Mário Martins, President of the **National Land** Commission, when speaking at the 25th April event: "This was the first time the **Sectoral Land** Commissions had the opportunity to meet each other, and the first time I have the opportunity to be in the same room with all of the local administrators together".

 	paccerns.		
 Traditional leaders of the three regions	Although frequently engaged in conflict management at the local level, many recognize not having the mediation skills necessary for carrying out that type of work.	Through dedicated training sessions (not initially foreseen in the project but requested by them) on conflict mediation and awareness raising, the project built the capacity of 57 traditional leaders to peacefully manage conflict, allowing them to have a more positive impact and recognition while contributing to peace in their communities	The traditional leader from São Domingos participated in the SLC training, recognized its value and asked Voz di Paz to train the leaders in the region. Multiple participants in the training thanked Voz di Paz for the knowledge and capacities they now had

3	two family members	Dispute for a piece of	hen the listening	
		lan	club was set up the	
			families in reference	
			were represented.	
			After the two boys	
			knew very well their	
			role and role of the	
			listening club they	
			belong to, they	
			decided to approach	
			their family on an	
			individual basis.	
			After convincing	
			their parents, they	
			decided to go	
			together in the field	
			to propose the	
			collective and	
			durable solution for	
			the peace of land in	
			dispute. They	
			proposed their	
			parents to divide the	
			space in the middle	
			to end the hate and	
			danger that may	
			result from the	
			dispute. The solution	
			was accepted by all	
			parties and the	
			dispute was finished	
			thank to the	
			intervention of the	
			listening clubs.	

4	Community	Different contexts	When local leaders	Adriano Nhamo
	members	had different reasons	agree on land	Nanque, from the
		behind the land	boundaries and it is	village Bitafit, in
		disputes. One of	officially registered,	Quicet section: "I
		them waswere	the possibility of	learned that we have
		disagreement related	future conflicts	to manage our land
		to borders between	related to the matter	well and that there
		tabancas (villages) or	are highly	are also spaces that
		communities (groups	minimised, and	we can reserve and
		of tabancas).	much more easily	prioritise for
		Another case seen	solvedthere is no	development.[] I
		during the	future discussion in	realised that this is
		participatory	this matter.	actually very
		planning phase was	Planning, on the	important, and that
		the disagreement	other hand, helps to	we should have done
		about future use and	avoid future conflicts	it a long time ago."
		belonging of an	and safeguard	and "[] today each
		area.	communal lands and	tabanca knows its
			certain types of	limits (where it starts
			exploration that may	and where it ends).
			be detrimental to the	So these discussions
			community	no longer exist, I
				think that for later
				we will not have
				problems of land
				conflict because you
				will know where your
				limits begin and
				where they end, and
				the limits of others
				as well"

In addition to the stakeholder specific impact described above, please use this space to describe any additional human impact that the project has had (650 words)

Ministry of Public Works, Housing and Urbanism

Throughout different sections of the ministry, there is a lack of a technical body to generate, manipulate and analyse geospatial data.

This was making hard to take some actions such as consolidating land demarcation of communities, mapping things like existing tensions and conflicts, issuing land titles, etc

This project helped to fund a new GIS (Geographic Information System) cell within the Ministry. The general directorates prepared a room to host the cell, while the project team equipped the room and offered continued training (3 times per week during fourtwo months) to the technicians

Land demarcation and titling of 18 communities in Cacheu and Biombo Region. Each of these communities received a title of recognition of their communal rights to their lands.

Elaboration of draft Regulation of the Land and Urban Planning Law along with Directorate General of Territorial Planning, with support from CSOs and University. The Regulation supports more collaborative, inclusive and sustainable land use planning across the country.

Creation of Sectional Land Commission of Quicet, which will address land issues within that area. With trained personnel and recognized authorities, it will be the first mediator in land conflicts and will orient its practice according to the land law.

Effectivating the role of 15 Sector Land Commissions in the project contributing to solving at least 43 conflicts indirectly contributed to the improved well-being of the parties in conflict and their families, diffusing tensions and increasing their feeling of peace and safety.

You can also upload upto 3 files in various formats (picture files, powerpoint, pdf, video, etc.) to illustrate the human impact of the project

OPTIONAL

File 1

OPTIONAL

Cliquez ici pour téléverser un fichier. (< 10MB)

File 2

OPTIONAL

Cliquez ici pour téléverser un fichier. (< 10MB)

File 3	
OPTIONAL	
Cliquez ici pour téléverser un fichier. (< 10M	3)
You can also add upto 3 links to online OPTIONAL	e resources which illustrate the human impact of the project
Link 1	
OPTIONAL	
Link 2	
OPTIONAL	
Link 3	
OPTIONAL	

Please tick the applicable change based on above narrative.
*
How we worked: Please select up to 3.
Enhanced digitization
Innovative ways of working
Mobilized additional resources
Improved or initiated policy frameworks
✓ Strengthened capacities
Partnered with Civil Society Organizations
Expanding coalitions & galvanizing political will
Strengthened partnerships with IFIs
Strengthened partnerships with UN Agencies
Please explain Please limit your response to 350 words. Innovative way of workink was empowering youth through the listening groups methodology to give them enough strength and recognition to adress the conflicts in their communities.
Please explain Please limit your response to 350 words. improved or initiated policy framework as well as stranghten capacity was realized through the application of the land law through sectoral land commissions as well as demarcation of villages areas.
Please explain Please limit your response to 350 words. Partnering with national CSO was the opportunity for them to implement the new approach of listening clubs

Who are we working with (in addition to the implementing partners)
Strengthened partnerships with IFIs
Strengthened partnerships within UN Agencies
Partnered with local civil society organizations
Partnered with local academia
Partnered with sub-national entities
Partnered with national entities
Partnered with local volunteers
Please explain (If IFIs)
Please limit your response to 350 words.
Please explain (If UN Agencies)
Please limit your response to 350 words. Partnership between FAO and UN-Habitat within all the project process , allow to reach eff ective results

Leave No one Behind			
Select all beneficiaries targeted with the PBF resources as evidenced by the narrative			
Mandatory			
✓ Unemployed persons			
Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)			
Indigenous communities			
Persons with Disabilities			
Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)			
✓ Women			
✓ Youth			
Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression			
People living in and around border areas			
Persons affected by natural disasters			
Persons affected by armed conflicts			
Internally displaced persons, refugees or migrants			

PART IV: Monitoring, Evaluation and Compliance

» Monitoring

Please list monitoring activities undertaken in the reporting period

Please limit your response to 350 words.

A monitoring system based on KoBo Toolbox was used to accompany and support the conflict management work ofthe 15 Sectoral Land Commissions of the project's area of intervention from January to July 2023. Interpeace /Voz diPaz team undertook some field missions to accompany the work carried out by Sectoral Land Commissions on the ground. Missions were also done to accompany two of the exchange sessions with Land Commissions of the Sregions not covered by the project.

The monthly monitoring mission allowed to find some weaknesses and strengthen different listementing clubs aswell as the presence of the NGO in the field.

The monitoring brings the specific recommendation for each stakeholder for immediate actions for the correction before the next field visit. The monitoring team realised that the approach "Listening Clubs" it's more adequate in the rural villages than the urban areas. In the rural area, the youth are more committed compared to the urbanareas where some urban villages were replaced to the rural area where the project may have more commitment to the approach of the youth

Dο	outcome	indicators	havo	hacali	nac2
DO	outcome	mulcators	nave	Daseii	nes:

If only some of the outcome indicators have baselines, select 'yes'



ves



no

Please provide a brief description

Please limit your response to 350 words.

for some outcomes indicators baseline assessment was possible: for indicator 1.1, 1.3, 21.1, 2.2 and 2.3. however endline data collection was not completed

Elaborate on what sources of evidence have been used to report on indicators (and are available upon request)

Please limit your response to 350 words.

sources of of evidences are reports, attendance sheets, photograpies

Has the project launched outcome level data collection initiatives? e.g. perception surveys	*
yes	
o no	
	*
Please provide a brief description	
Please limit your response to 350 words.	
Has the project used or established community feedback mechanisms?	*
yes	
no no	
Please provide a brief description	*
Please limit your response to 350 words.	
» Evaluation	
» Evaluation	
» Evaluation Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation?	*
	*
Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation?	*
Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation? yes no	*
Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation? yes	
Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation? yes no Not Applicable Evaluation budget (in USD):	*
Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation? yes no Not Applicable	

If project will end in next six months, and the overall project budget is above 1.5 million, is your upcoming evaluation on track? (Preparations) Please limit your response to 350 words.
Please mention the focal person accountable for sharing the final evaluation report with the PBF, name and email.

» Catalytic Effect

Catalytic Effect (financial): Indicate funding agent and amount of additional non-PBF funding support that has been leveraged by the project since it started. (y/n) yes	*
o no	
If yes, how many additional grants or donors has the project leveraged?	*

Catalytic Effect (non-financial): Has the project enabled or created a larger or longer-term peacebuilding change to occur?	*
No catalytic effect	
Some catalytic effect	
Significant catalytic effect	
Very Significant catalytic effect	
On't Know	
Too early to tell	

If relevant, please describe how the project has had a (non-financial) catalytic effect i.e. ways in which the project has supported the expansion or creation of programs and policies supporting peace, both within and outside the UN system

Please limit your response to 350 words.

The collaborative approach to community land demarcation and planning was proven to be a successful approach, and, along with development of guidelines and the draft legislation of land use planning, provide a set of mechanisms that will allow similar initiatives to be carried out in the future. In fact, some of the actors involved in the process, from community members to governmental officials, have expressed their interest in informing other communities to replicate the same approach elsewhere. The same applies to the establishment of the GIS cell within the Ministry of Public Works, Housing and Urbanism, which will allow a much more structure and streamlined service for land use planning in the future.

In addition at the end of the project the project results were presented to stakeholders for consideration anddefinition of main challenges and recommendations linked to involvement of women and girls in peacebuilding:

- Plan specific activities for groups of women and girls
- Adapt the facilitation of training in relation to women's needs
- Develop functional literacy program
- Develop national identification program

Implementing partner KAFO contribution supported the capacity building process of the listening clubs in Oio and Biombo region as well as distributed the cash to the clubs. Ii also contributed to the selection of a showcase of beneficiaries' successes and brought some of them to the final event of the project to expose their successes due tothe project.

Sustainability

Does the project have an explicit exit strategy?

Please describe any steps that have been taken to ensure sustainability of peacebuilding gains beyond the duration of the project.

Please limit your response to 350 words.

he intervention strategy has been built towards and around the concept of sustainability. The project aims to contribute to a long-lasting institutional change strengthening the legitimacy of existing policies through a series of activities that aims to ensure that these policies reflect local realities and benefit from local knowledge. To do so, the project engaged closely with key institutions in the last months, such as the National Land Commission and the Directorate of Geography and Cadaster for the finalisation and validation of different policy recommendations and regulation documents.

At the national level, the project has been carrying out specific activities that contribute to the institutionalisation of the processes, tools and structures piloted and developed along the project implementation, in particular through the very close collaboration with the National Land Commission and other national institutions, capacity building and through the elaboration of policy recommendations, draft legislative instruments and validated guidelines to improve land governance and land law implementation.

At the regional and local level, the project aims to stepstone towards the full implementation of the Lland Llaw and set the basis for durable change in this sense adopting a trust building approach. By investing in and fostering the relationship among different stakeholders, especially around the Sectoral Land Commissions, the project is working to create the conditions for the bottom-up operationalization of collaborative structures and procedures foresaw by the current legislation, notably by strengthening local stakeholders capacities.

At the community level, the project exit strategy is based on the facilitation and strengthening capacities approaches, also mobilising local human resources (youth and women) as well as promoting market based agroentrepreneurship to generate income from land access. Local communities have ownership of the collaborative planning they made as the plans were validated in multiple stages and in one case a sectional land commission was established to deal with land issues at that scale.

Most stakeholders recognised the impact of conflict mitigation approaches used by the project in particular with land demarcation and listening clubs, as well as strengthening land commission with the necessity of vulgarisation of the Land Law at the local levels. Their commitments to use these approaches have good chance to be replicated in the future, depending on resource mobilisation.

Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations?

Please limit your response to 350 words.

Monitoring and Oversight Activities

Please describe any key event related to monitoring and oversight. Please click next if no activities have yet taken place.

Monitoring and oversight activities	Name of the Event	Summary	Key Findings
Event 1	RUNO and partners coordination meetings	regular meetings occur to monitor the project process , plan activities	necessities to ajust planning, warning forreports and meeting
Event 2	Regular field visits	o find some weaknesses and strengthen different clubs as well as the presence of the NGO in the field.	The monitoring brings the specific recommendation for each stakeholder for immediate actions for the correction before the next field visit
Event 3			
Event 4			

Event 5		
Event 6		
Event 7		
Event 8		

Final Steps

- Please save a pdf copy of the form by clicking on the *Printer* icon on the top right corner of the page.
- A dialogue box will appear: Please select the A4 size and portrait orientation.
- Click "prepare" and save the document as a PDF (if on first attempt, the generated page is not readable, close the pop up page and try again. If the problem persists, you can contact technical support at the email address below)
- Please upload the pdf version of the report as well as your financial report in excel format on the MPTF-O gateway.

If you encounter any difficulty in filling the form or generating the print-out for MPTFO gateway, please contact Gabriel Velastegui gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org

Thank You. You have finished the report. Please Click on the SUBMIT button below. When the report is submitted, a confirmation note will appear on a yellow banner on top of the page. This can take a few seconds.