# **PBF November 2024 Project Progress Report**



# **PROJECT OVERVIEW**

Thank you for taking the time to complete the PBF Progress report. For projects with more than one recipient, please consult among co-recipients prior to filling out the form to ensure collaboration on the responses. If you have any questions or require technical assistance in filling out the form, please send an email to <a href="mailto:gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org">gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org</a>

Click Next below to start

## » Report Submission

Type of report	*
Semi-annual	
Annual	
Final	
Other .	
Date of submission of report	*
2024-11-14	
2024-11-14	
Name and Title of Person submitting the report	*
Naïlé Olivier - Project Development Officer	
E-mail of Person submitting the report	*
naile.olivier@acted.org	
Name and Title of Person who approved the report	*
Simon Dos Santos - Grant Management Officer	

Have all fund recipients for this project contributed to the report?	*
Yes	
○ No	
Did PBF Secretariat or RCO focal point review the report?	*
You should normally ensure that the PBF Secretariat or the PBF focal point have an opportunity to review.	
( Yes	
○ No	
Not Applicable	
» Project Information and Geographical Scope	
Is this a cross-border project?	*
Yes No	

Pleas	se select the geographical region in which the project is implemented
$\bigcirc$	Asia and the Pacific Central & Southern Africa East Africa
$\bigcirc$	Europe and Central Asia Global Latin America and the Caribean
$\bigcirc$	Middle East and North Africa West Africa
Cour	ntry of project implementation
$\bigcirc$	Ethiopia Kenya Madagascar
	Somalia South Sudan Sudan
$\bigcirc$	Other, Specify
Othe	er, please specify
Proje	ect Title *
$\bigcirc$	00130612: Bridging the "Youth Gap" – Strengthening Community-Based Reintegration Mechanisms – A IOM/UNICEF Partnership for Community Youth and Youth Formerly Associated with Al-Shabaab
$\bigcirc$	00118835: Improving psychosocial support and mental health care for conflict affected youth in Somalia: a socially-inclusive integrated approach for peace building
$\bigcirc$	00113082: Leveraging the Strength of Women in Peace Building and Promoting Gender Sensitivity in the National Programme on Disengaged Combatants
$\bigcirc$	00130704: Making Space for Peacebuilding: Strengthening Participation and Safety of Women Activists and Journalists in South West state and Jubaland, Somalia
$\bigcirc$	00113011: PBF Secretariat
$\bigcirc$	00118131: Prevention of child recruitment and community-based reintegration of children formerly associated with armed forces and groups
$\bigcirc$	00129735: Promoting Inclusive Action in Peacebuilding (PIAP Initiative)
$\bigcirc$	00096601: Support for Somalia Reconciliation Conferences
$\bigcirc$	00129368: Support Political Transition in Somalia
$\bigcirc$	00119246: Support to mechanisms to prevent and manage conflict during elections
$\bigcirc$	00118635: Support to National Independent Electoral Commission (NIEC) Electoral Dispute Resolution Mechanisms
$\bigcirc$	00113621: Supporting reconciliation and state-building processes
$\bigcirc$	00129369: Women, Peace and Protection Programme
	00140112: Nabad: Promoting women-led grassroots peacebuilding towards social reconciliation
$\bigcirc$	00140124: The Somalia Women and Youth Peacebuilding Project For Your Rights Inclusive Governance Harmony Trust and Social Cohesion In Southwest State and Banadir (SWYPP FOR YOUR RIGHTS)
$\bigcirc$	00140251: Support and capacity development for joint analysis design and coordination of PBF interventions in Somalia
$\bigcirc$	00140748: "Youth in Action: Empowering Youth to contribute to peaceful transition in Jowhar (YOU-ACT)".
$\overline{\bigcirc}$	Other, Specify
EXAM	* e the 8 digit MPTFO number and Project Title exactly as it appears in the Project Document  IPLE: 00118938: Community-based prevention of violence and social cohesion using innovation for young people in displaced and communities

Please select the geographical region(s) in which the project is implemented
If the project you are looking for does not appear in the following question, please make sure that you have selected the correct regions. A limited number of cross border projects span multiple geographic regions. For example, a cross border project between Niger and Chad spans both West Africa and Central & Southern Africa
Asia and the Pacific Central & Southern Africa East Africa
Europe and Central Asia Global Latin America and the Caribean
Middle East and North Africa West Africa
Please select the title of the project for which you are submitting the report
* Write the 8 digit MPTFO numbers and Project Title exactly as it appears in the Project Document  EXAMPLE: 00129699/700: Supporting Cross-Border Cooperation for Increased Community Resilience and Social Cohesion in The Gambia and Senegal
Please select the countries where this project is being implemented *
* Other, Please specify
Project Start Date (Date of first transfer)
2023-03-17
2023-03-17
Project End Date
2025-03-16
2025-03-16 2025-03-16
2025-03-16
2025-03-16  Has this project received an extension?  *
2025-03-16  Has this project received an extension?  YES, Cost Extension
2025-03-16  Has this project received an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension
2025-03-16  Has this project received an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions
### Past this project received an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions  NO, No Extensions
### Project received an extension?  Has this project received an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions  NO, No Extensions  Will this project be requesting an extension?
### Past this project received an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions  NO, No Extensions  Will this project be requesting an extension?  YES, Cost Extension
### Pas this project received an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions  NO, No Extensions  Will this project be requesting an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension
### Has this project received an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions  NO, No Extensions  Will this project be requesting an extension?  YES, Cost Extension  YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions
### Public Project received an extension?  ### As this project received an extension?  ### YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions  NO, No Extensions  #### Will this project be requesting an extension?  ### YES, Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, No Cost Extension  YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions  NO, No Extensions

Is funding disbursed either into a national or regional trust fund?	*
Yes	
● No	
If yes, please select which	*
National Trust Fund	
Regional Trust Fund	

# Recipients

Is th	e convening agency a UN age	ncy or a non UN entity?		*
	UN entity			
	Non-UN Entity			
Plea	se select the convening agend	v recipient		*
	ACTED	Action Aid UK	AAITG (ActionAid the Gambia)	
	AEDE		ve Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD)	
		herche pour le Développement (ACORD	·	
$\bigcirc$	American Friends Service Commi	ttee (AFSC) Avocats Sans Fronti	ères	
	Avocats Sans Frontières Belgium	Avocats sans frontières Canada	Ayuda en Accion	
	CARE International UK	Centre d'étude et de coopération	n internationale (CECI) - BF	
	Christian Aid Ireland	COIPRODEN	Concern Worldwide	
	Conexion Guatemala	COOPI - Cooperazione Internazio	onale CORD Burundi	
$\bigcirc$	CORDAID	Corporacion Sisma Mujer	CRS - Catholic Relief Services	
$\bigcirc$	DanChurchAid	EQUITAS	Fund for Congolese Women	
$\bigcirc$	Fundacion Estudios Superior (FES	SU) Fundación Mi Sangre (FMS)		
$\overline{\bigcirc}$	Fundación Nacional para el Desa	rrollo de Honduras (FUNADEH)	Fundación para la Libertad de Prensa (FLIP)	
	HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation	Humanity & Inclusion (HI)		
	ICTJ (International Center for Tran	nsitional Justice) Instituto Holan	des para Democracia Multipartidaria (NIMD)	
$\bigcirc$	Integrity Watch	International Alert	International Rescue Committee	
$\bigcirc$	Interpeace	Kvinna till Kvinna Foundation	Life and Peace Institute (LPI)	
	MDG-EISA - Institut Electoral pour	une Démocratie Durable en Afrique (E	ISA), bureau de Madagascar	
$\bigcirc$	Mercy Corps	MLAL - ProgettoMondo	MSIS-TATAO	
	NIMD (Netherlands Institute for N	Multiparty Democracy) O Norwegi	an Refugee Council (NRC)	
	OIKOS	ONG Adkoul - ONG Adkoul	ONG AZHAR	
	OXFAM	Peace Direct	Plan International	
	PNG UN Country Fund	Red de Instituciones por los Dere	echos de la Niñez	
$\bigcirc$	ROI - Roza Otunbayeva Initiati	Saferworld		
$\bigcirc$	Sampan'Asa Momba ny Fampano	lrosoana (SAF/FJKM) Save the C	hildren	
$\bigcirc$	Search for Common Ground (SFC	G) SIHA (Strategic Initiative for V	Women in the Horn of Africa)	
	SismaMujer	SOS Sahel Sudan	Stichting Impunity Watch	
	Tearfund	The Carter Center, Inc.	Trocaire	
$\bigcirc$	War Child	War Childhood Museum (WCM)	World Vision International	
$\bigcirc$	World Vision Myanmar	ZOA	blank_placeholder	
$\bigcirc$	Other, Please specify			
Othe	er, Please specify			*
Otile	ar, i rease specify			

Are t	here other recipients for this project?
	No other recipients
$\bigcirc$	Yes, other UN recipients only
	Yes, other non-UN recipients only
	Yes, both UN and non-UN recipients
	*
	se select other UN recipients
Select	UNDP: United Nations Development Programme IOM: International Organization for Migration
	UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund
	OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
	UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women
	UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund
	FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme
	UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme
	UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
	UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization
	WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO
	UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
	UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services
	UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization ITC: International Trade Centre
	UN Department of Peace Operations Other, Specify
Othe	r, Please specify

Pleas	se select other non-UN recipie	nts *
	ACTED	Action Aid UK AAITG (ActionAid the Gambia)
	AEDE	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD)
	Agence de Coopération et de Rech	erche pour le Développement (ACORD)
	American Friends Service Committ	ee (AFSC) Avocats Sans Frontières
	Avocats Sans Frontières Belgium	Avocats sans frontières Canada Ayuda en Accion
	CARE International UK	Centre d'étude et de coopération internationale (CECI) - BF
	Christian Aid Ireland	COIPRODEN Concern Worldwide
	Conexion Guatemala	COOPI - Cooperazione Internazionale CORD Burundi
	CORDAID	Corporacion Sisma Mujer CRS - Catholic Relief Services
	DanChurchAid	EQUITAS Fund for Congolese Women
	Fundacion Estudios Superior (FESU	) Fundación Mi Sangre (FMS)
	Fundación Nacional para el Desarr	ollo de Honduras (FUNADEH) Fundación para la Libertad de Prensa (FLIP)
	HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation	Humanity & Inclusion (HI)
	ICTJ (International Center for Trans	itional Justice) Instituto Holandes para Democracia Multipartidaria (NIMD)
	Integrity Watch	International Alert International Rescue Committee
	Interpeace	Kvinna till Kvinna Foundation Life and Peace Institute (LPI)
	MDG-EISA - Institut Electoral pour	ine Démocratie Durable en Afrique (EISA), bureau de Madagascar
	Mercy Corps	MLAL - ProgettoMondo MSIS-TATAO
	NIMD (Netherlands Institute for M	ultiparty Democracy) Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC)
	OIKOS	ONG Adkoul - ONG Adkoul ONG AZHAR
	OXFAM	Peace Direct Plan International
	PNG UN Country Fund	Red de Instituciones por los Derechos de la Niñez
	ROI - Roza Otunbayeva Initiati	Saferworld
	Sampan'Asa Momba ny Fampandr	osoana (SAF/FJKM) Save the Children
	Search for Common Ground (SFCG	SIHA (Strategic Initiative for Women in the Horn of Africa)
	SismaMujer	SOS Sahel Sudan Stichting Impunity Watch
	Tearfund	The Carter Center, Inc.
	War Child	War Childhood Museum (WCM) World Vision International
	World Vision Myanmar	ZOA blank_placeholder
	Other, Please specify	
Othe	er, Please specify	*
Otric	or, ricase specify	
Imp	olementing Partners	
<b>T</b> 1		
		rs has the project transferred money <i>during this reporting period</i> November reports: January-November; for final reports: full project
	tion)?	The second of th
10		

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other Other
Other, Please specify
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner Social Life and Agricultural Development Organization (SADO)
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  267975
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  *Please limit your response to 1500 characters  SADO, as Acted's implementing partner in this project, is directly sub-granting to four of the eight women-led civil society organizations (WLCSOs) in Jubaland, acting as their main direct focal point.
In the last 12 months, SADO has carried out peacebuilding training in Jubaland, supported CSOs to conduct a conflict analysis and develop conflict-resolution roadmaps to implement the 12-month peacebuilding campaign.
SADO is continuously supporting the implementation of the roadmap activities, as well as the awareness campaign that complements the peacebuilding campaign, through social media posts, radio appearances, and women-led village discussions.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  Taakulo Somali Community
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  109617.3
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **
Taakulo is continuously supporting the implementation of the roadmap activities, as well as the awareness campaign that complements the peacebuilding campaign, through social media posts, radio appearances, and women-led village discussions.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  Kismayo Women Association (KWA)
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  30840.2
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 1500 characters  KWA developed conflict-resolution roadmap and is now implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign in its district.  In addition, KWA is undertaking a communication campaign to raise awareness on the importance of women's role in peacebuilding efforts.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner
Dhobley Women Association (DWA)
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  30840.2
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 1500 characters  DWA developed conflict-resolution roadmap and is now implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign in its district.  DWA is also undertaking a communication campaign to raise awareness on the importance of women's role in peacebuilding efforts.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  Dollow Women Group (DWG)
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  30840.2
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 1500 characters  DWG developed conflict-resolution roadmap and is now implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign in its district.  DWG is also undertaking a communication campaign to raise awareness on the importance of women's role in peacebuilding efforts.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
Other
Other, Please specify
What is the name of the Implementing Partner
Garbaharey Women Group (GWG)
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  30840.2
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 1500 characters  GWG developed conflict-resolution roadmap and is now implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign in its district.  GWG is also undertaking a communication campaign to raise awareness on the importance of women's role in peacebuilding efforts.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner  National youth CSO  National women's CSO  Other National CSO  Subnational youth CSO  Subnational women's CSO  Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO Regional Organisation International NGO Governmental entity Other
Other, Please specify
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  Bay Women and Development Organization (BWDO)
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  30840.13
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 1500 characters  BWDO developed conflict-resolution roadmap and is now implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign in its district.  BWDO is also undertaking a communication campaign to raise awareness on the importance of women's role in peacebuilding efforts.

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period				
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner				
National youth CSO				
National women's CSO				
Other National CSO				
Subnational youth CSO				
Subnational women's CSO				
Other subnational CSO				
Regional CSO				
Regional Organisation				
International NGO				
Governmental entity				
Other				
Other, Please specify				
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  Bay Women Association Network (BWAN)				
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  30840.13				
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 1500 characters  BWAN developed conflict-resolution roadmap and is now implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign in its district.  BWAN is also undertaking a communication campaign to raise awareness on the importance of women's role in peacebuilding efforts.				

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period				
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner				
National youth CSO				
National women's CSO				
Other National CSO				
Subnational youth CSO				
Subnational women's CSO				
Other subnational CSO				
Regional CSO				
Regional Organisation				
International NGO				
Governmental entity				
Other				
Other, Please specify				
What is the name of the Implementing Partner  Barawe Women Empowerment and Development (BWED)				
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?  30840.13				
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner  Please limit your response to 1500 characters  BWED developed conflict-resolution roadmap and is now implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign in its district.  BWED is also undertaking a communication campaign to raise awareness on the importance of women's role in peacebuilding efforts.				

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each during this reporting period				
during this reporting period				
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner				
National youth CSO				
National women's CSO				
Other National CSO				
Subnational youth CSO				
Subnational women's CSO				
Other subnational CSO				
Regional CSO				
Regional Organisation				
International NGO				
Governmental entity				
Other				
Other, Please specify				
* What is the name of the Implementing Partner				
South West Youth Vision (SWYV)				
*				
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this reporting period?				
30840.13				
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner				
Please limit your response to 1500 characters  SWYV developed conflict-resolution roadmap and is now implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign in its				
district.				
SWYV is also undertaking a communication campaign to raise awareness on the importance of women's role in peacebuilding efforts.				
Financial Reporting				
» Delivery by Recipient				
Please enter the total amounts in full US dollars allocated to each recipient organization  Please enter the original budget amount, amount transferred to date and estimated expenditure by recipient.				
Please make sure you enter the correct amount. All values should be entered in <b>US Dollars</b>				
For cross-border projects, group the amounts by agency, even if different country offices are involved. You will have the opportunity to share a more detailed budget in the next section.				

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Recipients	Total Project Budget (in full US \$) Please enter the total budget as is in the project document in US Dollars	Transfers to date (in full US \$) Please enter the total amount transferred to each recipient to date in US Dollars	Expenditure to date (in full US \$) Please enter the approximate amount spent to date in US dollars	Implementati on rate as a percentage of total budget (calculated automatically)
ACTED	<b>*</b> 1100000	* 385000	735171	66.83%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%

	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
TOTAL	1100000	385000	735171	66.8
				66.8 3%
The approximate implementation rate as percentage of total project budget based on the values entered in the above matrix is <b>66.83%</b> . Can you confirm that this is correct?  Correct Incorrect				
If it is incorrect, pleas	se enter the approxim	ate implementation ra	te as a %	*
» Gender-responsiv	e Budgeting			
Indicate what <b>percentage (%)</b> of the budget contributes to gender equality or women's empowerment (GEWE) as per the project document?  99.99				
The dollar amount of the budget contributing to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE) based on percentage entered above and total project budget is <b>US \$ 1099890</b> . Can you confirm that this is correct?  Correct Incorrect				
If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>budget amount</i> allocated to GEWE in US Dollars  1100000				
Amount expended to date on efforts contributiong to gender equality or women's empowerment is <b>US \$ 735097.48</b> . Is this correct?				
Correct Incorrect				
If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>expenditure to date</i> on GEWE in US dollars 735171				

ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET SHOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE.

The templates for the budget are available <u>here</u>

Nabad\_Acted\_Annual Report\_Current Expenditure-9\_44\_7.xlsx



# **Project Markers**

Please select the Gender Marker Associated with this project	*
Score 1 for projects that contribute in some way to gender equality, but not significantly (less than 30% of th budget for GEWE)	e total
Score 2 for projects that have gender equality as a significant objective and allocate between 30 and 79% of project budget to GEWE	the total
Score 3 for projects that have gender equality as a principal objective and allocate at least 80% of the total probudget to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE)	roject
Please select the Risk Marker Associated with this project	*
Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes	
Risk marker 1 = medium risk to achieving outcomes	
Risk marker 2 = high risk to achieving outcomes	
Please select the PBF Focus Area associated with this project	*
(1.1) Security Sector Reform	
(1.2) Rule of Law	
(1.3) Demobilisation, Disarmament and Reintegration	
(1.4) Political Dialogue	
(2.1) National reconciliation	
(2.2) Democratic Governance	
(2.3) Conflict prevention/management	
(3.1) Employment	
(3.2) Equitable access to social services	
(4.1) Strengthening of essential national state capacity	
(4.2) Extension of state authority/Local Administration	
(4.3) Governance of peacebuilding resources (including PBF Secretariats)	
Is the project part of one or more PBF priority windows?  Select all that apply	*
Gender promotion initiative	
Youth promotion initiative	
Transition from UN or regional peacekeeping or special political missions	
Cross-border or regional project	
None	

# **Steering Committee and Government engagement**

Does the project have an active steering committee/ project board?	*
Yes	
○ No	

If yes, please indicate how many times the Project Steering Committee has met over the last 6 months?

Please limit your response to 3000 characters

In the framework of the 'Nabad: Promoting women-led grassroots peacebuilding towards social reconciliation' project, a Steering Committee has been established to provide a strategic overview of the major milestones of the project and ensure continuous coordination among key stakeholders involved in women's empowerment and peacebuilding in Somalia and the different partners responsible for the direct implementation of the Nabad project.

In June 2024, the first Steering Committee meeting was organised and brought together representatives of the Somali Federal and State authorities – Ministry of Interior, Federal Affairs and Reconciliation; Ministry of Women and Human Rights; Jubaland and Soutwest State Ministries of Women, Family Affairs and Human Rights Development – UNPBF and UN representatives – UNDP; UN Women – as well as the Somali Peacebuilding Working Group coordinator alongside Acted Country Director and key staff members – Jubaland Area Coordinator; Country Programme Coordinator; Project Manager – and SADO and Taakulo respective Programme Coordinators.

Highlighting the continuous support of the Somali authorities to the Nabad project, the Steering Committee meeting provided an opportunity to exchange views on the challenges encountered during the implementation process. The significant lack of sustainable funding and policies to create an enabling environment for CSOs was acknowledged and the State Minister of Women, Family Affairs and Human Rights Development for Southwest State expressed the will to develop policies fostering a supportive environment for women and CSOs. The importance of integrating literacy and numeracy training into all development programmes targeting women was also stressed by the State Minister of Women and Human Rights Development for Jubaland.

The main recommendations to maximize collaboration and participation of local authorities in peacebuilding initiatives and women-led community development focused on establishing formal partnerships between local governments and women's organizations, including through the representation of women's groups in local council meetings and the creation of women's networks linked to local governments, as done in three districts in Southwest State. In addition, exchanges on strategies to bolster acceptance of women's roles in peacebuilding, decision-making, and socio-cultural activities stressed the need to continue engaging with religious leaders and elders to promote women's leadership and diversify the media channels used to challenge stereotypes about women's roles, acknowledging the importance of the advocacy campaign conducted under the Nabad project.

Please provide a brief description of any engagement that the project has had with the government over the last 6 months. Please indicate what level of government the project has been engaging with. Please limit your response to 3000 characters

Over the last 6 months, continuous collaboration has been fostered with the Somali Federal Government and State authorities, in particular through the Steering Committee meeting held in June 2024, as detailed in the section above. The Jubaland and Southwest State authorities have continued to participate in various dispute resolution discussions and have supported the communication campaign by direct involvement in the radio sessions and attendance to women-led village discussions in Kismayo and Baidoa.

Collaboration with local authorities (i.e. district administrations) has also been crucial in all the targeted locations to enable the women-led CSOs to support mediation and dialogue sessions. In this regard, Conflict Resolution Committees (CRCs) established by the women-led CSOs are composed of members selected by the local communities involved in the conflicts, ensuring a Community-led Dialogue Approach, as well as of local authorities' members. In addition, collaboration has enabled WLCSOs to strengthen existing official peacebuilding instances through the provision of training in peacebuilding and conflict resolution to 3 District Peace Committees in the localities of Dhobley, Garbaharey (Jubaland), and Xudur (Southwest State).

The engagement of local authorities was also key for the development of Natural Resource Management Plans within the frame of conflicts occurring over water resources in the localities of Dhobley, Garbaharey (Jubaland), Baraawe, and Xudur (Southwest State). With the support of the local administrations and women-led CSOs, conflicting communities were able to discuss through facilitated mediation and consultative forums in order to create resource management plans together, which not only fostered cooperation, but also led communities to discuss an approach to sustainable use in areas facing resource scarcity.

Thus, cooperation between local authorities and women-led CSOs resulted in the establishment of 8 Conflict Resolution Committees, the enhancement of the 3 District Peace Committees' skills for the management of conflicts and the promotion of dialogue, as well as in the active dialogue of local communities directly affected by conflicts with the development of 3 natural resource management plans.

# PART I: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS

#### NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE REPORT:

- Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language.
- Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do.
- Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse.

Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive.			
Please rate the implementation status of the following preliminary/preparatory activities			
Contracting of partners  Not Started  Completed	Initiated Not Applicable	Partially Completed	*
Staff Recruitment  Not Started  Completed	<ul><li>Initiated</li><li>Not Applicable</li></ul>	Partially Completed	*
Collection of baselines  Not Started  Completed	Initiated  Not Applicable	Partially Completed	*

Ider	tification of beneficiaries		*	
$\bigcirc$	Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed	
	Completed	Not Applicable		
	iminary/preparatory activities	_	to the status of the project, including whether d (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment,	
As o	e limit your response to 3000 charact f the end of the reporting period collection – have been completo	, all preparatory activit	ties – partner contracting, staff recruitment, and baseline previous report.	
From December 2023 to January 2024, SADO signed Sub-Grant Agreements with the four CSOs in Jubaland (Kismayo Women Association, Dhobley Women Association, Gaharbarey Women Group, Dollow Women Association). From January to March 2024, Acted and its partners finalised the recruitment of all the staff required for the project. In order to conduct the 12-month peacebuilding campaign, 5 staff members were recruited by Acted (2), SADO (2), and Taakulo (1), in addition to a total of 18 staff members recruited by the 8 women-led CSOs.				
thor disp with	ough identification of local confl utes across all the 8 targeted loc inauguration ceremonies in eac e project's approach to conflict	icts and developed rec ations. The peacebuild h project area, which p	DO and Taakulo, the women-led CSOs conducted a onciliation strategies to address community-level ing campaign was officially launched in early March 2024 provided local stakeholders with a detailed understanding community engagement and collaborative reconciliation	
Janu list i prov	ary-June; for November reporndividual activities. If the proj	ts: January-Novembe ect is starting to make progress (quantitative	during the reporting period (for June reports: er; for final reports: full project duration). Do not e/has made a difference at the outcome level, e and qualitative) and explain how it impacts the	
_	e project on track for the time Yes No	ly completion of out	puts as indicated in the workplan? *	
Pleas	o, please provide an explanation of the limit your response to 6000 charact	ers	*	

#### Project progress summary

Please limit your response to 6000 characters

#### Output 1.1

The 8 women-led CSOs have benefited from a combined approach of organisational strengthening and tailored training on peacebuilding. In September 2024, a follow-up Grassroots Organizations Capacity Assessment (GOCA) assessment was conducted, which demonstrates significant progress towards the self-sustained level, with all the CSOs reaching the expected stage of organisational strength (minimum level 3 of a 5-level indicator).

8 peacebuilding trainings of 15 days were completed by December 2023 (1 training per CSO) for the benefit of 40 CSO staff members (38W, 2M). The training equipped participants with practical skills in context and conflict analysis, trauma healing, and reconciliation techniques (i.e. Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) and mediation).

#### Output 1.2

Following the identification of local inter-communal conflicts in coordination with local authorities and communities, all the 8 women-led CSOs completed detailed conflict analysis by December 2023. From November 2023 to January 2024, the CSOs developed conflict-resolution roadmaps focusing on a Community-led Dialogue Approach. The operationalisation of these roadmaps by the WLCSOs through a 12-month peacebuilding campaign launched in March 2024 has resulted in:

- Strengthening of 3 District Peace Committees through the provision of training in peacebuilding and conflict resolution by consultants recruited by SADO and Taakulo. In Dhobley, 20 District Peace Committee members (8W, 12M) received a 5-day training in September 2024 to improve their knowledge and skills in conflict resolution techniques. A similar training is ongoing in Xudur and Barawe.
- Establishment of 8 Conflict Resolution Committees (CRCs) in April and May 2024, comprising 103 members (60W, 43M) selected by the conflicting communities. The CRCs' members received trainings in conflict resolution and mediation techniques, strengthening their capacity to facilitate dialogue sessions.
- Conduct 4 trauma healing sessions in Dhobley (2) and Baidoa (2) in October 2024, providing a safe space to conflict-affected communities for sharing experiences and cultural activities such as traditional dance and music. The trauma healing sessions were attended by 40 participants (19W, 21M) in Baidoa and 50 participants (30W, 20M) in Dhobley. These sessions resulted in improved community cohesion.
- Conduct 32 mediative and dialogue sessions across the 8 districts from April to September 2024, including 27 mediative activities aimed at political/natural resource settlement and 5 mediative activities aimed at leadership dialogue. These mediative and dialogue sessions involving 1,422 participants (751W, 671M) have resulted in an observable decline in tensions in all 8 conflicts.
- Final discussions are ongoing to reach formal agreements regarding all conflicts (more information in the peacebuilding results section). At this stage, it is important to note that all resource-based conflicts (Dhobley, Dollow, Garbaharey, Barawe, Xudur) are in the final phase, with the drafting of 5 Resource Management Plans which outline the equitable distribution and shared use of water resources, facilitated by the establishment of joint water management committees.

## Output 1.3

In parallel of the peacebuilding campaign, the 8 CSOs have developed awareness-raising initiatives on women's crucial role in grassroots peacebuilding:

- Since March 2024, 56 social media posts have been published (Facebook, TikTok, Twitter) by CSOs, sharing content related to the campaign objectives.
- In addition, 15 live radio sessions have been conducted across six locations reaching an estimated 60,000 target audience (each radio programme reaches an estimated 4,000 listeners), featuring local influencers, experienced women peacebuilders, and representatives from relevant State Ministries and local authorities.

  Acted and its partner SADO have encountered challenges in i) Dhobley; the only local radio company refused to collaborate due to concerns about Al-Shabaab control and ii) Garbaharey; the sole radio station became non-operational due to connection issues. Despite exploration of alternative radio stations, extending broadcast coverage to these districts proved unfeasible due to coverage limitations. This challenge was notified to UNPBF focal point in September 2024 with a proposal to replace these 6 planned radio sessions by 4 women-led village discussions UNPBF's validation of this change is pending.
- 19 women-led village discussions were held across the 8 target districts between April and October 2024, reaching 932 participants (674W, 258M). These discussions have enabled women to demonstrate their ability to lead discussions and the relevance of their involvement in grassroots peacebuilding efforts.

## Output 1.4

During the reporting period, the 4 CSOs in SWS received a training on saving practices and investment, covering key aspects of entrepreneurship, including business planning, market analysis, budgeting, and financial management.

20 participants (18W, 2M) completed this training to enable each CSO to develop sustainable income initiatives. This training is ongoing in Jubaland at the time of writing.
Output 1.5 Focusing on building coalitions and drawing on the recommendations made by the Steering Committee concerning the creation of women's networks, 2 regional forums were held online in July (SWS CSOs) and August 2024 (Jubaland CSOs), gathering 25 participants (15 women and 10 men). WLCSOs have started to increase their ties with other organisations: WLCSOs in Kismayo, Dollow, Baidoa and Xudur have already affiliated with 17 nationally recognized women's peace networks in Somalia, initially established by the Federal Government of Somalia (FGS) and Federal Member States (FMS) with the support of UNPBF and UNDP. To strengthen these created networks, 2 regional forums will be held in person in Baidoa and Kismayo in February 2025.
Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured by the project to date  Please limit your response to 3000 characters  The Nabad approach aims to impact the perspective of all actors involved in peacebuilding processes regarding the capacity of women not only to be included in such processes, but also regarding the particular relevance of integrating women into leadership positions within these conflict resolution processes.
1. In this regard, the Nabad project has directly empowered women: First, through the provision of capacity and peacebuilding training to women-led CSOs, leading 40 staff members, among which 38 women, to develop the necessary skills and confidence to design and monitor peacebuilding initiatives. An additional step is being reached for further empowerment through training on saving practices and investment. At this stage, the 4 CSOs in Southwest State have received training, leading 20 staff members, among which 18 women, to build their financial literacy to develop business plans and generate revenue for the sustainability of the CSOs' operation. Besides, women are direct actors in strengthening their capacities through the network they have established between the 8 CSOs during the regional online forums held in July and August 2024.
2. The Nabad project has improved the representation and participation of women in conflict-resolution instances: Gender equality and women's empowerment have been ensured through the conduct of the 12-month peacebuilding campaign, launched in March 2024, which has enabled women located in the targeted districts to become members of the 8 Conflict Resolution Committees newly established. Women represent 58% of the CRC members, which also comprise representatives of the district administration and are responsible to maintain dialogue between the conflicting parties and develop peace agreements and/or Resource Management Plans.
3. The Nabad project has demonstrated the importance of women in leadership positions in mediation processes: As part of the peacebuilding campaign, the 8 women-led CSOs have conducted 32 mediative and dialogue sessions and 4 trauma healing sessions that have brought together the conflicting communities and demonstrated the ability of women to lead and facilitate mediative discussions among communities. The importance of women in mediation processes has been further promoted through the publication of 56 social media posts and the conduct of 15 live radio sessions and 19 women-led village discussions. These initiatives have enabled to expand space for women to share their unique perspectives and to reach a greater audience, including in rural areas and informal settlements.
Is the project 1+ year in implementation?
Yes No
FOR PROJECTS 1+ YEAR IN IMPLEMENTATION ONLY:
Is the project demonstrating outcome-level peacebuilding results?  *  Outcome-level peacebuilding results entail results achieved at the societal or structural level, including changed attitudes, behaviours or institutions.  Yes  No

If yes, please provide concrete examples of such peacebuilding results

Please limit your response to 6000 characters

Following the identification of local inter-communal conflicts and the completion of detailed conflict analysis, the 8 WLCSOs have started to implement their 12-month peacebuilding campaign starting from March 2024, on the basis of the key activities identified in tailored conflict-resolution roadmaps. While the peacebuilding campaigns are still ongoing, the reconciliation initiatives have so far shown concrete results of reduced tensions and improved dialogue between the conflicting parties.

The identified conflicts include resource-based disputes (Barawe, Xudur, Dhobley, Dollow, Garbaharey), election-related disputes (Baidoa, Bardale), and a dispute over the management of a women's centre (Kismayo). Although having different causes, the conflict-resolutions efforts have led all the conflicts to reach the stage of final discussions in order to set up an agreement and/or develop a Resource Management Plan (if resource-based conflicts). While these discussions are still ongoing and detailed information on peacebuilding results will be fully provided by the end of the project, the most advanced and demonstrable peacebuilding results have been observed, at this stage, in Baidoa, Barawe, Dhobley, and Dollow, as detailed below.

#### 1. Southwest State

#### 1.1. Baidoa

Responding to a community-level conflict within the Ealay community over a traditional elder election, the Southwest Youth Vision organisation has supported the establishment of a Conflict Resolution Committee, for which each party has appointed representatives to lead dialogue and mediation efforts. While tensions were crystallised around the lack of transparency concerning the traditional elder election, the reconciliation process fostered inclusivity and collaboration, encouraging trust of both parties and a sense of ownership of the initiative.

Through this committee, numerous dialogue and mediation sessions were organised, improving communication between previously divided groups. In addition, trauma healing and experience sharing sessions were conducted, enabling members of the community to exchange views, promote emotional healing and strengthen social bonds.

Participants have already reported feeling more connected and supported, which has improved community cohesion. The two parties in conflict within the Ealay community have accepted to sign an agreement committing them to further dialogue. Thus, mediation and dialogue sessions have been successfully completed in Baidoa and both parties are in the process of drafting the resolution agreement.

#### 1.2. Barawe

In Barawe district, the Nabad project is addressing a long-standing conflict between the Embraso and Barwaqo villages over access to limited water resource consisting of a single borehole, particularly strained during dry seasons. With Barawe Women Empowerment and Development organisation, the project has facilitated the formation of a Conflict Resolution Committee, representing both villages to lead and mediate the dialogue process.

Through structured mediation sessions, the communities have together developed a joint agreement setting out clear conditions for the distribution, sharing and management of water, including regarding protection of women and children during access to the water point. The agreement also creates a framework to prevent future disputes, setting out proactive conflict resolution strategies to ensure sustainable and peaceful management of the borehole. The agreement is currently at the drafting stage.

#### 2. Jubaland

### 2.1. Dhobley

In Dhobley, a conflict over access to a shared water borehole arose between the Tula-Barwaqo and Wadajir villages, involving the Bahgari and Mohamed-Zubeir clans. Although previous interventions were made by Jubaland authorities and Dhobley district administration to de-escalate the immediate conflict, underlying tensions remained prior to the Nabad project implementation.

The Dhobley Women Association (DWA) has supported the District Peace Committee with local authorities to develop protocols for engaging with the security forces in cases where tensions are likely to escalate into violence. This collaboration has ensured that the security situation in the district remains stable.

DWA has also established a Conflict Resolution Committee, which comprises a majority of female members (10 women and 5 men) to oversee the conflict resolution efforts. DWA has facilitated inclusive dialogue sessions between the Tula-Barwaqo and Wadajir villages and conducted women-led village discussions. Recent interactions with participants in these villages showed an evolution towards acceptance of women as a strong asset in conflict resolution initiatives. These efforts have led to the collaborative development of a water management plan

(drafting stage) and the establishment of a joint water management committee. This committee will be composed of representatives from both villages to ensure equitable water distribution, manage the borehole sustainably, and mitigate future conflict risks.

2.2. Dollow

The Dollow Women Group has developed reconciliation activities to address a long-standing resource-based conflict between herder and farmer communities, often exacerbated by drought episodes. Dialogue sessions have been facilitated by the CSO between herders and farmers, which have led to developing collaborative resource management strategies, focusing on water access for animals during drought episodes and conflict-resolution proposed actions.

In addition, the project is developing dedicated communication channels by establishing representatives from both communities acting as contact points for conflict prevention. Community members can now report issues to these representatives, allowing for concerns to be raised at an early stage and to communicate information about resource sharing before conflicts escalate.

These resource management strategies and the setting up of contact points are to be integrated into a resolution agreement, currently at the drafting stage.

If yes, please provide sources or references (including links) as evidence of peacebuilding results, or submit them as additional attachments.

Evidence may be quantitative or qualitative but needs to demonstrate progress against outcome indicators in the project results framework. Sources may include project surveys (such as perception surveys), monitoring reports, government documents, or other knowledge products that have been developed by the project.

The resolution agreements and Resource Managements Plans are currently at the drafting stage and will be provided by the end of the project.

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Click here to upload file. (< 10MB)

PART II: PROJECT RESULTS FRAMEWORK						
How many OUTCOMES does this project have						
1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.						
Please write out the project outcomes as they are in the project results framework found in the project document						
Outcome 1:  To enable women-led CSOs to successfully lead self-designed local peacebuilding and conflict prevention initiatives in southcentral Somalia.						
Outcome 2:						
Outcome 3:						
Outcome 4:						

Outcome 5:			*
Outcome 6:			*
Outcome 7:			*
Outcome 8:			 *
Additional Outcomes  If the project has more than 8 outc	omes, please enumerate the r	remaining outcomes here	*
Outcome 8:  Additional Outcomes	omes, please enumerate the n	emaining outcomes here	

### INDICATOR BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments, provide an update on the achievement of key **outcome** and **output** indicators in the table below.

- If the outcome has more than 3 indicators, select the 3 most relevant ones with most relevant progress to highlight.
- If the outcome has more than 5 outputs, please select 5 of the most relevant outputs per outcome, and provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators.
- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation. Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (500 characters max per entry)

# » Outcome 1: To enable women-led CSOs to successfully lead self-designed local peacebuilding and conflict prevention initiatives in southcentral Somalia.

Outcome 1	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
1.1	% of women-led CSO members reporting to have applied knowledge acquired during the capacity- building peacebuilding campaign.	0	75%	40 WLCSO staff members (38 women, 2 men) received peacebuilding training between October 2023 to December 2023.  The indicator calculation will be finalized once endline data collection is conducted at the end of the project.  Thus, the value cannot be measured at this stage.	
1.2	% of leaders in communities involved in the targeted conflict that believe that tensions have decreased due to this intervention.	0	+30%	This indicator will be reported once the ongoing peacebuilding activities are completed.  Data will be collected during planned KIIs with community leaders at the end of the peacebuilding and reconciliation activities.	

1.3	% of community members reporting an increased belief in the importance of women in peace and social cohesion.	N/A	70%	This indicator will be reported once the ongoing peacebuilding campaigns are completed.  Data collection will be facilitated by the WLCSOs during their self- led endline. The progress will be provided at the end of the project.			
How many outpu	uts does outcome 1	have?					
1 2	3 4 5	more than 5.					
Please list up to 5	of most relevant	outputs for outco	me 1				
Output 1.1							
-	rational skills of 8 pr	e-identified womer	led CSOs.				
Output 1.2  Targeted CSOs enabled to mediate in 8 inter-communal conflicts resulting in decreased tensions between the involved communities.							
Output 1.3 Increased awareness of populations including targeted communities on the importance of women in peace and social cohesion.							
Output 1.4 Increased ability of targeted CSOs to generate income to sustainably conduct peacebuilding in the long run.							

Output 1.5

Other Outputs

Strengthened regional networks of women-led CSOs active on peacebuilding.

If Outcome 1 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made	le
against 3 most relevant output indicators	

# » Output 1.1

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Strength	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
ened	S	<i>baseline value of the indicator</i>	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
operatio	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
nal skills	muicator		indicator at the	State the current value of the	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i>	Explain why the indicator is off
of 8 pre-			end of the project	indicator for the	project	track or has
identifie				reporting period		changed, where relevant
d						
women						
led						
CSOs.						

# of targeted	1 WLCSO	8 WLCSOs	8	8	
women-led	(SWYV)				
CSOs that			All the target	The Follow-up	ļ
have reached					
at least level 3					
			GOCA IIIdex.		
project by the				this project	
time of the				revealed	
last follow-up				significant	
assessment.				improvements	
				_	
				domains.	
				In Juhaland	
				1 -	
				scored 4.02.	
				In Southwest	
				State, DWA	
				-	
				progress with	
				an average	
				score of 4.38	
				and GWG	
				achieved the	
				_	
				_	
				01 4.62.	
				Overell the	
				_	
				across all	
				CSOs was 4.08,	
				reflecting	
				organizational	
	i contract of the contract of	Ī	1	capacities.	
	CSOs that have reached at least level 3 according to the GOCA index (1 to 5 scale) by the end of the project by the time of the last follow-up	CSOs that have reached at least level 3 according to the GOCA index (1 to 5 scale) by the end of the project by the time of the last follow-up	CSOs that have reached at least level 3 according to the GOCA index (1 to 5 scale) by the end of the project by the time of the last follow-up	CSOs that have reached at least level 3 according to the GOCA index (1 to 5 scale) by the end of the project by the time of the last follow-up	CSOs that have reached at least level 3 according to the GOCA index.  Index (1 to 5 scale) by the end of the project by the time of the last follow-up assessment.  In Jubaland, SWYV scored 3.78, BWEDA scored 4.04, BWDO scored 3.6, and BWAN scored 4.02.  In Southwest State, DWA improve to 3.79, DWG and KWA both demonstrated significant progress with an average score of 4.38 and GWG achieved the highest average endline score across all CSOs was 4.08,

1.1.2	% of GOCA capacity	0	75%	100%	100%	
	building				After the	
	participants				follow-up	
	that outline				assessment,	
	that they have				100% of the 40	
	an increased				participants	
					who attended	
	capacity on				the GOCA	
	specific					
	aspects tailored to				training sessions	
					5 6 5 5 1 5 1 1 5	
	each CSO				indicated	
	based on the				improved	
	baseline GOCA				knowledge in	
	results.				key thematic	
					areas.	
1.1.3	% of	0	75%	100%	All the	
	beneficiaries				participants	
	reporting that				who attended	
	the training				the training	
	topics and				reported that	
	contents were				the content	
	relevant to				and topics of	
	their specific				the trainings	
	needs.				were relevant	
					and covered	
					their specific	
					needs.	

# » Output 1.2

0 1 1	D (	1 12 /	- I C	1 1: /	1 1: 4	5
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Targeted	Indicator	State the baseline value of	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
CSOs	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
enabled	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	<i>value of the indicator since</i>	(if any)
to	marcator		indicator at the end of the	<i>State the current value of the</i>	the start of the	Explain why the indicator is off
mediate			project	indicator for the	project	track or has
in 8				reporting period		changed, where relevant
inter-						
commun						
al						
conflicts						
resulting						
in						
decrease						
d						
tensions						
between						
the						
involved						
commun						
ities.						
	1	I	1	I		I

1.2.1	# of mediative	N/A	4	4	4	
	activities					
	based on the			4 trauma	The trauma	
	CSOs conflict-			healing	healing	
	resolution			sessions were	sessions are	
	roadmaps and			organised	still ongoing	
	aimed at			during this	and further information	
	trauma			reporting	will be	
	healing.			period. The conflict		
				resolution	provided in the next	
				roadmaps	reporting	
				from 4	period.	
				districts	periou.	
				(Dhobley,		
				Baidoa, Xudur		
				and		
				Garbaharey)		
				had trauma		
				healing		
				sessions		
				(through open		
				discussion and		
				cultural		
				events).		
				N.B. The		
				target was		
				calculated		
				based on the		
				conflict-		
				resolution		
				roadmaps.		
1.2.2	# of mediative	N/A	5	5	5	
	activities					
	based on the			5 mediative	The mediation	
	CSOs conflict-			sessions have	and dialogue	
	resolution			been	sessions	
	roadmaps and			conducted in	regarding the	
	aimed at			Baidoa district	conflict in	
	leadership 			to resolve a	Baidoa have	
	dialogue.			conflict	been	
				related to	successfully	
				traditional	conducted	
				leader	and both	
				election	parties are	
				disputes.	currently	
				N.B. The	drafting the resoultion	
				target was		
				calculated	agreement. Further	
				based on the	information	
				conflict-	will be	
				resolution	provided in	
				roadmaps.	the next	
				. oddiliaps.	reporting	
					period.	
					periou.	

1.2.3	# of mediative activities	N/A	35	27	27	
	based on the			27 mediative	The mediative	
	CSOs conflict-			and dialogue	and dialogues	
	resolution			sessions were	sessions are	
	roadmaps and			conducted	still ongoing in	
	aimed at			across the 8	all the	
	political/natura	l		districts.	districts. The	
	resource				remaining	
	settlement.			N.B. The	target will be	
				target was	achieved	
				calculated	within the	
				based on the	next reporting	
				conflict-	period.	
				resolution		
				roadmaps.		

# » Output 1.3

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Increase	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
d	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
awarene	Describe the	the malcator	_	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
ss of	indicator		State the target value of the indicator at the	State the current	indicator since the start of the	
populati			end of the project	value of the indicator for the	project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has
ons			project	reporting period		changed, where relevant
including						relevant
targeted						
commun						
ities on						
the						
importa						
nce of						
women						
in peace						
and						
social						
cohesion						
1.3.1	% of	N/A	70%	1	This indicator	The
	interviewed				will be	awareness
	community				informed in	campaigns are
	members				the next	still ongoing
	stating their				reporting	across all the
	improved belief in the				period after the end of the	eight target districts. KII
	importance of				12-month	data
	women in				awareness	collection will
	peace and				campaigns.	be facilitated
	social					by the
	cohesion.					WLCSOs
						during their self-led
						endline.

1.3.2	# of social media posts published related to the womencentered awareness campaign.	0	112 (1/month in each target location).	56	Following the development and approval of the conflict-resolution roadmaps and the initiation of peacebuilding campaign, 56 social media posts were published during this reporting period.	
1.3.3	# of women- led village discussions conducted.	0	32 (4 per CSO)	19	19 women-led village discussions were conducted across the 8 target districts.	

# » Output 1.4

			ı	1	ı	,
Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
Increase	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
d ability	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
of	Describe the		State the target	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
targeted	indicator		value of the indicator at the	State the current	<i>indicator since the start of the</i>	Explain why the
CSOs to			end of the project	value of the indicator for the	project	<i>indicator is off track or has</i>
generate				reporting period		changed, where relevant
income						
to						
sustaina						
bly						
conduct						
peacebui						
lding in						
the long						
run.						
Tan.						
1.4.1	# of CSOs	0	6	4	4	
	having					
	increased			4 CSOs in Southwest	Southwest State CSOs	
	ability to generate			State (Barawe,	(Barawe,	
	income due to			Baidoa,	Baidoa,	
	training and			Berdale and	Berdale and	
	start-up grant.			Xudur) have	Xudur) have	
				received	received	
				targeted	targeted	
				capacity-	capacity-	
				building	building	
				training in business	training in business	
				management	management	
				and financial	and financial	
				literacy. The	literacy. The	
				second phase	second phase	
				of the training	of the training	
				sessions is	sessions is	
				ongoing in Jubaland	ongoing in Jubaland	
				(Kismayo,	(Kismayo,	
				Dhobley,	Dhobley,	
				Dollow and	Dolow and	
i .						
				Garbaharey).	Garbaharey).	

ii g ti C g a	# of USD of income generated through the CSOs' income generating activities (excludes grants and	0	Equivalent to 50% of the start-up grant in benefits.	/ The CSOs are currently in the process of	This indicator will be reported in the next reporing	
	donations).			submitting their business plans, which will be reviewed and approved by the Project Technical Unit.	period.	
C d in s k s.	% of trained CSO members demonstrating improved skills and knowledge on saving practices and investment.	0	75% (100% are women, 20% are below 25 years old).	80%  This was calculated based on the results of the 4 CSOs that have received training (SWS CSOs).	4 CSOs from SWS were trained (Baidoa, Berdale, Xudur and Barawe) - 18 women and 2 men.  The remaining 4 CSOs are currently receiving training. The data will be analyzed and this indicator will be updated in the next reporting period.	

# » Output 1.5

		1		1	1	
Output 1.5: Strength ened regional network s of women- led CSOs active on peacebui lding.	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)  Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
1.5.1	% of forum women participants outlining that they have improved their knowledge about womenled peacebuilding best practices.	0	70%	/ 2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.  Thus, this indicator will be reported at the final report stage.	

		1	1			
1.5.2	% of forum	0	70%	/	2 online	
	women				forums were	
	participants			2 online	held during	
	outlining that			forums were	the reporting	
	_			held during		
	they have			J	period, but	
	gained an			the reporting	information	
	increased			period, but	will only be	
	capacity to			information	collected for	
	collaborate			will only be	this indicator	
	with other			collected for	in the	
	targeted CSOs			this indicator	framework of	
	that attended			in the	the 2 in-	
	the forum.			framework of	person forums	
	the forum.			the 2 in-	to be held in	
				person forums		
				•	February 2025	
				to be held in	according to	
				February 2025	the workplan.	
				according to		
				the workplan.	Thus, this	
					indicator will	
				Thus, this	be reported at	
				indicator will	the final	
				be reported at	report stage.	
				the final	report stage.	
				report stage.		
1 5 2		_	_	_		
1.5.3	# of one-day	0	1	/	2 online	
1.5.3	# of one-day fora held with	0	1	1	2 online forums were	
1.5.3	_	0	1	/ 2 online		
1.5.3	fora held with	0	1		forums were	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on	0	1	2 online forums were	forums were held during the reporting	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices	0	1	2 online forums were held during	forums were held during the reporting period, but	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting	forums were held during the reporting period, but information	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in-	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in-	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.  Thus, this indicator will	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.  Thus, this indicator will	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.  Thus, this indicator will be reported at	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan. Thus, this indicator will	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.  Thus, this indicator will be reported at the final	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.  Thus, this indicator will be reported at the final	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.  Thus, this indicator will be reported at the final	
1.5.3	fora held with targeted CSOs to reflected on best practices and lessons learnt in women-led peacebuilding and increase women-led CSO	0	1	2 online forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 in- person forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan. Thus, this indicator will be reported at	forums were held during the reporting period, but information will only be collected for this indicator in the framework of the 2 inperson forums to be held in February 2025 according to the workplan.  Thus, this indicator will be reported at the final	

#### » Outcome 2:

Outcome 2	Performanc	Indicator	End of	Current	Reasons for
0 4 ( 6 ) 1   6	e Indicators	Baseline	Project	Indicator	Variance/
			Indicator	progress	Delay (if
			Target		any)
2.1					
2.2					
					<u> </u>
2.3					
		) l 2			
ноw many outpu	uts does outcome 2	z nave?			
1 2	3 4 5	more than 5.			
Please list up to	5 of most relevant	outputs for outcon	ne 2		
ricase list up to .	or most relevant	outputs for outcom	nc z		
Output 2.1					
Output 2.2					
·					
Output 2.3					
Output 2.4					
Output 2.4					
Output 2.5					
Output 2.5 Other Outputs					
Output 2.5 Other Outputs	re than 5 outputs, pleas	e enumerate the remai	ining outputs here		

	ut, and using the	-	framework, pr	ovide an update	on the progres	s made
» Output 2.1						
Output 2.1:	Perform ance Indicator S Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)  Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.1.1						
2.1.2						
2.1.3						
» Output 2.2						
Output 2.2:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.2.1						
2.2.2						
2.2.3						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# » Output 2.3

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
	marcator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.3.1						
2.3.2						
2.3.3						

# » Output 2.4

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
2.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	multator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
2.4.1						
2.4.2						
2.4.3						

» Output 2.5							
Output 2.5:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the cui value of the indicator for reporting pe	the project	(if any)	
2.5.1							
2.5.2							
2.5.3							
» Outcome 3:							
Outcome 3	Performand e Indicators		End of Projet Indic	ct ator	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if	

Outcome 3	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
3.1					
3.2					
3.3					

How many outputs does outcome 3 hav	/e:
-------------------------------------	-----

1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.

Please list up to 5 of most relevant outputs for outcome 3	

Output 3.1			

Output 3.2
Output 3.3
Output 3.4
Output 3.5
Other Outputs
If Outcome 3 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here
For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against 3 most relevant output indicators

#### » Output 3.1

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		indicator at the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	indicator since the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.1.1						
3.1.2						
3.1.3						

# » Output 3.2

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	indicator since the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.2.1						
3.2.2						
3.2.3						

#### » Output 3.3

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	mulcator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.3.1						
3.3.2						
3.3.3						

# » Output 3.4

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
	marcator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.4.1						
3.4.2						
3.4.3						

# » Output 3.5

Output 3.5:	Perform ance Indicator s Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reportin g period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress to date State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance / Delay (if any)  Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
3.5.1						
3.5.2						
3.5.3						

#### » Outcome 4:

Outcome 4	Performanc e Indicators	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Current Indicator progress	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)	
4.1						
4.2						
4.3						
How many outpu	its does outcome <sup>2</sup>	l have?				
1 2	3 4 5	more than 5.				
Please list up to 5	of most relevant o	outputs for outcon	ne 4			
Output 4.1						
Output 4.2	Output 4.2					
Output 4.3	Output 4.3					
Output 4.4						
Output 4.5						
Other Outputs If Outcome 4 has more	re than 5 outputs, pleas	e enumerate the remai	ning outputs here			

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made
against 3 most relevant output indicators

#### » Output 4.1

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.1:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the baseline value of	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
	murcator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.1.1						
4.1.2						
4.1.3						

# » Output 4.2

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.2:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the indicator since	(if any)
	macutor		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.2.1						
4.2.2						
4.2.3						

# » Output 4.3

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.3:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	baseline value of the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.3.1						
4.3.2						
4.3.3						

# » Output 4.4

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.4:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the baseline value of	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	the indicator	Target	reportin	State the current	/ Delay
	Describe the		State the target value of the	g period	cummulative value of the	(if any)
	indicator		value of the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since the start of the project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.4.1						
4.4.2						
4.4.3						

# » Output 4.5

Output	Perform	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
4.5:	ance	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Indicator	State the	Indicator	for	to date	Variance
	S	<i>baseline value of the indicator</i>	Target	reportin	State the current cummulative	/ Delay
	Describe the indicator		State the target value of the	g period	value of the	(if any)
	marcator		indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	<i>indicator since</i> <i>the start of the</i> <i>project</i>	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
4.5.1						
4.5.2						
4.5.3						

If the project has more than 4 outcomes, use this space to describe progress on progress on indicators for the remaining outcomes

# **PART III: Cross-Cutting Issues**

Is the project planning any significant events in the next six months? (eg. national dialogues, youth
congresses, film screenings, etc.)

If yes, please state how many, and for each, provide the approxima te date of the event and a brief descriptio n, including its key objectives, target audience and location (if known)	Event Descriptio n	Tentative Date	Location	Target Audience	Event Objectives (900 characters)
Event 1	Regional forum for WLCSOs	February 2025	Baidoa/Kismayo	WLCSOs and State-level Ministries of Women and Human Rights	A total of 2 inperson regional forums are planned in Baidoa and Kismayo in February 2025. These forums will focus on building coalitions, sharing lessons learned, and addressing the social and cultural challenges faced by women peacebuilders. These forums will also explore strategies for amplifying the voices and influence of women in peacebuilding processes and advocating for greater inclusion of women in formal peace structures.

Event 2	Community Dialogue and Reconciliation	Ongoing until the end of the project.	All 8 project target districts.	Conflicting parties, and other relevant stakeholders (local authorities, religious leaders, youth etc.).	The ongoing peacebuilding initiatives will continue to include community dialogues and reconciliation activities in all the 8 project districts, with the aim to pursue a reduction of tensions within the communities.
Event 3					
Event 4					

# **Human Impact**

This section is about the human impact of the project. Please state the number of key stakeholders (including but not limited to: Civil Society Organziations, Beneficiaries, etc.) of the project, and for each, please briefly describe:

- i. The challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation
- ii. The impact of the project in their lives
- iii. Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group *This is an optional question. You may leave it unanswered if not relevant*

Human Impact	Type of stakeholder	impact of the project on their	Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from the stakeholder

1	Community Mobilizer – BWEDA, Barawe	Confronted with conflicts and the pressing need for mediation, the members of BWEDA organisation were insufficiently trained to carry out an effective resolution process. With the peacebuilding training provided through the Nabad project, the staff members were able to gain the knowledge and confidence to develop key skills in conflict analysis, dialogue facilitation and for the design of conflict resolution projects that fully integrate women's perspectives and expertise.	"This project has been invaluable. I now have the skills to not only implement projects, but also to empower women and advocate for their meaningful inclusion in the peacebuilding discussions." — Abdirahman*, Community mobilizer for BWEDA, Barawe, Southwest State. *The name was changed to protect the identity of the beneficiary.
3	Conflict Resolution Committee (CRC) member in Garbaharey	Peacebuilding processes have traditionally been considered a male concern, including among community elders. With the Nabad project, WLCSOs, such as Garbaharey Women Group, have enabled women to organise and facilitate dialogue sessions between conflicting communities. Although initially met with reluctance and scepticism about the capacity of women to lead such a role, the successful delivery of the dialogue sessions, which created a safe space for groups to constructively express their grievances, demonstrated the ability and skills of women to be fully involved in peacebuilding processes. Male community members, including elders such as Muktar, were able to gain a new perspective on women and their skills as negotiators and mediators, leading them to now encourage women's involvement.	"I never believed that women could organise or facilitate dialogue sessions. But after seeing how they brought us together to resolve our differences, I have learnt that their voices are vital in peacebuilding. They see things we often overlook, and without their involvement, we cannot achieve true harmony in our community." — Hassan*, traditional elder in Garbaherey, Jubaland. *The name was changed to protect the identity of the beneficiary.
3			

4				
additional human impact to Please limit your response to 400. The Nabad project aims to in only to be included in peacel into leadership positions wit communities, whether they part of this project, it has be women and an overall improamong the population through the end of the project. Las attempts to deescalate tensions.	that the project has had.  O characters.  Inpact the perspective of all the puilding processes, but also reghin such processes. This impactance the parties directly in confeen observed that community rement in acceptance of wom gh the large-scale communicatity, the effect will also be followed.	ed above, please use this space involved actors regarding the garding the particular relevance was intended to apply prima flict, or other groups indirectly members have accepted to take nen's participation. In addition, ation campaign, which will be expected up with the local authorical flicts (Berdale and Dhobley) - flution of other conflicts.	e capacity of women not ce of integrating women arily to conflict-affected impacted by tensions. As ce part in discussions led by , a wider effect is expected xamined more specifically ties – which had carried out	
You can also upload upto 3 illustrate the human impac <i>OPTIONAL</i>	·	cture files, powerpoint, pdf,	video, etc.) to	
File 1  OPTIONAL  Nabad_Acted_Steering Comm	ittee Meeting Minutes_June 4th 2	2024-14_40_10.pdf	<b>≛</b>	
File 2  OPTIONAL  Nabad_Acted_2nd GOCA Repo	ort_Southwest State_September	2024-14_40_15.pdf	<b>±</b>	
File 3  OPTIONAL  Nabad_Acted_Annual Report_	Photo Booklet_November 2024-	-14_40_19.pdf	<b>±</b>	
You can also add upto 3 lir <i>optional</i>	nks to online resources whic	th illustrate the human impa	act of the project	
Link 1  OPTIONAL  https://www.facebook.com/rdid=lt9uDXVCqNCHfUyk	aakuloSomali/posts/pfbid031ا	qbkbeLn7e3WSrHgjtuaNMxxB	F9khW62UAmUHtm8GdMDN(	Q6SRbaj8BzQwZEeQGCbl?
Link 2  OPTIONAL  https://www.facebook.com/	آaakuloSomali/posts/pfbid025	ij1aBB1mhgrwn7C5kiMWjg1w3	anv8QfpCEszaKSVRKwxT2SGu	leonGRCG9xTc16rAl
Link 3  OPTIONAL				

Please tick the applicable change based on above narrative.
How we worked:  Please select up to 3.  Enhanced digitization  Innovative ways of working  Mobilized additional resources  Improved or initiated policy frameworks  Strengthened capacities  Partnered with with local/grassroots Civil Society Organizations  Partnered with with local/grassroots Civil Society Organizations  Strengthened partnerships with IFIs  Strengthened partnerships with UN Agencies
Please explain one of the selected options  Please limit your response to 3000 characters.  One of the pillars of Nabad's approach is strengthening the capacity of all the actors involved in conflict-resolution processes, including WLCSOs and peacebuilding instances composed of affected communities and local authorities.  Indeed, WLCSOs have received tailored capacity-building training following a GOCA assessment. According to the follow-up GOCA assessment conducted in September 2024, all the 8 WLCSOs have demonstrated significant progress and have reached the expected stage of organisational strength (minimum level 3 of a 5-level indicator). In addition, peacebuilding trainings have been provided to increase knowledge and skills in mediation techniques. Finally, trainings in business skills and investment have been initiated prior to providing sub-grants to empower the CSOs and ensure the long-term functioning with income generative strategies.  Through the Nabad project, existing peacebuilding instances such as District Peace Committees have been strengthened through the provision of training in peacebuilding and mediations techniques. In addition, 8 Conflict Resolution Committees have been established and their members composed of local communities and authorities have received training in conflict resolution, mediation, and trauma healing techniques, with the additional aim of cascading knowledge.

Please explain one of the selected options

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

Focusing on a comprehensive approach and effective coverage, Acted has formed partnerships with two types of CSOs with the aim to foster mutual learning between all the involved actors, each providing expertise in project management, peacebuilding activities, and understanding of the context.

First, Acted collaborates with two national CSOs, SADO and Taakulo, which have provided peacebuilding training to the WLCSOs and continue to support them throughout the implementation of the 12-month peacebuilding campaign. Secondly, to ensure a strong localized approach and community involvement, Acted is working with 8 women-led CSOs (4 in Southwest State / 4 in Jubaland), which are also implementing partners. The WLCSOs, equipped with unique grassroots-level positioning within their communities, have developed roadmap activities with the support of the Project Technical Unit – gathering key Acted, SADO, and Taakulo staff members – and are implementing a 12-month peacebuilding campaign.

This positioning has fully enabled the conduct of a Community-led Dialogue Approach, fostering community decision ownership and sustainable change rooted in each community deep contextual knowledge, which are key to the successful implementation of peacebuilding initiatives.

Please explain one of the selected options

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

Acted and its partners have actively engaged with political leaders at both national and state levels to cultivate an environment conducive to civil society organizations' work and foster more inclusive peacebuilding processes. In this regard, the Steering Committee meeting held in June 2024 was an important step since it gathered key stakeholders, including representatives of the Somali Federal Government, as well as Jubaland and Southwest State authorities. Among the challenged discussed, the lack of sustainable funding and policies to create an enabling environment for CSOs was highlighted and the State Minister of Women, Family Affairs and Human Rights Development for Southwest State expressed the will to develop policies fostering a supportive environment for women and CSOs.

Regarding coalitions, the Nabad project has successfully united a diverse range of stakeholders within the peacebuilding sector and brought together government officials, community leaders, civil society organizations, representatives from different clans and ethnic groups, religious authorities, women, and youth in the framework of various instances (e.g. Conflict Resolution Committees) and events, including peacebuilding inauguration ceremonies, mediation and negotiation discussions, radio sessions, women-led village discussions, regional forums. By creating a broad platform for dialogue, the project is ensuring that diverse perspectives are fully integrated into the peacebuilding process.

Finally, the promotion of coalition-building among the 8 WLCSOS and with other networks has led to several achievements. Following the online regional forums held in July and August 2024, WLCSOs of Southwest State/Jubaland have explored strategies for amplifying the voices and influence of women in peacebuilding processes and members of several WLCSOs (Kismayo, Dollow, Baidoa, Xudur) have affiliated with 17 nationally recognized women's peace networks in Somalia. In addition, as previously reported, the Bay Women Association Network and the Bakool Women Empowerment Network (the only WLCSO in the Bakool region) have formed a coalition agreement. Together, they amplify their efforts in advocacy, women's empowerment, community cohesion, reconciliation, and peacebuilding.

Who are we working with (in addition to the implementing partners)						
	Strengthened partnerships with IFIs					
	Strengthened partnerships within UN Agencies					
<b>✓</b>	Partnered with local civil society organizations					
	Partnered with local academia					
	Partnered with sub-national entities					
	Partnered with national entities					
	Partnered with local volunteers					
Please explain  Please limit your response to 3000 characters  Nabad direct beneficiaries are 8 women-led CSOs across Jubaland and Southwest State. These WLCSOs have been the primary target of the capacity-building activities (institutional management and peacebuilding training). In addition, they are directly implementing the peacebuilding and communication campaigns, facilitating conflict resolution efforts and raising awareness on women's role in peacebuilding.						
Leave No one Behind						
Sele	ct all beneficiaries targeted with the PBF resources as evidenced by the narrative	-				
	ct all beneficiaries targeted with the PBF resources as evidenced by the narrative  * datory					
	datory					
	Unemployed persons					
	Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)					
	Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)  Indigenous communities					
	Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)  Indigenous communities  Persons with Disabilities					
	Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)  Indigenous communities  Persons with Disabilities  Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)					
	Unemployed persons  Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.)  Indigenous communities  Persons with Disabilities  Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV)  Women					
	Unemployed persons Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.) Indigenous communities Persons with Disabilities Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV) Women Youth					
	Unemployed persons Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.) Indigenous communities Persons with Disabilities Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV) Women Youth Children	-				
	Unemployed persons Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.) Indigenous communities Persons with Disabilities Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV) Women Youth Children Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression					
	Unemployed persons Minorities (e.g. race, ethnicity, linguistic, religion, etc.) Indigenous communities Persons with Disabilities Persons affected by violence (e.g. GBV) Women Youth Children Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression People living in and around border areas					

#### PART IV: Monitoring, Evaluation and Compliance

#### » Monitoring

Please list key monitoring activities undertaken in the reporting period

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

Follow-up GOCA Assessment:

In September 2024, the follow-up GOCA endline assessment was conducted for the 8 CSOs targeted under this project. Under the GOCA methodology, organizations are assessed on a range from 0 (incipient/embryonic) to 5 (selfsustained) across five domains, (i) organization governance and administration, (ii) organizational management, (iii) financial management, (iv) project cycle management (PCM), (v) external relations and resource mobilization. The methodology employed for the endline assessment was one focus group discussion conducted with each of the 8 targeted WLCSOs. Each focus group discussion included a cross-section of representatives from the targeted WLCSO (including leadership and staff at all levels). These assessments revealed significant improvements across all CSOs in various domains.

#### 1. Jubaland

- Dhobley Women Association had a remarkable improvement to an average score of 3.79, highlighting significant advancements in governance and management.
- Dollow Women Group made substantial progress, which resulted in an average score of 4.38, with exceptional performance in governance and management.
- Garbaharey Women Group achieved the highest average score of 4.62, showing outstanding improvements across all domains.
- Kismayo Women Association also demonstrated significant progress with an average score of 4.38, excelling in governance and management.

#### 2. Southwest State

- Barawe Women Empowerment and Development Association demonstrated notable progress with an average score of 4.04, excelling in governance and administration but needing improvement in external relations.
- Bay Women Development Organization improved to an average score of 3.6, with strong governance and management but moderate performance in project cycle management.
- Bay Women Association Network achieved an average score of 4.02, demonstrating balanced improvements across all areas.
- Southwest Youth Vision showed an average score of 3.78 reflected stable governance and enhanced management practices, although project cycle management remained an area for growth.

Overall, these assessments indicate that the capacity-building efforts under the project have been effective in

enhancing the organizational capacities of these CSOs, with each organization showing marked improvements in governance, management, financial management, project cycle management, and external relations.				
Do outcome indicators have baselines?				
If only some of the outcome indicators have baselines, select 'yes'				
Yes				
○ No				

If yes, please provide a brief description. If not, explain why not and when they will be available. *Please limit your response to 3000 characters.* 

In this assessment, the first GOCA assessment has informed the baseline value for this indicator: "# of targeted women-led CSOs that have reached at least level 3 according to the GOCA index (1 to 5 scale) by the end of the project by the time of the last follow-up assessment." This initial assessment conducted in July 2023 revealed that only 1 of the 8 CSOs had reached the "Growth & Maturity" level (level 3 or above). The remaining 7 CSOs were at earlier stages of organizational development. 1. Jubaland: - Dhobley Women Association had a low average score of 1.34, reflecting significant weaknesses across all areas, particularly in financial management at 0.9. - Dollow Women Group's average score was 1.02, with critical weaknesses in financial management at 0.2 and project cycle management at 0.3. - Garbaharey Women Group had the lowest average score of 0.8, with very low scores across all domains, especially in external relations at 0. - Kismayo Women Association scored an average of 1.08, with low scores in organization and management at 1.0 and financial management at 0.3. 2. Southwest State: - Barawe Women Empowerment and Development Association had an average score of 2.45, with relatively strong governance and administration at 3.65 but very low project cycle management at 0.2. - Bay Women Development Organization scored an average of 2.6, showing moderate performance in governance and administration at 4.2 but needing improvement in project cycle management at 1.2. - Bay Women Association Network had an average score of 2.76, with governance and administration at 3.55 and financial management at 2.3, indicating a need for better financial controls. - Southwest Youth Vision's average score was 3.11, with strong governance and administration at 4.4 but lower project cycle management at 2.0. Overall, the baseline assessments highlighted the need for substantial capacity-building efforts to enhance the organizational effectiveness and sustainability of these CSOs, providing a crucial foundation for targeted interventions. Tailored capacity development programmes, including training sessions from December 2023 to February 2024, were subsequently implemented. 40 staff members (34 women and 6 men) from the targeted CSOs participated in these trainings.

Elaborate on what sources of evidence have been used to report on indicators (and are available upon request)

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

Follow-up GOCA Assessment: For the indicator Output 1a, the second GOCA (endline) assessment has informed the progress value.

Has the project launched outcome level data collection initiatives? e.g. perception surveys



Yes



Please provide a brief description

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

The follow-up GOCA (endline) assessment data collection was done with 8 target WLCSOs. This assessment was a follow-up of the initial assessment conducted in July 2023. Community-based data collection will be done through (i) KIIs with community leaders on inter-communal conflict resolution and mediation, and (ii) WLCSO-led data collection directly with the community. Acted Monitoring, Evaluation, Accountability and Learning (MEAL) team trained 8 targeted CSOs on topics such as data collection, accountability, and MEAL activities (evaluation/monitoring/etc.). The purpose of this training was to capacitate the CSOs for their endline evaluation with community members.

Has the project used or established community feedback mechanisms?					
Yes No					
	£ da a suitabi a sa			*	
and provide feedback. manage all community such as the peacebuild a complaints response involved in the peaceb the project, Acted Program WLCSOs. Acted Program Manager via phone or member can call Acted	to 3000 characters.  a dedicated feedback ar However, in this project interactions at the field ling campaign, WLCSOs and feedback mechanis uilding campaign are in gramme staff have main	t, the WLCSOs were em d level. Before the com received accountability sm (CRFM). The WLCSOs formed about this med tained regular commu to inform WLCSOs that or complaints. Addition ss (AFM) hotline manag	powered and giver mencement of con training from Act s have ensured tha hanism and know nication and infor they can contact ally, any WLCSO med by dedicated Ac	nmunity-facing activities, ed MEAL team to implement it all community members how to access it. Throughout mation sharing with the Acted's dedicated Project nember or community	
» Evaluation					
Is the project on track to conduct its evaluation?  Yes  No  Not Applicable					
Evaluation budget (in Response required 11100	n USD) included in the	project budget:		*	
If project will end in rupcoming evaluation Yes No Not Applicable	next six months, and t	he overall project bud	dget is above USI	0 1.5 million, is your	
Please describe the p	•				
Contact information	Name	Organization	Job title	Email	

Please mention the focal person responsible for sharing the final evaluation report with the PBF:					
» Catalytic Effect					
Catalytic Effect (financial): Has the project mobilized additional non-PBF financial resources to date?  Yes  No					
How many funders has the project received additional non-PBF funding from?					

# Yes No No How many funders has the project received additional non-PBF funding from? Catalytic Effect (non-financial): Has the project enabled or created a larger or longer-term peacebuilding change to occur, in addition to the direct project changes? Yes No If yes, please select the relevant option below: Some catalytic effect Significant catalytic effect If relevant, please describe how the project has had a (non-financial) catalytic effect, i.e. removed

If relevant, please describe how the project has had a (non-financial) catalytic effect, i.e. removed barriers to unblock stalled political, institutional or other peacebuilding processes at different levels in a country, and/or created the conditions to establish new processes to do so *Please limit your response to 3000 characters.* 

In addition to the direct project changes, it has been observed that State authorities have acknowledged the expertise acquired by the WLCSOs to resolve conflicts and might include them at the first stage of conflicts.

Indeed, in August 2024, a violent conflict erupted between the Leisan and Gowrale communities in Kurdi village, Berdale district, resulting in six killings and property destruction. The Southwest State authorities called for the mobilization of Bay Women Development Organization for the reconciliation process, essentially through dialogue facilitation.

This peacebuilding process led by the State authorities demonstrates the acknowledgement of BWDO's experience and influence to act at the onset of the reconciliation efforts. Using the Nabad project's Community-led Dialogue Approach, BWDO facilitated discussions and consultations for a period of 5 days, providing a rapid de-escalation of tensions.

This experience is a first milestone in the process aiming to determine the impact of the project on authorities, with the Nabad approach to be potentially replicated to other conflicts at the onset of the tensions.

#### Sustainability

Does the project have an explicit exit strategy?

Please describe any steps that have been taken to ensure the sustainability of peacebuilding gains, including any mechanisms, platforms, networks and socio-economic initiatives supported, beyond the duration of the project

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

As previously reported, the Nabad project ensures the sustainability of the peacebuilding gains through its Community-led Dialogue Approach and its empowering initiatives targeting CSOs and conflict-resolution instances comprised of local communities and authorities, which favour local ownership while strengthening the integration of women into conflict resolution processes.

- 1. Community-led Dialogue Approach
- All conflict mediations are entirely intermediated by women-led CSOs, with active support and participation of local communities and authorities.
- Representation of all affected communities is ensured, including both women and men, as a fundamental cornerstone to enhance social cohesion and the role of women in local society.
- All roadmap activities are community-centered, enabling communities to take charge of their resolution efforts.
- 2. Empowered WLCSOs and Conflict-resolution instances
- WLCSOs develop their organisational capacities, peacebuilding techniques, and revenue sources through tailored training and sub-grants.
- All the roadmaps negotiation committees' members conflicting parties, traditional and religious authorities, youth have received training in conflict resolution, mediation, and trauma healing techniques, with the additional aim of cascading knowledge.
- WLCSOs have initiated a peacebuilding regional network through experience sharing within the frame of the regional forums (July/August 2024) and are in addition affiliated with 17 nationally recognized women's peace networks in Somalia.

Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations?

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

As of the end of the reporting period, Acted and its partners SADO and Taakulo have encountered two major challenges during the implementation. First, as previously reported, the low levels of literacy and numeracy among many women participants increased the difficulty of implementing capacity-building activities. However, Acted team supported the consultants recruited for the training delivery to provide tailored content to participants. Secondly, it has been observed during the implementation that although mediation activities have addressed the tensions associated with all the resource-based conflicts – Xudur, Barawe, Dhobley, Dollow, Garbaharey – the underlying issue of resource scarcity (i.e. water) remains concerning. While the conflict-resolution instances (CRCs, District Peace Committees) have the capacity to resolve potential future disputes which, in this type of conflict, tend to be regularly accentuated by the seasons and natural disasters (drought, floods, etc.), particular attention is paid to aspects of anticipation when developing the Resource Management Plans (currently at the drafting stage) in order to adapt to this specific situation.

# **Monitoring and Oversight Activities**

Please describe any key event related to monitoring and oversight. Please click next if no activities have yet taken place.

Events include Steering Committee meetings, Monitoring visits, Third party monitoring, Community based monitoring, any data collection, Perception or other survey findings, evaluation reports, audit or investigations.

Name of the Event	Summary	Key Findings
Follow-up GOCA endline assessment.	Endline GOCA assessments were conducted with each of the 8 targeted WLCSOs across the Southwest and Jubaland states. Data collection was conducted in September 2024. This assessment was a follow-up of the first assessment conducted in July 2023 with each WLCSO against Acted's standard GOCA methodology. During the endline assessment, the same methodology was used to assess the 8 organizations across the five domains, (i) organization governance and administration, (ii) organizational management, (iii) financial management, (iv) project cycle management (PCM), (v) external relations and resource mobilization. The scale for scoring was 0 (incipient/embryonic) to 5 (self-sustained). Through the endline assessment, one focus group discussion was conducted with each of the 8 targeted WLCSOs. Each focus group discussion included a cross-section of representatives from the targeted WLCSO (including leadership and staff at all levels).	All the 8 target WLCSO's obtained an overall GOCA score of 3.0 or above – indicating a well-developed / mature organization.  Overall, these assessments indicated that the capacity-building efforts under the project have been effective in enhancing the organizational capacities of these CSOs, with each organization showing marked improvements in governance, management, financial management, project cycle management, and external relations.
	Follow-up GOCA endline	Follow-up GOCA endline assessment.  Endline GOCA assessments were conducted with each of the 8 targeted WLCSOs across the Southwest and Jubaland states. Data collection was conducted in September 2024. This assessment was a follow-up of the first assessment conducted in July 2023 with each WLCSO against Acted's standard GOCA methodology. During the endline assessment, the same methodology was used to assess the 8 organizations across the five domains, (i) organization governance and administration, (ii) organizational management, (iii) financial management, (iii) financial management, (iv) project cycle management (PCM), (v) external relations and resource mobilization. The scale for scoring was 0 (incipient/embryonic) to 5 (self-sustained). Through the endline assessment, one focus group discussion was conducted with each of the 8 targeted WLCSOs. Each focus group discussion included a cross-section of representatives from the targeted WLCSO (including leadership and staff at all

Event 6		
Event 7		
Event 8		

#### **Final Steps**

- Please save a PDF copy of the form by clicking on the *Printer* icon on the top right corner of the page.
- A dialogue box will appear: Please select the A4 size and portrait orientation.
- Click "prepare" and save the document as a PDF.
- (If on first attempt, the generated page is not readable, close the pop up page and go back to the first page of the online form using the "Return to Beginning" option and try to print the PDF version from there)
- After printing the PDF version, please submit the report in the last page of the form. You can use the "Go to End" button in the bottom right corner.
- In compliance with our reporting requirements, please upload the PDF version of the report as well as your *financial report in excel format* on the MPTF-O Gateway.

If you encounter any difficulty in filling the form or generating the print-out for MPTFO gateway, please contact Gabriel Velastegui gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org

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