PBF June 2025 Project Progress Report



PROJECT OVERVIEW

Thank you for taking the time to complete the PBF Progress report. For projects with more than one recipient, please consult among co-recipients prior to filling out the form to ensure collaboration on the responses. If you have any questions or require technical assistance in filling out the form, please send an email to gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org

Click Next below to start

» Report Submission

Type of report Semi-annual Annual Final Other	*
Date of submission of report 2025-06-15	*
Name and title of person submitting the report Ravindran Velusamy, Head of Field Office	*
E-mail of person submitting the report velusamy@unhcr.org	*
Name and title of person who approved the report Freya Byfield	*

Have all fund recipients for this project contributed to the report?	*
Yes	
No	
Did PBF Secretariat or RCO focal point review the report? You should normally ensure that the PBF Secretariat or the PBF focal point have an opportunity to review.	*
Yes	
○ No	
Not Applicable	
» Project Information and Geographical Scope	
Is this a cross-border project?	*
Yes No	

51					
	select the geographical reg				
	ia and the Pacific	Central & Sout	hern Africa	East Africa	
Eu	rope and Central Asia	Global		Latin America and the Caribean	
O Mie	ddle East and North Africa		West Africa		
Country	y of project implementation	n			*
○ Eth	niopia	Kenya) Madagascar	
O Mo	ozambique	Somalia		South Sudan	
Suc	dan	Other, Specify			
Other, p	please specify				*

Proje	roject Title			
\bigcirc	00119468: Building Sustainable Peace and Social Cohesion in Tawilla Locality, North Darfur			
\bigcirc	00130002: Building the MHPSS-Gender-Peacebuilding nexus: fostering wellbeing, non-violent, gender equitable masculinity and social restoration with young people in West Darfur, Sudan.			
\bigcirc	00130052: Darfuri Youth Empowerment in Civic Spaces to Advance Peacebuilding			
\bigcirc	00119467: Durable Solutions for forced displacement in West Darfur			
\bigcirc	00119469: East Darfur: Assalaya-Sheiria-Yassin Triangle of Peace and Coexistence			
\bigcirc	00121172: PBF secretariat and peacebuilding project Sudan			
	00130005: Refugee and IDP Profiling Towards Sustainable Peace and Durable Solutions in Darfur			
\bigcirc	00125917: Strengthening the Political and Peacebuilding Role of Women in Sudan's Transition			
\bigcirc	00130705: Sudan Youth Citizen Observer Network: Strengthening Youth's Role as Peacebuilders and Promoters of Civic Space in Sudan's Transition			
\bigcirc	00125403: Support to the Sudanese Peace Process			
\bigcirc	00128019: Supporting Sustainable Peace in Blue Nile State through Gender-Responsive Natural Resource Governance, Inclusive Conflict Resolution Mechanisms and Climate-Resilient Livelihoods			
\bigcirc	00119470: Transition to Sustainable Peace in Central Darfur			
\bigcirc	00119471: Transition to Sustainable Peace in South Darfur			
\bigcirc	00131661: Peacebuilding and Human Rights in Support of Durable Solutions for IDPs and Affected Communities: The Right to Adequate Housing in West Darfur			
\bigcirc	00133949: Strengthening Capacities for Peace and Social Cohesion in Kassala and Red Sea States Sudan			
\bigcirc	00133950: Strengthening the Security - Climate Nexus in Gedaref Sudan			
\bigcirc	00140081: Empowering Women Civil Society Leaders as Peacebuilders			
\bigcirc	00140082: Empowerment of youth for peace and effective political participation Red Sea State Sudan.			
\bigcirc	Other, Specify			
EXAM	the 8 digit MPTFO number and Project Title exactly as it appears in the Project Document PLE: 00118938: Community-based prevention of violence and social cohesion using innovation for young people in displaced and communities			

Please select the geographical region(s) in which the project is implemented
If the project you are looking for does not appear in the following question, please make sure that you have selected the correct regions. A limited number of cross border projects span multiple geographic regions. For example, a cross border project between Niger and Chad spans both West Africa and Central & Southern Africa
Asia and the Pacific Central & Southern Africa East Africa
Europe and Central Asia Global Latin America and the Caribean
Middle East and North Africa West Africa
Please select the title of the project for which you are submitting the report *
* Write the 8 digit MPTFO numbers and Project Title exactly as it appears in the Project Document
EXAMPLE: 00129699/700: Supporting Cross-Border Cooperation for Increased Community Resilience and Social Cohesion in The Gambia and Senegal
Please select the countries where this project is being implemented *
* Other, Please specify
Project Start Date (Date of first transfer) 2022-01-06
Project End Date 2025-07-06
Has this project received an extension?
YES, Cost Extension
YES, No Cost Extension
YES, Both Cost and No Cost Extensions
NO, No Extensions

Will t	Vill this project be requesting an extension?		
	YES, Cost Extension		
	YES, No Cost Extension		
	YES, Both Cost and No Cost Exter	sions	
	NO, No Extensions		
			*
Will t		und Transfer Request (FTR) in the	next six months?
	Yes		
	No		
If so,	around which month do you	expect to submit the request?	*
	January	February	March
	April	May	June
	July	August	September
	October	November	December
Is the	e current project end date wit	hin 6 months?	*
	Yes	Time of months:	
	No		
Is fur	nding disbursed either into a	national or regional trust fund?	*
	Yes		
	No		
If ves	s, please select which		*
ii yes	National Trust Fund		
	Regional Trust Fund		
	Regional Haser and		

Recipients

s the convening agency a UN agency or a non UN entity?			
UN entity			
Non-UN Entity			
Please select the convening agency recipient	*		
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme	OM: International Organization for Migration		
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund			
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commission	er for Human Rights		
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality	and the Empowerment of Women		
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refuge	es UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund		
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: \	Vorld Food Programme		
UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Progra	amme		
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cu	tural Organization		
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme	ILO: International Labour Organization		
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO			
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund (UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime		
UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services			
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organi	zation ITC: International Trade Centre		
UNDPO Other, Specify			
Other, Please specify	*		
Are there other recipients for this project?	*		
No other recipients			
Yes, other UN recipients only			
Yes, other non-UN recipients only			
Yes, both UN and non-UN recipients			

Please select other UN recipients	*
Select all that apply	
UNDP: United Nations Development Programme IOM: International Organization for Migration	
UNICEF: United Nations Children's Fund	
OHCHR: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights	
UNWOMEN: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women	
UNHCR: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNFPA: United Nations Population Fund	
FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization WFP: World Food Programme	
UNHABITAT: United Nations Human Settlements Programme	
UNESCO: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization	
UNEP: United Nations Environment Programme ILO: International Labour Organization	
WHO: World Health Organization PAHO/WHO	
UNCDF: United Nations Capital Development Fund UNODC: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime	
UNOPS: United Nations Office for Project Services	
UNIDO: United Nations Industrial Development Organization ITC: International Trade Centre	
UN Department of Peace Operations Other, Specify	
Other, Please specify	*

Plea	se select other non-UN recipion	ents	*
	ACTED	Action Aid UK AAITG (ActionAid the Gambia)	
	AEDE	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD)	
	Agence de Coopération et de Rec	cherche pour le Développement (ACORD)	
	American Friends Service Commi	ittee (AFSC) Avocats Sans Frontières	
	Avocats Sans Frontières Belgium	Avocats sans frontières Canada Ayuda en Accion	
	BIRN - Balkan Investigative Repor	rting Network BIOM -Youth Ecological Movemen	
	CARE International UK	Centre d'étude et de coopération internationale (CECI) - BF	
	Christian Aid Ireland	COIPRODEN Concern Worldwide	
	Conexion Guatemala	COOPI - Cooperazione Internazionale CORD Burundi	
	CORDAID	Corporacion Sisma Mujer CRS - Catholic Relief Services	
	DanChurchAid	EQUITAS Fund for Congolese Women	
	Fundacion Estudios Superior (FES	SU) Fundación Mi Sangre (FMS)	
	Fundación Nacional para el Desa	rrollo de Honduras (FUNADEH) Fundación para la Libertad de Prensa (FLI	P)
	Geneva Centre for Security Secto	or Governance (DCAF) HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation	
	Humanity & Inclusion (HI)	ICTJ (International Center for Transitional Justice)	
	Instituto Holandes para Democra	acia Multipartidaria (NIMD) Integrity Watch	
	International Alert	International Rescue Committee Interpeace	
	Kvinna till Kvinna Foundation	Life and Peace Institute (LPI)	
	MDG-EISA - Institut Electoral pour	r une Démocratie Durable en Afrique (EISA), bureau de Madagascar	
	Mercy Corps	MLAL - ProgettoMondo MSIS-TATAO	
	NIMD (Netherlands Institute for N	Multiparty Democracy) Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC)	
	Nile Sustainable Development Or	rganization - NSDO OIKOS	
	ONG Adkoul - ONG Adkoul	ONG AZHAR OXFAM	
	Peace Direct	Plan International PNG UN Country Fund	
	Red de Instituciones por los Dere	echos de la Niñez ROI - Roza Otunbayeva Initiati	
	Saferworld	Sampan'Asa Momba ny Fampandrosoana (SAF/FJKM)	
	Save the Children	Search for Common Ground (SFCG)	
	SIHA (Strategic Initiative for Wom	nen in the Horn of Africa) SismaMujer	
	SOS Sahel Sudan	Stichting Impunity Watch Tearfund	
	The Carter Center, Inc.	Trocaire War Child	
	War Childhood Museum (WCM)	World Vision International World Vision Myanmar	
	ZOA	blank_placeholder Other, Please specify	
			*
Othe	er, Please specify		

Implementing Partners

To how many implementing partners has the project transferred money **since the project's start**?

4

To how many implementing partners has the project transferred money **during this calendar period**?

(for June reports: January-June;

for November reports: January-December (anticipated);

for final reports: full project duration)

2

Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each, both since the project's start, and specifically during this calendar period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner *
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
National women's and youth CSO
Subnational women's and youth CSO
Other .
Other, Please specify
What is the name of the Implementing Partner Addition to Disaster Assistance and Development
* What is the planned total amount (in USD) for the overall duration of the project to be disbursed to this implementing partner? *Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 468000
* What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner since the project's start ? *Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 468000

What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this calendar period? Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 0
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner during this calendar period Please limit your response to 1500 characters Design and implement community support projects aimed at benefiting all populations in the target areas
Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each, both since the project's start, and specifically during this calendar period
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
National youth CSO
National women's CSO
Other National CSO
Subnational youth CSO
Subnational women's CSO
Other subnational CSO
Regional CSO
Regional Organisation
International NGO
Governmental entity
National women's and youth CSO
Subnational women's and youth CSO
Other Other
Other, Please specify
Consultancy Firm
What is the name of the Implementing Partner Social Inquiry
* What is the planned total amount (in USD) for the overall duration of the project to be disbursed to this implementing partner? Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 60000

What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner since the project's start ? Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 60000			
What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this calendar Deriod? Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 50000			
Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner during this calendar period Please limit your response to 1500 characters Methodology and research tool design, sample development, technical support, data analysis.			
Please list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each, both since the project's start, and specifically during this calendar period			
Please select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner			
National youth CSO			
National women's CSO			
Other National CSO			
Subnational youth CSO			
Subnational women's CSO			
Other subnational CSO			
Regional CSO			
Regional Organisation			
International NGO			
Governmental entity			
National women's and youth CSO			
Subnational women's and youth CSO			
Other			
Other, Please specify			
What is the name of the Implementing Partner INSEED			

this i	t is the planned total amount (in USD) for the overall duration of the project to be disbursed to implementing partner? e use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 33.87
	t is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner since the project's start ? e use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 33.87
perio	t is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this calendar od? e use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,)
perio	ty describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner during this calendar and the limit your response to 1500 characters gathering and rollout of household survey in Chad
	se list all of the project's implementing partners and the amounts (in USD) transferred to each, since the project's start, and specifically during this calendar period
Pleas	se select the type of organisation which best describes the type of implementing partner
\bigcirc	National youth CSO
\bigcirc	National women's CSO
\bigcirc	Other National CSO
\bigcirc	Subnational youth CSO
\bigcirc	Subnational women's CSO
\bigcirc	Other subnational CSO
\bigcirc	Regional CSO
\bigcirc	Regional Organisation
\bigcirc	International NGO
\bigcirc	Governmental entity
\bigcirc	National women's and youth CSO
\bigcirc	Subnational women's and youth CSO
	Other

Other, Please specify **National NGO** What is the name of the Implementing Partner **NIDAA** What is the planned total amount (in USD) for the **overall duration of the project** to be disbursed to this implementing partner? Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 286800 What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner since the project's start? Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 286800 What is the total amount (in USD) disbursed to the implementing partner during this calendar period? Please use a dot (.) as decimal separator, instead of a comma (,) 189900 Briefly describe the main activities carried out by the Implementing Partner during this calendar period Please limit your response to 1500 characters Facilitated Community consultations & provide livelihood, income-generating activities (IGA) inputs to selected recipients. **Financial Reporting** » Delivery by Recipient Please enter the total amounts in full US dollars allocated to each recipient organization Please enter the original budget amount, amount transferred to date and estimated expenditure by recipient. Please make sure you enter the correct amount. All values should be entered in US Dollars For cross-border projects, group the amounts by agency, even if different country offices are involved.

You will have the opportunity to share a more detailed budget in the next section.

Recipients	Total Project Budget (in full US \$) Please enter the total budget as is in the project document in US Dollars	Transfers to date (in full US \$) Please enter the total amount transferred to each recipient to date in US Dollars	Expenditure to date (in full US \$) Please enter the approximate amount spent to date in US dollars	Implementati on rate as a percentage of total budget (calculated automatically)
<u>-</u>				
UNHCR: United	1000129	1000129	991569.00	99.14%
Nations High Commission er for Refugees				
	*	*	*	%
				90
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	''''	
IOM: Internation	1000000.01	1000000.01	964365.74	96.44%
al Organizatio n for Migration				
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	
				%
	*	*	*	
				%
	*	*	*	%

	*	*	*	%
				-
	*	*	*	%
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	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	
				%
	*	*	*	%
				-
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	
				%
	*	*	*	
	*	*	*	%
	*	*	*	%
TOTAL	2000129.01	2000129.01	1955934.74	
1017.2				97.7
				9%
The approximate im	plementation rate as p	percentage of total pro	ject budget based on	the values *
entered in the above				
Correct Incorrect				
If it is incorrect, pleas	*			
, , ,	P.F.	,		

» Gender-responsive Budgeting

Indicate what percentage (%) of the budget contributes to gender equality or women's empowerment (GEWE) as per the project document? 28.8
The dollar amount of the budget contributing to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE) based on percentage entered above and total project budget is US \$ 576037.15 . Can you confirm that this is correct? Correct Incorrect
If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>budget amount</i> allocated to GEWE in US Dollars 576135.95
Amount expended to date on efforts contributiong to gender equality or women's empowerment is US \$ 563309.21. Is this correct? Correct Incorrect
If it is incorrect, please enter the <i>expenditure to date</i> on GEWE in US dollars 558993.86
ATTACH PROJECT EXCEL BUDGET SHOWING CURRENT APPROXIMATE EXPENDITURE. The templates for the budget are available here PBF IOM HCR Fin Report Jan-June 2025-12_24_7.xlsx
Project Markers

Project markers

Please select the Gender Marker Associated with this project	*
Score 1 for projects that contribute in some way to gender equality, but not significantly (less than 30% of the total budget for GEWE)	
Score 2 for projects that have gender equality as a significant objective and allocate between 30 and 79% of the total project budget to GEWE	
Score 3 for projects that have gender equality as a principal objective and allocate at least 80% of the total project budget to Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (GEWE)	
Please select the Risk Marker Associated with this project	*
Please select the Risk Marker Associated with this project Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes	*
	*
Risk marker 0 = low risk to achieving outcomes	*

Pleas	se select the PBF Focus Area associated with this project	k
	(1.1) Security Sector Reform	
\bigcirc	(1.2) Rule of Law	
\bigcirc	(1.3) Demobilisation, Disarmament and Reintegration	
	(1.4) Political Dialogue	
	(2.1) National reconciliation	
\bigcirc	(2.2) Democratic Governance	
	(2.3) Conflict prevention/management	
\bigcirc	(3.1) Employment	
\bigcirc	(3.2) Equitable access to social services	
\bigcirc	(4.1) Strengthening of essential national state capacity	
\bigcirc	(4.2) Extension of state authority/Local Administration	
\bigcirc	(4.3) Governance of peacebuilding resources (including PBF Secretariats)	
	e project part of one or more PBF priority windows?	k
Select	all that apply	
	Gender promotion initiative	
	Youth promotion initiative	
✓	Transition from UN or regional peacekeeping or special political missions	
	Cross-border or regional project	
	None	

Steering Committee and Government engagement

Does the project have an active steering committee/ project board? Yes No
If yes, please indicate how many times the Project Steering Committee has met over the last 6 months? Please limit your response to 3000 characters The steering committee met on two occasions in person and three times bilaterally (either IOM with the Humanitarian Aid Commission (HAC)/ Ministry of Social Welfare (MoSW) or UNHCR with HAC/MoSW) along with implementing partners in the past 6 months. At times it was not possible for all the members to meet at the same time since not everyone was permanently present and security developments restricted movement for in-person meetings.
Online meetings were not possible with government entities due to lack of usage and unavailability or poor connectivity. The Steering Committee Meetings not only included updates on progress of projects, challenges faced and requests for support to resolve issues, but also site visits to view progress with implementation.
Please provide a brief description of any engagement that the project has had with the government over the last 6 months. Please indicate what level of government the project has been engaging with. Please limit your response to 3000 characters Government engagement was initiated from the commencement as no activities can be carried out without their approval. The main government entities were the Humanitarian Aid Commission (HAC), Ministry of Social Welfare (MoSW), Ministry of Education, Ministry of Health, Water Department and local administration. HAC and MoSW worked as the main interlocutors for the line ministries. Engaging regularly without a permanent present was challenging.
Other than for approval purposes, it was also important to engage government to ensure that they understood that projects will be community driven and not a process where government identifies community needs. Consultations with community and findings of these consultations defined the project outcomes.
It was also important to ensure that the projects did not overlap or under planning for implementation by other entities, including government ex school buildings. Engaging with government entities helps to meet technical requirements, like the upgrade of health centres.
Overall, engagement with government in River Nile State was positive and they were supportive of the

implemented projects. River Nile had no previous involved in peacebuilding responses in the past and it was a learning experience to understand how planning, implementing, accountability and consultations takes place.

PART I: OVERALL PROJECT PROGRESS

NOTES FOR COMPLETING THE REPORT:						
•	 Avoid acronyms and UN jargon, use general /common language. Report on what has been achieved in the reporting period, not what the project aims to do. Be as concrete as possible. Avoid theoretical, vague or conceptual discourse. Ensure the analysis and project progress assessment is gender and age sensitive. 					
Please rate the implementation status of the following preliminary/preparatory activities						
Con	tracting of partners		,			
\bigcirc	Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed			
	Completed	Not Applicable				
Staff	f Recruitment		•			
\bigcirc	Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed			
	Completed	Not Applicable				
Colle	Collection of baselines					
\bigcirc	Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed			
	Completed	Not Applicable				
Identification of beneficiaries						
\bigcirc	Not Started	Initiated	Partially Completed			
	Completed	Not Applicable				

*

Provide any additional descriptive information relating to the status of the project, including whether preliminary/preparatory activities have been completed (i.e. contracting of partners, staff recruitment, etc.)

Please limit your response to 3000 characters

In October 2024, IOM partnered with the Sudanese Development Call Organization (NIDAA) to implement livelihoods and income-generating initiatives (IGA) for 433 people through 128 community-support projects. These initiatives specifically targeted host communities and internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Atbara and Ad Damer cities. The project made significant contributions to fostering community resilience, promoting economic empowerment, and advancing sustainable development. By facilitating business interactions between communities, the initiatives strengthened social cohesion and fostered positive peace within the River Nile area. Furthermore, they promoted an understanding of migration as a positive factor by enhancing market capacity and supporting economic growth.

UNHCR engaged Addition for Disaster Assistance & Development (ADD) implement six community-based support projects (CSP). Kick-off meetings took place with the Humanitarian Aid Commission and the Ministry of Social Welfare giving an overview of the project, the donor, expected timelines, and coordination requirements. A consultative workshop with government technical sectors was held to present the project, discuss priorities, targeted areas, target groups, and the budget allocated. In 2025, six CSPs (solarization, rehabilitation of school, health centres and community centres and latrine construction) were completed and handed over to stakeholders.

In addition, a "Lessons Learnt Workshop" will be held on 1 & 2 June 2025 with a cross-section of participants invited – authorities, partners, beneficiaries and implementing organisations. This exercise was approved by PBF as an alternative to the final project evaluation, due to the methodological constraints brought by the project's reprogramming from Darfur to River Nile state following the outbreak of conflict in April 2023.

Describe overall progress under each Outcome made during the reporting period (*for June reports: January-June; for November reports: January-December (anticipated); for final reports: full project duration*). Do not list individual activities. If the project is starting to make/has made a difference at the outcome level, provide specific evidence for the progress (quantitative and qualitative) and explain how it impacts the broader political and peacebuilding context.

Is the project on track for the timely completion of outputs as indicated in the workplan?	*
Yes	
○ No	
If no, please provide an explanation	*
Please limit your response to 6000 characters	

Project progress summary

Please limit your response to 6000 characters

In October 2024, Social Inquiry released three thematic briefs based on data collected in Darfur during the 2022–2023 project phase. These briefs were tailored for stakeholders working in Darfur, cross-border operations, and with Sudanese refugees in Chad. The topics included: 1) Peacebuilding and coexistence attitudes among major tribes before the 2023 conflict; 2) Perceptions of safety and security; and 3) A comparative analysis of human, social, financial, physical, and natural capital between nomadic and host communities. Finalized in November 2024, the briefs remain sensitive for public release but are valuable for guiding future IOM and UNHCR peacebuilding efforts in IDP/refugee-hosting areas and Darfur when conditions permit.

During the reporting period, 433 conflict-affected individuals (14% women, 40% youth) were supported through 128 small-scale livelihood and income-generation projects. In Atbara, 215 people benefited—60 through individual projects, 85 via community associations, and 70 through the Al-Amn Algizai cooperative. In El Damer, 218 people were supported similarly, with 98 involved in the Al-Shuna cooperative. A total of 117 individuals received agricultural inputs such as dairy goats, poultry cages, hens, feed, and prepared land. In Atbara, three women-led associations (85 members: 39 host, 46 IDPs) were registered, equipped, and trained in food production. In El Damer, associations received livestock and agricultural support (lambs, calves, fodder inputs), enhancing economic activities. Al-Shuna benefited from solar-powered irrigation, land reclamation, and fertilizer, enabling cultivation of 45 acres. Al-Amn Algizai received lambs, feed, and fodder cultivation support. Of the association members in El Damer, 68 were women (61 host, 47 IDPs).

In 2025, UNHCR and ADD completed six infrastructure projects, handing them over to local health and school committees and community groups. These projects aimed to foster cohesion between IDPs and host communities, whose resources were strained by displacement. The infrastructure included classroom rehabilitation, water facilities, and latrines in six schools (three each in Atbara and El Damer), benefiting over 1,500 children. In one case, the community and contractor co-funded additional classroom repairs.

Three health centers, three community centers, and two hospitals were solarized, reducing referrals to major hospitals and easing tensions. The Atbara Water Pumping Station was upgraded, restoring water to Ad Damar (pop. 123,000) and reducing conflict over water access.

These interventions strengthened peacebuilding and social cohesion. Shared economic activities built trust, and equitable resource access reduced tensions. For example, 50 IDP women in poultry/goat projects lived with host relatives, sharing project outputs. Goats for 101 beneficiaries were sourced locally, reinforcing economic ties. Economic stability improved self-reliance, and community associations became platforms for inclusive dialogue. Addressing shared challenges like livestock disease fostered unity, while empowering women and youth reduced marginalization—contributing to sustainable peace and stronger community bonds.

Challenges included a poultry project in Atbara's Toga Community Association, which faced disease outbreaks despite receiving 120 hens, a battery, and six months of feed, vitamins, and vaccines. IOM and NIDAA provided technical support and guidance to mitigate losses and prevent future outbreaks. This highlighted the need for better recipient selection and communication to ensure technical capacity for poultry farming.

The Community Support Projects (CSPs) were a joint IOM-UNHCR initiative, shaped by 2024 community consultations. Despite broad needs, limited resources required prioritization. Communities identified key activities, categorized into "hard" (infrastructure) and "soft" (economic restoration) components to balance peacebuilding and social cohesion. Initially, authorities favored humanitarian aid over long-term investments, but this shifted during implementation.

IOM led economic restoration, promoting self-reliance and income generation, while UNHCR focused on infrastructure. This division ensured clarity and efficiency, aligning efforts to deliver tangible results. The integrated approach addressed immediate needs and promoted long-term sustainability, fostering social cohesion and economic resilience between IDPs and host communities.

Preliminary findings of the Lessons learned workshop showed that these projects sought to change behaviour and perceptions of IDPs as causes of common resource shortages and lack of access to basic services, without 'giving back'. Instead the inflow of IDPs enabled the rehaabiliation of key community infrastructure enabling access and provided income generating opportunities for both IDP and host communities. More details will be provided in the report to be submitted to PBF later.

*

Indicate any additional analysis on how Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment and/or Youth Inclusion and Responsiveness has been ensured by the project to date

Please limit your response to 3000 characters

Conflict and displacement exacerbated issues surrounding gender inequality and women's empowerment. Women were seen only as caregivers and homemakers. To address this imbalance, projects included strong gender components or highlighted women's needs and provided an outlet for them to have opportunities for advancement. For example, focus group discussions were held with women's groups at the Al Jubarab Community Centre where up to 100 women had taken various classes and training however had seen a reduction in participation due to deteriorating facilities and training design.

The Al Jubarab Community Centre was used as a multipurpose centre for livelihood training and computer classes. While some classes and training took place, attendance was low due in part to infrequent power but also due to insufficient infrastructure and training design e.g scheduling of trainings was important as women have dual roles of family care. The refurbishment and equipping of the centre encouraged more women to return to classes and influenced how the programmes would be designed and scheduled in the future.

The rehabilitation was also targeted to support and encourage the youth to learn new skills. During implementation, the youth became interested with the solar power system which was being installed, noting that learning this skill could result in income generating activity in the future.

The project also placed a strong emphasis on advancing Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment by prioritizing support for women-headed households through the project's selection criteria. As such, women comprised most beneficiaries (59%) under IOM's activities under this project. Livelihood and income-generation activities significantly improved access to livelihoods and basic services for 108 women leading their households. Among these women, 25% were under 20 years old, 50% were aged 20-35, 17% were between 35-50, and 8% were over 50 years. Furthermore, 120 members from eight community associations (80 women and 40 men) also reported enhanced access to livelihoods.

Is the project 1+ year in implementation?	*
Yes	
○ No	
FOR PROJECTS 1+ YEAR IN IMPLEMENTATION ONLY:	
Is the project demonstrating outcome-level peacebuilding results?	*
Outcome-level peacebuilding results entail results achieved at the societal or structural level, including changed attitudes, bel institutions.	haviours or
Yes	
○ No	

If yes, please provide concrete examples of such peacebuilding results

Please limit your response to 6000 characters

The selected community-support projects had peacebuilding as a critical component. The projects were formulated around supporting communities cope with the impact of conflict and displacement. The project has demonstrated clear outcome-level peace building results through its inclusive and community-driven approach. The implementation of the CSPs fostered cooperation across diverse social groups by prioritizing shared goals such as improved health services, education, and access to essential infrastructure. The consultative planning process, which involved government stakeholders, community leaders, women, and youth, created a strong foundation for trust-building and mutual understanding. By rehabilitating communal facilities such as schools and community centers, the project facilitated neutral and safe spaces where different groups including IDPs could interact, collaborate, and engage in civic activities. Moreover, the equitable delivery of services helped reduce potential sources of tension and addressed historical grievances linked to marginalization. These efforts not only strengthened social cohesion at the community level but also reinforced institutional relationships, making communities more resilient to conflict and more unified in responding to shared challenges.

For example, in Atbara and Ad Damer, competition over water created a significant source of tension between IDPs and host communities. Both localities were supplied by a single pumping station with two main pipelines. Due to the increased need for water, the main pump supplying Ad Damer broke down. This deprived the host and IDP communities from having sufficient water. Tensions arose between hosting and IDP communities around the broken pump and perception that IDPs had caused it. Communities from Ad Damer responded by going to Atbara to collect water, raising fears that the system supplying water to Atbara could also break down due to the increased demand. In this instance, tensions were running high while the need for water was increasing without a solution. The project addressed this conflict driver by purchasing and installing a new water pump to restore supply to both localities. This resulted in the reduction of tensions between the communities. Host communities recognized that the presence of IDP's was not a burden to them and that IDP's were not using up resources without return. With the new pump installed the host community were now getting increased supply as compared to before. The host community were no longer advocating for restriction of access for IDP's. The IDP's who were previously not always welcomed to collect water from host community facilities were more freely accepted compared to times when there was limited water supply. This promoted coexistence and resource sharing among the host and IDP's

In another example, 50 IDP women benefiting from goat and poultry projects were living together with their relatives . from the host community, where the products of these projects are shared, promoting unity and cooperation. Additionally, goats for 101 beneficiaries were purchased from traders within the local community, reinforcing local economic ties and community stability. Furthermore, the Al-Amn Algizai Cooperative, belonging to the host community, granted agricultural land to three displaced women, enabling them to implement their agricultural projects. This demonstrates a tangible act of solidarity and resource-sharing between the host community and IDPs. Furthermore, the associations supported by the project include both IDPs and host community members, ensuring inclusive membership that strengthens social cohesion and trust.

The implementation of the CSPs led to noticeable shifts in River Nile community attitudes and behaviours, particularly in relation to collaboration, trust in institutions, and intergroup relations in Attbara and Al-Damar localities. Initially, some communities exhibited scepticism toward organization interventions, with fragmented engagement across different social groups. However, inclusive consultations and participatory planning gradually built a culture of cooperation. Community members—especially women and youth began demonstrating increased agency during community consultation sessions, voicing priorities, and participating in monitoring activities. This shift was reflected in improved attendance and diversity at coordination meetings, where individuals previously marginalized became active contributors.

A key behavioural change was the emergence of joint problem-solving among community groups and local authorities. For instance, during project implementation, local disputes over service prioritization were resolved through dialogue rather than confrontation, signaling a move toward constructive conflict resolution. Moreover, the use of rehabilitated communal spaces such as schools and centers for shared events, trainings, and community dialogues fostered regular, peaceful interaction across tribal, ethnic, and generational divides.

Evidence of reduced tensions includes anecdotal accounts from community leaders reporting a decline in localized disputes and increased collaboration on resource management. Women's committees and youth-led groups have continued convening beyond the project's completion to address community issues, indicating sustained cohesion. Overall, the project not only improved infrastructure and provide basic services but also transformed social dynamics, laying a foundation for peaceful coexistence and collective ownership of development in River Nile communitiies.

If yes, please provide sources or references (including links) as evidence of peacebuilding results, or submit them as additional attachments.

Evidence may be quantitative or qualitative but needs to demonstrate progress against outcome indicators in the project results framework. Sources may include project surveys (such as perception surveys), monitoring reports, government documents, or other knowledge products that have been developed by the project.

Can be provided after lessons learned workshop within the report where feedback is collected from the participants.

File attachment

Click here to upload file. (< 10MB)

PART II: PROJECT RESULTS FRAMEWORK
How many OUTCOMES does this project have
1 2 3 4 5 more than 5.
Please write out the project outcomes as they are in the project results framework found in the project document
Outcome 1: Sudanese authorities and stakeholders have greater access to comprehensive data and analysis on the profile of Sudanese refugees, IDPs, returnees, and non-displaced communities, as well as on the material, legal, security, and social factors in target locations that make it conducive for safe residence, and use this data and analysis to develop policies and interventions in support of the peace process that ensure the voluntary, safe, sustainable and peaceful return and (re)integration of displaced-affected populations.
Outcome 2: Peaceful return and (re)integration processes of Sudanese refugees and IDPs enhanced by increased awareness and access to information and improved basic services.
Outcome 3:
Outcome 4:

Outcome 5:	*
Outcome 6:	*
Outcome 7:	*
Outcome 8:	*
Catcome 6.	
Additional Outcomes	*
If the project has more than 8 outcomes, please enumerate the remaining outcomes here	
The project has more than a datesmes, prease enamerate the remaining datesmes here	

INDICATOR BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Using the Project Results Framework as per the approved project document or any amendments, provide an update on the achievement of all **outcome** and **output** indicators in the table below.

- Where it has not been possible to collect data on indicators, state this and provide any explanation.
- Provide gender and age disaggregated data. (500 characters max per entry)

» Outcome 1: Sudanese authorities and stakeholders have greater access to comprehensive data and analysis on the profile of Sudanese refugees, IDPs, returnees, and non-displaced communities, as well as on the material, legal, security, and social factors in target locations that make it conducive for safe residence, and use this data and analysis to develop policies and interventions in support of the peace process that ensure the voluntary, safe, sustainable and peaceful return and (re)integration of displaced-affected populations.

Outcome Indicator s	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Indicator progress for reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
1. Number of key policy and locality/state and UN/donor planning strategies using the integrated profiling analysis reports to support the design of tangible Durable Solutions projects and incorporating a strong gender	0	3	0	3	NA

1. 2	Number of	0	5	134	134	UNHCR's initial
2	targeted Durable					target for implementation
	Solutions or					was 5
	HDPN related					community-
	interventions					support
	designed in coordination					projects but due to reduced
	with local					overall cost,
	authorities and					savings were
	communities					used to
	using findings					implement
	from the integrated					another project from the
	profiling					prioritized list.
	analysis reports					The significant
	to help guide					increase in IOM
	targeting of					community-
	locations and in					support
	understanding priority					projects delivered (128)
	programming					was due to the
	needs to					reprogramming
	promote					of the
	cohesion and					remaining balance under
	peacebuilding, with a strong					outcome 1.
	gender focus					
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How ma	any outputs does	outcome 1 have	2?			
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Please I	ist all outputs for	outcome 1				
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An integrated profiling analysis report of conflict-and displacement-affected con combining data from Sudanese refugees in Chad and IDPs, returnees, and non-diwell as thematic summary briefs on the most significant obstacles to return and	isplaced communities in Darfur, as
Output 1.2	
Output 1.3	
Output 1.4	
Output 1.5	
Other Outputs If Outcome 1 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here	

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against all output indicators

» Output 1.1: An integrated profiling analysis report of conflict-and displacement-affected communities by areas of origin, combining data from Sudanese refugees in Chad and IDPs, returnees, and non-displaced communities in Darfur, as well as thematic summary briefs on the most significant obstacles to return and (re)integration are produced

1.	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
1. 1. 1	Indicator framework and survey tool finalized in coordination with relevant target communities, community leaders, and local authorities.	0	1	0	1	Completed

1. 1. 2	Data collection across 3 states (34 localities) in Darfur and with Sudanese refugees in Chad	0	Data collected from Women: 50%, Men: 50%, Young women (18-34 years old): 15%, Young men (18- 34 years old) 15%	0	Completed Data collection in Darfur commenced as planned in November 2022 and was completed in Early December 2022 by IOM teams. The data collection in Chad took place in January- March 2023. Women: 50%, Young women (18-34 years old): 15%, Young men (18- 34 years old) 15%	Completed
1. 1. 3	Integrated profiling analysis report and products produced and disseminated.	0	4 (1 integrated report and 3 thematic analysis briefs)	0	4 (1 integrated report and 3 thematic analysis briefs)	Completed
1. 1. 4			<u></u>			
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» Output 1.2:

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2	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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» Output 1.3:

1. 3	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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» Output 1.4:

Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the	Indicator progress for reporting period	Indicator progress since project's	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if
Describe the	<i>State the baseline value of the</i>	Indicator Target State the target value of the	for reporting	since project's	Variance/
Describe the indicator	value of the	Target State the target value of the indicator at the	reporting	project's	
	indicator	State the target value of the indicator at the			Delay (if
		indicator at the	period	ctart	
		indicator at the	1	start	any)
			State the current	State the current	Explain why the indicator is off
		end of the project	value of the indicator for the	cummulative value of the indicator	track or has
			reporting period	<i>since the start of the project</i>	changed, where relevant
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» Output 1.5:

1.	Output	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
5	Indicators	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
_	Describe the	State the baseline	Indicator	for	since	Variance/
	indicator	value of the			project's	Delay (if
	-	indicator	Target	reporting		_
			State the target value of the	period	start	any)
			<i>indicator at the end of the project</i>	<i>State the current value of the</i>	State the current cummulative value	Explain why the indicator is off
				indicator for the reporting period	of the indicator since the start of	track or has
				reporting period	the project	changed, where relevant
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» Outcome 2: Peaceful return and (re)integration processes of Sudanese refugees and IDPs enhanced by increased awareness and access to information and improved basic services.

0	Outcome	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
С	Indicator	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
2	S		Indicator	for	since	Variance/
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			Target	reporting	project's	Delay (if
		-		period	start	any)
2.	% of	0	60	5.7	5.7	The indicator
1	community		00	3.7	3.7	progress for
'	members					reporting
	(disaggregated					period is
	by sex, age, and					calculated
	community)					based on the
	reporting					people
	improved					accessing the
	access to basic					Ad Damar
	services in					Teaching
	target locations					Hospital before
	- target locations					and after the
		-				implementation
						of CSPs.
						01 031 3.
						As no endline
						survey was
						conducted due
						to the security
						situation, the
						target for this
						indicator is
						calculated
						based on the
						number of
						people
						accessing the
						services
						provided by one
						of the CSPs.
						Hence, the
						variances
						between the
						final target
						reached and
						the initially
						proposed
						indicator
						target.

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How ma	any outputs does	outcome 2 have	?				
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Please l	list all outputs for	outcome 2					
Output (IOM/UN	NHCR) Social cohes	ion in target area	enhanced through	improved access t	o basic social servi	ces for all	
Output	2.2						
Output	2.3						
Output	2.4						
Output	2.5						
	Other Outputs If Outcome 2 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here						

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made
against all output indicators

» Output 2.1: (IOM/UNHCR) Social cohesion in target area enhanced through improved access to basic social services for all communities

	i e					
2.	Output	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
1	Indicators	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Describe the	State the baseline	Indicator	for	since	Variance/
	indicator	<i>value of the indicator</i>	Target	reporting	project's	Delay (if
			State the target	period	start	any)
			value of the indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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2. Number of The original 0 5 (Target 0 2 workshops 1. inclusive disaggregation were held in target of 5 1 planning of participants: Atbara and Ed workshops was workshops held 50% women, Damar based on the to design 30% youth, 20% localities in estimated gendergovernment September number of CSPs and community to be sensitive 2024. implemented in community leaders (not communities at support mutually 55% of projects exclusive participants (53 the time of and action groups) out of 96 total) project inception. plans were women, while 14% (13 However, it was out of 96) were subsequently government decided by the and community project team leaders. that it would be a more effective use of **Approximately** 28% of time and participants (27 resources to out of 96 total) hold one were youth. In workshop per addition, 4 out locality, both to of the 9 bring in a wider community array of committee participants, members (3 and to allow male, 1 female) more flexibility appointed in on the number Atbara are of possible youth CSPs. representatives, while 3 out of the 8 community committee members (2 male, 1 female) appointed in Ed Damer are youth

representatives.

2.	Number of	0	5	134	134	UNHCR's initial
2. 1. 2	Number of community support projects implemented in target locations and benefitting all communities		5	134	134	target was 5 projects but due to reduced overall cost, the savings were used to implement one more project from the prioritized list for a total of 6. The significant increase in IOM projects delivered (128) was due to the reprogramming of the
2						remaining balance under outcome 1.
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» Output 2.2:

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2.	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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» Output 2.3:

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2.	Output	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
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	indicator	value of the				
	-	indicator	Target	reporting	project's	Delay (if
			State the target value of the	period	start	any)
			<i>indicator at the end of the project</i>	<i>State the current value of the</i>	State the current cummulative value	Explain why the indicator is off
			ena or the project	<i>indicator for the</i>	of the indicator since the start of	track or has
				reporting period	the project	changed, where relevant
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» Output 2.4:

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4			Indicator	for		Variance/
	<i>Describe the indicator</i>	<i>State the baseline value of the</i>			since	
	_	indicator	Target	reporting	project's	Delay (if
			State the target value of the	period	start	any)
			indicator at the end of the project	State the current value of the	State the current cummulative value	Explain why the indicator is off
			end of the project	indicator for the reporting period	of the indicator since the start of	track or has
				reporting period	the project	changed, where relevant
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» Output 2.5:

2.	Output	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
5	Indicators	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
9	Describe the	State the baseline	Indicator	for	since	Variance/
	indicator	value of the				
	_	indicator	Target	reporting	project's	Delay (if
			State the target value of the	period	start	any)
			indicator at the	State the current value of the	State the current cummulative value	Explain why the indicator is off
			end of the project	<i>indicator for the</i>	of the indicator	track or has
				reporting period	<i>since the start of the project</i>	changed, where relevant
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» Outcome 3:

O C 3	Outcome Indicator s	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Indicator progress for reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)	
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How m	any outputs does	s outcome 3 have	more than 5.				
Please	list all outputs fo	r outcome 3					
Output	Output 3.1						
Output	Output 3.2						

Output 3.3				
Output 3.4				
Output 3.5				
Other Outputs If Outcome 3 has more than 5	outputs, please enumer	rate the remaining of	utputs here	

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against all output indicators							
» Outp	ut 3.1:						
3.	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant	
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» Output 3.2:

3.	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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» Output 3.3:

3.	Output	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
3	Indicators	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Describe the	State the baseline	Indicator	for	since	Variance/
	indicator	value of the				
	-	indicator	Target	reporting	project's	Delay (if
			State the target value of the	period	start	any)
			<i>indicator at the end of the project</i>	<i>State the current value of the</i>	State the current cummulative value	Explain why the indicator is off
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	indicator for the reporting period	<i>of the indicator</i> <i>since the start of</i>	track or has
				reporting period	the project	changed, where relevant
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» Output 3.4:

Output	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
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indicator	<i>value of the indicator</i>	Target	reporting	proiect's	Delay (if
		_			any)
		value of the	_ ·		_
		end of the project	<i>value of the</i>	cummulative value	Explain why the indicator is off track or has
			reporting period	since the start of	changed, where relevant
				tne project	relevant
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	Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicators Describe the indicator Indicator Describe the indicator State the baseline value of the indicator Indicator State the baseline value of the indicator	Indicators Describe the indicator State the baseline value of the indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicators Describe the indicator Describe the indicator State the baseline value of the indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project State the project State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicators Describe the indicator Target State the baseline salue of the indicator Target State the target value of the end of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the end of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the reporting period State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator of the reporting period Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the current value of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator of the indicator of the project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator of the indicato

» Output 3.5:

3.	Output	Indicator	End of	Indicator	Indicator	Reasons
5	Indicators	Baseline	Project	progress	progress	for
	Describe the	State the baseline	Indicator	for	since	Variance/
	indicator	<i>value of the indicator</i>	Target	reporting	project's	Delay (if
			_	period	start	any)
			State the target value of the indicator at the	State the current	State the current	I -
			end of the project	value of the indicator for the	cummulative value of the indicator	Explain why the indicator is off track or has
				reporting period	since the start of	changed, where relevant
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» Outcome 4:

O C 4	Outcome Indicator s	Indicator Baseline	End of Project Indicator Target	Indicator progress for reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any)
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4. 5						
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How m	any outputs does	outcome 4 have	·?			
	1 2 3	4 5	more than 5.			
Please list all outputs for outcome 4						
Output	4.1					
Output	4.2					

Output 4.3
Output 4.4
Output 4.5
Other Outputs If Outcome 4 has more than 5 outputs, please enumerate the remaining outputs here

For each output, and using the, project results framework, provide an update on the progress made against all output indicators						
» Outp	ut 4.1:					
4.	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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» Output 4.2:

	4.2.					
4. 2	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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4. 2. 3						
4. 2. 4						
4. 2. 5						

» Output 4.3:

4.	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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» Output 4.4:

4. 4	Output Indicators Describe the	Indicator Baseline State the baseline	End of Project Indicator	Indicator progress for	Indicator progress since	Reasons for Variance/
	indicator	value of the indicator	Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of	Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has
				reporting period	the project	changed, where relevant
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» Output 4.5:

4. 5	Output Indicators Describe the indicator	Indicator Baseline State the baseline value of the indicator	End of Project Indicator Target State the target value of the indicator at the end of the project	Indicator progress for reporting period State the current value of the indicator for the reporting period	Indicator progress since project's start State the current cummulative value of the indicator since the start of the project	Reasons for Variance/ Delay (if any) Explain why the indicator is off track or has changed, where relevant
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4. 5.						
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	roject has more t remaining outcoi		use this space to	describe progre	ss on progress or	* n indicators

PART III: Cross-Cutting Issues

congresses, f	t planning any significant ev film screenings, etc.) e state how many, and for ption, including its key ob	r each, provic	le the approx	imate date o	f the event and a
Events	Event Description	Tentat ive Date	Locati	Target Audie nce	Event Objectives (900 characters)
Event 1	Lessons Learned workshop	1-2 June 2025	Atbara, River Nile State	Community members; local authorities; implementing partners	Planning meetings were held between the main stakeholders namely HAC/MoSW, UNHCR and IOM and implementing partners to plan a "Lessons Learn Workshop" as an alternative to the final evaluation, which PBF approved as part of the project's re-programming request in August 2024. The workshop is meant to be a consultative review of the project to understand the experiences of the beneficiaries from the initial consultations to implementation of the projects, the value delivered and how things can be done better in the future. The workshop will be held on 1&2 June 2025.
Event 2					
				, ,	
Event 3					
		•			

Event 4		 	

Human Impact

This section is about the human impact of the project. Please state key stakeholders (including but not limited to: Civil Society Organziations, Beneficiaries, etc.) of the project, and for each, please briefly describe:

- i. The challenges/problem they faced prior to the project implementation
- ii. The impact of the project in their lives
- iii. Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from a representative of each stakeholder group *This is an optional question. You may leave it unanswered if not relevant*

Human Impact	Type of stakeholder	What has been the impact of the project on their lives?	Provide, where possible, a quote or testimonial from the stakeholder

1

IDPs, host communities, community leaders, local NGOs, local authorities Prior to the ongoing conflict, Ad Damar Teaching Hospital used to receive 3500 patients a week. Since the start of the conflict and displacement, the number of patients has risen dramatically; an average 7000 per week and increasing. All medical resources are stretched.

There are frequent power outages, and the backup generators cannot run all day. The lack of power drastically affects treatment, operations & emergency cases. UNHCR and partner ADD installed 6 solar systems in various parts of Ad Damar Teaching Hospital to keep vital services functioning. The solar system has supported critical treatment areas, dialysis, cold chain and laboratory testing among others.

Overall, usage of solar power has provided the opportunity for expanded and consistent patient services, ex dialysis patients who had to wait for long hours or had to be rescheduled no longer faced this problem as the solar power enabled more consistent life sustaining service provision and reduced repeated travel to the hospital which at times could be at a high cost.

The added and consistent services met the need of the IDP population, who among them were from Khartoum which was the main referral centre from across the country. The project ensured that those who were already receiving treatment could continue without placing added pressure of the already stretched services. Overall, the solar system provided power backup for up to 280 dialysis patients

"The solar system installed at the dialysis center at Ad Damar Teaching Hospital has been critical during power outages. The dialysis machines can only function for between 10-30 minutes with their own backup and failure to complete the treatment cycle means that the treatment must be redone. The solar system supports to continue treatment despite outages; vital given the prolonged power outage in the past months caused by damage to the main power station. Being able to continue treatment despite outages and having a reliable back up system gives us confidence to achieve our aim" Dr. Suzana, Head Doctor, Dialysis Centre, Ad Damar Teaching Hospital.

"I have to travel far to receive dialysis treatment, there is no such service at my local health centre, before I used to have to come and stay in Ad Damar for a few days while I waited my turn, however now, Im not forced to stay, I am able to return on the same day or the day after, this is helpful due to my old age and the expenses incurred".

Patient at Dialysis Centre, Ad Damar Teaching Hospital

3			per week. The dialysis center was one of the few in the state which was still operating and was sought after by patients due to lack of services in their localities.	
4	2			
4				
4	3			
	4			
		_		

In addition to the stakeholder specific impact described above, please use this space to describe any additional human impact that the project has had.

Please limit your response to 4000 characters.

In River Nile State, inadequate health care provision due to lack of eletricity was identified as a community need. UNHCR and ADD installed a solar power back up to cover power outages at Ad Damar Teaching Hospital. This could support vital services like dialysis, emergency treatment and lab testing. Uniterrupted power ensured that transfusion services could continue even during outages, which previously resulted in treatments being repeated or resourced already being used having to be disposed. The small input through this solarization project plays a vital role in the lives of patients needing treatment. Some of those who receive treatment, like dialysis patients feel happy that they are receiving their treatment powered by the sun.

Further, the rehabilitation of schools created a platform where the community worked together to complete rehibilitation of additional classrooms with their own funds to complement the projects initiated by UNHCR. The project promoted interaction between the host and IDP communities, seeing education as a common good for their children. Having initiated their own consultations and agreeing on supporting expansion of the school with their own funds. The addition of classrooms reduced the chance of marginalization of IDP children who were previously not always welcomed at schools as they were seen as depriving a host community child or unnecessarily stretching capacity. The host community became more accepting of the presence of IDP children at the school through the joint self-organised additional project.

The solarization project has ignited thinking within the community that solar power is a viable alternative to having generators, which comes at a high cost, mostly bourne by host community contributions. The host community continued to see the IDP's as using their resources and a burden without considering that the presence of IDP's has indirectly encouraged investment in the existing host community facilities. With the investments, the service providers were able to expand the type of services supported by savings made from fuel expenditure.

The above are examples of the additional human impact of the investments made under the PBF project. The project are not merely input but directly encourages the community to look beyond the impact of the conflict and the related challenges but to look forward to stability and be encouraged to look forward to a productive future.

You can also upload upto 3 files in various formats (picture files, powerpoint, pdf, video, etc.) to illustrate the human impact of the project

OPTIONAL

File 1

OPTIONAL

PBFPRO~1-12_37_5.PPT



File 2

OPTIONAL

PBF Nomads brief-12 37 12.docx



File 3 OPTIONAL	
PBFPEA~1-12_37_22.PDF	<u>+</u>
You can also add upto 3 links to online resources which illustrate the human impact of the project <i>OPTIONAL</i>	
Link 1 OPTIONAL	
Link 2 OPTIONAL	
Link 3 OPTIONAL	
Please tick the applicable change based on above narrative.	
How we worked: Please select up to 3. Enhanced digitization Innovative ways of working Mobilized additional resources Improved or initiated policy frameworks Strengthened capacities Partnered with with local/grassroots Civil Society Organizations Expanding coalitions & galvanizing political will Strengthened partnerships with IFIs Strengthened partnerships with UN Agencies	*
Please explain one of the selected options Please limit your response to 3000 characters. The community-based consultation workshops were led and facilitated by Sudanese Development Call Organ (NIDAA), a Sudanese civil society organization with strong contextual knowledge and experience in River Nile	

Please explain one of the selected options Please limit your response to 3000 characters. UNHCR and ADD worked with the community surrounding Hai Al Arab Boys school - which was in a dilapidated condition and school attendance was dropping - to identify what rehabilitation works could be needed. There was a need to increase the number of classrooms due to arrival of a large number of IDPs. The students who were displaced had not attended school for more than a year. The plan was to rehabilitate three out of six classrooms, upgrade teacher facilities and to provide water coolers for clean drinking water. These needs were identified by both the community and students at the school. The community identified the infrastructure improvements, such as the refurbishment of classrooms, while the students identified support that would encourage attendance and improve the comfort of students especially the availability of cool drinking water. The host community wanted to ensure that IDP children are given the same opportunity to continue their studies and have the access to facilities as their own children. While the rehabilitation works were being done, the host community, IDP's and the contractor pooled their own funds to rehabilitate the three remaining classrooms and an activity centre. This provided a good illustration of communities working together, identifying needs and bringing in resources to support the community. This also reflected on how the IDP community, despite being in displacement and seen as using up resources, could themselves contribute to the host community for the benefit of their children. Please explain one of the selected options Please limit your response to 3000 characters. UNHCR and IOM coordinated closely on the organization and facilitation of the community-based planning workshops, and have planned their remaining respective interventions based on the shared community action plan (CAP) developed as an output from the consultations. Who are we working with Strengthened partnerships with IFIs Strengthened partnerships between UN Agencies Partnered with local civil society organizations Partnered with local academia Partnered with sub-national entities Partnered with national entities Partnered with local volunteers

Please explain

Please limit your response to 3000 characters

UNHCR and IOM coordinated closely on the organization and facilitation of the community-based planning workshops and planned their remaining respective interventions based on the shared community action plan (CAP) developed as an output from the consultations. The interventions in the form of community support projects agreed with all stakeholders including solarization, rehabilitation of schools and health centres, improvement of water supply, livelihood projects have been completed and handed over to the various stakeholders.

Leave No one Behind
Select all beneficiaries targeted with the PBF resources as evidenced by the narrative ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
 ✓ Children Minorities related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity and expression People living in and around border areas Persons affected by natural disasters ✓ Persons affected by armed conflicts ✓ Internally displaced persons, refugees or migrants PART IV: Monitoring, Evaluation and Compliance » Monitoring
Please list key monitoring activities undertaken in the reporting period ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
Do outcome indicators have baselines? If only some of the outcome indicators have baselines, select 'yes' Yes No

If yes, please provide a brief description. If not, explain why not and when they will be available. Please limit your response to 3000 characters. Despite the conflict and interruption of activities the implementing partners have defined baselines for new activities/indicators in the changed locations. The baseline for the reprogrammed activity is calculated based on the population that had access to certain basic services. For example, in one of the project locations, Ad Damar, where community support projects were implemented, the project team learned that 3,500 people were accessing and using the services provided by the Ad Damar Teaching Hospital from prior assessment, which constitutes part of the baseline. Elaborate on what sources of evidence have been used to report on indicators (and are available upon request) Please limit your response to 3000 characters. Internal partner reports, meeting notes and onsite visits (where feasible) were sources to report on targets/indicators. Internal partner project work plans include deliverables and milestones for fund disbursement. These are submitted by the partner regularly and verified by UNHCR. Has the project launched outcome level data collection initiatives? e.g. perception surveys Perception survey is a formal collection of information from a randomly selected sample of respondents through their responses to standardized questions. See PBF Guidance Note for more information <u>link</u> No Please provide a brief description Please limit your response to 3000 characters. Has the project used or established community feedback mechanisms? Community feedback mechanism, or community-based monitoring, is an organized system for communities of participants to monitor the local effects and impact of an intervention. Ideally, this system empowers the community to express whether their expectations are being met and to provide suggestions to decision-makers for possible (re)focusing. See PBF Guidance Note for more information. link No Please provide a brief description Please limit your response to 3000 characters. The community feedback was received during focus group discussions which took place during monitoring visits. Three such joint monitoring visits with the presence of implementing partners and government authorities, HAC, MoSW and line ministries took place from November 2024 - February 2025.. Feedback received was on the whole positive as the communities themselves were responsible for identifying and prioritizing the projects. Some

feedback received related for example to the clearer marking of girls and boys toilets to avoid sharing and

improving scheduling of training to enable a wider group of people to attend.

» Evaluation

Is the project on trac	k to conduct its evalua	ation?		*		
Yes						
○ No						
Not Applicable						
				*		
•	n USD) included in the	project budget:				
Response required 3000						
If project will end in	next six months, is you	ur upcoming evaluati	ion on track?			
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Dlassa doscriba tha I	oronarations					
Please describe the p	•					
Planning meetings we	re held between the ma		y HAC/MoSW, UNHCR and			
	=		Iternative to the final eva 2024. The workshop is me			
			the beneficiaries from th			
to implementation of tworkshop will be held		lelivered and how thin	gs can be done better in t	he future. The		
Contact information	Name	Organization	Job title	Email		
IIIIOIIIIatioii						
Please mention	Ravindran Velusmay	UNHCR	Head of Field Office	Velusamy@unhcr.org		
the focal						
person responsible for						
sharing the						
final evaluation						
report with the						
PBF:						
	-					

» Catalytic Effect

Catalytic Effect (financial): Has the project mobilized additional non-PBF financial resources since the project's start? Yes No	*
How many funders has the project received additional non-PBF funding from since the project started ?	*
Catalytic Effect (non-financial): Has the project enabled or created a larger or longer-term peacebuilding change to occur, in addition to the direct project changes? Please refer to PBF Catalytic Effect Guidelines for more information. Yes No	*
If yes, please select the relevant option below:	*
Some catalytic effect	
Significant catalytic effect	
If relevant, please describe how the project has had a (non-financial) catalytic effect, i.e. removed barriers to unblock stalled political, institutional or other peacebuilding processes at different levels in a country, and/or created the conditions to establish new processes to do so Please limit your response to 3000 characters.	*

Sustainability

Please describe any steps that have been taken to ensure the sustainability of peacebuilding gains, including any mechanisms, platforms, networks and socio-economic initiatives supported, beyond the duration of the project

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

Initially the thematic briefs developed under Outcome 1 were intended to be used by state authorities and, international and national peacebuilding actors to inform durable solutions and peacebuilding interventions and policies in the Darfur region. Following the change in the durable solutions context due to the ongoing military conflict, the thematic briefs which will be used to inform future peacebuilding efforts by UNHCR and IOM but cannot currently be shared externally due to the sensitivity of their content.

Activities under Outcome 2 were designed in consultation with communities and with relevant stakeholders including local authorities and community leaders. This helped to ensure that interventions are designed taking into account contextual factors, the wishes needs of communities, and existing peacebuilding and durable solutions programming. Sustainability was a priority for the CSPs which need longer-term commitment to ensure that the investments made will deliver over time.

E.g.For example, with the hospital solarization project, local authorities are already seeking technical training for their staff to maintain the solar system. The authorities are motivated to install more solar systems in other locations not only as back up but as a main power source especially in rural locations. The authorities see the value of solar power and want to be less reliant on generators which are expensive to install, use and maintain.

The school rehabilitation project motivated the community to take ownership of the educational needs of the community, by coming together to raise funds and rehabilitate additional classrooms. The community also developed a committee composed of the school management, Ministry of Education, and Parents & Teachers Association to ensure that student attendance is maintained.

All production inputs, like solar kits and husbandry assets were procured from local suppliers who provide support services and opportunities to expand economic activities. Working with veterinary services, for example, enables producers to sustain their animal production with expert support. Technical training tailored to specific economic activities and management training build capacities to successfully manage projects. Increased technical support has been identified as essential to mitigate risks such as disease and improper management of animals. The direct support has proven effective as recipients are motivated to succeed. Supporting a range of economic ownership models allows people explore their potential. Linking these ownership models to financial services and markets promotes expansion and sustainability. While there is a need for greater involvement in selecting recipients and improved communication with communities these initiatives provide a strong foundation for long-term peacebuilding, economic resilience and social cohesion.

*

Are there any other issues concerning project implementation that you want to share, including any capacity needs of the recipient organizations?

Please limit your response to 3000 characters.

The start of the conflict and interruption of the original project set back the progress to achieving peacebuilding dividends in the Darfur regions. Many of the gains of the past years thanks to a range of PBF supported projects have unfortunately been largely lost. Nevertheless the reprogramming of the project enabled the partners to build capacities and improve community relations in localities previously unaccustomed to needs of displaced while also supporting community resilience building.

The 2024 consultations produced a wide range of needs from the community. After the consultations discussions were held with communities to help them understand the need for prioritization as not all the activities were implementable within the available timeframe and allocated funds. Government entities found it challenging to understand the purpose of the funding; they suggested that the funds be allocated for emergency support in the form of direct assistance, without having the foresight that strengthening basic services was also a means to serve the whole community within the already available systems.

Improved criteria in the selection process and better communication are required to enhance targeting and engagement, e.g people with prior agriculture and animal husbandry experience. Providing additional technical support, such as monitoring animal health, conducting regular soil fertility assessments, and advising farmers on sustainable practices such as preventing soil degradation, selecting crops most suited for the environment, and supporting the design of efficient irrigation systems to optimize water use are needed. Animal husbandry projects, particularly those involving poultry, face risks due to disease and poor management. Furthermore, different types of economic activity ownership models require tailored support to meet their specific needs and unlock their potential. Lastly, linking beneficiaries to financial services and markets is essential to ensure the sustainability and expansion of their economic activities. Addressing these challenges is critical to strengthening the partnership's impact and achieving long-term success.

It is imperative that Ministry of Education plays a lead role to ensure that a) schools are rehabilitated and b) have sufficient teachers and teaching material to ensure that the interest in education created through these projects can be sustained. Similarly, with the health facilities which were improved, there needs to be commitment from the Ministry of Health to include maintenance of the solar systems as part of their care and maintenance. Overall, care and maintenance of physical infrastructure projects post-handover needs to be enhanced.

Monitoring and Oversight Activities

Please describe any key event related to monitoring and oversight. Please click next if no activities have yet taken place.

Events include Steering Committee meetings, Monitoring visits, Third party monitoring, Community based monitoring, any data collection, Perception or other survey findings, evaluation reports, audit or investigations.

Monitoring and	Name of the Event	Summary	Key Findings
oversight activities			

Event 1	2024 - 2025 Joint Monitoring Visits and Feedback sessions	Meetings were held among all the stakeholders including HAC, MoSW, UNHCR, IOM, ADD and NIDAA. These meetings were both online and in person when possible. The in-person meetings were coupled with onsite visits to monitor progress of implementation. In 2025, two onsite visits were made with partners and government.	Since monitoring activities were done with groups who identified and prioritised the interventions, it was found that most projects met the requirements. In some cases feedback received was that more attention should be paid to clearly mark girls and boys toilets and improve scheduling training to enable participation of a wider range of people.
Event 2	Kick-off Meetings	Review of the project overview, introduction of the donor, expected timelines, and coordination requirements HAC and the Ministry of Social Welfare.	Stakeholder alignment on project objectives, clear understanding of roles and responsibilities, and establishment of initial coordination channels.
Event 3	Consultative Workshop	A detailed session with government technical sectors to present project specifics, discuss community priorities, targeted areas and groups, and the budget allocation for each intervention	Consensus on community needs, clarity on targeted interventions, and alignment of the project budget with local priorities.
Event 4	Community Consultation Sessions	Interactive sessions held directly with local community members to collect feedback, understand local issues, and ensure that the project is aligned with the community's needs and expectations.	Identified ground-level needs, unearthed local challenges and suggestions for improvements, and enhanced trust and ownership of project outcomes among community stakeholders.

Event 5	After Action Review (AAR) Workshop	A two-day post-completion workshop was conducted in collaboration with UNHCR, IOM, and all stakeholders, including government and local community representatives, to review outcomes and capture feedback.	Identification of best practices, valuable lessons learned, stakeholder recommendations for future projects, and reinforced commitment to sustained community engagement and oversight.
Event 6			
Event 7			
Event 8			

Final Steps

- Please save a PDF copy of the form by clicking on the *Printer* icon on the top right corner of the page.
- A dialogue box will appear: Please select the A4 size and portrait orientation.
- Click "prepare" and save the document as a PDF.
- (If on first attempt, the generated page is not readable, close the pop up page and go back to the first page of the online form using the "Return to Beginning" option and try to print the PDF version from there)
- After printing the PDF version, please submit the report in the last page of the form. You can use the "Go to End" button in the bottom right corner.
- In compliance with our reporting requirements, **please upload the PDF version of the report** as well as your *financial report in excel format* on the MPTF-O Gateway.

If you encounter any difficulty in filling the form or generating the print-out for MPTFO gateway, please contact Gabriel Velastegui gabriel.velasteguimoya@un.org

Thank You. You have finished the report. Please Click on the SUBMIT button below. When the report is submitted, a confirmation note will appear on a yellow banner on top of the page. This can take a few seconds.