Coordination Saves Lives

Project Proposal

Requesting Organization :	Hidig Relief And Developm	ent Organization	
Allocation Type :	Standard Allocation 1 (Feb	-Mar 2018)	
Primary Cluster	Sub Cluster		Percentage
Protection			100.00
			100
Project Title :			ights violations and gender based violence communities in Baladweyne district
Allocation Type Category :			
OPS Details			
Project Code :		Fund Project Code :	SOM-18/3485/SA1/Prot/NGO/8477
Cluster :		Project Budget in US\$:	300,000.00
Planned project duration :	12 months	Priority:	
Planned Start Date :	01/05/2018	Planned End Date :	30/04/2019
Actual Start Date:	01/05/2018	Actual End Date:	30/04/2019
Project Summary :	urgent and critical protection population. HIDIG will ensu- needs of mainly children ar address both child right vio mechanism. HIDIG runs co- will be integrated in the exis provision. Mobile CPIE and and needs including when a protection and health progr will significantly strengthen services in targeted commu- the needs of the SGBV sur in building the capacity of th aid to the highly psychologi response; UASC will be pro- aims to provide immediate comprehensive case mana to HIDIG medical teams tra assistance, basic emotiona including formal and inform protection to other service p children in emergencies. H	n issues in Beletweyn focusing p irre to intervene on timely, effective ad women of the displaced comm lations and gender based violatic mmunity health services in 2 diff sting health projects so that we se I SGBV activities will be undertal there is new displacement or infl amming and this project will fit ir and significantly scale –up the counities. Specifically, the project will vivor; separated and unaccompa- he both protection and health se- ical distress community members by ded interim community based diffe-saving assistance to vulneral gement and psycho-social suppre- ined in clinical management of r I support, and follow up on the s al authorities to strengthen and is providers to ensure compassional	violence interventions will address the most primarily on the internally displaced ve and holistic manner to the protection hunities in Beletweyn. The project will on through existing inter-agency referral erent locations in Beletweyn; This project strengthen both protection and health service keen in response to any new displacement ux. HIDIG has strong and solid outreach not that modality of programming. The project in-going case management response vill response to by identifying and responding anied children (UASC), The project will invest ctors staff on provision of psychological first is as part of the first line emergency care arrangement /foster care. The project ble populations. Beneficiaries will receive ort (PSS), including emergency care, referral ape (CMR), access tailored material ervices. Capacity building of duty bares improve identification. Mainstreaming child ate, confidential, and competent action for coordination structures such as protection

Direct beneficiaries :

Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total
520	1,240	1,000	1,400	4,160

Other Beneficiaries :

Beneficiary name	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total
Children under 18	0	0	1,000	1,400	2,400
Internally Displaced People	0	1,200	0	0	1,200
Other	500	0	0	0	500
Staff (own or partner staff, authorities)	20	40	0	0	60

Indirect Beneficiaries :

The CP and GBV teams will reach approximately 8,000 individuals in the community outreach services (women: 1000, Men, 3000, Women, 1500 Boys and Girls 2500) areas targeted for community mobilization includes health facilities, Nutrition centers, Education facilities and water points area

Catchment Population:

18,000 individuals internally displaced and host communities affected by drought in the town of Beletweyn

Link with allocation strategy :

The focus of this intervention is in line with the 2018 HRP strategic objectives as well as 1st standard allocation strategy objectives i.e. to address humanitarian needs by strengthening existing community mechanisms and where none exists establishing new community representation and empowerment structures to be involved in peaceful coexistence activities using dialogue to mitigation of potential conflict or to reduce of tensions between host- and IDP communities using an approach that takes into account the aim of achieving sustainability of the dialogue beyond the project duration through mobilization and awareness on risks facing children and how to improve the protective environment for the most vulnerable children and women with help of community volunteers focal points or child protection advocates. Incorporating basic life-skills training in activities (i.e. hand-washing, nutrition, mine risk education, gender, etc.) while responding to issues affecting unaccompanied and separated children, referral to family tracing through clan networks (clan tracing) or even interim care through community based mechanism like "kafalah system" which is kinship care for children without traditional care-givers. It will also address the protection and restoration of livelihood ,promote basic services as envisage with SO4 2018 as well as reinforcing gender sensitive protection of the displaced and other vulnerable group in Beletweyn district

Sub-Grants to Implementing Partners :

Partner Name	Partner Type	e	Budget in US\$
Other funding secured for the same project (to date) :			
Other Funding Source			Other Funding Amount
Organization focal point :			

Name	Title	Email	Phone
Daud Moalim Abdinuur	Executive director	damac09@hotmail.com	+252615532161

BACKGROUND

1. Humanitarian context analysis

Somalia continues to face a consecutive below average seasons with climate forecast indicating a 40% chance of below normal 2018 rains. This situation will affect the pastures, water availability. Crop cultivation, livestock reproduction, low access to agricultural employment, water and food. Conflict and drought driven displacement mainly rural to urban centers with about 2.1 M IDPs is Somalia. High levels of displacement, with increased pressure on already limited basic services and urban livelihood opportunities, overcrowded locations with poor unhygienic living conditions and limited security services. This exposes the IDPs to acts of violence, coercion, exploitation, with IDPs recording high numbers of GBV survivors, distress among children due to both voluntary and involuntary family separations. However, severe drought that has hit many parts of Somalia as a result of two consecutive seasons of poor rainfall in 2017 continues to be the main driver of humanitarian needs. According to UNHCR's Protection and Return Monitoring Network, between November 2016 and May 2017, a total of 739,000 people have been displaced by the drought, the majority of drought-related displacement takes place from rural to urban areas and according to PRMN, more than 236,000 people arrived from (Jan-Aug 2017) in search of water and food, having traveled by foot, in donkey carts and trucks. Most of the newly displaced families (80% of them) come from villages in the Bay region, and have joined existing settlements for internally displaced in Beletweyn. Family separation remains a cause of concern as families move in search of livelihood. The ongoing conflict between the AMISOM-backed government forces and AI Shabaab further aggravates the deterioration of the protective environment for both host communities and IDPs, and is a trigger for population movement. The first half of 2017 has seen a trend of forced recruitment of children driven by forced displacement of population. Women travel long distance in search of water and fire woods which makes them at high risk of gender based violence. Therefore, displacement and family breakdown means children are at high risk of separation which puts them at risk of trafficking, Child labor, sexual exploitation and recruitment in armed groups. There is a crucial need to scale up, Strengthen and sustain the provision comprehensive case management, psycho social support, interim care and tracing services for these children, supported by the strong community mechanisms, community representation and empowerment structures in order to enhance community based structures.

2. Needs assessment

In Beletweyn; According to the CCCM Data available; there available protection services in key IDP sites is below 10%; Majority of the IDP camps in Beletweyn lack protection services; Beletweyn has recently received newly displaced IDPs and there is no referral system in places as well. The prevalence of the sexual and gender based violence in Beletweyn (45%) are very high and are considered areas received GBV survivors from the AS held areas. HIDIG protection teams identified multiple barriers in the identification of the GBV cases; there are the main barriers: 1) Limited awareness of the consequences of Gender Based Violence and Child Protection and available services; 2) Fear of retaliation by perpetrators; 3) Blaming of survivors and lack of confidentiality in the community and service providers. Furthermore, there are low levels of knowledge among humanitarian workers to respond and mitigate GBV in-line with the Inter Agency. Standing Committee guidelines on GBV. Gaps to address are: 1) strengthen community engagement and awareness of GBV and services available, and promote community-based mechanisms for; 2) improve the quality of response services, particularly medical care, Psycho social support, case management and safe spaces; 3) Engage with formal and informal security and justice actors on human rights and protection of survivors and support in referring cases; 4) strengthen knowledge and practice of humanitarian actors on CP and GBV. Displacement and family breakdown means children are at high risk of separation which puts them at risk of trafficking, Child labor, sexual exploitation and recruitment in armed groups. Unaccompanied and separated children (UASC) girls are often hidden as they are absorbed into community structures and words as a servant mask their vulnerability as they are perceived as consenting work-force. Therefore, there is a crucial need to increase and sustain the provision comprehensive case management, psycho-social support, interim care and tracing services for these children. However, GBV remains rampant in Beletweyn Hiraan region, with the existing wide GBV intervention gap in basic service provision for survivors, including post-rape care, psychosocial support, and comprehensive survivor-centered care, including case management. Psychosocial support services are important to survivors; however, the capacity and coverage of these services in Beletweyn are low and nearly non-existent and especially in the IDP camps and surrounding rural areas. There are huge GBV and CP service provision gaps in most of the IDP camps in Beletweyn.

3. Description Of Beneficiaries

The proposed project will directly benefit 4160 beneficiaries out of which 1200 are host community living near the IDP settlements in Beletweyn. The target beneficiary estimates and locations have been identified through the analysis of the recent mapping survey carried out by the protection Cluster and will be complemented by HIDIG pre-project implementation baseline survey and community consultations. The main target group however, will be Unaccompanied children (UAC) targeted would be children (persons under age of 18) from IDP and host community whose traditional care providers' whereabouts are unknown, could be due to movement as result of service induced separation or in search of basic needs or resources to sustain their family but efforts resulted to communication breakdown and broken family links. UACs there for would have no known adults responsible for their upkeep. Separated children (SC) on the other hand would be children without traditional care-givers but in company of other adults known to them, whom might be vulnerable (i.e might be elderly, unwell, disabled or not directly related to them) hence exposing them to risk of abuse. The project is to target up to 540 boys and 620 girls who are either unaccompanied or separated within one-year period. The targeted IDPs and host are of up to 1200 beneficiaries within the year. Capacity building to HIDIG staff and working group member organizations staff (20 men and 30 womer; empowering community structures by training 60 clan leaders and participants from the formal authorities, 60 informal foster care providers of the and community mobilization to 4,600 community members from Beletweyn villages and IDP camps.

4. Grant Request Justification

HIDIG NGO has strong and solid protection programming expertise specially in child protection in emergency and Gender based violence. HIDIG implemented multiple integrated protection programming for the IDP and poor host community settings. HIDIG is currently working on primary health services provision in Beletweyn for the IDP population. The proposed project is in line with strategic objective of 2nd SHFstandard allocation 2018, The project seeks to provide life-saving protection support to the target beneficiaries. The project is in line with the cluster response strategy of providing life-saving support. The following key reasons justify the proposed protection programming:

a) HIDIG NGO has very solid CPIE and GBV in emergency programming and has been involved in the implementation of the protection programming pre and during drought period. The organization has strong presence in both location i.e Beletweyn and will thereby help in expanding and scaling up of the Protection programming response.

b) HIDIG is proposing capacity injection for the its multiple sectoral staff specially on the provision of the first line emergency response especially Psychosocial support and psychological first aid (PFA)

c) Established referral mechanism will help in expediting GBV and CP case management service provision.

d) HIDIG plans to create synergy and linkage with its existing health programming and thereby addressing both GBV and CP issues holistically with health services. Health services play critical roles in the provision of protection services specially GBV and Child Protection case management.

e) HIDIG NGO will target the neediest; at risk and highly vulnerable groups of the communities; We will ensure to aim in reaching out the most deprived community members who are often excluded from the aid provision. HIDIG management are mindful of the social and political barriers in the provision of the humanitarian in the context of Somalia and will tactful manage the situation using community based consultation and negotiation mechanism

5. Complementarity

HIDIG organization have holds a long standing history on actively implementing emergency program in south Central zone of Somalia and is currently active implementing partner of UNICEF,SHF,FAO and WFP in Beletweyn ,Baidoa,Ceelbarde and Xudur district in Hiran,Bay and Bakol region, through the currently SHF funded IERT project in Baidoa and the 3 MCH in Baladweyne HIDIG intends to complements these health,WASH and Nutrition activities with protection to enable works in complementary with the affected population in both target district of Baidoa and Baladweyne

LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Overall project objective

To strengthen and improve the protective environment for the most vulnerable IDPs, returnees and host community (women, men, boys and girls) by improving child protection and GBV response, mitigation and mainstreaming in Baladweyne district Hiran region through support practical mainstreaming in critical areas affected by displacement.

Protection	

Cluster objectives	Strategic Response Plan (SRP) objectives	Percentage of activities
Enable and strengthen protection of affected populations through protection monitoring, analysis, reporting, coordination and advocacy	2018-SO1: Provide life-saving and life- sustaining integrated multi-sectoral assistance to reduce acute humanitarian needs and reduce excess mortality among the most vulnerable people	100

<u>Contribution to Cluster/Sector Objectives :</u> Direct response to the need of unaccompanied and separated children by reuniting them with their traditional care providers will strengthen and improve the children's protective environment for the most vulnerable IDPs, returnees and host community by improving child protection in emergency response (CPiE) and establishing mechanisms for prevention and response of GBV, risk mitigation and protection mainstreaming in Baladweyne district, Hiran region to contribute to the Protection Cluster response plan overall cluster objective 1 and 2 link with the HRP 2018.

Outcome 1

Access to services and improved protective environment for the most vulnerable IDPs, returnees and host community (women, men, boys and girls) by restoring family contact or family reunification as well as safe alternatives to recruit of children and GBV response to identified survivors or mobilization of populations at risk in Baladweyne district

Output 1.1

Description

Case management, psycho social support, and interim care for UASC and vulnerable children provided and the capacity building of the CP staff, through technical support sessions and orientations material support based on the needs assessment

Assumptions & Risks

Risks can range from high interest from implementing organization for capacity development with limited resources to reach all interested parties and deterioration in site security

Indicators

Indicators

			Enc	l cycle bei	neficiar	ies	End cycle
Code	Cluster	Indicator	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target
Indicator 1.1.1	Protection	Percentage of identified UAM and separated girls and boys reunited with their families					80
Means of Verif	ication :						
Indicator 1.1.2	Protection	Number of unaccompanied and separated children (UASC) boys and girls identified					540
Means of Verif	ication :						
Indicator 1.1.3	Protection	Number of girls and boys participating in structured community-based psychosocial support activities					2,200
Means of Verif	ication :						
Indicator 1.1.4	Protection	Number of vulnerable girls and boys provided with reintegration support					200
Means of Verif	ication :						
Indicator 1.1.5	Protection	Number of members of community based child protection structures, duty bearers, staff, formal and informal authorities trained on child protection approaches as well as community members mobilization and awareness campaigns					60

Activities

Activity 1.1.1

Standard Activity : Family reunification

Facilitate tracing of up to 80% of unaccompanied and separated boys and girls registered to be eunified with their families or regular/tradisional carers or restore communication when reunificationis not possible.

Activity 1.1.2

Standard Activity : Family reunification

Identification of 540 beneficiaries (540 unaccompanied and separated children and referral to family tracing services) in line with established standards based on individual needs.

Activity 1.1.3

Standard Activity : Psycho-social Support

Access to Child friendly spaces and psychosocial support to individual beneficiaries in line with the inter agency child protection principles for up to 1200 boys and girls 1000 from host communities and schools and 1200 from IDP settlements

Activity 1.1.4

Standard Activity : Child Soldier Rehabilitation

Reintegration support for released children and other vulnerable children provided to a maximum of 200 beneficiaries, through immediate access to basic needs (i.e. basic food, and or cooking materials), case management and psycho social support including referrals for livelihood opportunities.

Activity 1.1.5

Standard Activity : Capacity building

Training members of existing Community-based Child Protection mechanisms (on prevention, mitigation, identification of individuals in need) in rights based approach (10 foster care providers and including 10 focal points / advocates) in one trainings each of 20 participants for 5 days. To complement the training of duty bearers and humanitarian 20 staff in comprehensive Case management (IDTR and GBV), orientation of 10 frontline staff and workshop with 10 formal and informal authorities (in one trainings each of 20 participants for 5 days) and to support awareness-raising and outreach (on Child Protection) risk factors and how to enhance a protective environment or system (one sessions per month to 20 participants per session). Total of 3 capacity building events, and monthly mobilization.

Output 1.2

Description

Improved access for GBV survivors and tailoring interventions to promote equal access to services for women, girls, boys timely, competent, confidential and compassionate case management

Assumptions & Risks

Indicators							
			End	End cycle beneficiaries			End cycle
Code	Cluster	Indicator	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target
Indicator 1.2.1	Protection	Number of male/female survivors who receive medical assistance, including post rape treatment within 72 hours, in line with set standards					800
Means of Verif	ication :						
Indicator 1.2.2	Protection	Number of dignity kit distributed					200

Means of Verif	ication :				
Indicator 1.2.3	Protection	Number of individuals reached by traditional or religious leaders with dialogues on all form/types of GBV, including FGM, awareness campaign and mobilization exercises			4,160
Maana of Varid	lastian .				

Means of Verification :

Activities

Activity 1.2.1

Standard Activity : Psychological support

Provide survivor-centered multi-sectoral support (including referral to medical, legal, pss, and safety) in line with principles of case management and information management

Activity 1.2.2

Standard Activity : Dignity Kits

Provision of assessment based, case by case material assistance (which include dignity kits; solar lanterns) depending needs while fostering resilience

Activity 1.2.3

Standard Activity : GBV referral centres

Facilitating and supporting community-based GBV/gender mechanisms (to ensure prevention, mitigation, and access to available services) by using mainstreaming booklet to manage gate keepers and formal / informal authorities in sensitization including Awareness raising advocacy and public outreach campaigns on GBV prevention, response and local mitigation mechanisms

Outcome 2

Strengthened capacity of communities, formal and informal authorities, and other sectors (50% men and 50% women) to prevent and respond to CP and GBV issues and contribute to strengthened adherence IASC CP and GBV minimum standards in emergency response through building the capacity including the knowledge of the community on rights based approach in child protection, risks and protective factors as well as GBV causes and consequences, services available, importance of timely reporting of cases, and both CP and GBV guiding principles and referral.

Output 2.1

Description

Formal and informal authorities trained on protection principles, best interests of survivors and principled referrals of cases identified and coordinated service mapping to enhance access for the vulnerable communities

Assumptions & Risks

Indicators

				End cycle beneficiaries						
Code	Cluster	Indicator	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Target			
Indicator 2.1.1	Protection	Number of male/female survivors who receive medical assistance, including post rape treatment within 72 hours, in line with set standards					4,160			
Means of Verif	ication :									
Indicator 2.1.2	Protection	Number of individuals reached by traditional or religious leaders with dialogues on all form/types of GBV, including FGM, awareness campaign and mobilization exercises					4,160			

Means of Verification :

Activities

Activity 2.1.1

Standard Activity : Psycho-social Support

Provide survivor-centered multi-sectoral support (including referral to medical, legal, pss, and safety) in line with principles of case management and information management

Activity 2.1.2

Standard Activity : GBV referral centres

Facilitating and supporting community-based GBV/gender mechanisms (to ensure prevention, mitigation, and access to available services) by using mainstreaming booklet to manage gate keepers and formal / informal authorities in sensitization including Awareness raising advocacy and public outreach campaigns on GBV prevention, response and local mitigation mechanisms

Additional Targets :

M & R

Monitoring & Reporting plan

HIDIG has strong and solid monitoring and evaluation department that will ensure that all impact of the project is documented properly. These monitoring and evaluating mechanisms will provide an understanding of the project's progress through regular progress tracking so that appropriate corrective actions can be taken in a timely manner when the performance deviates significantly from the original plan and strategy. HIDIG monitoring and evaluation procedures will be based on its framework of Learning through Evaluation with Accountability and Planning. The monitoring and evaluation process will be based on a detailed monitoring and evaluation plan and indicator tracking table which will be established at the onset of the project. These indicators will be used to measure accomplishments, the aggregate data by sex. age, location, and social vulnerability. Project progress will be monitored on monthly, quarterly and annual basis to ensure the achievement of project deliverables and to measure results against the set objectives. The monitoring process will commence with project implementation and will be the prime responsibility of the Project Manager and project Officers. The project will have a dedicated child protection Project Manager who will be responsible for ensuring standard project monitoring procedures are correctly adhered to in accordance with SHF rules, regulations, and guidelines. Additionally, M&E officer will work closely to set up the monitoring plan and follow up to ensure outputs are properly measured. Day-to-day monitoring will be carried out through designated M&E staff through reports from the field, distribution lists, delivery Notes, contact, and pictures with GPS if applicable. HIDIG will also have overall program field Coordinator who will also provide support to the project's implementation, mentoring, and M&E. International staff will only be able to monitor field activities if security allows. HIDIG's project staff will develop monthly internal project reports that will be shared with the Program manager. These reports will provide the information needed for supervisors and senior staff to guide any adjustment to programming that proves necessary. At the end of each quarter, the project staff will develop a quarterly narrative report. Meanwhile, the Program manager will be assigned to this project to support the field team to set-up proper M&E processes. Based on agreed processes and indicators, the Project Manager and the field protection staffs especially the CP/GBV field coordinator Officer will lead guarterly monitoring activities involving representatives from the key stake holders and communities. Technical and financial oversight will be provided not only at the national level but also by responsible HIDIG finance officer. Participatory methods will be used to collect feedback from beneficiary communities during project period in order to make the project implementation and knowledge management process effective. The participatory methodologies that will be used will also include focus group discussions, stakeholder meetings etc. Close involvement of beneficiary communities will also ensure commitment, ownership, and follow-up from beneficiaries as well as from local authorities and other the feedback collected will provide quantitative gender segregated data as well as qualitative data that will greatly inform both internal quarterly reports and the interim and final reports and ensure organizational learning.

Workplan

Workplan													
Activitydescription	Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
ctivity 1.1.1: Facilitate tracing of up to 80% of unaccompanied and separated bys and girls registered to be eunified with their families or regular/tradisional press or restore communication when reunifications not possible						х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х
carers or restore communication when reunificationis not possible.	2019	X	Х	X	Х								
Activity 1.1.2: Identification of 540 beneficiaries (540 unaccompanied and separated children and referral to family tracing services) in line with established	2018					Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х
standards based on individual needs.	2019	Х	Х	Х	Х								
Activity 1.1.3: Access to Child friendly spaces and psychosocial support to ndividual beneficiaries in line with the inter agency child protection principles for up						Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
to 1200 boys and girls 1000 from host communities and schools and 1200 from IDP settlements	2019	Х	Х	X	X								
Activity 1.1.4: Reintegration support for released children and other vulnerable children provided to a maximum of 200 beneficiaries, through immediate access t						Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
basic needs (i.e. basic food, and or cooking materials), case management and psycho social support including referrals for livelihood opportunities.	2019	х	Х	Х	Х								
Activity 1.1.5: Training members of existing Community-based Child Protection mechanisms (on prevention, mitigation, identification of individuals in need) in	2018												
ights based approach (10 foster care providers and including 10 focal points / advocates) in one trainings each of 20 participants for 5 days. To complement the raining of duty bearers and humanitarian 20 staff in comprehensive Case management (IDTR and GBV), orientation of 10 frontline staff and workshop with 10 formal and informal authorities (in one trainings each of 20 participants for 5 days) and to support awareness-raising and outreach (on Child Protection) risk actors and how to enhance a protective environment or system (one sessions per month to 20 participants per session). Total of 3 capacity building events, and monthly mobilization.	2019				Х								
Activity 1.2.1: Provide survivor-centered multi-sectoral support (including referral to medical,	2018					Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
egal, pss, and safety) in line with principles of case management and information nanagement	2019	Х	Х	Х	Х								
Activity 1.2.2: Provision of assessment based, case by case material assistance which include dignity kits; solar lanterns) depending needs while fostering	2018					Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х
esilience	2019	Х	Х	X	Х								
Activity 1.2.3: Facilitating and supporting community-based GBV/gender nechanisms (to ensure prevention, mitigation, and access to available services)	2018					х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
by using mainstreaming booklet to manage gate keepers and formal / informal authorities in sensitization including Awareness raising advocacy and public butreach campaigns on GBV prevention, response and local mitigation nechanisms		X	Х	Х	X								
Activity 2.1.1: Provide survivor-centered multi-sectoral support (including referral to nedical, legal, pss, and safety) in line with principles of case management and	2018					х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
nformation management	2019	Х	Х	х	Х								

Activity 2.1.2: Facilitating and supporting community-based GBV/gender mechanisms (to ensure prevention, mitigation, and access to available services)	2018				
by using mainstreaming booklet to manage gate keepers and formal / informal authorities in sensitization including Awareness raising advocacy and public outreach campaigns on GBV prevention, response and local mitigation mechanisms	2019	Х			

OTHER INFO

Accountability to Affected Populations

HIDIG adheres to monitoring and evaluation standards and believes in the full participation of beneficiaries throughout the implementation of the project. HIDIG will promote the poor as informed participants in development since the organization considers top-down development approaches as dis empowering and ineffective. The beneficiaries will be involved in targeting and HIDIG will use local knowledge to identify needy households and/or review selection, beneficiary liaison of both elected and un elected members of the community, beneficiary representative, community communication forums, monitoring of program implementation to ensure transparency, and management and/or monitoring of supply and quality of services. HIDIG staff are trained to ensure that collective agency plays an important role in improving well-being and reduces information problems in determining priorities & targeting appropriate beneficiaries. The participation of beneficiaries also allows the project interventions to strengthen community based institutions that organize the poor & build their capabilities to act collectively in their own interest which in turn increases the sustainability of intervention through fostering ownership of program objectives and processes. In the Somali context the beneficiaries will be consulted at local level, through community, clan and religious leaders regarding project location sites and the guality of services to ensure that all the vulnerable people can actively participate in the project. Within the targeted IDP camps, IDPs will be engaged in the project activities through the IDP Management Camp Committee which comprise IDP members and some representatives of the local authority.Due to the complexity of Somalia, SPHERE standards may not be fully met, but HIDIG will make a concerted effort to increase beneficiaries' access to life-saving activities as well as international standards. Traditionally in Baladweyne and many areas in Somalia, women have not been allowed by religious and cultural norms to take a lead in community development activities; until recently when the local leadership structures began to promote women's participation in community based activities. Women do participate actively but are frequently side-lined when it comes to decision making processes despite playing a vital role in household and community dynamics. The project will seek to encourage the increased participation of women in project meetings so that they can provide input and feedback regarding the quality of services they will be receiving from the interventions. Encouraging increased participation by women and girls in the project structures does not in any way diminish the role to be played by their male counterparts.

Implementation Plan

Four Case workers (2 women and 2 men) will provide case management and basic emotional support and referral for UASC and GBV. HIDIG prevention & response officer will provide supervision, monitoring and CP PM will provide technical backstopping. M&E Database officer will manage the CPIMS/GBVIMS database and provide technical support to the field level and refresher training: Material support including dignity kits and transportation to health facilities will be tailored based on based on individual assessments by case workers, and approved by prevention and response officer and the PM: Technical support for CMR will be referred to health provided by case workers: Community Mobilization Coordinator will facilitate identification and training of community volunteer focal points (equal male and female, from each of the 4 sectors in the location) in each target location who will then support with community awareness activities: Community Mobilization Coordinator with the CP/GBV focal points in each target location will engage with formal and informal authorities for CP, GBV, human rights and referral based on assessment: CP PM and prevention and response officer will train the relevant stakeholders, mainstreaming trainer will conduct mainstreaming sessions for humanitarian workers. HIDIG participates in the national UN coordination and CP and GBV cluster meetings convened in Nairobi. HIDIG CP manager/ GBV response participates in cluster meetings at field level in Beletweyn Hiran region. These protection cluster coordination meetings provide an opportunity for HIDIG to coordinate effectively with other implementing NGOs providing protection services in order to avoid duplication of activities. The cluster meetings share information and protection needs prevailing on the ground and the partners also monitor protection trends of the IDPs and host communities

Coordination with other Organizations in project area

Name of the organization	Areas/activities of collaboration and rationale				
Protection cluster, WARDI,Hirshabelle line ministry,Save the children,DRC and RI	For coordination and information sharing.,For coordination and supportive supervision ,For coordination and referrals to avoid overlap of activities For coordination in Baladweyne				

Environment Marker Of The Project

A: Neutral Impact on environment with No mitigation

Gender Marker Of The Project

1- The project is designed to contribute in some limited way to gender equality

Justify Chosen Gender Marker Code

The main aim of the action is to address Child protection needs in emergency and gender disparity and discrimination through targeted actions to support family reunification, prevention of recruitment, gender-responsive services and more equal relationships between men and women (based on human rights and community engagement to tackle harmful social norms). The activities proposed, Prevention of recruitment of children, family reunification including, interim care during tracing period, GBV prevention and response and support will be based on the specific needs both throughout all stages of the project. The focus of the project is boys, girls and women as the main beneficiaries (survivors of GBV and UASC girls are often "hidden"), but also men as allies for prevention and response to protection issues in the community. Technical support and capacity building components will aim for equal participation of men and women, where possible. Collection of sex and age disaggregated data is always ensured through using the IACPIMS, and GBVIMS. Implementation of activities is based on mixed and gender-appropriate team to provide effective support to UASC and survivors of GBV.

Protection Mainstreaming

Women and girls will participate in the selection of sites. Community participation in project planning and implementation will be given importance in order to strengthen local leadership and mobilization skills. Within Somalia, men and women are not seen as equals. Gender roles based on sex are clearly defined, and Somalis are expected not to defy these social norms. Women are traditionally caretakers within the family structure and home. Because of a complex religious structure ruled by former extremists, women's voices and roles were marginalized. Somalia is mainly a patriarchal society, where men are traditionally the leaders and make decisions for both communities and families. It is with this in mind that HIDIG is encouraging women participation. This project will work to ensure that disability, age, and gender never constrain the ability of all people to access health and protection services, and that HIDIG minimum standards for protection mainstreaming are applied in all project activities. People living with disabilities will participate in project activities by contributing to decisionmaking such as project locations. During community outreach meetings, both men and women will discuss and contribute ideas on how the improve project operations. HIDIG will adopt a participatory monitoring and evaluation approach involving men and women, boys and girls and the elderly. Focus Group Discussions and key informant interviews will target vulnerable groups such as the disabled for feedback on project interventions. Evaluation will be used to gauge how effectively the project has addressed the rights and needs of different categories of vulnerable people in the project area. Using do no harm principles, HIDIG will seek to avoid physical or psychosocial risks that would be detrimental to project beneficiaries, and will serve all people irrespective of age, sex or clan. Complaint mechanisms will be established to monitor project implementation and ensure that the voices of beneficiaries are heard. HIDIG will extend beyond traditional platforms for feedback, such as suggestion boxes and mobile phone lines, ensuring that a mechanism for confidential personal feedback is available even to those who are illiterate. HIDIG is intentionally carrying out feedback mechanism through these ways to address the limited mobility of women, Within Beletweyn, Protection M&E Officer will be stationed to provide support and assistance to beneficiaries throughout the life of the project.

Country Specific Information

Safety and Security

HIDIG staff have access to the area and will be directly managing the facilities and providing services. However, security is unpredictable in Somalia and HIDIG will closely monitoring the situation and will closely work with other actors to monitor the situation. HIDIG has local based security plan so that its staff and facilities are safe and secure. Staff are informed to be on the look for any suspicious elements and report to authorities and also evacuate as necessary. HIDIG will be participating in cluster forums and will be implementing all security advisories and shared briefings. In the event of untoward activities, HIDIG will immediately notify the communities, protection Cluster and UNOCHA and any other concern actors in the area

Access

HIDIG has been in the area for the last six years and runs health, WASH, education, Cash transfer and nutrition projects in Bay and Hiran region. HIDIG expects to keep good relationships with all actors in the area and expects that this will allow HIDIG to work in the area without issues. All interventions ensure that benefits are being equally accessed by all, especially people in the most vulnerable situations. Protecting the security, privacy, and dignity of those who take part in our programs is at the center of all HIDIG interventions. HIDIG has 100% access to the proposed project locations and uses the professional staffs with a strong knowledge of the inherent situation and experience of dynamics of Somalia context. HIDIG's services will be strategically placed and thus easily accessible to all the target IDPs and vulnerable population and shall be accountable to all affected population in its area of operation

BUDGET

Code	Budget Line Description	D/S	Quantity	Unit cost	Duration Recurran ce	% charged to CHF	Total Cost			
1. Supp	blies (materials and goods)				•					
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA	I								
	Section Total						0.00			
2. Trans	sport and Storage									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
3. Interi	national Staff									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
4. Loca	I Staff									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
5. Train	ing of Counterparts						1			
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			

	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
6. Cont	tracts (with implementing partners)				1					
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
7. Othe	er Direct Costs									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
8. Indir	ect Costs									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
11. A:1	Staff and Other Personnel Costs: Internation	nal Staff								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
12. A:1	Staff and Other Personnel Costs: Local Staf	f								
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
13. B:2	Supplies, Commodities, Materials									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total			0.00						
14. C:3	Equipment									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total			0.00						
15. D:4	Contractual Services									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total						0.00			
16. E:5	Travel									
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00			
	NA									
	Section Total			0.00						

17. F:6 1	Fransfers and Grants to Counterparts						
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
18. G:7 (General Operating and Other Direct Costs						
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
19. H.8 I	ndirect Programme Support Costs						
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
20. Staff	and Other Personnel Costs						
1.1	GBV and Child Protection Coordinator (100%)	D	1	1,800	12	100.00	21,600.00
	The GBV/CP Coordinators will be responsible for the overall ma management; He will lead the project implementation in their re implementation will contributes 100% of the salary.						
1.2	M&E database officer	D	1	800.0 0	12	100.00	9,600.00
	ME Databases officer will responsible for the CP and GBV data undertake all the data entry and will closely work with rest of the	manag projec	gement incl ct team. 100	uding C	PMIS and G ribution from	BVMIS dat	a. He or she will
1.3	Psycho social support Officer	D	1		12	100.00	7,200.00
	1 psycho social support officers will be responsible for the provision of psycho social support to newly displaced women; they will be mobile and outreach teams who will provided first line emergency response.						children and
1.4	GBV/Child protection Officers	D	1		12	100.00	9,600.00
	One GBV and CP Officers will lead the all key field level activity different activities at field level and will closely work with coordin						management of
1.5	Case workers (4 Pax @ 100%)	D	4	400.0 0	12	100.00	19,200.00
	Case workers will do case management within and outside MCI recording,managing and follow up of the community GBV/child Baladweyne ,SHF will 100% contributes the project cost						
1.6	Community mobilizers (5 Pax @100%)	D	5	200.0	12	100.00	12,000.00
	Community mobilizer will undertake all community mobilization	activity	-100% con	otributior	n from this p	roject	
	Section Total						79,200.00
21. Supp	olies, Commodities, Materials						
2.1	Dignity kits including GBV	D	600	65.00	1	100.00	39,000.00
	Dignity Kits will be procured using HIDIG NGO procurement poly by the project team. Kit content is based on GBV cluster guidant						aries identified
2.2	Material assistance for UASC and vulnerable community members/households	D	600	85.00	1	100.00	51,000.00
	Using HIDIG Procurement systems ; HIGID will procure and dis provided to the cases of UASC who are in need of these materi					Materials a	ssistance will be
2.3	Emergency support for safe space(None- food items,plastic sheet and lockable doors)	D	100	163.0 0	1	100.00	16,300.00
	Emergency support for safe spaces will be provide to women an BoQ	nd UAC	Cs in need o	of foster	family in se	cure place.	See attached
2.4	Transportation cost for UASSAC to health centers	D	20	30.00	12	100.00	7,200.00
	Transportation cost for UASC and survivors of sexual violence; villages to HIDIG Koshin and Hilac MCH in Baladweyne providi both stipen and referral to 20 pax@\$30 for vehicle fuels and sti	ng com	passionate	clinical			

2.5	IEC materials for community mobilization	D	1	1,800 .00	1	100.00	1,800.00
	Information Education and Communication materials will be dev the, Services available, Importance of timely reporting and preve				awareness	campaigns	in relation to
2.6	RecreationI materials	D	1	10,20 0.00	1	100.00	10,200.00
	PSS officers will use the recreation kits for the PSS Intervention Recreational kits will be procured locally using HIDIG procurement					e PSS Activ	ities.
2.7	Case management, pyshcosocial support to child protection and GBV WG member	D	1	3,551 .00	1	100.00	3,551.00
	This budget item will cover additional cost from the assessed ca	ises ; it	can be me	dical co	ost or other r	necessary n	naterials cost,
2.8	Mainstreaming training for nutrition,health and WASH for front line staff	D	1	3,351 .00	1	100.00	3,351.00
	A total of 20 HIDIG health and Nutrition staff will be trained on F	Protecti	on Mainstre	eaming	for 5 days in	Beletweyn	respectively
2.9	Mobilization and awareness training	D	20	17.00	12	100.00	4,080.00
	Community mobilization and awareness sessions will be conduc Beletweyn.HIDIG plan to conducts 12 session one per months totaling 240 participant by the end of the project period,however materials and stationary for the sessions.	during t	he project p	beriod, e	each sessio	n will have 2	20 participant
2.10	Community advocates/Focal point on participatory workshop	D	1	3,450 .50	1	100.00	3,450.50
	For prevention ad mitigation of right based approch HIDIG will c providers and 10 focal points/advocates in Baladweyne project of the program target beneficiaries.SHF will cover 100% of this	sites,T		training			
	Section Total						139,932.50
22. Equip	oment						
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA	1					
	Section Total						0.00
23. Contr	ractual Services						
NA	NA	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA	1					
	Section Total						0.00
24. Trave	- 						
5.1	Vehicle Rental for Outreach Protection Activities (2 Vehicles@ 12 months)	D		1,800 .00	12	100.00	43,200.00
	2 vehicles will be hired for 12 months of the project each receiving	ng 180	0 USD per	Month.			
	Section Total						43,200.00
25. Trans	sfers and Grants to Counterparts				-		
NA	ΝΑ	NA	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	NA						
	Section Total						0.00
26. Gene	ral Operating and Other Direct Costs						
7.1	Office rent - Baladweyne	D	1	800.0 0	12	50.00	4,800.00
	This will cater the cost for office rent in Baladweyne, SHF Project	ct will c	ontribute 5	0% of th	ne project co	st	
7.2	Communication	D	1	12,00 0.00	1	50.00	6,000.00
	This will cater for the project communication in Beletweyn for sn	nooth ii	mplementa	tion			
7.3	Utilities	D	1	4,200 .00	1	50.00	2,100.00
	Takes cares of office electricity and water in Baladweyne	1	1				

7.4	Stationary	D	1	3,852 .00	1	50.00	1,926.00
	Office stationary for Baladweyne						
7.5	Bank charges	D	1	3,215 .33	1	100.00	3,215.33
	This will be used for transfer and other trans is caped at 2% of the program total cost	ection/withdrawal of the p	oject cash.	It is cap	ped at 1.2%	6 of the progr	am total cost it
	Section Total						18,041.33
SubTotal	ĺ		1,365.00				280,373.83
Direct							280,373.83
Support							
PSC Cos	it						
PSC Cos	t Percent						7.00
PSC Amo	punt						19,626.17
Total Cos	st						300,000.00

Project Locations

Location	Estimated percentage of budget for each location	Estimated number of beneficiaries for each location				iaries	Activity Name
		Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total	
Hiraan -> Belet Weyne -> Belet Weyne	100	520	1,240	1,000	1,400	4,160	Activity 1.1.1: Facilitate tracing of up to 80% of unaccompanied and separated boys and girls registered to be eunified with their families or regular/tradisional ca Activity 1.1.2: Identification of 540 beneficiaries (540 unaccompanied and separated children and referral to family tracing services) in line with established stand Activity 1.1.3: Access to Child friendly spaces and psychosocial support to individual beneficiaries in line with the inter agency child protection principles for up Activity 1.1.4: Reintegration support for released children and other vulnerable children provided to a maximum of 200 beneficiaries, through immediate access to bas Activity 1.1.5: Training members of existing Community-based Child Protection mechanisms (on prevention, mitigation, identification of individuals in need) in rights Activity 1.2.1: Provide survivor-centered multi-sectoral support (including referral to medical, legal, pss, and safety) in line with principles of case managemen Activity 1.2.2: Provision of assessment based, case by case material assistance (which include dignity kits; solar lanterns) depending needs while fostering resilien Activity 1.2.3: Facilitating and supporting community-based GBV/gender mechanisms (to ensure prevention, mitigation, and access to available services) by using main Activity 2.1.1: Provide survivor-centered multi- sectoral support (including referral to medical, legal, pss, and safety) in line with principles of case management a Activity 2.1.2: Facilitating and supporting community-based GBV/gender mechanisms (to ensure prevention, mitigation, and access to available services) by using main Activity 2.1.2: Facilitating and supporting community-based GBV/gender mechanisms (to ensure prevention, mitigation, and access to available services) by using main

Documents

Category Name	Document Description
Budget Documents	BOQ- Materials Assistance -UASC & CAFAAG.xlsx
Budget Documents	BOQ RECREACTIONAL MATERIALS.xlsx
Budget Documents	BOQs- Dignity Kit.xlsx
Budget Documents	Final-8477-Protection -HIDIG -BOQ -2018.xlsx
Budget Documents	Final-8477-Protection -HIDIG -BOQ 17-04-2018.xlsx
Grant Agreement	GA HRDO 8477 HC signed.pdf
Grant Agreement	HIDIG Signed PG 10&25.pdf
Grant Agreement	WARDI grant agreement 8711 - HC and WARDI signed.pdf