

Year: (2017 April – 2017 December)

Project Number and Title: MPTF 62- Title: Improving maternal and newborn health through the delivery of a standard package of maternal newborn interventions in the remotely-located Todee and Careysburg Districts of Montserrado County Project ID: 00102805 (Gateway ID) Project Focal Point: Dr. Remi Sogunro, UNFPA Representative Cell: +231 770004001 E-mail:	PROJECT ST DATE ¹ : 01-10-2010 EXTENSION DA March 31 st , 2018	ATE:	AMOUNT ALLOCATED by MPTF USD 1,500.000 UNFPA: 519,859.50 WHO: 481,500.00 UNICEF: 498,620.00 FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS UNFPA: \$163,059.57	RECIPIENT ORGANIZATION UNFPA, WHO, and UNICEF IMPLEMENTING PARTNER(S): • Ministry of Health (MoH), Republic of Liberia • UNFPA Liberia • WHO Liberia	
Cell: +231 770004001 E-mail: sogunro@unfpa.org Dr. Alex N. Gasasira, WHO Representative Cell: +231 775 281 157 Email: gasasiraa@who.int Suleiman Braimoh, Ph.D. UNICEF Liberia Representative Cell: +231 0770267100 Email: sbraimoh@unicef.org Strategic Objective (STEPP) SO3 - Description: Ensure Essential Services Recovery Strategic Objectives RSO# - Description: Mission Critical Action MCA6 - Description: Access to basic services	PROJECTED DATE: July 30 th , 20		WHO: \$55,000 UNICEF: \$0.00 EXPENDITURES as of [31 December, 2017] US: \$ 1,281,940.43	UNICEF Liberia	
Location: Country or Regional: Liberia		Full list	ational Coverage Areas: of countries and/or districts: Country	Careysburg and Todee	
Report Submitted by:			districts, Montserrado County Report Cleared by:		
 Name: Dr. Philderald Pratt Title: Assistant UNFPA Representative Email address:pratt@unfpa.org Date of Submission: January 8th, 2018 Participating Organization (Lead): United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) 			 Name: (Head of Agency) Dr. Remi Sogunro, UNFPA Representative Date of Submission: January 8th, 2018 Email address: sogunro@unfpa.org Participating Organizations: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) & World Health Organization (WHO) 		

¹ The date project funds were first transferred.

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OUTPUT INDICATORS					
Indicator	Geographi c Area	Projected Target (as per results matrix)	Quantitative results for the reporting period	Cumulative results since project commencement (quantitative)	Delivery Rate (cumulative % of projected total) as of date
Descripti	on of the quar	ntifiable indicat	or as set out in th	he approved project	proposal
Output 1: Access to and girls 15-49 years			rvices, routine RI	MNCAH and referr	al services for women
	Koon Town Clinic	80% (210)	48	118	56%
Proportion of safe health facility deliveries	Nyehn Health Center	80% (109)	38	91	83%
Bensonvill e Hospital	Bensonvill e Hospital	80% (251)	59	215	86%
Proportion of	Koon Town Clinic	70% (96)	36	95	99%
women attending ANC 4 visits	Nyehn Health Center	70% (112)	42	107	96%
	Bensonvill e Hospital	70% (468)	119	465	99%
Proportion of obstetric	Koon Town Clinic	85% (5)	2	5	100%
complications managed at EmONC	Nyehn Health Center	85% (4)	3	10	250%



	Bensonvill e Hospital	85% (31)	13	22	71%
Output 2: Maternal a reporting, death review			ce and Respo	onse are functional	as evidenced by timely
Proportion of maternal death audits/reviews carried out routinely by targeted health facilities	Koon Town Clinic Nyehn Health Center Bensonvill e Hospital	60%	0	0	0% (no death reported)
Proportion of neonatal death audits/reviews carried out routinely by targeted health facilities	Koon Town Clinic Nyehn Health Center Bensonvill e Hospital	60%	0	0	0% (no death reported)
Output 3: Health facil and SOPs	ities impleme	nt infection pre	evention and	control (IPC) in li	ne with national protocols
Number of targeted health facilities with functional MNDSR committees	Koon Town Clinic	1	1	1	100%
	Nyehn Health Center	1	1	1	100%
	Bensonvill e Hospital	1	1	1	100%
Number of health facilities with complete IPC SOPs and utilizing them	Koon Town Clinic	1	1	1	100%
	Nyehn Health Center	1	1	1	100%



	Bensonvill	1	1	1	100%
	e Hospital				
Output 4: Improved p	oublic health a	nd environment	al sanitation thro	ugh expanded acces	s to safe drinking
water, basic sanitation	, solid waste r	nanagement ser	vices and hygien	e education.	
	Koon				
N 1 (2) 61 141	Town				
Number (3) of health	Clinic				
facilities with WASH facilities	Nyehn	-	3		97.3%
meeting national	Health	3		3	91.3%
standard	Center				
standard	Bensonvill	-			
	e Hospital				
	Koon				
Number of health	Town				
facilities with	Clinic				
WASH operation	Nyehn	3	0	0	0%
and maintenance	Health				
(O&M) structures	Center				
(OXIVI) structures	Bensonvill				
	e Hospital				
Output 5: Communit	y based materi	nal and newborr	health care inter	ventions are impler	nented through strong
community engageme		ts timely identif	ication, reporting	and referral of mat	ernal newborn
complications at com	nunity level				
	Koon	1	1	1	100%
Number of facilities	Town				
whose CHDCs held	Clinic				
at least three	Nyehn	1	1	1	100%
meetings within the	Health				
last quarter	Center				
1	Bensonvill	1	1	1	100%
	e Hospital				
Number of	Koon	100%	1	1	100%
communities with	Town				
Community Health	Clinic				
Development	Nyehn	100%	1	1	100%
Committee (CHDC)	Health				



participating in	Center	10011 (201	7 April – 2017 Dei		
	Bensonvill e Hospital	100%	1	1	100%
Proportion of maternal and newborn referrals conducted by community health workers	Koon Town Clinic	60%	12	25	100%
	Nyehn Health Center	60%	47	121	73%
	Bensonvill e Hospital	60%	18	18	40%
Number of active CHVs/TTMs providing home based maternal and newborn services	Koon Town Clinic	60%	64	63	100%
	Nyehn Health Center	60%	51	51	100%
	Bensonvill e Hospital	60%	43	43	67%
Proportion of FP client that receive FP commodities through community based distribution	Koon Town Clinic	25%	209	209	4.3%
	Nyehn Health Center	25%	201	201	8.1%
	Bensonvill e Hospital	25%	67	67	12.3%
Percentage increase in CYP in family planning in Todee and Careysburg districts	Koon Town Clinic	15%	180.3	601.3	55.8%
	Nyehn Health Center	15%	167.8	290.3	64.7%
	Bensonvill e Hospital	15%	115.6	372.6	37%
	EFFECT IN	DICATORS	S (if available fo	r the reporting po	eriod)



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Liberia MPTF partners represented by UNFPA, WHO and UNICEF have continued to contribute to strengthening delivery of quality rights-based health service in Liberia. The Mission Critical Action of this project is to ensure the provision of essential services and increase access to basic services. The joint programme funded under MPTF # 62 aims at supporting the Government of Liberia's efforts to restore essential reproductive maternal and neonatal health (RMNH) services in Todee and Careysburg Districts of Rural Montserrado County. The project also supports adolescent health (RMNCAH) services and ensures infection prevention and control to prevent the spread of EVD and other transmittable diseases; ensuring that pregnant women have access to hygienic/sanitary environments to deliver their babies safely. The project seeks to ensure the reduction of maternal and newborn mortality by improving the provision of quality services both at facility and community levels through the enhancement of service providers' capacities through trainings, technical support, and supervision logistics.

As the result of the capacity development, the linkages between the communities and the facilities have been strengthened, hence contributing to the increase in ANC visits and deliveries. The cumulative result for ANC visits at Koon town clinic and Bensonville hospital now stands at 99% while Nyehn Health center is at 96%. The delivery rate for Nyehn Health Center is 83% while Bensonville Hospital is 86%. The implementation of the project's activities has also contributed to the facilities' capacities in managing complications at their levels. There was no death reported for the reporting period.



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Current Situation and Trend

The project, 'Improving maternal and newborn health through the delivery of a standard package of maternal newborn interventions in the remotely-located Todee and Careysburg Districts of Montserrado County' was designed with aim of supporting the Government of Liberia's efforts to restore essential reproductive maternal and neonatal health (RMNH) services required to reduce the maternal and newborn deaths. The project targets three health facilities in these two districts with high numbers of maternal and newborn deaths in order to ensure supportive supervision of basic infection prevention and control procedures. As originally crafted, the project has worked to ensure that pregnant women have access to health facilities that promote hygienic/sanitary environments for them to deliver their babies safely and has also build on the existing adolescent health care program in the targeted districts.

Narrative section:

• Key Achievements:

- Output 1: Access to and utilization of EmONC services, routine RMNCAH and referral services for women and girls 15-49 years of age is increased.
 - ✓ Twenty service providers from the project facilities and other government owned health facilities in rural Montserrado were trained to provide adolescent friendly RMNCAH services.
 - ✓ Enhancement of the referral system through procurement of an ambulance and improving communication linkages between the communities and the health facilities to improve referrals by CHW.
 - ✓ The laboratories of the three health facilities and the operating theater of the Bensonville Hospital have been equipped with lab. and operating theater equipment, drugs (including contraceptives) and medical supplies to enhance quality service provision for mothers, their babies and adolescents.
- Output 2: Maternal and newborn death surveillance and Response are functional as evidenced by timely reporting, death reviews and effective response
 - ✓ Members of the District Health Team were trained to effectively track all maternal and newborn deaths in line with the existing protocol. However, no maternal death has occurred.



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- ✓ The Maternal and Newborn Death Surveillance structure at district levels is functional and is providing information on reportable diseases and other health conditions to influence decision-makers.
- Output 3: Health facilities implement Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) in line with national protocols
 - ✓ All health care providers were trained on Infection Prevention and Control guidelines; ensuring safe blood transfusion, standard skin preparation techniques and proper use of antiseptic agents for surgical site preparation, sterilization process are observed.
 - ✓ Project facilities were all equipped with required IPC supplies to keep diseases under control and prevent spread or outbreak of diseases.
- Output 4: Improved public health and environmental sanitation through expanded access to safe drinking water, basic sanitation, solid waste management services and hygiene education.
 - ✓ WASH facilities have been constructed and are now functional at all three health facilities thereby improving safe drinking water, basic sanitation, solid waste management services and hygiene.
- Output 5: Community based maternal and newborn health care interventions are implemented through strong community engagement that supports timely identification, reporting and referral of maternal newborn complications at community level
 - ✓ Twelve skilled birth attendants were selected from project facilities and trained on International Confederation of Midwives core competency-based in-service training in emergency obstetrics and newborn care to reinforce their capacity to provide quality care for the mother and newborns.
 - ✓ Procured and installed anesthesia machine, sterilizer, oxygen concentrator, surgical tables, lights, one blood bank refrigerator at the Bensonville Hospital to make the facility fully functional.

Delays or Deviations

✓ Delay disbursement of funds to agencies (in October 2016 - February 2017). However, a No



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Cost Extension (NCE) was requested and granted up to March, 2018. This action allow for the implementation and completion of some key planned activities.

✓ Delay in completion of activities due to current political transitional process as a result of the just ended democratic Presidential run-off elections, has significantly slowed down the overall implementation of health services including the project's activities. The agencies have written for a NCE up to July for completion and closer of the project.

Best Practice and Summary Evaluation

Best practice observed from this project is the close collaboration between the implementing agencies and the communities/health facilities at all levels: the Montserrado County Health Team (MCHT), the health facilities and the communities.

• Lessons learned -

- Training conducted for community health volunteers contributed to re-enforcing community engagement which led to the increase in the number of referral to the health facilities for ANC and deliveries; distribution of family planning at the community level and other community base maternal and new born services.
- ➤ Close collaboration with all key players (MCHT, Health facilities staff and CHWs) is key to yielding the desire outcome for the improvement of reproductive, maternal, newborn, child, and adolescent health services.
- Designing of reporting template with the CHT makes it easier for reporting.
- An effective monitoring and supervision has contributed to a vigorous feedback mechanism from the community health workers to the health facilities and then to the county level.

• Story from the Field

The Medical Health Officer of the Bensonville Hospital expressed how the revamping of the laboratory and the theater has contributed immensely to the smooth operation of their activities as a secondary referral hospital for facilities and communities nearby. He elaborated that the refurbishment has contributed to the hospital's capacity in responding to complications received from the communities and other facilities. The proportion of obstetric complications managed at the Bensonville hospital is now at 71% (22) nearing the 85% (31) that has been set as target. He also mentioned that the blood bank is contributing greatly, that there is always reserved blood in the bank for emergency use when the need arises. He expressed his enthusiasm for the constructed WASH facilities to ensure that IPC is maintained and the maternal waiting home will



greatly contribute to resolving the problems of delay in arrival of women in labour to the facility due to in-
accessibility. He expressed his thanks and appreciation for the MPTF project and assured us that he and his
staff will do their best and work with the community health work force to provide quality services for
mothers, neonates and adolescents from catchment communities.