

# Programme Document Template

Window	Emergency Window
Title	Strengthening district capacity to rapidly detect, confirm and investigate all suspected cases of COVID-19 at points of entry and adjacent communities
MPTF Office Project Number (if applicable)	
Description	The project aims to contribute to the containment of COVID-19 transmission, by supporting the enhancement of preparedness measures at Elegu designated point of entry (PoEs) in Amuru district. Specifically the intervention will focus on strengthening the Amuru district health team capacities in coordination for early detection, verification, reporting and referral of suspected cases to designated health facilities.
Universal Markers	Gender Marker:  a) Have gender equality and/or the empowerment of women and girls as the primary or principal objective.  b) Make a significant contribution to gender equality and/or the empowerment of women and girls;  c) Make a limited contribution or no contribution to gender equality and/or the empowerment of women and girls.
Fund Specific Markers	The containment of COVID-19 transmission, by supporting the enhancement of preparedness measures at designated points of entry (PoEs), specifically focusing on strengthening district health team (DHT) capacities for early detection, confirmation, reporting and referral of suspected cases will be of benefit to women who are majorly engaged in small scale businesses at PoEs
Participating UN Organizations (PUNOs)	International Organization for Migration (IOM)
Implementing Partners	IOM in partnership with Amuru District Local Government and Minstry of Health
Programme and Project Cost	From UN Uganda MPTF: \$21,211.83 Other sources: 0 Total Budget: \$21,211.83
Programme Duration	Estimated Start Date: 1/05/2021 Duration (months): 6 months Estimated end date: 31/10/2021
Contacts (Name, Position, Email, Telephone)	KAJJA Victoria IOM UN Migration Uganda M. +256 771 400 827 Email: vkajja@iom.int

## 2. Executive Summary

The project is meant to contribute to the containment of COVID-19 transmission, by supporting the enhancement of preparedness measures at designated points of entry (PoEs), specifically focusing on strengthening district health team (DHT) capacities for early detection, confirmation, reporting and referral of suspected cases to designated isolation facilities.

The intervention will focus on strengthening surveillance through ensuring quality control of the procedures implemented in the districts and support to DHTs to develop locally tailored standard operating procedures (SOP) and referral procedures fom PoE. In addition; the DHT will be supported to facilitate the monitoring in PoEs. Occasional support to neighbouring districts will be also provided on ad hoc basis.

The proposed intervention will be implemented for a period of 6 months in the border communities of Elegu in Amuru district.

## 3. Situation Analysis

Uganda is now in phase 4 of the COVID-19 pandemic characterized by widespread community transmission. Overall, 29,361 COVID-19 cases have been confirmed by 16th December. The Government of Uganda with support from UN and other partners, responded promptly to the outbreak through actions guided by the National COVID-19 Response Plan March 2020 – March 2021. These include the following priority sectors of intervention: coordination and leadership, risk communication, surveillance and community engagement and sub pillars including the PoE working group.

The prioritisation exercise conducted by the UN Health Thematic Working Group (HTWG), identified the need to integrate the preparedness and response for COVID-19 and Cholera in all program activities and highlighted the following priorities aligned with the MOH response plans: coordination and leadership; risk communication and community engagement (RCCE); case management; logistics, supplies and surveillance.

# 4. Strategies, including lessons learned and the proposed joint programme What is the specific need/problem the intervention seeks to address?

One of the factors that may highten the risks of COVID transmission is uncontrolled population movements across an international border. While population movement at formal border points are easier to control, Uganda faces higher challenges to monitor the numerous informal points of entry along the porous borders with neighbouring countries. These challenges underscore the need for additional investments in prevention, detection, and response to COVID-19 pandemic. It is thus critical that operations of surveillance, screening and testing of travellers at PoEs continue for quick detection, isolation and containment, in addition to other interventions including risk communication, case management and testing.

While an increase in the number of COVID-19 cases was a calculated but necessary risk following the relaxation of the initial containment measures, the Government of Uganda is now working to strengthen and decentralize the response. Despite the efforts, Uganda's health border management capacities still remain marginal, notably the government's preparedness and response capacities in border areas. The absence of a national port health agency has further aggravated the gaps. The Joint External Evaluation of International Health Regulations Standards by WHO revealed that the country had not yet fully met the required core capacities to prevent, detect and respond to public health emergencies. Specifically noted were the lack of capacities for border health, and consequent weak cordination procedures and communication systems at the border to ensure sound health security procedures at and around relevant Uganda points of entry and among high risk populations.

To contribute to the containment of COVID-19 transmission across international border, IOM proposed tosupport the enhancement of preparedness and response measure in border districts and at designated

points of entry (PoEs) by reinforcing cordination for disease surveillance and prevention activities at PoEs with significant and high volume mobility patterns and congregation points due to trade, refugee entry points, travel as prioritised in the National Plan and according to the International Health Regulations (IHR).

To this end, IOM will facilitate the cordination and monitoring of PoE operations by the district health team to ensure compliance in the Elegu PoE and surrounding community.

The IOM intervention will include quality control on the border procedures implemented in the districts, support DHTs to develop locally tailored SOP and referral procedures from PoEs and facilitate the monitoring of the PoEs.

Since 2019, IOM has been working with the Government of Uganda, Ministry of health and district local governments in particular, to contribute to the containment of COVID-19 transmission, by supporting the enhancement of preparedness measures at designated points of entry (PoEs) through strengthening capacity at selected PoEs for early detection, confirmation, reporting and referral of suspected COVID cases to designated isolation facilities. This was done by strengthening the capacities of border health services though provision of the necessary operational equipment and operational material with a focus on PoEs with significant mobility patterns, and congregation points with high volume of people due to trade activities, refugee entry points as prioritised in the National Plan.

The proposed action is aligned with the new united Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) as well as the national development plan (NDPIII). Furthermore, the project is also in line with the national COVID-19 Preparedness and Response Plan, January – June 2020 (MoH), as it contributes to strengthening and response capacitities to mitigate transmission, prevention, and control of COVID-19.

5. Results Framework

Objective	To strengthen district capacity to rapidly detect, high-risk districts including Elegu point of entry.	detect, confirm of entry.	and investiga	te all suspected	to rapidly detect, confirm and investigate all suspected cases in affected and egu point of entry.
Output 1	Districts capacity to detect, confirm and conduct investigation of suspected cases improved	duct investigation	of suspected	cases improved	Output Total Budget USD 20,000\$
		Baseline	Target	Means of verification	Responsible Org
Output Indicator 01	1a # of District supported to detect, confirm and conduct investigation of suspected cases detec capacity	0	П	Final Project report	ЮМ
	1b # of Monitoring and support supervison conducted	0	02	Final Project report	IOM
Output 2	COVID-19 screening services at the border point	border point are facilitated.			
Indicators Outputs 2	1.2b # SoPs developed ,adapted and distributed to the PoEs to ensure compliance	0	2	Activity and Final Project Report	IOM
	1.2b # cordination meetings supported to develop locally tailored SOP and referral procedures from PoEs	0	3	Activitiy report Final project Report	ЮМ
	1.2b # of persons screened at the PoE	0	15,000	Activity and Monthly Reports	IOM

## 6. Management and Coordination Arrangements

The project will be implemented in partnerships with the district health team and task force team of Amuru district and the Ministry of Health and in consulation with the national PoE working group and surveillance pillar. The implementation will promote and strengthen existing partnerships while strengthening the resilience of the affected community. Strategic partnerships at all levels of implementation of this project will focus on community empowerment and collaborative initiatives..

IOM Uganda will provide technical support and guidance to the district health team to coordinate the activities especially at the PoE. There will be joint planning and a sharing of information and experiences. This will be continuous and informed by challenges faced, lessons learned, and best practices. Since the needs in the target area are huge, the project team will participate in coordination meetings with the other implementing partners and the sector working groups to ensure that synergies between projects can be realized and avoid duplication or overlaps of services. The IOM project team will coordinate with the District Local Government (DLG), local community leaders, and other actors to select the beneficiaries to avoid duplication of efforts.

IOM Uganda will work with the Ministry of Health, Ministry of Internal affairs-Directorate of Citizenship and Immigration control (DCIC), the COVID-19 National task force (MoH/COVID-19 National task force).

# 7. Fund Management Arrangements

IOM will:

- Assume full programmatic and financial responsibility and accountability for the funds disbursed by the Administrative Agent.
- Establish a separate ledger account for the receipt and administration of the funds disbursed to it by the Administrative Agent.
- •deduct their indirect costs on contributions received according to their own regulation and rules, taking into account the size and complexity of the programme. Each UN organization will deduct a maximum of 7% as overhead costs of the total allocation received for the agency.

#### 8. Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting

The project management will strengthen monitoring and evaluation processes for Result Based management in project implementation and reporting within quality time. During project implementation, the required M&E data will be continually gathered by the project staff through the district and project staff using the M&E design tool. The M&E and reporting tools will enable the project staff to gather relevant data for measuring project progress to inform engagement with project beneficiaries, Government, and partner officials to seek constructive feedback regarding project implementation.

Overall, IOM will draw lessons on the feedback, lessons learned, and recommendations from the past EVD and COVID-19 projects to guide the project implementation. Tools and methods, and strategies that have proven to be successful will be adapted.

#### Narrative reports

The Participating UN Organizations will present the following reports to the Secretariat for consolidation and further transmission the Administrative Agent:

- (a) Annual narrative reports to be provided no more than three months (March 31st) after the end of the calendar year;
- (b) Final narrative reports after the end of activities contained in the program-related approved document, including the final year of such activities, to be submitted no more than four months (April 30th) in the following

year after the financial closure of the Fund.

Annual and final reports will exhibit results based on evidence. Annual and final narrative reports will compare actual results against estimated results in terms of outputs and outcomes and they will explain the reasons of higher or lower performance. The final narrative report will also include the analysis of how the outputs and outcomes have contributed to the Fund's global impact.

#### **Financial Reports**

The Participating UN Organizations HQs will present the following financial statements and reports to the *Administrative Agent*:

- (a) Annual financial statements and reports to December 31st, regarding released resources by the Fund to them; these shall be provided no more than four months (April 30th) after the ending of the calendar year;
- (b) Final certified financial statements and financial reports after the completion of activities contained in the program-related approved document, including the final year of such activities, to be submitted no more than six months (June 30th) in the following year after the financial closure of the Fund.

## 9. SDG Targets and Indicators

Please consult Annex: SDG List

Please select no more than three Goals and five SDG targets relevant to your programme.

(selections may be bolded)

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) [select max 3 goals]					
	SDG 1 (No poverty)			SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastr	ucture)
	SDG 2 (Zero hunger)			SDG 10 (Reduced Inequalities)	
$\boxtimes$	SDG 3 (Good health & wellbeing)			SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities & Communit	ies)
	SDG 4 (Quality education)			SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption & Pr	oduction)
	SDG 5 (Gender equality)			SDG 13 (Climate action)	
	SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation)			SDG 14 (Life below water)	
	SDG 7 (Sustainable energy)			SDG 15 (Life on land)	
	SDG 8 (Decent work & Economic Growth)			SDG 16 (Peace, justice & strong institutions)	
	SDG 17 (Partnerships for the Goals)				
Relevant SDG Targets and Indicators [Depending on the selected SDG please indicate the relevant target and indicators.]					
			Description	Estimated % Budget allocated	
particular o		develo	rengthen the capacity of all countries in loping countries for early warning, , risk management of National and global health		

# 10. Risk

What risks and challenges will complicate this solution, and how they will be managed and overcome? Please enter no more than 3.

Event	Categories Financial Operational Organizational Political (regulatory and/or strategic)	Level 3 – Very High 2 – Medium High 1 - Low	Likelihood 6 - Expected 5 - Highly Likely 4 - Likely 3 - Moderate 2 - Low Likelihood 1- Not Likely 0 - Not Applicable	Impact 5 – Extreme 4 – Major 3 – Moderate 2 – Minor 1 – Insignificant	Mitigating Measures (List the specific mitigation measures)	Risk Owner
Lack of government support both at National level and at the District Local Government	Political	3	2	4	Planning and engaging the Ministry of Health, district health teams the district local Gov't throughout the project implementation period	IOM. Governement
Lack Willingness of the community leaders to participate in the project interventions	Operational	3	2	3	Engaging and working closely with the community local leaders throughout the project implementation.	IOM, district local goverments, Community
Lack of capacity implement the project activity appropriately	Organzational	2	2	4	Providing Technical Support and consistently monitoring the project implementation processes and reporting within quality time	IOM and the district health teams and local goverment

# 11. Work plans and budgets

# **Budget by UNDG Categories**

Budget Lines	USD
Staff and other personnel costs	12,000.00
Supplies, Commodities, Materials	0
Equipment, Vehicles and Furniture including Depreciation	0
Contractual Services	0
Travel	4,500.00
Transfers and Grants Counterparts	0
General Operating and Other Direct Costs	3,324.14
Sub Total programme costs	19,824.14
Indirect Support Costs	1,387.69
Total	21,211.83

<sup>\*</sup> The rate shall not exceed 7% of the total of categories 1-7, as specified in the COVID-19 Response MOU and should follow the rules and guidelines of each recipient organization. Note that Agency-incurred direct project implementation costs should be charged to the relevant budget line, in line with UNSDG guidance.

# Signatures

For: ION

Name: SANUSI TEJAN CANAGE

Title: CHEF OF MISSION - INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MICHAFTION UCANAA MISSION

Date: 01. APAL. 2021

Target	Description
TARGET_1.1	1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day
TARGET_1.2	1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
TARGET_1.3	1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
TARGET_1.4	1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance
TARGET_1.5	1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters
TARGET_1.a	1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions
TARGET_1.b	1.b Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions
TARGET_2.1	2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round
TARGET_2.2	2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons
TARGET_2.3	2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment
TARGET_2.4	2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality
TARGET_2.5	2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed
TARGET_2.a	2.a Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries
TARGET_2.b	2.b Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round
TARGET_2.c	2.c Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility

Target	Description
TARGET_3.1	3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
TARGET_3.2	3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births
TARGET_3.3	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
TARGET_3.4	3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being
TARGET_3.5	3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
TARGET_3.6	3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents
TARGET_3.7	3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes
TARGET_3.8	3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
TARGET_3.9	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination
TARGET_3.a	3.a Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate
TARGET_3.b	3.b support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all
TARGET_3.c	3.c Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States
TARGET_3.d	3.d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks
TARGET_4.1	4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes
TARGET_4.2	4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education
TARGET_4.3	4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
TARGET_4.4	4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
TARGET_4.5	4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations
TARGET_4.6	4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy
TARGET_4.7	4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's

Target	Description
	contribution to sustainable development
TARGET_4.a	4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
TARGET_4.b	4.b By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries
TARGET_4.c	4.c By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States
TARGET_5.1	5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
TARGET_5.2	5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
TARGET_5.3	5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation
TARGET_5.4	5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate
TARGET_5.5	5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life
TARGET_5.6	5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences
TARGET_5.a	5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws
TARGET_5.b	5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women
TARGET_5.c	5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels
TARGET_6.1	6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all
TARGET_6.2	6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
TARGET_6.3	6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally
TARGET_6.4	6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity
TARGET_6.5	6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate
TARGET_6.6	6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes
TARGET_6.a	6.a By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies
TARGET_6.b	6.b Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and

Target	Description
	sanitation management
TARGET_7.1	7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
TARGET_7.2	7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix
TARGET_7.3	7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency
TARGET_7.a	7.a By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology
TARGET_7.b	7.b By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of Support
TARGET_8.1	8.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries
TARGET_8.10	8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all
TARGET_8.2	8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors
TARGET_8.3	8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services
TARGET_8.4	8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead
TARGET_8.5	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value
TARGET_8.6	8.6 By $2020$ , substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training
TARGET_8.7	8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms
TARGET_8.8	8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment
TARGET_8.9	8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
TARGET_8.a	8.a Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries
TARGET_8.b	8.b By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization
TARGET_9.1	9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
TARGET_9.2	9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries
TARGET_9.3	$9.3\ Increase\ the\ access\ of\ small-scale\ industrial\ and\ other\ enterprises,\ in\ particular\ in\ developing$

Target	Description
	countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets
TARGET_9.4	9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities
TARGET_9.5	9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending
TARGET_9.a	9.a Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical Support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States
TARGET_9.b	9.b Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities
TARGET_9.c	9.c Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020
TARGET_10.1	10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average
TARGET_10.2	10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status
TARGET_10.3	10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard
TARGET_10.4	10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality.
TARGET_10.5	10.5 Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations
TARGET_10.6	10.6 Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions
TARGET_10.7	10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies
TARGET_10.a	10.a Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements
TARGET_10.b	10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes
TARGET_10.c	10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent
TARGET_11.1	11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums
TARGET_11.2	11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons
TARGET_11.3	11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries

Target	Description
TARGET_11.4	11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage
TARGET_11.5	11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations
TARGET_11.6	11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management
TARGET_11.7	11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities
TARGET_11.a	11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
TARGET_11.b	11.b By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels
TARGET_11.c	11.c Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials
TARGET_12.1	12.1 Implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries
TARGET_12.2	12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources
TARGET_12.3	12.3 By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses
TARGET_12.4	12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment
TARGET_12.5	12.5 By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse
TARGET_12.6	12.6 Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle
TARGET_12.7	12.7 Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities
TARGET_12.8	12.8 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature
TARGET_12.a	12.a support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production
TARGET_12.b	12.b Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
TARGET_12.c	12.c Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities
TARGET_13.1	13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries
TARGET_13.2	13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning
TARGET_13.3	13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate

Target	Description
	change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning
TARGET_13.a	13.a Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible
TARGET_13.b	13.b Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities
TARGET_14.1	14.1 By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution
TARGET_14.2	14.2 By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans
TARGET_14.3	14.3 Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels
TARGET_14.4	14.4 By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics
TARGET_14.5	14.5 By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information
TARGET_14.6	14.6 By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation3
TARGET_14.7	14.7 By 2030, increase the economic benefits to small island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism
TARGET_14.a	14.a Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries
TARGET_14.b	14.b Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets
TARGET_14.c	14.c Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of "The future we want"
TARGET_15.1	15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements
TARGET_15.2	15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally
TARGET_15.3	15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world
TARGET_15.4	15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development

Target	Description
TARGET_15.5	15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species
TARGET_15.6	15.6 Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed
TARGET_15.7	15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products
TARGET_15.8	15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species
TARGET_15.9	15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts
TARGET_15.a	15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems
TARGET_15.b	15.b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation
TARGET_15.c	15.c Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities
TARGET_16.1	16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
TARGET_16.10	0.16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements
	16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children
TARGET_16.3	16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all
TARGET_16.4	16.4 By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime
TARGET_16.5	16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms
TARGET_16.6	16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels
TARGET_16.7	16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels
TARGET_16.8	16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance
	16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration
TARGET_16.a	16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime
TARGET_16.b	16.b Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development
TARGET_17.1	17.1 Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection
TARGET_17.10	2.17.10 Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda
TARGET_17.1	117.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020
	2 17.12 Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access
TARGET_17.13	3 17.13 Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy

Description

coherence

- TARGET\_17.14 17.14 Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development
- TARGET\_17.15 17.15 Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development
- TARGET\_17.16 17.16 Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multistakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries
- TARGET\_17.17 17.17 Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships
- TARGET\_17.18 17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts
- TARGET\_17.19 17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries
- TARGET\_17.2 17.2 Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries
- TARGET\_17.3 17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources
- TARGET\_17.4 17.4 Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress
- TARGET\_17.5 17.5 Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries
- TARGET\_17.6 17.6 Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism
- TARGET\_17.7 17.7 Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed
- TARGET\_17.8 17.8 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacitybuilding mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology
- TARGET\_17.9 17.9 Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation

Project Title: Strengthening district capacity to rapidly detect, confirm and investigate all suspected cases of COVID-19 at points of entry and adjacent communities

Project Type: Prepardeness and response Budget Amount Requested :21,211.83US\$

Project Duration: 6 months Currency: USD

Budget Lines	USD
Staff and other personnel costs	12,000.00
2 Supplies, Commodities, Materials	
3 Equipment, Vehicles and Furniture including Depreciation	
4 Contractual Services	
5 Travel	4,500.00
6 Transfers and Grants Counterparts	
General Operating and Other Direct Costs	3,324.14
Sub Total programme costs	19,824.14
Indirect Support Costs	1,387.69
Total	21,211.83