Re-submitted

Full Submission Form

To

MEGI			Guinea Bissau PBF National Steering Committee		
M Jul	2 3 2008	b	he completed by the PBF Secretariat upon Technical Review		
n n[Date of NSC	Me	mg 29 May 2008 Recipient UN Organization UNOPS		
1	NSC Meetin Item No.	ig-No	2 Total Project Budget: US\$1 905 000 PBF Priority Area: UL(80) 3.1 U(21-25)		

To he completed by Re	cipient UN Organisation
To: Guinea Bissau PBF National Steering Committee	Dete of Submission: 29 May 2008
From: Head of Recipient UN Organisation & Implementing Partner Organization(s)	Contact: Telephone number, email
Dr. Jose Salema, UNOPS Africa Regional Director	joses@unoberota
Proposed project, if approved, would result in:	Proposed project resulted from:
Continuation of existing project New project Syes Other (explain) Rehabilitation of 33 military barracks across Guinea-Bissau in order to improve the living and working conditions of more than 4000 military personnel, as well as create a healthy atmosphere in the barracks, reduce prospects for discontantment and revolt, cover projects envisaged for funding within the framework of the Government's SSR / DDR Programme and reinforce peace consolidation efforts being undertaken by Government and partners.	☐YES National Authorities initiative within Guinea Bissau PBF Priority Plan ☐YES UN Agency initiative within Guinea Bissau PBF Priority Plan ☐ Other (explain)
Recipient UN Organization: UNOPS	
Implementing Partner(s): Ministry of National Defe Committee	ence / Department of Infrastructure / Management
Project Title: Rehabilitation of Military Barracks	
Guinez Bissau PBF Priority Area: 1.1 (18); 3.1.1 ((1-25) • USS1 905 900

Amount and percentage of indirect costs requested:
US\$124,626.17, this amount of indirect cost being 7% of budget estimated totalling US\$1,780,373.17,
based on approved budget allocation of 1,905,000

*Submission of a concept note and subsequent proposal constitutes agreement by the Recipient UN Organization and its partner organizations to work with independent evaluators assigned by the NSC. Collaboration with independent evaluators has project design modifications, to be considered by the NSC.

ML 23 M

To be completed by the Recipient UN Organization

(NB: SEE ATTACHED PROJECT DOCUMENT)

I. Background

Provide brief and concise information on the background of the programme/project. Indicate the origins of the project, refer to partnerships with government, civil society organizations (CSOs) and other partners. If an extension of an existing project is requested, provide information on original programme/project, such as number, programme amount, date of approval.

2. Purpose of Proposed Project

Detail how the project addresses priorities identified in the Priority Plan, key objectives, including how it will contribute to capacity development of national institutions, outputs and activities from programme/project cover sheet and attach detailed programme/project document in standard formut.

To be completed by the PBF Secretariat on behalf of the Thematic review group.

Composition of Thematic review group:

Provide names, titles and organizational affiliation of Panel members

Mr. Faustino Silva - President - Association of Wood Processing Industries -

Mr. Fortes Injai - Director - Ministry of Economy

Ms. Filomena Macarenhas Tifote - Executive Director - Promoconsulting / Voz di Paz

Police Inspector Osmin Cortez - Police Advisor - UNOGBIS

Mr. Gaston Fonscea - Senior National Economist / IMF Representative in Guinea-Bissau

Mr. Ansumane Mane - Coordinator - African Development Bank

Mr. Mamadu Aliu Djalo - Executive Secretary - National Youth Council

Mr. Antonio Marino Dias - Military Advisor -- ECOWAS

Mr. Fernando Vieira - Advisor - Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Thematic review group Review Date:

Provide date(s) of review

28 - 29 May 2008

(h)	Must build on existing resources, capacities, strengths and experience	Yes No No YES		
(i)	Must promote consultation, participation and partnership and demonstrate that the project is the result of an inclusive process in which key stakeholders and project beneficiaries participated in the elaboration of the project.	Yes X No C		
(h)	Must be able to achieve objectives and outputs within 18 months	Yes 🔼 No 🗍 YES		
	Bestimated disbursements (Sthousands) Estimated disbursements (Sthousands) Estimated disbursements (Sthousands) US\$590,393_US\$	1,324,607		
	Overall thematic review group review of project submission [Recommendations]			
Project falls within one of the peacebuilding priority areas, SSR, identified by the Government in its presentation in February before the Peacebuilding Commission and will fits within the framework of projects envisaged for funding within the framework of the Government SSR / DDR Programme and also falls in line with peacebuilding efforts being undertaken by Government and partners.				

	To be completed by the PBI	Secretariat		
4. Review by PBF Secretariat				
Date of				
30 May 20	68 First Review / 3 June Second Review			
Check on F	Project Proposal Format Contents			
Ċ	Cover sheet (first page)	Yes 🔯 No 🗌	YES	
۵	Logical Framework	Yes 🐼 No 🗌	YES	
C	Programme/Project Justification	Yes ⊠ No 🔲	YES	
•	Programme/Project Management Arrangements	Yes 🔀 No 🗌	YES	
Ü	Risks and Assumptions	Yes X No 🗌	YES	
•	Budget	Yes No	YES	
<u> </u>	Progress Report (for supplementary funding only)	Yes ∐ No ⊠L	NO	
0	Support Cost	Yes 🛛 No 🗌	YES	

3. Evaluation of Proposal by the thematic review group Provide concise summary evaluation of proposal against: General principles and selection criteria Yes No Must be explicitly based on Guinea Bissau PBF Priority Plan (a) Assessment, YES Yes 🛭 No 🗌 (b) Must build capacity within national institutions, YES Yes No Must promote and ensure national and local ownership, (b) YESe Yes No Must fall within the areas of UN/Partners' comparative advantage, (c) YES Yes X No The organization must have the appropriate system to deliver the (d) intervention, YES Yes X No The UN response must be effective, coherent, context-sensitive, cost-(e) efficient and the outcomes, sustainable, YES Yes 🛭 No 🗌 Must avoid duplication of and significant overlap with the activities of (f)other actors, YES Yes 🛛 No 🗌 (g) Must use strategic entry points that respond to immediate needs and yet facilitate longer-term improvements, YES

Provide concise summary assessment against:

- 2 18 Months Implementation Elaborate
- Agency indirect support cost
 US\$124,626.17, this amount of indirect cost being 7% of budget estimated totalling
 US\$1,780,373.17, based an approved budget allocation of 1,905,000
- General evaluation criteria at annex 2.B, Elaborate

	General criteria for prioritising programmes/projects	
(a)	Must be in line with Guinea Bissau PBF Priority Plan	Yes ⊠ No ☐ YES
(b)	Recipient Organisation is able to meet high or urgent priority needs with existing level of funding.	Yes No No YES
(c)	Addresses high priority activities that have significant impact, and by nature must address seasonal or timing imperatives and considerations.	Yes 🔀 No 🗌 YES
(d)	Supports activities that are likely to improve the overall peacebuilding situation at national and local levels.	Yes ⊠ No 🗌 YES
(f)	As the improving security situation permits, activities exploit the opportunities presented.	Yes 🔯 No 🗍 YES

5. Recommendation of the PBF Secretariat

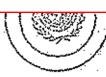
The Project for Rehabilitation of Military Barracks complied with the stipulations in the PBF National Steering Committee Terms of Reference and Rules of Procedure. It is recommended that the necessary steps be taken to enable the release of the allocated and approved funding amount to the UN Recipient Organization (UNOPS) so that project implementation can be commenced on time, and in accordance with the proposals detailed in Guinea-Bissau's Interim Priority Plan (May 2008) and approved by the Peacebuilding Support Office.

Record of preparations and proceedings regarding Project for Rehabilitation of Military Barracks

The project proposals were prepared in May through collaboration efforts of the United Nations Office for Project Services (UNOPS) and national implementing partners (the Ministry of Defence) and reflect the contents of the Project Concept Note for Rehabilitation of Military Barracks, approved by the PBF National Steering Committee at a meeting on 24 April 2008. The project proposals fall within the Government's peacebuilding priorities (SSR in this case) and implementation of the project will help address critical funding gaps aimed at providing visible results in improving the living and working conditions of the military personnel, who are also involved in the SSR programme). Following the submission of the project proposals by UNOPS/ Ministry of Defence, a Thematic Technical Review Group was put together (see List of Members on Page 2 above) to review the project proposals and fill in a questionnaire, as well as provide comments and suggestions, for submission to the PBF Secretarias. The project proposals were also circulated to the Members of the PBF National Steering Committee, which convened on 29 May to consider the project document. Following deliberations, the Project for Rehabilitation of Military Barracks was approved by consensus at the meeting of the National Steering Committee held on 29 May, in accordance with the Terms of Reference and Rules of Procedure of the Committee.

To be completed by the PBF Secretaring	n behan of the National Steering Committee				
6. Decision of the Guinea Bissau PBF National Stee	ering Committee (NSC)				
XIXES Approved for a total bodget of \$10881.905	<u>.eoe</u>				
Approved with madification/condition Deferred	······				
Resson/Comments Elaborate					
Mr. Pedro da Costa Minister at tão Presidency of the Council of Ministers Co. Chair: PRF National Stanting Committee	Shola Omoregie Representative of the Secretary-General Co Chair PRE Votional Steering Committee				





7. Acti	ion taken by the Executive Co	irdinator, MDTF Office, UNDP
Q'		risions of the UN-UNDP and UNDP-Recipient UN Organizations ngs and Lettor of Agreement with donors (if applicable)
Bisrat	Aktilu,	
		30/1/2008

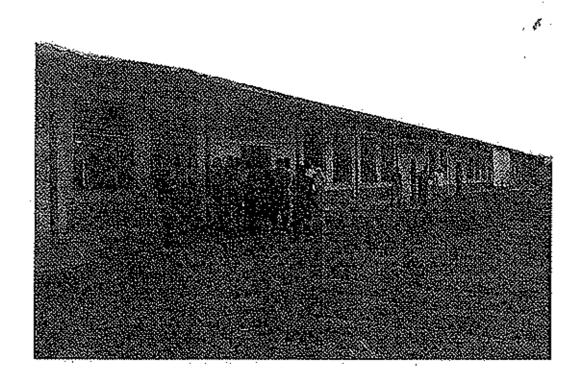


REPUBLIC OF GUINEA-BISSAU MINISTRY OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

PEACEBUILDING FUND FOR GUINEA-BISSAU

(mar, 1984), 20

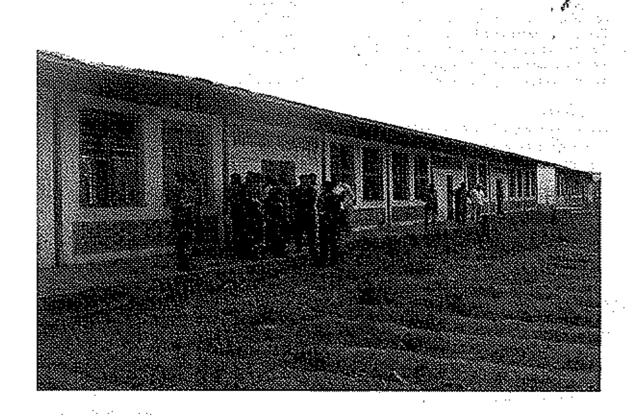
PROJECT FOR THE REHABILITATION OF MILITARY BARRACKS



Bissau, May 2008



PROJECT FOR THE REHABILITATION OF MILITARY BARRACKS



Bissau, May 2008

PEACEBUILDING FUND FOR GUINEA-BISSAU REHABILITATION OF MILITARY BARRACKS

UN Recipient Organization:	Guinea-Bissau Peacebuilding Fund Priority Area:			
TRI ANT - A- Perfect Condens (IDTADO)	Rehabilitation of military barracks			
UN Office for Project Services (UNOPS)	1.1. & 18; 3.1.1. (21-25)			
Physical Managery Timoric	Implementing partner (s): Ministry of National Defence			
Project Manager: UNOPS Nume: TBA	Department of Infrastructure/Management Committee			
Address:	Name: Abel Gomes da Silva - Director Genegal of Department			
E-mail:	of Infrastructure and Production / Management Committee for			
D-dan.	Projects			
	Endereço; Ministry of National Defence			
	Estiles eço, ministr y of National Defence			
	Telefone:			
	E-mail: asigo silva@yahoo.com.br			
Project Number:	Project Duration: 18 months			
Project Title:	Project Location:			
REHABILITATION OF MILITARY BARRACKS	Guinca-Bissau			
Project description:	Project Cost: US\$1,905.000			
Rehabilitation of 33 military barracks in order to improve the	PBF; US\$1,905,000			
living conditions of more than 4000 military personnel, as well	Government: 9,0			
as create a healthy atmosphere in the barracks and thus reduce	Other: 0,8			
prospects for discontenument and revolt. This project will				
reinforce the process of peace stabilization	Total: US\$1,905,000			
Immediate objectives:				
 Improve the quality of life in the military barracks 				
 Enhance discipline among military personnel 				
 Create conditions for professionalization and pave the 	way for SSR			
Outputs and key activities:				
	/service areas; kitchens/dining halls; bathrooms/public toilets) in 11			
military zones,				
 Revise and recondition electrical installations. 	, and guarantee the supply of alternative energy:			
Rehabilite and dig wells.				
 Strengthen the capacity of the Departments of 	Infrastructure and of Modernization.			
Thematic Review Group Review Date:				
PBF Secretariat Revie Date:				
National Steering Committee Approval Date:				
On helialf of . Accinature	Namal Canas			

On behalf of:	Assinatura	Nome/ Cargo
Recipient UN Organization: UNOPS		Dr. Jose Salema, Africa Regional Director
Co-Chair PBF NSC:		Pedro da Costa, Minister at the Presidency of the Council of Ministers
Co-Chair PBF NSC:		Shola Omoregie, Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of UNOGBIS

PEACEBUILDING FUND FOR GUINEA-BISSAU REHABILITATION OF MILITARY BARRACKS

KENADILIIAIION OF HEIGHARD DAMAGE				
UN Recipleat Organization:	Guinea-Bissau Peacobuilding Fund Priority Area: Rehabilitation of military barracks			
UN Office for Project Services (UNOPS)	1 1 A 18 3 L1 (23-25)			
Project Managor: UNOPS	Implementing partner (a): Ministry of National Defeace/ Department of Infrastructure/Management Committee			
Name: TRA	Name: Abel Comes da Silva - Director Genegal of Department			
E-mail:	of Infrastructure and Production / Management Committee for			
D-Dittal	Prolocis.			
	Endereço: Ministry of National Defence			
	Talefone:			
	E-maff: nsige_silva@yehoo.com.br			
Profeet Numbers	Project Buration: 18 months			
Project Reiniocri	Project Lacations .			
REHABILITATION OF MILITARY BARRACKS	Quinea-Biesen			
Project descriptions	Project Casts US\$1.505.000			
Rehabilitation of 33 military barracks in order to iroprove the	PBF; USS1 905,000			
living conditions of more than 4000 military personnel, as well	Government: 0,0			
as create a healthy simosphere in the barracks and thus reduce.	Other: 0,6			
prospects for discontentment and revolt. This project will	Total: USS1 505,000			
reinforce the process of peace stabilization	ZUIER OCKLOSOVO			
Immediate objectives:				
 Improve the quality of life in the military barracks 				
Reharice discipline among military personnel				
 Create conditions for professionalization and pave the 	vay for SSR			
Outputs and key activities:	2 of the state of			
 Rehabilitate 33 military barrents (domittories 	Activities areas; kitchensidining halls; bathroomaficablic toilets) in 11			
military zones.	, and guerates the supply of elicantive energy:			
in an area was a set of all .	was Bairered for ashling an enterior			
 Rehabilito and dig world. Strengthen the coposity of the Departments of 	Telephonetric and of Modernhauton.			
Thomasto Poutre Crown Review Bate: 08-29 NAV	2009			
PRESecretariat Reviewate: 19 - 30 MAY 3	£ 35 TUNE 2608			
Thematic Review Group Review Date: 08-2-9 MAY PBF Secretariat Revie Date: 19-30 MAY 3 National Steering Committee Approval Date: 29 M	Ay 2/168			
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On behalf of a	7/2			
And the second second second second second	c. Jose Sulema, Africa Regional Property			
Recipieni UN Organization: TOOPS				

On behalf of a

Recipient UN Organization:
UNOPS
Co-Chair PBF NSC:

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Logical Framework

Objectives	Measurable	Means of	Important
	Indicators	Verification	Assumptions
Peacebuilding			sustainability
Objectives	- Armed Forces	- Reduced level of	- Continuation
Improve political	transformed into a	interference by	of support and
stability and peace	republican body and	Armed Forces in	monitoring by
- "	fully submissive to	political life	the international
. •	Executive authority	- Reports by	community
:	of State	agencies and	
		representations of	
######################################		the United Nations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Immediate objectives			Favourable conditions
- Improvement in the quality of life of military	- Reduced number of illnesses	- Military health services statistics	
personnel	- Reduced number	- Internal reports	Continuation of
- Improvement in	and intensity of	produced by	international
discipline among	conflicts in military	authorities of the	community
military personnel	barracks	military barracks	support and
- Improved conditions	- Improved level of	- Reports of	commitment of
for the transformation of	acceptance of SSR by	progress with SSR	Government
the Armed Forces into a	military personnel		
professional body			Risk factors
Outputs			RISK JUCIOIS
1- 33 military barracks	- 33 military barracks		
in 11 localitities	(dormitories/services;		Lack of
- Dormitories and	kitchens/dining halls;		equipment,
services;	bathrooms/ toilets		furniture and
 Kitchens and dining 	and latrines)	- Reports and	daily functional
halls;	rehabilitated,	monitoring	requirements
- Bathrooms and latrine /	respecting pre-	mechanisms for	
toilets	established norms and standards	the works	
2- Revision and reconditioning of	- Normal functioning	- Records and	
electrical	of electrical	accounting	
installations and	installations in 33	procedures;	
supply of	barracks	x	
alternative			
energy.		- Reports of the	
3- Rehabilitation of	- Wells rehabilitated	monitoring office	L

wells and building of new ones	and new ones built	- Signing-off receipts on works completed.	
Activities	Investment (USS)		
- Recruitment and mobilization of project management team	396,193.85		Risk factors
- Rehabilitate 33 military barracks in 11 localities	960,000.00	- Report of activities - Banking and	– Institutional instability
- Electrical wiring / rewiring of military barracks	300,000.00	accounting records - Audit reports	- Lack of building and construction material on the
- rehabilitation / digging of wells	116,000,00		market.
- Others	8180.00		
- Agency Management Support 7 %	124,626.17		

REPUBLIC OF GUINEA-BISSAU MINISTRY OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

PEACEBUILDING FUND IN GUINEA-BISSAU

REHABILITATION OF MILITARY BARRACKS

1. Context and justification of project

Guinca-Bissau is going through a process of relative and fragile peace which needs to be reinforced and consolidated through concrete measures aimed at preventing attempts to compromise an already-difficult situation through the use of force for purposes of justifying an action or resolving a dispute.

There is the urgent need to consolidate peace in Guinea-Bissau through the prometion of normal functioning of State institutions and in accordance with democratic norms and constitutional measures.

The economic and financial situation Guinea-Bissau does not permit the country to resolve the crucial and pressing problems it faces. Consequently, Guinea-Bissau can only confront this difficult situation through the support of the international community, particularly the United Nations system.

In this connection, Guinea-Bissau Armed Forces personnel are faced with the difficult problem of living in precarious and inhuman conditions in the military barrack – the dormitories are dilapidated, with bathhouses in a an advanced state of degradation, without water nor electrical supply or alternative sources of electricity, without proper kitchens or dining halls, all of which have transformed the military barracks into points of origin for contagious diseases and other health-related risks, as well as a safety risk owing to crumbling walls and falling roofs.

As almost all the military barracks were built in the colonial period and have not been maintained over the years, they are in an advanced state of dilapidation.

The inhuman and precarious conditions of the military barracks, with dilapidated dormitories and kitchens, without proper dining halfs and bathhouses, without electricity nor water nor proper nutrition are all indicators which could provoke discontentment and a desire for revolt within the military ranks. The conditions in which military personnel live in the barracks are appalling and could endanger sustainable peace and stability in Guinea-Bissau. Consequently, it is essential that urgent efforts be made to help address these problems and improve the tiving conditions, including sanitation, and the dignity of military personnel.

The present project, which aims to rehabilitate 33 military barracks in 11 localities, will help improve appreciably the living conditions of more than 4000 military personnel, and thus restore their pride and dignity and pave the way for their integration into a future professional armed forces [under the SSR programme].

Furthermore, living in improved conditions in the military barracks will allow the military personnel to contribute to building and managing better relationships with neighbouring local populations with whom they interact.

Implementing this present short-term project for the rehabilitation of dormitories, service areas, water supply, bathhouses, among others, could be seen as a proactive act and a welcome gesture on the part of the Government and the international community in efforts to achieve a consolidation of sustainable peace and stability, particularly political-military stability which is currently very weak and fragile.

This project will be managed by the Department of Infrastructure [Ministry of Defence], which will work closely with the Department of Production, Modernization and Social Action, as well as with the military engineers' unit. The Department of Production, Modernization and Social Action has the experience and expertise required to carry out this project, as it has been managing a number of military projects on behalf of the Government, as well as of other partners such as the UNDP.

Consequently, there is a commitment on the part of the Government to resolving urgently the situation and conditions under which military personnel are living, by means of the creation of dignified living conditions in the military barracks.

2. Project details

The present project aims at rehabilitating at least 33 military barracks dispersed across 11 localized military units across the national territory: (the rehabilitation programme targets dormitories, service areas, kitchens, dining halls, bathhouses and latrines / toilets and electric or solar energy supply), as well as the rehabilitation of wells or the digging of new improved ones, with the overall objective of improving the living conditions of more than 4000 military personnel serving in armed defence forces of Guinea-Bissau.

The project will be executed in four sectors, corresponding to the 4 geographical areas involved, and implementation will start simultaneously in these four areas. This approach will help facilitate follow-up and monitoring, as well as ensure that the impact of the project is felt across the board.

- East Sector: Bafata and Gabu
- South Sector: Quebo and Buba
- North Sector: Cantchungo and Buba
- Central Sector: General Armed Forces Headquarters, Navy Staff Quarters, Army Staff Headquarters and 25 May Campaign Regiment.

3. Project sustainability

This project is for a limited duration of 18 months, which requires extreme rigour and discipline in the application of technical and management standards.

The present project will be managed with the support of personnel with the requisite experience and appreciable technical skills and knowledge in management and civil construction.

On account of the climactic conditions in the country, it is important to provide for the possibility of regular and permanent maintenance in order to add value to long-term investment.

Consequently, attention needs to be given to the strengthening of technical and management capacities of the relevant departments of military infrastructure; in this connection also, a budget line needs to be created for the maintenance of the rehabilitated military barracks.

4. Management arrangements

In accordance with the rules of management of the PBF, UNOPS will be the Executing Agency, in charge of the overall management of the project and, with the accord of the RSG, will have overall financial responsibility, as well as monitoring and production of progress or status reports.

As Executing Agency, UNOPs will have the responsibility for signing contracts with those entities executing activities under the project.

For an efficient management of the project and an enhanced participation of the beneficiary institution, a Management Committee will be created with representatives of the Ministry of National Defence (Department of Infrastructure, Department of Production, Modernization and Social Action and the Military Engineers' Unit), as well as of the Ministry of Public Works, Construction and Urban Planning. The Management Committee will have a Terms of Reference, to be approved by the PBF National Steering Committee.

The process for public bids will be made by the Ministry of National Defence through the Management Committee, and the assessment of the bids from entities, if necessary, will be made in the presence of the members of the PBF National Steering Committee, supported by external and impartial technical experts.

Financial management and accounting for the project must conform to the norms and audit management requirements and procedures of UNOPS.

The final assessment of the project will be made by an external and independent entity, with the participation of the representatives of all the key partners.

5. Risks and assumptions

Given the short-term and rapid impact nature of the present project, the main risk is related to impediments, including bureaucratic practices, which could prevent the normal implementation of the project as a result of the delays in the unblocking of funds and their disbursement according to deadlines

On account of climactic conditions of the country, including the overabundance of rains and the rate of inflation worldwide, consideration has to be given to interruptions in the supply of construction materials. The Management Committee has to take preventive action in this regard.

6 BUDGET FOR PROJECT

CATEGORY	ITEM	UNIT COST	NO. OF UNITS	TOTAL COST
1. Personnel Including staff and consultants		٠.		
1.1 National professionals (engineers/NOB 2x 12 months)			2	126,210.00
2. Contracts Including companies, professional services, grants 1.1 Installation for supply of solar energy (\$960,000) 1.2 Lighting for exterior of barracks (\$300,000) 1.3 Rehabilitation/digging of wells (\$160,000) 1.4 Quality control, supervision services/Senior engineer (\$269,983.85)				1,645,983.85
3. Miscellaneous				8,180.00
Sub-total				1,780,373.85
4. Agency Management Support 7%				124,626.174
TOTAL				1,905,000.00

7- Detailed Work Plan for a period of 18 months (2008/2009)

Short to medium term results	Activities	Investment (Inputs)	Budget	Execution Date
1)- 33 military barracks rchabilitated in	Building Contracts Public bidding	(60%)	576,000.00	August 2008/ February 09
11 localities	process Contracts	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
11 POGERICS	Execution	(40%)	384,000.00	March 2009/May 2009
				٠.
2)-Renovation / rehabilitation	Building Contracts Public bidding	(60%)	69,600.00	September 2008
of water bore	process	(40%)	46,400	February 2009
holes	Contracts Execution			, 4
	Execution			
3)- Technical	Building Contracts	(60%)	180,000.00	February 2009
evaluation of electrical	Public bidding			
installations	process Contracts	(40%)	120,000.00	May 2009
and energy supply	Execution			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Displacement /	(60%)	161,990.31	August
5)-Guidance and monitoring by	commuting to project sites			2008/June 2009
Management Committee	Verification and commitment control/commission	(20%)	53,996.77	July 2009/October 2009
	Production of final reports	(20%)	53,996.77	November 2009/January 2010

		· .	
Dates	Benchmarks for 6 months	Achievement / Progress indicators	Status / Situation
First 6 months	All contracts enter execution phase	Implementation of 20% of works in progress	: ` · ·
Second 6 months	- End of repair and renovation of walls, pavements and walkways, carpentry works and drainage - End of work on water bore holes - End of work on electrical installations	- Walls, pavements and walkways, carpentry works and drainage works completed - Water supply ensured in all rehabilitated wells - Installed electrical equipment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Third 6 months	Finalization of works: painting Roofing and Assessment of pavement, carpentry and drainage works Presentation of end of works	Works completed under project	