

Women's Peace and Humanitarian Fund **ANNUAL REPORT 2022** 

Country	Submitted by PUNO(s) UN Women or NUNO(s) <sup>1</sup>
HAITI	Entity Name: UN Women
1	Name of Representative: Marie Goretti Nduwayo
TPMD Project Number	Implementing partner(s)
00123504	1. Association 4 Chemins (A4C)
00123304	Neges Mawon
Reporting Period	2. Association des Femmes de Madeline (AFM)
JANUARY – DECEMBER 2022	3. Alternative des Femmes Organisées de Port à Piment
SINCIRI BECENBER 2022	(ALTERFOP)
Call for Proposals Select all corresponding calls	4. Mouvement pour intégration et émancipation des Femmes Handicapées (MIEFH)
	<ul> <li>Groupe de support pour la promotion des droits humanins (GRAPRODH)</li> </ul>
	5. Cellule Strategic Support Unit for Agricultural Development (CASDA)
	<ul><li>J/P Haitian Relief Organization (JPHRO)</li><li>Entr'Elles</li></ul>
	• Fanm solid
☐ Regular funding cycle	Fanm Grandans
<i>Specify the call (Call 1, 2, 3, etc.)</i>	<ul> <li>Association des Femmes en action de la Grand-Anse</li> </ul>
☑ WPHF/Spotlight Partnership	7. RAPHA House International
☐ COVID-19 Emergency Response Window	8. South Network for the Defence of Human Rights (RSDDH)
	<ul><li>9. Solidarité des Femmes du Nord-Est (SOFNE)</li><li>10. Young Women Christian Association Haiti (YWCA-Haiti)</li></ul>
	11. Zanmi Lasante (ZL)
	12. Mouvement des femmes pour le développement de la Grand
	Anse (MOFEGDA)
	13. Haiti Adolescent Girls Network (HAGN)
	14. Fédération des Femmes du Bas-Artibonite (FEFBA)
XXXXXXX 60 4 2 4 1 1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	15. Femmes en Démocratie (FED)
WPHF effects <sup>2</sup> to which the report contributes for the reporting period	Project locations
Select all matching Effects	
Outcome 1: Enabling environment for the	West: Port-au-Prince, Lassaline, Cité Soleil, Carrefour Feuille,
implementation of WPS commitments	Martissant, Commune Pétion Ville and surroundings
☐ Outcome 2: Conflict prevention	North: Cap-Haitien, Lemonade, Milot, Fort-Liberté, Plaine du Nord,
☐ Outcome 3: Humanitarian response	Acul du Nord, Pignon, Ranquitte, La Victoire.
☐ Effect 4: Conflict Resolution	Northeast: Commune of Terrier-Rouge
☑ Effect 5: Protection	Grande-Anse: Jeremie
□Outcome 6: Post-conflict peacebuilding and recovery	Artibonite: St-Marc, Petite Rivière de Artibonite, Verrettes.
	Centre: Belladère, Cange, Lascahobas, Mirebalais, Boucan-Carre,
	Thomonde, Hinche, Cerca-la-Source.
Program Start Date	Total approved budget (USD)
WPHF / Spotlight partnership: April 1st, 2021	1,962,617 USD
Planned Program End Date	Amount transferred (USD)
WPHF / Spotlight partnership: December 30th, 2023	1,545,000.73 <b>USD</b>

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Non-UN organizations, u Applicable to the rapid intervention window for peace processes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> According to the integrated (nested) model of the WPHF results framework, the effects of the WPHF are equivalent to the level of impact for partners



### **Executive Summary**

This program developed as part of the WPHF/SPOTLIGHT collaboration is in its second year of implementation after its official launch in April 2021. Fiteen (15) organizations working in different departments of the country received funding under the programme to implement 17 projects. Among them, two projects were approved in December 2022 as part of a targeted emergency response and will start implementation in 2023<sup>3</sup>. Two projects (HAGN & FEFBA) have already ended in December 2021. This report concerns 13 projects that are currently being implemented which, despite the difficult sociopolitical context, have made it possible to have results along two main strategic axes:

- 1- The institutional axis on supporting existing organizations to strengthen the level of their resilience and operational capacity.
- 2- The programmatic axis focuses on the elimination of violence against women and girls, access to support services for survivors of violence, capacity building of women and girls beneficiaries of the projects, etc.

To achieve this, new strategies have been put in place and the engagement of communities and partner organizations has been a leitmotiv that has allowed progress on most of the activities planned as part of the implementation. This year's achievements have directly reached a total number of 20074 people including 2656 girls, 9599 women, 2001boys and



5818 men as well as 152 CSOs. The program has also indirectly reached a total number of 79556 people for this reporting period.

At the institutional level, organizations have been able to strengthen their visibility within their communities, strengthen their strategic capacity to intervene through the acquisition of office equipment and, on the other hand, better respond to situations of violence faced by women and girls while supporting the concrete actions of grassroots organizations.

At the programmatic level, the programme has supported actions that have brought change in different areas:

- 1. **Strengthening the Haitian cultural sector:** The program allowed the realization of various theatrical performances and the 19<sup>th</sup> edition of the festival 4 chemins which is one of the largest performing arts events in Haiti. 50 women former inmates were the main actors of this show and were able to express the living conditions in prisons through the theater which is represented as a vector of social change in Haiti calling for better living conditions in prisons and better social reintegration of former female prisoners. More than 200 people were directly reached by these theatrical performances. Following that, Le Nouvelliste, a wellknown newspaper published on April 05 2022, an <a href="Article-titled:" « Bay lavi sans », des anciennes détenues initiées à la danse et au théâtre'" (« Giving a meaning to life » former inmates initiated to dancing and acting". Le Nouvelliste, Arcticle 235081.
- 2. Support to GBV survivors: During the reporting period, medical care for survivors of violence was provided by partner organizations. Zanmi Lasant in Plateau Central and Artibonite accompanied 214 survivors of GBV as part of his interventions through the 11 sites of the Central Plateau and Lower Artibonite. The team identified 206 women and 8 men who were survivors of violence in general, representing ninety-six percent (96%) of women. Nineteen (119) cases were reported, representing 55% of incidents of sexual violence, 71 cases of physical violence and 24 cases of psychological violence. The GBV team also provided women and girls survivors with psychosocial services. Ninety per cent (90%) of survivors, or 194 women, received psychosocial support. Other organizations accompanied survivors through the legal process by offering them the psychological support appropriate to their case. Through the activities carried out by AFM, 160 survivors of GBV benefited from care adapted to their needs through at least three services offered (psychosocial support, legal assistance, medical support); JPHRO was able to reach 560 women, men, girls and boys who had access to health services and benefited from judicial and psychosocial support. In addition, the following actions have been completed:
  - 29 support systems for the protection of women have been set up.
  - 1261 of GBV survivors were accompagnied
  - Provision of health and legal support services have been provided to 862 beneficiaries.
  - Psychosocial support provided to 678 beneficiaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> One organizations (Rapha House) was funded under the Regular Call and the subsequent Emergency CfP and one organization (AFM) has both - a programmatic and an institutional funding grant.



- **3. Strengthening Women's Empowerment:** In the vision of strengthening the financial capacity of women and girls, about 4 partner organizations (including RAPHA, CASDA, MIEF and A4C) have organized adapted training sessions that will allow more than a hundred women to create income-generating activities.
  - The association 4 Chemins, during the implementation of the project supporting women prisoners, organized training sessions in artisanal jewelry making, photography, SME management. Through this transmitted knowledge, women have been able to develop their talents, acquire new knowledge/techniques in order to change their living conditions and generate income. The example of the women who participated in the photography training, have already enjoyed an economic opportunity. Six (6) of them were hired as trainee photographers during the shows of the association 4 chemins. It was an opportunity to exercise their profession, to put into practice the concepts learned as part of the training courses registered in the project but also an opportunity that could generate financial resources that can facilitate or serve in the establishment of a stable profitable activity. In addition, 810 women ex-prisoners have financial means and have knowledge and tools for financial empowerment.
  - With RAPHA, 91 women beneficiaries, including 42 women survivors of violence among the beneficiaries, attended computer and cosmetology courses. These trainings are a considerable step towards their financial empowerment. 101 displaced women heads of household launched income-generating activities with
  - CASDA was able to reach 100 women survivors who contacted the committee to combat violence against women and they were assisted and have financial autonomy.
  - On the other hand, 25 women with disabilities received a grant from MIEF to strengthen their existing business and another 75 women with disabilities received a grant to start new businesses.
- 4. Organization of training and capacity building: During the reporting period, women and girls gained a better understanding of their human rights and the capacity to claim them. As for detained women, girls, they have a better understanding about their rights "before, during and after" detention, and about the continued risk of being released under habeas corpus. Training was organized on several themes such as self-esteem, human rights, whose essence of the training is to equip the members of the organizations, the beneficiaries of the various projects of the different departments with theoretical and practical backgrounds, to better train themselves in order to actively contribute as an actor in the fight against violence against women and girls as well as all forms of discrimination against women and girls.

More than a hundred girls aged 11 to 17 took part in the training sessions focusing on gender-based violence and human and women's rights. The objectives of these activities were, on the one hand, to enable this target audience to become aware of their rights and duties in society and also to become aware of the existence of the different types of violence. On the other hand, they also aimed to enable beneficiaries to define violence and its different types as well as to recognize consent and its importance. These objectives have been achieved by creating a safe space for discussions on the different Issues around these themes.

With regard to the strengthening of grassroots organizations as part of AMF interventions, 12 women including 4 OCBs members, four (4) care managers and four AFM staff members were trained in survivor care management. As part of MIEF activities, 15 SCOs are being trained and 6 have received a grant to strengthen their structure to better support survivors in their respective localities. With the support of the EVA project led by JHPRO, four (4) CBOs received a grant to develop prevention and response activities related to violence against women.

In addition, on November 21, 2022, the country office launched a targeted emergency response which ended on November 28, 2022 using the remaining balance of USD 330,000 from exchange gains on the overall grant envelope. This appeal was launched with the aim of supporting women, girls and families affected by the resurgence of cholera in the country and who have lost/fled their homes due to gang warfare in the metropolitan area of Port-au-Prince. At the end, two organisations (Rapha House International and Voix Essentiels-Femmes en Democratie-FED) were targeted on the basis of their experiences working with the country office and their respective expertise to provide an urgent response to people displaced and affected by cholera. The RAPHA contract is already effective and the FED contract is being validated. The implementation of both projects will be effective in 2023.

Finally, as part of WPHF CSO Peer Learning Awards 2022 which recognize CSOs' excellency in WPSHA work, the MARIJAN Organisation Feministe (recipient of the COVID regular funding) were selected to develop joint project with Mouvement pour l'Intégration et l'Émancipation des Femmes Handicapées (MIEFH), and the Mouvement des Femmes pour le Développement de la Grand-Anse (MOFEDGA) with Haiti Adolescent Girls Network (HAGN) in Haiti. Implementation will be begin in 2023.

#### 1. CSO Profile

Call for proposals <sup>4</sup>	Name of Primary Organization	Type of organization <sup>5</sup>	Geographical coverage of Organization <sup>6</sup>	Effect of WPHF <sup>7</sup>	Project location (state, province or region)	Name of implementing partner(s), type of organization and geographical coverage <sup>8</sup> .	Project Start and End Date <sup>9</sup>	Total approved budget (USD)
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Mouvement des femmes pour le développement de la Grand Anse (MOFEGDA)	Women's Rights/Led	Regional	Outcome 1 : Institutional	Grand-Anse	N/A	March 30, 2021 – 1-Mar-22	30,000
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Association des Femmes de Madeline (AFM)	Women's Rights/Led	Regional	Outcome 1 : Institutional	Madeline	N/A	March 30, 2021 – Jan 1st, 2023	30,000
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Haiti Adolescent Girls Network (HAGN)	Women's Rights/Led	Local	Outcome 1 : Institutional	Ouest, Sud-Est, Nippes, Sud	N/A	April 1st, 2021 – Oct. 30, 2021 Ext: Dec.30, 2021	28,997
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Fédération des Femmes du Bas- Artibonite (FEFBA)	Women's Rights/Led	Local	Outcome 1 : Institutional	Saint Marc	N/A	March 30, 2021 – Sept 30, 2021 Ext: Dec.30, 2021	29,750
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Alternative Organized Women Port à Piment (ALTERFOP)	Women's Rights/Led	Local	Outcome 1: Institutional	Port-à-Piment	N/A	April 1 2021-Aug 30, 2021 Ext April 30, 2022	28,450

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For each grant, indicate which call for proposals it is (CfP1; Cfp 2; Cfp 3), etc.. Please also note if this is a Spotlight-WPHF partnership; Partnership with BMZ on forced displacement; or COVID-19 emergency response

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Select from the following types of organizations: (i) Female-led; (ii) For women's rights; (iii) both (led by a woman and for women's rights); iv) Youth-led / Focused on youths; or (v) Other, as identified by the organization itself.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Choose from: i) International; (ii) National; (iii) Subnational/Regional; or (iv) Community (local), for each grant. International organizations operate in more than one country. National organizations have national coverage. A sub-national organization works in multiple provinces/states/regions within the same country, but does not cover all provinces/states/regions of the country. Community-based or local organizations focus their work at the community level and have no interventions at the regional, national or international level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The effects of the WPHF are: Outcome 1: Enabling environment for the implementation of WPS commitments; Outcome 2: Conflict prevention; Effect 3: Response humanitarian; Outcome 4: Conflict resolution; Effect 5: Protection; Outcome 6: Peacebuilding and recovery. According to the integrated (nested) model of the WPHF results framework, the effects of the WPHF are equivalent to the level of impact for partners.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> For each implementing partner (those on the cover page who have received a transfer), indicate whether they are i) led by women; (ii) For the rights of wives; (iii) both (led by a woman and for women's rights); (iv) women's and youth rights; (v) Youth organization (youth-led); or (v) Other, such as identification by the organization.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Use the official start and end dates as indicated in the contract. If the project has received an extension, please note this.

Spotlight WPHF Partnership	J/P Haitian Relief Organization (JPHRO)	Women Led	Local	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Grand-Anse	Entr'Elles, Fanm Solid, Fanm Grandans, Association des femmes en action de la Grand- Anse	April 1st, 2021 – April 1st, 2022	199,998
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Zanmi Lasante (ZL)	Women Led	Regional	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Central Plateau and Artibonite	N/A	April 6, 2021 - Dec.30, 2022 Ext. August 31, 2023	200,000
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	RAPHA House International	Women Led	Local	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	La saline, Cité Soleil, Carrefour Feuille, Martissant	N/A	April 4, 2021 – December 15th, 2022	200,000
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Movement for the Integration and Emancipation of Women with Disabilities (MIEFH)	Women's Rights/Led	Regional	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Cap-Haitien, Lemonade, Milot, Fort-Liberté, Plaine du Nord, Acul du Nord.	Educational Support Group for the Promotion of Human Rights (GRAPRODH)	April 1st, 2021 - Sept.1st, 2022	195,927
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Young Women Christian Association Haiti ( YWCA-Haiti)	Youth Rights/Led	Local	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Commune of Pétion-Ville and surroundings.	N/A	May 24, 2021 – 30- Apr, 2022	112,089
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Solidarité des Femmes du Nord-Est (SOFNE)	Women's Rights/Led	Regional	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	North-East Commune of Terrier-Rouge	Kodinasyon Fanm Sid (KOFASID), Fanm Dyanm Sid (KOSOFADS), Association des femmes et filles handicapées du Sud (AFFHS)	March 29, 2021 - Dec.30th, 2022	122,620

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Spotlight WPHF Partnership	South Network for the Defence of Human Rights (RSDDH)	Other	Regional	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Several communes in the South	N/A	April 1st, 2021 – Jan 30, 2023	185,110
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Association 4 Chemins (A4C)	Women's Rights	Local	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Departments of West, South-East, South, and Grand-Anse	Neges Mawon	March 30, 2021 - Dec.30, 2022	160,000
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Strategic Support Unit for Agricultural Development (CASDA)	Women Led	Local	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Grand-Anse	Concerted Action for Agricultural Development and Sustainable Environment (ACDAED)	April 1st, 2021 - Dec.30, 2022	183,110
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Association des Femmes de Madeline (AFM)	Women's Rights/Led	Local	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Cap-Haitien, Pignon, Ranquitte, La Victoire	N/A	March 30, 2021- Jan 1st, 2023	163,108
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	RAPHA House International	Women Led	Regional/Local	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Cité Soleil, Carrefour-Feuille, La Saline,	N/A	Feb 13, 2023- Sept 22, 2023	180,093
Spotlight WPHF Partnership	Femmes en Democratie	Women Led	Regional/Local	WPHF: Outcome 5 Spotlight: Outcome 6	Commune de Por-au- Prince (localités de Balanyen, Jecroix et Sainte Marie) au Canapé-Vert et Commune de Cité Soleil (Varreux I et Varreux II)	1. Asosyasyon Fanm Sent Mari 2. Association des Femmes en Mouvement 3. Fondation IDEO 4. La Fondation Essence-Elle (FÉE)	Not yet signed	149,907

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#### 2. Consolidated beneficiaries

	CURRE	NT REPORTIN	G YEAR		CUMULATIVE			
	Direct		Number of	Direct	Indirect	Number of		
	beneficiaries for	beneficiaries	CSOs,	beneficiaries	beneficiaries	CSOs,		
	the year		community-			community-		
			based			based		
			organizations or			organizations or		
			women's groups			women's groups		
			supported			supported		
Girls (0-17)	2656			3815				
Women (18+)	9599			14239				
Boys (0-17)	2001			2107				
Men (18+)	5818			7273				
Total	20074	79556	152	27341	465478	282		

Select all that apply

X	Refugee/IDPs□	Persons/women	with	disabilities	Survivors	of SGBV	$\times$

### \*ATTACH the WPHF beneficiary template.

### 3. Background/New developments

As Haiti is plagued by political instability and gang violence, factors such as: a) the aftermath of the Covid-19 pandemic and the economic crisis; b) the assassination of President Jovenel Moïse in July 2021; iii) the 7.2 magnitude earthquake in August 2021 further aggravated the situation. Despite many decadences bring to the year 2022, new forms of insecurity and uncertainties have been added such as: fuel shortages, the resurgence of cholera, the proliferation of gangs across the country, the massive deportation of Haitians living illegally in the Dominican Republic and the United States, the brain drain to foreign lands in search of a better being, to name but a few.

The country has experienced a profound and worrying deterioration in the socio-economic, political and security context. It only plunges into crises that cause major concerns at the level of the population. The considerable upsurge in clashes between armed gangs has led to a situation of panic among the population, forcing more than one of the families - women, girls, boys and women - to leave their respective areas of residence to take refuge in other communes and other localities.

Armed violence perpetrated by organized gangs remains at the heart of human rights violations in Haiti, particularly in the Port-a-u-Prince metropolitan area and in some provincial cities. The escalation of violence by armed and organized gangs, including kidnappings and violent killings in the metropolitan area of Port-au-Prince, continued and was a source of deep concern among the population. Abductions remain a reality of Haitians' daily lives and a source of income for organized gangs. The humanitarian situation during the year is influenced by the evolution of the socio-economic, political and security context, in particular the continuing violence of armed gangs and decisions on the holding of elections. This situation has considerable potential consequences in terms of protection including gender-based violence, displacement, food insecurity, access to basic services, etc.

## Focus on the situation of women and girls:

In addition, socio-political crises have shaken the country, shaken the different operating systems that have called into question the effectiveness of governance without forgetting the vagaries of climate and the risks related to natural threats that have negative impacts on the whole country. Women and girls are more vulnerable than ever to violence in Haiti, particularly at a time of multidimensional crisis marked by armed gang violence and deteriorating social and economic conditions of the population. In the public space, levels of violence against women are also alarming, particularly in the metropolitan area of Port-au-Prince and its surroundings, leading to the exposure of women and girls to the risk of violence, including sexual violence. Many are survivors of individual and gang rape in areas under the control or influence of armed gangs, including

<sup>☐</sup> Teenage mothers/single widows Young/adolescent Other, please specify: ☐☐☒



### 3. Background/New developments

Martissant, Cité Soleil, Croix-des-Bouquets, Tabarre and Village de Dieu to name but a few. Sexual violence is typically used by armed gangs as a weapon to assert their control and power over the population and communities.

## Assistance to women and girls who are survivors of violence:

Despite the recurrent problems faced by organizations, vulnerable and/or victimized women and girls, communities benefit from improved access to information and education on violence prevention, through capacity development of various groups of social actors and awareness-raising actions on women's rights, social norms favorable to gender equality and positive masculinities. Women and girls who are survivors of violence have enhanced access to a range of assistance services, including psychological and social support, medical care, legal assistance, temporary accommodation and relocation, socioeconomic support, etc. We can thus say that feminist and women's rights organizations, partner organizations in the fight against violence against women and girls are strengthened, they are better equipped to increase their contribution to the promotion and protection of women's rights, as well as to the fight against violence.

## 4a. Overall Results (Impact and Outcomes) Achieved (Narrative)

Despite the difficult socio-political and economic context experienced by the Haitian population during the year 2022, the partner organizations have shown a keen interest and willingness to move forward with the programming of the activities of the various projects. Measures have been adopted during periods of crisis where the socio-political context, the fuel problem could have a negative impact on projects. The involvement of stakeholders marked this period and thanks to this synergy, some organizations were able to establish a contingency plan that allowed them to move forward on several aspects of planning. Based on a timetable of activities of each partner, the partner organizations were then able to contribute to impacts 5 of the WPHF program and the spotlight initiative outcome 6 which are listed below:

- > Spotlight 6 Outcome: Women's rights groups, autonomous social movements and civil organizations, including those representing youth and groups facing intersecting forms of discrimination/marginalization, more effectively influence and advance gender equality and gender equality, including GBV.
- > Outcome 5 WPHP: Improved safety, security and mental health of women and girls, and respect for their human rights.

### Stream 1: institutional funding:

The institutional capacity building of the three (3) Civil society organizations partner enabled them to play their role and have a better positioning as a humanitarian and/or development actor in their respective areas of intervention. During this reporting period, the partner organizations have been able to sustain themselves for on average 12 months with (12 for MOFEDGA), (0 ALTERFOF), (14 for AFM) staff/volunteers retained during the reporting period. They developed and/or adopted adaptive strategies, tools, or systems, for continuity of their operations, including the development of risk management and contingency plans or strategies.

The institutional funding also contributed to improving ALTERFOP's operational and institutional performance through the acquisition of office equipment, the manufacture / assembly of a sign that contributed to the visibility of the organization within the community. The partner organizations MOFEDGA, AFM from themselves have been able to strengthen their operational capacity relating to special measures to support survivors (reception, listening, referral), the management of the care of survivors. The staff is then able to raise awareness and train the population on women's rights and GBV and also on the behaviors to adopt in the fight against the COVID-19 pandemic.

### **Stream 2: Programmatic funding:**

The (10) ten active projects carried out by local and national women's rights organizations have contributed to strengthening their influence as humanitarian and/or peacebuilding actors for gender equality, women's empowerment and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices, as well as contribute significantly to the improvement of the human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls at the level of the targeted departments of the project. For the reporting period, and thanks to the partnerships established,



considerable progress is noted with regard to WPHF Outcome 5 and Spotlight Initiative Outcome 6 through several actions related to the strengthening of grassroots organizations, the strengthening of community understanding on gender-related themes and on the other hand, psychosocial, medical and other support for survivors of violence. As a result:

- 152 CSOs reported to have better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)
- 14 OSC shared to have more influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices as well as contributing significantly to the improvement of human rights, safety, security and mental.
- 133 women and girls reported improved ability to cope with sexual trauma and psychological impact of physical violence 133.
- 3 CSOs, local and regional government institutions for defense and the protection of citizens' rights coordinated their efforts to combat human trafficking, provide services to survivors and suppressing gender based violence.

### Coordination and Community Mobilization

Education and awareness-raising campaigns were carried out in several regions targeted by the project, including the North, South and Grande-Anse as part of the implementation of the projects. This activity has reached more than a thousand people and will be a gain in the fight against violence against women and girls in the affected regions. As part of the awareness-raising and information campaigns carried out in the communes of Cap-Haïtien, Pignon, Ranquitte and La Victoire by AFM on gender, the volume relating to the number of people trained on gender and gender-based violence is reached at 100%. A total of 330 people affected including 238 women, 87 men aged 18 and over, 4 adolescent girls and 1 adolescent between 12-17 years old. JHPRO's community outreach activities reached 1810 people, including 900 women under 50, 621 men under 50, 150 women +50, 102 men +50, 25 adolescents 12-17, 12 adolescents 12-17 years old in the target areas. New mechanisms have been implemented for community outreach, academia, etc.

### GBV and covid-19 training and awareness.

Particularly with AFM, the project reached more than 20,000 people, i.e. 10,400 women and 9,600 men sensitized against GBV as part of the organization of nine (9) days of campaign in the communes of Cap-Haïtien, Pignon, Ranquitte and La Victoire. Key messages were disseminated to support the campaign. In addition, these types of support systems for the protection of women's rights have been set up and have accommodated 70 women in need.

More than 20,000 individuals (extended families of beneficiaries' communities) and civil society organizations were reached this year through advocacy and awareness-raising activities. Training was organized on themes related to the fight against violence against women and girls. This target population has a better understanding of this theme and can contribute to the conduct of the struggle within communities, families, etc. The association 4 chemins contributed this year to raising awareness among the population about the integration of prisoners into society. About 200 people were reached in cultural activities with messages of women's integration and social cohesion. With regard to health awareness, people in different localities have been sensitized on covid-19 to adopt better behaviors.

## Strengthened capacity of organizations to contribute to ending sexual and gender-based violence.

CSO members engaged as behavior change actors in prevention and response have been strengthened. 18 grassroots community organizations are strengthened in their role as actors, prevention and response to GBV as well as in coordinating the fight against GBV. Members of grassroots organizations were trained in advocacy skills, petition writing, survivor care management, etc. All this knowledge has strengthened their capacities in order to better support the beneficiaries: women, girls, adolescent girls from the communities. In JPHRO's intervention areas, 4 CBOs received grants to develop prevention and response activities. Of this grant, four (4) new localities are affected: Red Background, Torbeck, Lower and High Guinaudée, Lower and High Voldrug. The interventions reached 1,8,621 people.

Local capacity in Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) of protection interventions is 100% strengthened. In terms of strengthening the capacities of organizations in the fight to end sexual violence, it is important to underline the importance of the establishment by the MIEF organization of a coalition of thirteen (13) organizations to continue the fight against women's rights and against GBV that will serve the areas covered by the project. In the commune of Abricot through the CASDA project, an office is set up in the locality with the support of two committees to assist survivors and refer them to the most appropriate structure for follow-up.



### Strengthening existing structures for accessing services for GBV survivors

GBV survivors receive integrated, multi-sectoral assistance (medical, psychosocial, legal/judicial and socio-economic reintegration). The assistance provided is coordinated and based on rights and gender equality. The strengthening of four (4) structures and the GBV coordination mechanism have provided them with the technical and institutional capacity required to ensure effective coordination among the population. Reception centres have been strengthened and have been able to serve. As part of all the projects 1261 women benefited from GBV support, among which 678 benefited from counseiling sessions.

With regard to the support for the legal process, RSDDH was able to legally accompany 173 women and 129 girls accompanied by their parents before the competent courts. Legal advice, drafting and sending complaints of women and girls' survivors to the courts were the main materials granted. SOFNE through the center and an available staff, offered the appropriate accompaniment services to survivors and survivors. On average, the office received eight (8) cases. The women survivors found support advice and accompaniment for justice.

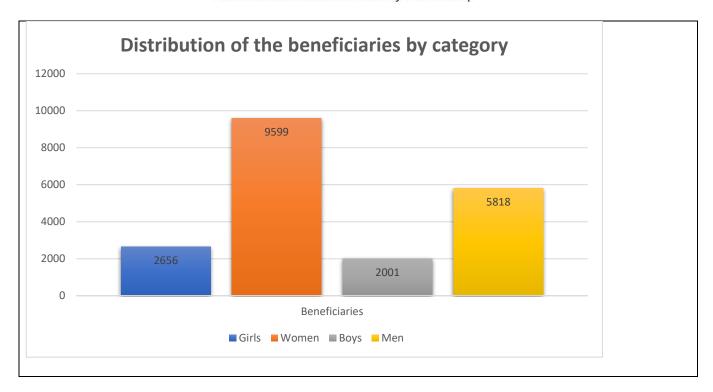
### Support and strengthening of income-generating organizations/activities.

In order to promote women's economic empowerment through the projects, a total of 301 women have received financial support in order to build their autonomy by the respective projects. A subsidy was granted to more than a hundred (101) women to strengthen their economic structures and others for the establishment of a profitable activity (RAPHA). Through MIEF, 75 women with disabilities received a grant to start their own businesses and 25 economically empowered women with disabilities received a grant to strengthen their own already existing businesses. RSDDH has implemented (2) training programs to facilitate the transmission of knowledge to learners in the fields of office automation and cosmetology. A total of 100 women between the ages of 18 and 40 attended the vocational training center. The graduation and certificate ceremony took place and among the beneficiaries, there were 42 women survivors of violence.

In the commune of Abricots with the support of CASDA, women survivors of violence and also economically vulnerable farmers were targeted to support them in the creation of income-generating activities. With CASDA, through the project, they were able to participate in the establishment of a solidarity economy structure in the municipality of Les Abricots. With this solidarity mutual, women have access to credit following training received in micro-credit, the social and solidarity economy. This dynamic is then aimed at contributing to the strengthening or raising of women's financial level.

Overall, the program directly supported a total number of 20074 people including 2656 girls, 9599 women, 2001boys and 5818 men as well as 152 CSOs. A total number of 79556 people are indirectly reached. As cumulative after 2 years of implementation, the program has now reached 27734 people.

Besides, two projects have to be implemented in 2023 by RAPHA which aims to Support to Strengthen the Resilience of Women and Girls Affected by Sexual Violence and Physical Abuse resulting from Territorial Warfare between Armed Gangs and FED (Femmes En Développement) with the objective to sensitize Organizations for True Commitment to Advancement and Victory over Insecurity and Disease.



### 4b.1 Outcome 5

### **Association 4 Chemins:**

# Output 1.1: Women coming out of prison and coming from diverse backgrounds can exchange and be listened to without feeling any prejudice against them.

Under the leadership of Nègès Mawon, partner organization of the association 4 chemins, 3 discussion groups and psychosocial support meetings with groups of 10 to 15 women were held with the support of specialist animators.

## Output 1.2: Women released from prison are sensitized and aware of their fundamental rights.

70 women took part to 5 training and talk sessions on sexual health that have been conducted. The talk was led by a psychologist who presented the different categories of sex, gender, STIs/STDs, the method of using condoms to better protect oneself during sexual intercourse. Condoms were also distributed to beneficiaries. It should be noted that the training on fundamental rights was led by the EvensSon Founder. Through this training, women's capacity to assert their fundamental rights is strengthened. The theme of the Habeas Corpus action was of paramount importance to the women participants as some of them have been freed by Habeas Corpus and are at risk of returning to prison.

## Output 2.1 Beneficiary women participate in theatrical and choreographic creation.

Forty-five (45) dance rehearsal sessions were held in which 30 women aged from 18-45 years old took part. These sessions made it possible to realize the show entitled "Lapriyè Limenna" whose piece was played 8 times. As for the theatre project "Bay lavi sans" as part of this programme, three (33) rehearsal sessions took place. The show was performed eight times during the year 2022.

### Output 2.2: Women ex-prisoners have the financial means and the knowledge and tools for financial empowerment.

To achieve this indicator, the project allocated work fee. According to the mechanism, each beneficiary received a fee of 7,500 gourdes. Some women are both in dance and theater have received two stamps. For the capacity-building component, six (6) Training sessions on income-generating activities were held with a view to equipping beneficiaries with a manual trade in the manufacture of handicraft jewelry. The association 4 Chemins, through a partnership with VIREHA has allowed 20 women to have a scholarship in photography. For reasons related to the socio-political crisis, six (6) female beneficiaries



continued and passed the courses until obtaining the certificate. These graduate beneficiaries practiced their profession as photographers at the 19th edition of the festival 4 chemins.

## Output 3.1: A large number of people attend the performances of the two creations made with ex-prisoners.

After several months of regular work, the women beneficiaries of the "Bay Lavi Sans" project, together with professional artists and directors, were able to give four performances of each of the shows created "Ochan pou Lavi" and "Lapriyè Limena". This makes a total of eight (8) performances for the year reaching an audience of 205 people: men and women. It should be noted that the text of "Bay lavi without" is inspired by the experience of the women beneficiaries of the project. It takes into account the lives of the beneficiaries before, during, and after prison. However, the text of "Lapriyè Limenna" is a "masculine" look at the realities of the feminine condition and a call for positive change.

### Output 3.2: A large number of people are sensitized via media and social networks.

The activities carried out for this product are as follows:

- o Image capture
- o Creation of four (4) new videos,
- o Publications of 24 articles in newspapers, magazines
- o 35 Post on social networks: 25,000 people reached.

### Association des Femmes de Madeline (AFM)

## Output 1.1: An education, awareness-raising and information campaign is carried out in the target communes on gender and gender-based violence.

Trainings were organized on Gender and Gender-Based Violence with the participation of 63 women and 23 men aged 18. It should be noted that this objective has been achieved since the first quarter. As part of the nine days of campaign in the commons of Cap-Haitien, Pignon, Ranquitte and La Victoire more than 20,000 people, or 10,400 (ten thousand four hundred) women and 9,600 (nine thousand six hundred) men were sensitized against VBGs.

# Output 1.2: Community-based referral and GBV protection mechanisms are in place and functional at the local level. Implementation of two community coordination mechanisms in the localities of: Pignon, La victoire, Ranquitte and Cap-Haitien respectively on November 29 and 30, December 6 and 13, 2022 bringing together 70 participants.

Output 1.3: Community based arganizations are strongthaned in their role as actors, provention and response to CP.

# Output 1.3: Community-based organizations are strengthened in their role as actors, prevention and response to GBV as well as in coordinating the fight against GBV.

A two-day training (27 and 28 October 2022) in survivor care management was organized for 4 OCB members, 4 care managers and 4 AFM staff members.

# Output 2.1: GBV survivors receive integrated, multi-sectoral assistance (medical, psychosocial, legal/judicial and socio-economic reintegration) that is coordinated, rights- and gender-based.

The reception center received 198 cases of assault, including 108 survivors who received medical, psychosocial, legal, mediation or referral support. The programmatic goal of 100 survivors to be accompanied through holistic care is surpassed, i.e. a total of 349 cases received, including 160 survivors, for the period from July 2021 to December 2022.

### Output 3.1: COVID-19 prevention measures are being taken to ensure the protection of staff and beneficiaries.

The target of the number of people trained in Covid has been met since the period preceding this report. 355 people were trained out of a target of 350. With regard to public awareness, during this period 15,000 people were sensitized, i.e. more than 7,800 women and 7,200 men as part of an awareness campaign against Covid-19 in the municipalities of Pignon, Victoire and Ranquitte for nine days.

# Output 4.1: GBV structures and coordination mechanisms have the technical and institutional capacity to ensure effective coordination.

A meeting was organized for this purpose between the AFM team and four civil society organizations on December 22, 2022. The process of dialogue between CSOs and the Government has been strengthened. Each of the organizations received a kit of materials.



### Alternative Femmes Organisés Port-Piment - ALTERFOP

## Output 1.1: The ALTERFOP organization is set up and equipped to better serve the community.

The organization has purchased office equipment and manufactured a sign that will allow the population to easily trace the organization's premises.

### Output 1.2: Manufacture of 120 jerseys of the organization

The jersey making service is obtained and 120 jerseys have been distributed to members of the organization.

### Strategic Support Unit for Agricultural Development (CASDA)

# Output 1.1: The population of the commune of Les Abricots is aware of and is more informed about the law on violence against women.

- CASDA has published simplified booklets on women's rights and the law on the prevention and punishment of violence against women in the Republic of Haiti. 10 awareness-raising campaigns/IEC were carried out reaching 800 people. At the level of the commune of Les Abricots.
- One (1) partnership contract has been drawn up with a body of Advocatefor the dissemination of the law on violence against women.
- 800 people participated and are sensitized at the end of the project.
- Production of three (3) awareness spots and broadcast of 4 radio programs during the duration of the project.

# Output 1.2: The level of information and knowledge of men and women who have participated in awareness-raising on the phenomenon of violence against women and girls is improved.

180 women and 85 men took part in awareness-raising and information sessions on the various forms of violence and the existence of structures for assistance and/or recourse to survivors. It should be noted that evaluation tests during the training and awareness sessions (pre-test, post-test) were administered.

## Output 2.1: Access to a committee for monitoring and psycho-social, health, legal and economic assistance is ensured for women survivors of violence.

- Provision of one (1) office in the locality for victim assistance (physical and gynecological examination, syphilis pregnancy test, HIV, ARV drug, post-exposure prophylaxis, contraception, follow-up with a psychologist followed in mental health etc.
- Creation of two (2) committees to combat violence against women.
- Establishment of six (6) focal points for the fight against violence

# Output 2.2: Women survivors are strengthened and are able to take care of themselves and carry out an activity for their autonomy.

100 women survivors who contacted the committee to combat violence against women were assisted and have financial autonomy on the basis of several actions such as:

- Establishment of community nursery
- Choice of species to be introduced into the nursery.
- Maintenance of seedlings in nurseries
- Distribution of seedlings to beneficiaries
- Training on micro-credit and the social and solidarity economy
- Granting of loans to training beneficiaries.

### J/P Haitian Relief Organization (JPHRO)

Output 1.1: Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs including those representing young people and groups facingmultiple and intersecting forms of discrimination have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards Gender Equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.

Four local women's organizations, CSOs or social movements are coordinating their efforts to end SGBV:

- Throughout the duration of the project, Fanm Grandans, Fanm Solid, Entr'Elles and AFAGA commemorated and celebrated with the financial support of the project the 16 Days of Activism and International Women's Day in their respective areas through community awareness sessions on promoting respect for women's rights. These community awareness sessions reached 1810 people, including 900 women under 50, 621 men under 50, 150 women +50, 102 men +50 years, 25 adolescents 12-17 years, 12 adolescents 12-17 years.
- Two surveys were conducted (Baseline and Endline) on the Knowledge, Attitude and Practices (CAP) of the population of the commune of Jérémie. They were conducted on the gender-based violence component to assess the current level of public awareness, including human rights and GBV laws.
- Four 4 partner CBOs (Entr'Elles, AFAGA, Fanm Solid, Fanm Grandans), together with civil society organizations (GRADE-IDETTE-MOFEDGA-SOFA), ensured the referral follow-up of 88 cases.
- Four (4) partner CBOs carried out training and awareness activities in the 6 intervention areas of the project. These activities reached 18,621 people as follows:
  - o Fanm Grandans 2,523 persons
  - o Fanm Solid 3,499 people
  - o Entr'Elles 7,541 persons
  - o AFAGA 5,058 people
- Twenty (20) members of 4 CBOs partners of the project (AFAGA, Entr'Elles, Fanm Solid, Fanm Grandans) received four (4) training sessions in training of trainers on Gender-Based Violence and Child Protection, M/E and techniques for preparing narrative and financial reports, Women's Leadership, Management of IGAs, technique for carrying out psychosocial support sessions. These trainings will strengthen their capacities for better support for women and girls who are survivors of sexual violence.

# Output 1.2: Access to specialized services/referrals for vulnerable women and girls is strengthened. Throughout the duration of the Project:

- 560 people (2 women living with disabilities, 70 women -50 years, 27 men-50 years, 21 women+50 years, 2 men+50 years, 232 adolescent girls 12-17 years, 117 adolescents 12-17 years, 89 children 0-12 years) benefited from psychosocial support as part of the project activities.
- 88 GBV cases were recorded and followed. Of these 88 cases, 56 were detected in psychosocial support sessions. The referral of these cases was carried out directly by partner CBOs to the available support services. Of these 88 cases, 86 received a dignitary kit from the project.
- The 88 cases were distributed as follows:
  - o 25 cases of domestic violence (25 women under 50 years old survivors of domestic violence).
  - o 3 cases of rape (3 girls aged 12-17 survivors of rape)
  - o 30 cases of Physical Violence (3 women-50 years, 1 woman+50 years, 6 adolescents aged 12-17, 4 adolescents aged 12-17 years, 16 children 0-12 years)
  - o 5 cases of Sexual Violence (1 woman-50 years, 1 woman+50 years)
  - o 25 cases of psychological violence (1 woman under 50 years living with a disability, 1 woman + 50 years, 2 men-50 years, 9 adolescents aged 12-17 years, 6 adolescents aged 12-17 years, 6 children 0-12 years)

## Output 1.3: The monitoring and evaluation (M&E) capacity of protective interventions is strengthened.

Throughout the duration of the Project, thirty (30) members of the 4 partner CBOs (Entr'Elles, AFAGA, Fanm Solid, Fanm Grandans) benefited from a three (3) day training session on Monitoring & Evaluation organized by J/P HRO as part of the Project for capacity building. Thanks to the training of the members of the 4 partner CBOs on M/E during the implementation of the Project, these CBOs were able to each develop their M/E plan as part of their interventions in the field.

## Movement for the Integration and Emancipation of Women with Disabilities (MIEFH)

### Output 1. 1: Members of targeted communities have been sensitized on gender stereotypes and discrimination

Awareness sessions in eight (8) schools of different classes and localities at the secondary level of Millot were organized. 900 young people, including 500 girls, were affected through:

Milot: 2 schools (6 classes) / Lemonade: 1 school (4 classes) / Plaine du Nord: 2 schools (8 classes) / Acul du Nord: 1 school (4 classes) / Cap-Haitian: 2 schools (8 classes).



Output 2.1: Women's CSOs are trained and empowered to influence the fight to eradicate SGBV on people with disabilities.

- The 14 CSO partners of the project benefited from two training sessions on the themes: Advocacy techniques, petition writing for CSO partners of the project.
- Fifteen (15) targeted organizations and the implementation organization were formed. At least five (5) delegates from each organization took part in the training sessions.
- Thirty (30) women from nine organizations with disabilities (DPOs) were trained on the management of small and medium-sized enterprises.

# Output 3.1: Male community leaders, boys and youth are sensitized and take action to eradicate violence against women.

A training session was organized on the theme "Gender and Positive Masculinity". A staff of 23 community leaders took part and made a commitment to fight for the eradication of violence against women and girls.

# Output 4.1: Economically empowered women with disabilities who receive a grant to start or expand their own business.

Based on previously defined criteria, a subsidy totaling two hundred and sixty thousand one hundred and ninety-seven (260,197.00) gourdes was awarded to seven (7) women with disabilities due to thirty-seven thousand one hundred and seventy-one (37,171.00) gourdes each in order to strengthen their income-generating activities. Also, a subsidy was granted to thirty (30) disabled women totaling one million two hundred and twenty-six thousand six hundred and forty-three gourdes at the rate of 37,714 gourdes per beneficiary to start income-generating activities.

### Output 5.1: Necessary service providers are sensitized and trained on SGBV on women with disabilities.

Three (3) awareness sessions **on SGBV for women** and **girls with disabilities** were held and reached three faculties of nursing in Cap-Haitian for graduating students; 1 session at the University of Notre Dame of Haiti; 1 session at King Henry Christophe University; 1 session at the Faculty of Nursing Notre-Dame de la Sagesse, Justinian University Hospital.

# Output 5.2: Girls and women with disabilities who are survivors of domestic and domestic violence are referred to appropriate services (health care, police, justice and psycho-social services).

One case of an abused disabled woman was identified and taken to the appropriate services. The care was effective.

### Output 6.1: Strengthened organizational capacity of CSOs.

- Fifteen (15) targeted organizations including MEFH as the project implementation organization are strengthened.
- Six (6) organizations each received an amount of approximately USD 77 for a total of USD 461 to facilitate the better functioning of their respective structures.
- A coalition of 13 organizations has been formed to take joint action in the fight against women's rights and GBV.
- 25 people were trained on advocacy and petition writing techniques.

### **RAPHA House International**

# Output 1.1: Survivors of trafficking and sexual exploitation have developed trauma coping mechanisms to support their long-term mental resilience.

From May to July 2022, RAPHA organized group sessions on:

- Anxiety management: 63 survivors including 54 girls and 9 boys benefited from these sessions.
- Muscle relaxation: 59 survivors including 8 boys and 51 girls participated in 14 group counseling sessions.
- Support and care sessions were also organized for two survivors and a girl at risk in the La Saline region. This girl and her boyfriend participated in these care sessions.
- 12 counseling sessions involving 61 survivors including eight (8) adolescent boys and fifty-three (53) girls from vulnerable communities benefited with the support of a psychologist.

RAPHA registered during the month of August 2022, 52 survivors including nine (9) boys, twenty (20) girls and twenty-three (23) women benefited from 13 counseling sessions. It should be noted that since July 26, 2022, the entire team has been mobilized to assess people displaced in the context of the armed conflict between the Cité Soleil and G9 gangs. A staff of 57 people benefited from our psychological follow-up sessions including: Ten (10) boys, twenty-one (21) girls, twenty-five (25) women and one (1) man. Among these 57 people, RAPHA welcomed seven (7) new participants.



Output 1.2 Child survivors of trafficking and exploitation are provided with safe shelter and their basic needs are met. 21 survivors, survivors of human trafficking for the purpose of sexual exploitation or domestic work are housed in a safe and transitional therapeutic center run by RAPHA. These recipients received trauma-appropriate care. Aspects related to meals (three meals a day), clothing, education, social development and access to health care personnel were taken into account.

# Output 1.3: Child survivors of trafficking and exploitation have the skills to formulate risk mitigation plans specific to gang violence in their communities, and to practice and promote positive social norms and values against gender-based violence.

From June 1 to July 5, 2022, RAPHA organized the training on self-directed learning, 66 survivors including 10 boys and 56 girls' survivors of sexual exploitation and physical abuse related to conditions fomented by gang violence participated in the training. Evaluations of this training were scheduled and carried out for 5 days from 6 to 12 July 2022.

Eight (48) survivors including eight (8) adolescent boys and forty (40) girls from vulnerable communities participated in the first Decision Making Training module. This training involves teaching survivors how to improve their decision-making skills. Among those 48 survivors, we have one person with a disability. This activity is ongoing.

It should be noted that the social worker also carried out a care and support plan for the girl who was in danger in La Saline and who was relocated by the project. This makes a total of 50 survivors including eight (8) adolescents and forty-two (42) girls who are assigned to RAPHA for the beginning of the third trimester.

## Output 2.1: Minor survivors among targeted IDP groups have their immediate medical needs met.

Health care and medical examinations were carried out for four (4) girls and women of Cité Soleil and one (1) pregnant woman of eight months and a few days.

### Output 3.1: Internally displaced persons (IDPs) (families) have access to safe temporary housing.

During this period, four (4) survivors of additional violence were relocated as a result of the violence in Cité soleil. A total of 24 women and 11 young adolescents have access to temporary accommodation.

# Output 3.2: Displaced women, heads of household, have developed business management skills, received financial support and logistical means to start viable small income-generating businesses.

During this period, the project supported the launch of six IGAs. Previously, 92 women and 3 men were trained in small business management and had financial support to launch 95 income-generating activities. They receive ongoing technical support that includes field visits and additional advice on good practice in RMA management.

## South Network for the Defence of Human Rights (RSDDH)

# Output 1.1: Invitations are made to women's organizations, civil society, the press and state authorities for the launch of activities and the final assessment.

Organization of a press conference for the launch of the project activities in order to develop public understanding and enthusiasm to actively participate in this initiative.

# Output 1.2: The vocational training center called "Professional Shelter for Violent Women of the South" is created for the professionalization of abused women.

RSDDH has set up one (1) vocational training center called "Professional Shelter for Women survivors of Violence and have been sent by women's organizations and women's groups to churches across the 18 communes of the South Department.

# Output 1.3: Training programs in cosmetology and office automation are developed for the learning of abused women. Training programmes have been developed to facilitate the transmission of knowledge to learners in the fields of office automation and cosmetology.

Output 1.4: Professionals in office automation and cosmetology are recruited to teach courses to abused women. Two (2) professionals are recruited as trainers for the development of learning themes.

### Output 1.5: Evaluations are carried out to verify women's achievements in cosmetology and computer science.

Twelve (12) evaluations are carried out to verify women's achievements in cosmetology and computer science.



Output 1.6: Women's commissions in the communes are created to take charge and monitor the project after its end.

Twelve (12) commissions have been created for the management in order to ensure the sustainability of the project in the 18

Twelve (12) commissions have been created for the management in order to ensure the sustainability of the project in the 18 communes of the South department.

## Output 1.7: Certificates are signed for graduation throughout the two-year period.

42 women survivors of violence graduated in Cosmetology and Computer Science and received their respective certificates.

# Output 2.1: Legal aid is granted to women and girls who are survivors of violence throughout the 18 communes of the South Department.

Legal accompaniment to 173 women and 129 girls who were accompanied by their parents before the competent courts: Support was provided in legal advice, response and referral of complaints to women and girls who were survivors before the courts.

### Output 2.2: Field surveys are conducted to identify women survivors of violence.

A total of 120 surveys in Les Cayes civil prison, courts, hospitals, public markets and red-light districts were carried out to identify women survivors of violence.

# Output 3.1: Information provided through radio and social media to raise community awareness on the issue of violence against women and girls.

- Production of 136 radio programs on the issue of violence against women and girls
- Publication of texts, videos and photos on social networks
- Distribution of 2000 posters
- Distribution of 3500 leaflets
- Display of a banner in the vocational training center

## Output 3.2: The final document ceremony on the project uses a guide for the authorities to address violence against women.

Drafting and availability of the document consolidating the summary of project implementation activities. This document has been distributed to state authorities and civil society organizations as a guide for addressing the problems of violence against women and also for the decisions they will have to take.

### Solidarité des Femmes du Nord-Est (SOFNE)

# Output 1.1: A reception and support service for women survivors of violence is functional to serve women, young women and girls in the community.

An office is set up with available staff who offer support services to women survivors of violence. Eight (8) cases were dealt with (advice support / accompaniment for justice).

## Output 2.1: The authorities are aware of the existence of the project and adhere to the objectives.

Meeting with the authorities - Implementation of the "SYNERGY" dynamic between state actors and organizations in the field of human rights and/or the fight against violence against women.

# Output 3.1: 150 men and women have a better knowledge of women's rights and recognize the importance of respecting women's rights.

Members of civil society organizations received training on various themes to combat violence against women and girls:

- Realization of 2 major one-off awareness campaigns and continuous awareness during all project activities.
- Sensitization of state institutions and civil society: 3 training sessions on various GENDER themes
- Awareness-raising at the SYNERGIE level for better coordination in the fight against violence against women and girls.

# Output 3.2: 150 men and women have a better knowledge of violence against women and its consequences on women and girls, families and society.

To facilitate better understanding of violence against women, SOFNE has organized:

- Training on women's rights for 150 women

- Awareness-raising Training on Gender-Based Violence (GBV)
- Organization of days of reflection on the themes of women's rights.

# Output 4.1: 200 women, young women, are sensitized, trained, on their rights, know how to react and proceed in the face of an act of violence suffered or an attempt of violence.

200 women and young people were sensitized. A referral mechanism is established and available in the community to receive complaints.

Output 5.1: SOFNE members are sensitized, trained on special measures to support survivors (reception, listening, referral), and are able to raise awareness and train the population on women's rights and GBV and also on the behaviors to have in the fight against the COVID 19 pandemic.

- All SOFNE's staff are trained
- The reception desk is in operation.
- Networks of organizations in the sections are stakeholders.

### YWCA-Haiti, Young Women Christian Association Haiti

## Output 1.1: Girls, young women, and men trained in GBV and SRH to be better prepared to face the challenges of those encountered on a daily basis in their communities (prevention)

Actions have been taken in the following categories:

- a) 67 Girls aged 11-17
  - Capacity building workshops on GBV, SRH, human and women's rights
  - Psycho-social support for beneficiaries
  - Regular coaching from mentors who are able to provide advice and follow up with participants.
- b) 73 Young women aged 18 to 35.
  - Capacity Building Workshops in GBV, SRH, Gender Esteem, Human Rights and Civic Education
  - Regular coaching from mentors who can provide advice and follow-up with participants.
- c) 45 women aged 17 to 35.
  - Training workshops on the themes: Esteem of self, GBV, SRH, leadership
  - Regular coaching from mentors who are able to provide advice and follow up with participants.

# Output 1.2: Parents of beneficiaries sensitized to GBV and SRH topics to better supervise and support young family members.

YWCA was in contact with 40 parents of beneficiaries and awareness-raising sessions on GBV and SRH topics were organized to better support young family members.

### Output 1.3: Facilitating access to health care services.

130 girls and young women received medical care at the mobile eye clinic at the Vue pour la Vie Foundation

### Zanmi Lasante (ZL)

### Output 1.1: Comprehensive sexuality education (CSE) for young people

Zanmi Lasante realized during this period:

- Adaptation of one (1) adapted CSE curricula that can be used in the Haitian context.
- Workshop organization where 14 people were able to benefit from the training as ESC facilitators.
- Thirty (30) persons aged 15 to 24 years including 15 women and 15 men received an CSE.

It should be stressed that the evaluation of the baseline, the formation of women's rights organizations were taken into account in the previous report.



## Output 2.1: Women's rights organizations trained on gender and human rights.

- 275 women from women's rights organizations received training to promote gender equality using social analysis and action planning tools.
- 275 women from organizations are trained on the theme of human rights.

# Output 2.2: Representatives of women's rights organizations trained to conduct workshops on gender equality and human rights

110 women representatives of women's rights organizations received the training of trainers to facilitate trainings on gender and human rights.

### Output 2.3: Women's rights organizations trained in project management.

- The organization elected women's rights organizations and trained 275 members of these organizations in project management.
- Technical support was provided to women's rights organizations in the development of annual work plans.

## Output 2.4: Logistical support provided to women's rights organizations.

Zanmi Lasante Logistical support was provided to women's rights organizations as follows:

- 50 women's organizations are supported by the project.
- 1117 community members took part in women's association meetings out of a total of 360 meetings.

### Output 3.1: Available, accessible, acceptable and high-quality clinical and psychosocial care for GBV survivors

- 11 health facilities provided an expanded package of clinical services to GBV survivors.
- Comprehensive clinical care for GBV survivors was provided: 980 individuals including 970 women and 10 men who received rights based post-GBV services.
- GBV survivors were visited at home. 539 women and girls affected.

### Output 3.2: Support groups created for GBV survivors.

Curriculum development for a GBV support group. 18 support groups were created. Through this creation, 144 survivors were integrated into a support group.

### Output 3.3: Technical and logistical support provided to oversight committees to monitor GBV incidents.

Training of monitoring committee members on gender equality and human rights. With regard to logistical support, 609 meetings of the oversight committees were held.

### 5. Unintended outcomes (optional)

There is no reporting information under this heading for this reporting period.



### 6. A specific story (1/2 page maximum)

Story of a beneficiary of the project of the Association 4 Chemins, former prisoner.



I am Marie France LOUIS.<sup>10</sup> I am a beneficiary of the project "BAY LAVI SANS" of the Association Quatre Chemins (A4C) with the technical support of UN WOMEN and funded by the WOMEN'S PEACE AND HUMANITARIAN FUNDS and SPOTLIGHT.

I am an ex-prisoner. Before participating in this project, it was really difficult for me in my daily life to talk about my past experiences including my life in prison. Because I thought that, being a former prisoner, I had to, and I was going to be removed from society. Even within the project, at first it was difficult because frequenting the same spaces as former inmates reminded me of the inhumane situation in which I lived my incarceration. I sometimes shunned certain appointments, and it took courage to continue as a beneficiary of the project.

But with the help of this project, with the help of the facilitators and the other beneficiaries, I was able to regain my self-esteem, I regained confidence in myself. I still remember some of the exercises practiced in the discussion groups such as the "mirror exercise" that boosted me and always gave me morals. The photography training, I received on this project offers me some financial leeway. If before, I had a vague knowledge of the themes of human rights, justice, etc. Now with the project "BAY LAVI SANS", I know my rights and where to file a complaint in case of their non-compliance.

I am strong now and I see life big, and I cherish dreams. Now I am a nurse, photographer and screen printer. As the name suggests, it is a project that has given meaning to my life.

## 7. Knowledge products and communications/visibility

## **Association 4 Chemins (A4C):**

Publication of articles in the written press around the project:

https://lenouvelliste.com/article/235081/bay-lavi-sans-des-anciennes-detenues-initiees-a-la-danse-et-au-theatre

https://maghaiti.net/bay-lavi-sans-lassociation-quatre-chemins-vol-au-secours-des-ex-detenues-avec-le-theatre/

http://haiti.loopnews.com/content/bay-lavi-sans-ou-lart-comme-echappatoire

https://muselles.org/danciennes-detenues-reinserees-a-la-vie-sociale-grace-au-

theatre/?fbclid=IwAR3mJnWJCPnN5yePMHzhdvpX\_3eSFR3V1D6BXNuBGkx33QNilb0QQQ8Jewk

### Other communication networks:

https://www.facebook.com/371041693106523/posts/1864834160393928/

https://www.facebook.com/371041693106523/posts/1864789550398389/

https://www.facebook.com/371041693106523/posts/1864783897065621/

https://www.facebook.com/1421204951467728/posts/3074115546176652/

https://www.facebook.com/1421204951467728/posts/3074111852843688/

Finale Sequence Bay Lavi Sans 1.m4v

## Movement for the Integration and Emancipation of Women with Disabilities (MIEFH):

https://www.facebook.com/miefh.officiel

https://soundcloud.com/miefhofficiel

https://twitter.com/MIEFHOfficiel/

https://www.instagram.com/miefh.officiel

In terms of communication, some organizations J/P Haitian Relief Organization (JPHRO), have set up communication channels via: Radio broadcasts, spots, awareness activities to ensure mass communication and ensure ownership of the project by the community.

Regarding the visibility of the project in the field, partners used the Roll-Up (standing banner) containing their logos, those of the financial partners and the partner CBOs in all training and awareness meetings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> This is a fictional name. The person is conscented for the publication of her photo and story in this report.



## 8. Capacity building of local civil society organizations by UN Women Country Office/Management Entity

In terms of coordination, the office has created, through WhatsApp, an exchange platform facilitating the circulation of information on the progress made on each project and allowing everyone to know the actions of the other for learning through the experiences. This platform also makes it possible to reinforce the synergy between them and to reinforce the popularization of the various actions of the program. All communication tools used by implementing partners are shared on the group.

To help the partners better monitor the actions of their projects as well as the results, the office has developed, specifically for the WPHF program follow-up, this Monitoring tool that the partners must fill in on a monthly basis. This tool allows partners to have a continuous view of progress and the remaining steps to be taken. Based on this document, organizations that are not making much progress received coaching to develop the acceleration plan for their specific projects to avoid any significant delays in implementation.

At the same time and throughout the year, considerable coaching efforts were offered by the UN Women Haiti office to all the partners to support and boost the implementation phases. The coaching sessions were done individually by organization and tailored to the needs of each organization. Through these coaching sessions, the partners learned the key techniques for audit preparation, technical and financial reporting, success stories and communication around the actions of the organization. On average, the organizations received more than 20 hours of coaching per quarter on these technical subjects allowing a good structuring of the organization. Improvements were demonstrated during the submission of the quarterly report submitted. Very few comments were issued to these organizations on their technical and financial reports submitted.

In addition to the efforts of the country office, the capacities of the partners have been strengthened through the WPHF Global Learning Hub. Through this platform, several training sessions and discussions were organized by the WPHF Secretariat aimed at improving the knowledge and skills of WPHF civil society partners in cross-cutting areas useful for the institutional development of their organizations. The partners acquired new knowledge in areas such as:

- Women Climate Resilience in Fragile Contexts: Examples of Sustainable Practices in Colombia and Mali.
- Measuring Coalition Building for Women's Movements in Crisis Situations
- <u>Integrating a climate lens into the work of women's organizations in conflict and crisis situations</u>, Wednesday 22 June.
- Mixed methods for data collection training,
- Fundraising Strategies and Tips for Women's Organizations in Crisis Contexts
- Prevention and Response to Sexual Exploitation, Abuse and Harassment (SEAH) in Women's Organizations
- Mixed methods for data collection training, Thursday 14 July, 10-12h Haiti
- Knowledge Café Towards more gender responsive aid and recovery: Beirut's blast as a case study Confirmation.

The CSO partner JPHRO was invited to share their best practices, challenges, and experiences in measuring a coalition's progress and impact, and use the lessons learned to strengthen women's coalitions and highlight the benefits of coalitions for women's CSOs in the webinar Measuring Coalition Building for Women's Movements in Crisis Situations that was held online on 15 june 2022 and was attended by 33 CSO participants.

9. Risks and mitigation m	9. Risks and mitigation measures								
Risque	Level of risk	Probability	Impact	Mitigation measures					
Context, Programmatic,	4=Very high	5=Very high	5=Extreme	Mitigation measures taken during the					
Institutional (briefly	<i>3=Top</i>	4=Probable	4=Major	reporting period (please include new risks,					
describe)	2=Medium	3=Possible	3=Moderate	if applicable)					
	1=Low	2=Unlikely	2=Minor						
		1=Rare	1=Insignificant						
Programmatic:	4	5	5	A synergy is created between partner CBOs,					
Non-availability of legal				civil society organizations in support of the					
documents of rape cases				protection chain in order to offer to women					
in different state				and girls survivors the maximum possible					
institutions involved in				assistance.					
protection.									
Context:	3	4	4	Reduction in the number of participants in					
Physical distancing due to				training sessions.					
the COVID-19 pandemic									

		ı	T	
which has prevented the				Choice of a more spacious room to organize
realization of outreach				training in order to respect social distancing.
activities with				
beneficiaries and				
stakeholders.				
				Transportation by motorcycle
Context:				, and a second second
Logistical difficulties	4	5	5	Refueling to facilitate field trips, the
caused by road blockages	-			realization of activities.
compounded by fuel				realization of activities.
shortages – Delay in the				Delivery of less sensitive materials via public
delivery of equipment				transport / motorcycles
procured for CBO				Conducting community surveys to collect
±				certain data in cases of rape.
capacity building.				certain data in cases of rape.
Programmatic:				Transportation allowance
Financial problems -	4	5	5	Transportation anowance
transport costs of	4	3	3	Modification of the schedules of
beneficiaries for their				
				activities/trainings aimed at strengthening
participation in project				the capacity of beneficiaries.
activities, capacity				
building and financial				Assistance to women survivors of violence
empowerment trainings.				with medical expenses and transportation.
Context:	4	5	5	Stakeholder engagement
Fragile socio-political				
context, impossibility of				Rescheduling of activities.
travel due to country				
lockdown, days of strikes				Restriction of movement
and repetitive				
demonstrations,				Longer field mission duration.
kidnappings.				
				Telephone tracking mechanism

## 10. Deadlines and adaptations/revisions

**YW** CA was struggling at the beginning of the recruitment phase of male participants. The latter for security-related reasons dropped out after their registration. As a result, YMCA had to pay special attention to participants living in areas closer to the centre. 5/10 participants were recruited from risk regions such as Martissant and Fontamara. They participated in the second training cohort. To mitigate the risks associated with the journey, all workshops were held in the early hours and transportation fees were paid to participants to help cope with rising transit costs due to fuel shortages.

**Zanmi Lasante:** The external environment of the project was also marked by prolonged weeks of country lock, many days of repetitive strikes, incessant demonstrations, the rise of waves of violence, cases of kidnapping especially in the vicinity of the central office in Santo, Croix-des-Bouquets. As a temporary solution, Zanmi Lasante (ZL) has taken the decision to limit travel at the sites and ask the teams to spend more time when they are on mission to avoid comings and goings in Port-au-Prince. And to mitigate the risks, ZL moved to another office in Pétion-Ville to continue with the most urgent requests and follow-ups, while facilitating disbursements, urgent purchases.

The Association Quatre Chemins (A4C) had planned to carry out theatrical activities in the great South but finally carried them out in Port-au-Prince in view of the difficulties of movement due to clashes between gangs.

11. Lessons Learned <sup>11</sup>			
Identify the	What are the	How was the challenge	Lesson learned.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> A lesson learned is a systematic reflection of the challenges (or successes) that occurred during the period and what resulted in change, adaptation or improvement, or planned change or adaptation in the future.



11. Lessons Learned <sup>11</sup>			
challenge/describe. Challenges can be programmatic or operational affecting the implementation of the project, or an organization or community.	factors/reasons that contribute to this challenge?	met? What has been done differently, or what will be done to meet the challenge?	As a result of the challenge, what did you (and the partners) learn from the situation, or to improve the project or for future interventions?
Weakness in victim assistance follow-ups and case tracking for possible medical and legal support.	The political context of the country, aggravated by the situation of fuel shortages, has caused a slowdown in certain activities of care and support for survivors.	The GBV medical care team is developing a very good collaboration with the network of social workers in the field.	The synergy between the GBV victim care team and the network of social workers allows survivors to find support in real time, rapid follow-up adapted to their respective cases. This synergy also contributes to case tracing and the reporting process.
Increase in cases of gender-based violence at the site level.	The situation of instability and insecurity in the country has led to an increase in cases of gender-based violence.	The organizations' monitoring committees are available and committed to provided women survivors with necessary support.	The commitment of monitoring committees and partner organizations is a significant step forward in supporting survivors and combating violence.
Difficulties communicating with partners on progress and barriers to implementation.	The political crisis has diminished actions on the ground; The fuel crisis has intensified communication problems preventing partners from seeking help to better tailor their response to the context.	The UN Women CO team maintains contact with partners through regular WhatsApp communication, one-on-one coaching meetings and follow-up group meetings to provide the necessary technical support in a timely manner.	It is important to maintain regular contact with partners to achieve the expected results and to help them strengthen themselves for the continuity of advocacy actions in the communities.

### 12. Innovations and best practices<sup>12</sup>

### a) Innovations:

Association 4 chemins: It is a first in Haiti that women coming from such a demeaning prison environment, take their place on stage. In the past, the recruitment of actors for the theatre was done through academia. Having a look towards this social category is a considerable step initiated by A4C in the promotion of respect for human rights, their reintegration through the arts. This new behavior also aims to keep women and girls in their daily struggle for equity and equality, knowing that they are subject to many stigmatizations compared to men after the period of incarceration.

Through training carried out as part of the WPHF/Spotlight program, we can observe a social ascent, women have gone from women from amateurs to professionals following training in photography, making handmade jewelry. This strategy has contributed greatly to women's empowerment.

**YWCA:** Taking into account the socio-political problems of the country and their consequences on the mental health of the population, especially the beneficiaries of the project, YWCA has rethought the programming of activities by inserting small relaxation sessions to allow beneficiaries to improve their stress management and stay Zen.

**Zanmi Lasante**: Through the project, ZL has completed the efforts made in 11 municipalities of the Central Plateau and Artibonite in terms of caring for GBV survivors. The project team worked with the mental health team in the psychosocial care of survivors and also with clinicians according to the GBV treatment algorithm. Regarding the care algorithm in October

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> A best practice is a strategy, approach, technique or process that has proven to work well and more effective or appropriate for solving a problem based on experience, evaluation, or compared to other practices, and is therefore recommended as a model. It is also a practice that has been tested or validated and has the potential to be replicated and it is useful to share with others working in similar contexts, sectors or target groups..

2021, a multidisciplinary team composed of people with psychosocial, clinical, legal and gender expertise, respectively, developed a care pathway algorithm for GBV survivors at all Zanmi Lasante sites.

This algorithm adapted to the Haitian context the care pathway described in the publication of WHO, UN WOMEN and UNFPA on health care for women survivors of domestic violence or sexual violence. The algorithm clearly describes: Clinical and forensic services provided to GBV survivors based on gender, forms of violence and time since assault; Situations in which ZL is legally required to report an incident of violence to the Institute of Social Welfare and Research, Haiti's government agency responsible for child protection; Psychosocial support and accompaniment services offered to survivors of GBV; Information provided to women survivors about community support services available to them, etc.

### b) Best practices:

As part of the implementation of the projects, the various partners established synergy with other organizations for the pursuit of objectives and the achievement of results. For example, the Association 4 chemins, during the implementation of the project, collaborated with several local organizations such as (a) the Mouvement Mutation Haitian (MMH) for the organization of legal training sessions for women prisoners, with particular emphasis on Habeas Corpus; (b) the Association Haïtienne des Psychologies (AHPSY), in Through its support, women were able to benefit from free psychological consultation sessions.

The strategy of involving all stakeholders from different backgrounds in a struggle with shared objectives is a very strategic practice that has been considered a good practice during project implementation; this is the case of AFM based on the holistic approach of caring for GBV survivors in their reception centre.

Overall, it was noted that local authorities and community leaders continue to cooperate fully with project activities, providing support in terms of logistical support, facilitation, mobilization and community participation. The dynamics of the meetings allowed the participation of the community and also a way to train sensitizers for the dissemination of messages against violence.

It should also be emphasized that with the security crisis and its corollaries, knowing full well that emergency situations are unpredictable, the organizations within the framework of institutional strengthening support have established a contingency plan that has enabled them to cope with the situations of the current context and to move forward respectively. in their planning.

### 13. Audits and Financial Management

For the reporting period, 5 partner organizations were audited. The audit was carried out by an international expert firm recruited by UN Women at the international level. The process was conducted using a hybrid method and following steps:

- Orientation meeting with UN Women focal points to explain the process and communicate the expectations and level of involvement of the country office in the process.
- Preparation of summary table of the partners to be audited as well as the amount to be audited.
- Country office meeting with partners to inform and explain the audit process and expectations.
- Contact of the auditors with the partners to agree on the period of the audit and the dates of field visits and in parallel preparation of the partners' files to be consulted by the auditors prior to the visit.
- Discussion and visit of partners by auditors.
- Preparation of preliminary report by the auditors / and in parallel discussions between the auditors and the country office regarding the process
- Analysis and validation of reports by partners and the country office
- Preparation and submission of the final report to the country office
- Reporting to partners and developing an action plan to address audit recommendations.
- Update on UN Women's system on addressing audit recommendations.

The country office played a consistent role in preparing partners for the exercise and in following up on audit recommendations with them to ensure that they remained compliant.



### 14. Next steps and priority actions

For this contribution period, 12 projects have already ended. We will therefore carry out a final capacity assessment before officially closing the projects.

The office will continue to accompany the remaining 3 partners through workshops a coaching session as needed.

An exchange session between the partners and the members of the steering committee, that we have not have the opportunity to conduct due to security issues, will be organized by the office to identify the elements of success of the program across the different regions. At the end of this workshop, success stories of the program will be published across the country and will be made public on social networks.



## **ANNEXE A: Results Framework**

Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
CSO Name: Mouvement des Femmes pour la			1		
Project Title: Strengthening MOFEDGA's op WPHF Impact Area: Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	the Covid-19 pan	0	0	NA
Outcome: MOFEDGA can fulfill its mission against violence against women and girls,	Indicator 1: The average duration (in months) during which the organization will be able to maintain itself thanks to the institutional funding granted.		0	6	NA
without risk of spreading and contaminating Covid-19.	Indicator 2: Number/types of adaptation strategies, tools or devices adopted by the organization to ensure business continuity.		0	2	N/A
	Indicator 3: Number of direct beneficiaries of the project (disaggregated by sex, age group or other variables)	0	9 women 18-49yr 4 women ≥ 50 yr 1 man 18-49 yr 1 man ≥ 50 yr	9 women 18- 49yr 4 women ≥ 50 yr 1 man 18-49 yr 1 man ≥ 50 yr	NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Reporting on the results of each organization/project individually.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Use the indicators in the project document, ensuring that the breakdown of the indicator is also included.

<sup>15</sup> Report on progress against each indicator, highlighting the value of the indicator for the period and cumulative results. These results should correspond to the description in sections 4a and/or 4b.



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)			
CSO Name: Association des Femmes de Madeline (AFM-Stream 1) Project Title: Support for the operational strengthening of AFM to help women survivors of violence in Madeline, Cap-Haïtien.								
WPHF Impact Area: Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)		0	38				
Outcome 1: The operational capacities of the association are strengthened to support	<b>Indicator1:</b> Number of months the organization will be able to sustain itself through institutional funding	0	6	6	NA			
women/girls survivors of violence in Madelin, Cap-Haïtien	Indicator 2: Number of adaptation strategies/tools or devices developed	0	5	5	NA			
	<b>Indicator 3:</b> Number of indirect beneficiaries	0	750	750	NA			
CSO Name : Alternative des Femmes Organisées de		Title: Increasing the	he organizational pote	ntial of ALTERFOP.				
Impact 1: Increased influence of ALTERFOP in Port-à-Piment	Indicator: Number of members registered in ALTERFOP		120	120	N/A			
Outcome: Improvement of ALTERFOP's corporate headquarters	% of the population who know the role of ALTERFOP		0	70%	N/A			
Impact 2: Increased access to awareness-raising services on violence against women and popularization of pandemic prevention measures for the population in marginalized communities, their geographical position in the communal sections in Port-à-piment	Number of cases of rape reported in the communal sections and the city of Port-à-Piment		0	2				



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
Impact 3: Increased improvement of basic services for women in the commune of Port-à-Piment in cases of violence	Number of women who, after having suffered violence, have been able to benefit from care thanks to ALTERFOP's formal request to the competent authorities.		0	0	
Outcome 3: Increased access to computer and care training for ALTERFOP girls	Number of girls already trained by ALTERFOP		75	75	
Association 4 Chemins / Project title: BAY LA VIOLENCE OF STIGMATIZATION	VI SANS –BY THE SOCIAL REI	NTEGRATION O	OF FORMER INMA	TES ACTING AG	AINST THE
WPHF Impact Area: Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	0	5	5	NA
Outcome 1: Ex-prisoners have a better understanding of their human rights and have developed capacities to assert them Number of targeted beneficiaries in 2021: 50	Indicator: Number of women and girls released from prison who have a better understanding of their human rights	0	35	35	NA
Outcome 2: Women released from prison have increased self-confidence and can use theatre and dance as an innovative reintegration strategy.	Number of women aged 18 to 40 and girls aged 17 to 18 released from prison, carried out as part of this program.	0	35	35	NA
Outcome 3: The general public and legal authorities are made aware of detention conditions in Haiti and contribute to eradicating violence and discrimination against women during and after prison.	Number of targeted beneficiaries in 2021: 2000		2000	More than 2000	N/A



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)			
Association des Femmes de Madeline / Project title: Support for the operational strengthening of AFM to help women survivors of violence in Madeline, Cap-Haitian.(Stream 2)								
Impact: Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	0	0	38	NA			
vased violence (SGB v) and narmar practices.	1.1.1 Number of people trained on gender and gender-based violence.	0	320	330	Target achieved. 330 people are reached by gender training.			
	1.1.2: Number and type of messages broadcast	0	2	2				
Outcome 1: Socio-cultural norms and	1.2.1: Number and types of support systems for the protection of women's rights put in place.	0	2	2	Two support systems are in place for the protection of women in the community.			
behaviors in targeted communities are transformed to reduce the incidence of GBV.	1.3.1: % of CSO members engaged as behavior change actors in GBV prevention and response.	0	75%	75%	75% of CSOs or 12 members of four programming CBOs, 4 care managers and 4 AFM staff members were trained in survivor care management			
	1.3.2: Number and types of prevention and response actions.		16	16	Achieves 100%			
Outcome 2: The power and resilience of GBV survivors is strengthened.	2.1.1: Number of GBV survivors who received care tailored to their needs through at least three of the Services offered	0	100	160	GBV survivors received medical, psychosocial, etc. support.			



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
Outcome 3: Staff and beneficiaries are	3.1.1: Number of people trained on covid-19 (by sex/age)	0	350	355	NA
protected from the health and social consequences of COVID-19.	1.1.2: Number of people aware of COVID-19 (by sex/age)		20000	20000	N/A
Outcome 4: Actions to implement GBV prevention, protection and response strategies are effectively coordinated through thought leadership.	% of the level of improvement in the quality of structures to address GBV at the local level. (Staffing, functionality, coordination, communication)	70%	0%	Number of beneficiaries targeted to date: 9 direct – 9 indirect	NA
Strategic Support Unit for Agricultural Devel Abricots.	opment (CASDA) / Project title: Pr	oject to prevent vi	iolence against wom	en and girls in the	commune of Les
WPHF Impact: Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender- based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	0	1	1	NA
Outcome 1: The population of Les Abricots commune adopt attitudes, norms and practices that support the fight against gender-based violence (GBV) and effectively prevent incidents related to the occurrence of GBV.	Indicator 1: Proportion of project beneficiaries (percentage of women and men including their age group) adopt positive attitudes towards GBV.	0%	90%	100%	N/A
J/P HAITIAN RELIEF ORGANIZATION (J/		ence Against Wor	nen and Girls (EVA	A)	
Impact Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	0	11	11	N/A



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender -	Indicator 2: Extent to which social accountability mechanisms are used by civil society to monitor and engage efforts to end SGBV		high	high	NA
based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 3: Number of local women's organizations, CSOs or social movements coordinating their efforts to end SGBV	0	4	4	NA
Outcome	Indicator 1: Proportion of project beneficiaries (percentage of women and men including their age groups) adopt positive attitudes towards GBV	0	100%	100%	NA
Integrated monitoring, prevention and response network developed and extended	Indicator 2: Number of direct beneficiaries of the project (Women, Men, Girls, Boys.)		10000	18852	NA
	Indicator 3: Number of indirect beneficiaries of the project		134317	245141	NA
CSO Name: Mouvement pour l'Intégration et l'Ema Project Title: Project for the Economic Reintegration			Violence		
Impact: Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)				
improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to	Indicator 3: Number and % of OSC shared to have more influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality,	0	15	15	NA
progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender - based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices as well as contributing significantly to the	0	100%	100%	NA



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
	improvement of human rights, safety, security and mental				
Outcome: Gender stereotypes and discrimination that serve as a bridge for SGBV are diminished.	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs participating in SGBV sensitization activities and report a change in opinion on stereotypes and gender discrimination	0	14	14	NA
Outcome 2: Women's CSOs are strengthened for greater effectiveness in the fight against SGBV.	Indicator 2.1 Number of women's CSOs reporting better effectiveness in the fight against VSVBG	0	7	7	NA
Outcome 3: Male community leaders have committed to eradicating violence against women and girls.	Indicator 1: Number of male leaders trained and committed to fight for the eradication of violence against women and girls	0	28	28	N/A
Outcome 4: Socio-economic empowerment of vulnerable women with disabilities and survivors of violence - Creation of incomegenerating activities (small businesses) with grants to vulnerable women with disabilities and survivors of violence so that they are no	Indicateur 1: Number of women with disabilities who have received a grant to strengthen their business, who know their rights and who will no longer accept to be abused	0	25	25	NA
longer economically dependent on their relatives. This grant will be constituted in mutual solidarity to create a support fund for targeted CSOs of women with disabilities.	Indicator 2: Number of women with disabilities who have received a grant to start their own business, who know their rights and who will no longer accept to be abused	0	75	75	NA
Outcome 5: Accessibility to necessary services for women with disabilities (Health, Justice and Mental Health Services) is improved	Number of beneficiaries trained services that have improved their understanding of	0	40	40	N/A



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
	responding to women survivors of VSVBG				
Outcome 6: The coordination of CSO actions is strengthened by the creation of a new structure.  Rapha House International / Project Title: Bu	Indicator 1 : Number and types of coordinated actions carried out.	0	14 Skills Support and	14  Economic Sustaina	NA
WPHF Impact Area Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls affected by gender based and community violence are improved; Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and genderbased violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 1: Number of women and girls reporting improve ability to cope with sexual trauma and psychological impact of physical violence Indicator 2: Number of CSOs, local and regional government institutions for defense and the protection of citizens' rights that coordinate their efforts to combat human trafficking, provide services to survivors and suppressing gender based violence	0 0	90 3	133	NA NA
Outcome 1: Security mechanisms against gender-based violence and psychosocial development are strengthened among survivors of sexual exploitation and trafficking.	Indicator: 100 survivors of trafficking and sexual exploitation	NA	100 survivors	121	N/A
Outcome 2: Survivors of human trafficking and sexual exploitation have better access medical care.	Indicator: 100 survivors have access to an initial medical visit	100	100	Result achieved 100%	N/A
Outcome 3: Internally displaced women and their family members have a better access to housing and sanitation and have developed economic resilience.	Indicator: 100 women, heads of household.	20 Women	101 Women	Femmes, head of household, have launched income- generating activities	N/A



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)		
South Network for the Defence of Human Rights (RSDDH) Project title: Legal and professional care for abused women and girls across the 18 communes of the South Department.							
Impact area Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and genderbased violence (SGBV) and harmful practices	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	0	20	20	NA		
Outcome1: Access of abused women to the labour market following their vocational training cycle in cosmetology or office automation for their economic empowerment.	Indicator: 1-Number of abused women between 18 and 40 years old trained in cosmetology or office automation frequent the labor market or start their own business if necessary.  2-Percentage of abused women between the ages of 18 and 40 who report having had a big change in the face of their precarious economic conditions become widely represented in the informal economy, protecting, better qualified and remunerated to face the difficulties of life.	0	100 95%	91 91%	N/A		
Outcome 2: Legal protection for girls and women survivors of violence has increased.	Indicator: Percentage of cases of women survivors of violence are heard before the courts of the 18 communes of the South Department.	200	302	Result achieved 100%	N/A		



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
Outcome 3: The public is more aware, sensitized and educated on the issue of violence against women.	Indicator: Acquisition of skills and knowledge on the issue of violence against women, instruments relating to women's rights and Haitian legislation by the population.	The population of the 18 communes of the Sud department	The population of the 18 communes of the Sud department	The communes are affected, and the population requires skills and knowledge on the problem of violence against women and the instruments of Haitian legislation that are available.	N/A
Solidarité des Femmes du Nord-Est (SOFNE) commune of Terrier-Rouge in the context of C		ce against women,	, girls and care for v	vomen survivors of	violence in the
Impact area Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and genderbased violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	0	4	4	NA
Outcome 1: A listening and support center is operational at Terrier-Rouge to meet the needs of women and girls survivors of violence in the commune.	Indicator 1: The listening and support center exists with staff who offer the appropriate services	0	1	1	NA
Outcome 2: The population of the commune, through leaders and organized groups of civil society, is sensitized and mobilized on the gender issue and for the fight towards the reduction of violence suffered by women	Indicator 1: Number of individuals and civil society organizations trained on various topics to combat violence against women and girls	0	150	Number of beneficiaries targeted to date: 150 (Awareness raising and training)	N/A



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)	
Outcome 3: Women and girls who are survivors of violence denounce and demand justice.	Indicator 1 : Number of complaints registered and dealt with	0	200	Number of beneficiaries targeted to date: 200 (Awareness raising and training)	NA	
Outcome 4: SOFNE's capacities are strengthened by the establishment of cells in the various sections and by the training of members in the management and management of cases of survivors of violence;	Indicator 1 : Number of functional think tanks at the level of communal sections	0	8	8	NA	
Young Women Christian Association Haiti - Y	WCA-Haiti / Project title: Attentic	on and Prevention	Program in SRH as	nd GBV		
Impact area Human rights, safety, security and mental health of women and girls are improved and, Women's rights groups, social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination, have a more effective influence and contribute to progress towards gender equality, women's empowerment, and the elimination of all forms of violence against women and girls, including sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) and harmful practices.	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	0	2	2	NA	
Outcome The Attention and Prevention Program in SRH and GBV is implemented and operational	Indicator 1 : Number of direct beneficiairies	0	185	185	NA	
ZANMI LASANTE (ZL) / Project title: Improving the quality of preventive and curative services against gender-based violence, particularly against girls and women, in the Central Plateau and Bas Artibonite.						
WPHF Impact area: Women's and girls' rights groups, movements and CSOs, including those facing various interrelated forms of discrimination, effectively influence and advance gender equality and women's empowerment (GEWE) and the elimination of	Indicator 1: Number of CSOs, reporting better influence and power in their fight against sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV)	2	56	56	This will be measured at the endline	



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
violence against women and girls (EVAWG), including domestic violence.					
WPHF Outcome 1: Women's and girls' rights groups, movements and CSOs, including those facing various correlated forms of discrimination, effectively influence and advance gender equality and women's empowerment (GEWE) and the elimination of violence against women and girls (EVAWG), including domestic violence.	Indicator 1: Degree of use of social accountability mechanisms by civil society for monitoring and engaging efforts to end sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV).	TBD	TBD	TBD	The project team will determine the baseline and target for this indicator after conducting the baseline survey.
Outcome 2: Increased support for evidence-based prevention programs that promote social norms, attitudes and behaviours that promote gender equity.	Proportion of adolescent participants (f/m) aged 15-24 years with basic knowledge of sexual and reproductive health and rights.		0%	80%	
	Proportion of participating adolescents (f/m) who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife (one of five reasons)	-		10%	
	ndicator 1: Proportion of women who are members of a women's rights organization who believe a husband is justified for beating his wife (one of five reasons)		TBD	<10%	
Outcome 3: Capacity building of women's	Indicator 2. Number of women's rights organizations with an annual work plan,		1	35	N/A
rights groups and autonomous civil society organizations.	Women's Rights Organization and Women-Led	-		34	
	Women-led organizations	-		1	
	Indicator 2.3: Number of direct beneficiaries (disaggregated by sex and age group), TOTAL		0	1117	
	<18 years		0	0	
	>18 years		0	1117	



Expected results <sup>13</sup>	Indicators <sup>14</sup>	Baseline (if relevant)	Intended target (if relevant)	Results/progress (against each indicator) <sup>15</sup>	Reason for variance against planned target (if applicable)
	Number of indirect beneficiaries	0	6144	Workshopon the introduction of the programme was carried out and a team of trainers was formed at the end of this training.	
	Indicator 2.4.2: Number of community members (F) attending meetings of women's associations		0	1117	N/A
	Indicator 2.4.3: Number of meetings of women's rights organizations		0	360	N/A
	Indicator 3.1: Number of health facilities providing a broader package of GBV survivors		0	- 11	N/A
Outcome 3: Improved availability	Indicator 3.2: Proportion of survivors who received clinical care (f/m) who also receive psychosocial support services.		81%	85%	N/A
Outcome 3: Improved availability, accessibility, acceptability and quality of GBV services	Indicator 3.3: Proportion of people receiving post-GBV services who received financial support to access care		82%	90%	
	Indicator 3.4: Number of direct beneficiaries (disaggregated by sex and age group)		0	1321	N/A
	Indicator 3.5: Number of indirect beneficiaries		0	7266	N/A